

MERTON WARD HEALTH PROFILES:

ST HELIER

ABOUT ST HELIER



POPULATION

Residents in 2020

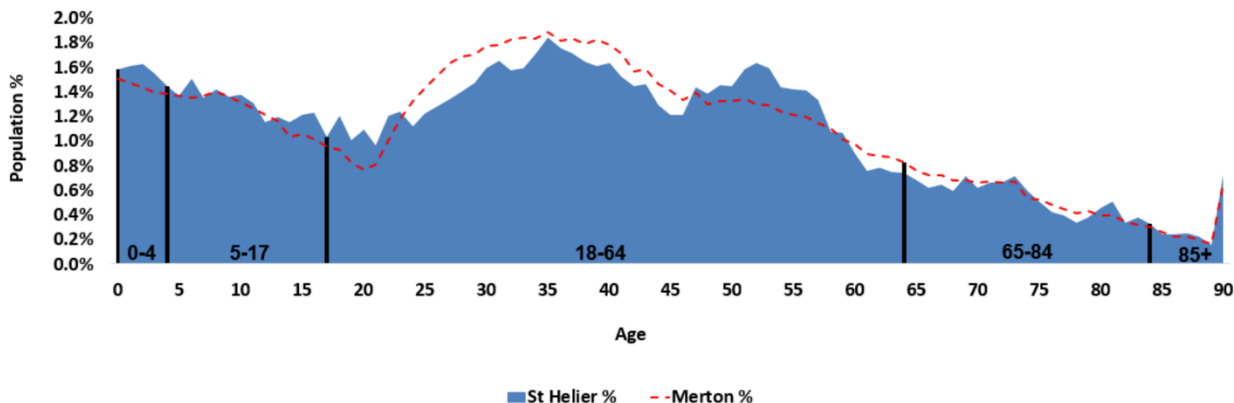


1 IN 3 residents are of **BAME** background

35% of St Helier residents were of BAME background, which is comparable to Merton (35%), lower than London (40%), and higher than England (15%)



Population St Helier (all persons) by single age band, 2020



Compared to Merton, St Helier has a lower proportion of younger people aged 25-46 years, and a higher proportion of working aged people (47-59 years).

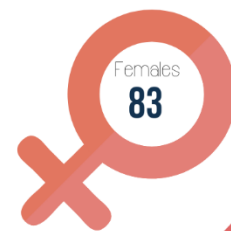
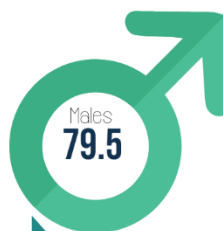
ASSETS



*Access to local parks is based on travelling distance which is defined as 400 meters between household and park

**The Public Transport Accessibility Level (PTAL) is a measurement created by Transport for London which gives a measure of accessibility to the public transport network. Each area is scored between 0 and 6b, where 0 indicates a very poor access to public transport and 6b indicates excellent access.

LIFE EXPECTANCY AT BIRTH

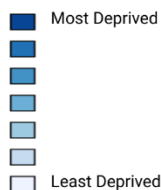


The male life expectancy at birth is 79.5 years, which is lower than the Merton average of 80.7 years.

The female life expectancy at birth is 83 years, which is lower than the Merton average of 84.2 years.

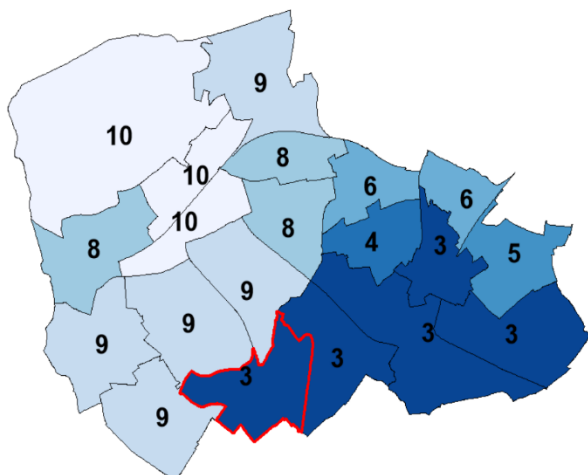
DEPRIVATION

Deprivation decile

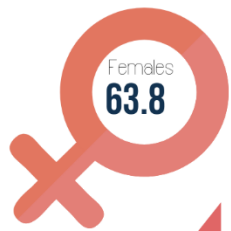
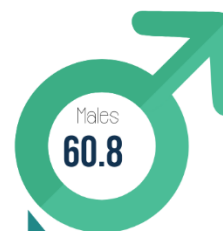


Index of Multiple Deprivation 2019

St Helier is in decile 3, which means the ward contains some of the most deprived areas in Merton.



HEALTHY LIFE EXPECTANCY AT BIRTH



The male healthy life expectancy at birth is 60.8 years, which is lower than the Merton average of 65.4 years.

The female healthy life expectancy at birth is 63.8 years, which is lower than the Merton average of 66.3 years.



CRIME RATE



62 offences per 1,000 population

lower than Merton (68 per 1,000 population).

Highest number of offences

1. Violence against the person
2. Vehicle Offences

Children and Older People Deprivation



22%

children (0-15) live in income deprived households. Lower than Merton (17%).

22%

older people (60+) live in pension credit households. Lower than Merton (16%).



Overcrowding



16% of households are overcrowded (comparable to 16% in Merton).

CHILDREN & YOUNG PEOPLE

School Readiness



51%

(proportion of children achieving a good level of development at age 5)

This is lower than Merton (60%), London (62%) and England (60%) (2013/14).

Obesity at Year 6



23.7%

obese in Year 6

This is higher compared to Merton (21%), and England (20%).

Children and Young People Admissions for Injury



St Helier has a rate of

86.3 PER 10,000

Children and young people (0-14 years) admitted to hospital because of unintentional and deliberate injuries. This is lower than Merton (97) and England (110), but higher than London (86), (2011/12 - 2015/16).

GCSE Achievement



67%

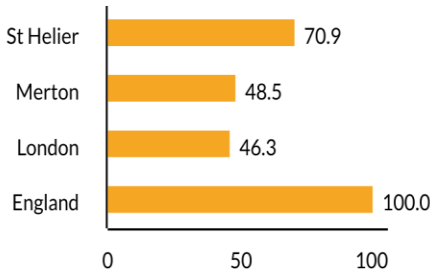
achieved 5 GCSEs*

This is lower than Merton (68%), but higher than London (62%) and England (57%).

(*grades A to C, including English and Maths)

ADULTS

Self-harm



St Helier has a SAR* of 70.9 for hospital admissions for intentional self-harm. This is higher than Merton (48.5) and London (46.3), but lower than England (100).

(*Standardised Admission Ratio)

Smoking

Given the socio-demographic make-up of the ward, it is expected that

23%

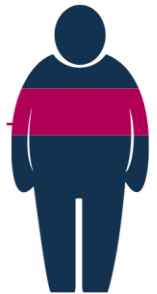


of residents in the ward have smoked in the past year. This is comparable to Merton (19%).

Obesity

23%

obese adults



This is higher than Merton (19%) and London (21%) but lower than England (24%).

(*estimated proportion of over 16s with a BMI of more than 30)

Back Pain

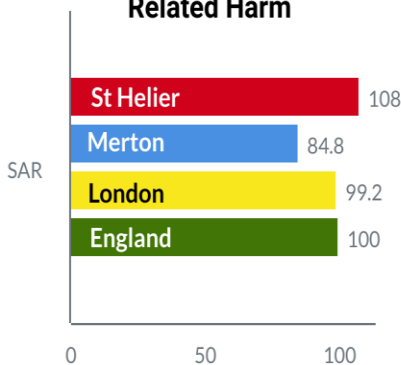


14.7%

of residents are estimated to have back pain. This is higher than Merton (14.6%) and London (14.5%), but lower than England (16.9%).

POOR HEALTH & PREMATURE DEATHS

Hospital Stay for Alcohol-Related Harm



The ward has a SAR* of 108 for hospital admissions for alcohol attributable conditions. This is higher than Merton (84.8), London (99.2) and England (100).

(*Standardised Admission Ratio)

Main Causes of Premature Deaths*



1 IN 2

due to cancer



1 IN 4

due to circulatory disease (incl. heart diseases)



1 IN 3

due to respiratory diseases

(*deaths in people aged 75 and under)

MORE INFORMATION



Merton the place for a good life



Produced in 2020



public.health@merton.gov.uk
www.merton.gov.uk/health-social-care/publichealth/jsna.htm