Business Plan 2018 / 2022

London Borough Of Merton



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INTRODUCTION

Welcome to Merton Council's Business Plan for 2018/22, which brings together financial information in the form of the council's budget and the Medium Term Financial Strategy, along with the service planning of all of the council's operational services over the next four years. Although it is a four year plan, it will be refreshed every year to ensure we are on target and to take account of changing needs and priorities.

As the work of the council encompasses such a wide and diverse range of services, we have tried to include all the necessary information needed to understand what we are doing and why we are doing it. This information should give you a detailed picture of how the council will operate over the next four years. To help understand some of the more complex areas of the council's business a Glossary of Terms has been included.

The Background and Context section sets the scene for the Business Plan, with some of the key facts relating to Merton.

The Medium Term Financial Strategy incorporates details of the money the council has coming in (revenue) and the money and assets it has in place (capital) and how it will spend and invest this money over the four year planning period, through the Capital and Treasury Management Strategies.

Other key resources in place to enable the council to manage the Business Plan include how we:

- manage and develop staff, through the Workforce Strategy;
- obtain goods and services, through the Procurement Plan;
- design and develop information technology, through the IT Strategy;
- identify and manage the risks the council may face in delivering services, through the Risk Management Strategy; and
- manage and monitor performance against objectives, through the Performance Management Framework.

Each major work area in the council completes a service plan, to give a high level overview of its financial position, what it exists to do, what it hopes to achieve and how it will achieve its major work programmes over the next four years.

We appreciate that there is a huge level of detail in the plan, but hope it helps you to understand what the council is trying to achieve and how we intend to succeed. If you have any comments or questions on the content of this plan, then please contact **zoe.church@merton.gov.uk**

TRANSFORMATION STATEMENT

By 2020 Merton Council will be transformed by the fruition of a number of change projects which will maximise the use of information technology and streamline processes and service provision. Providing value for money services to our residents is at the heart of our business and we must be able to demonstrate that all of our services represent best value for money. We will do this by continuing to finding innovative solutions to maximise future efficiency.

The financial reality facing local government dominates the choices the council will make for the future of the borough. The development of the Business Plan 2018/22 is therefore based on the set of guiding strategic priorities and principles, as adopted by the council on 13 July 2011:

- Merton should continue to provide a certain level of essential services for residents. The order of priority of 'must' services should be:
 - i) Continue to provide everything that is statutory.
 - ii) Maintain services within limits to the vulnerable and elderly.
- After meeting these obligations Merton should do all that it can to help residents who aspire. This means we should address the following as priorities in this order:
 - i) Maintain clean streets and keep council tax low.
 - ii) Keep Merton as a good place for young people to go to school and grow up.
 - iii) Be the best it can for the local environment.
 - iv) All the rest should be open for discussion.

The financial pressures facing Merton mean we should no longer aim to be a 'placemaker' but be a 'place-shaper'. The council should be an enabler, working with partners to provide services.

Our top priority will continue to be to provide safe services of the best possible quality within financial constraints and the July 2011 principles. We will deliver services that customers want and need and, where possible, involve our customers in service specification and design.

The Authority is utilising best practice in project management/ transformation to assess the future direction of services and the required staff, process and IT development to deliver this change. Internal decision making structures have been established to maximise Authority wide assessment and development.

NATIONAL AND REGIONAL POLICY CONTEXT

Local government continues to be affected by reductions in the level of funding that it receives from central government. Local Government Association (LGA) analysis highlights that government grants to local government has fallen by nearly 40% since 2010 and by 2020 local authorities will have lost 75 pence out of every £1 of core central government funding that it had to spend in 2015. Continued discussions about reshaping the way local authorities are financed and the proposed 100% retention of their business rates will also have a significant impact on the services that the council provides over the lifetime of this Business Plan

The decision for the United Kingdom to leave the European Union means continued uncertainty for local government around the loss of European funding after the guarantees to replace it run out and it is still unclear how challenges for the economy could affect local budgets.

The 2017 Budget announcement contained policy updates that will impact on the council and its work. Some of the key announcements include:

- Lifting HRA borrowing caps for councils in areas of high affordability pressure, so they can build more council homes. Local authorities will be invited to bid for increases in their caps from 2019/20, up to a total of £1 billion by the end of 2021/22;
- In areas where private rents have been rising fastest, the government will increase some Local Housing Allowance rates by increasing Targeted Affordability Funding by £40 million in 2018/19 and £85 million in 2019/20. This will increase the housing benefit awards of 140,000 claimants in 2018/19, by an average of £280;
- Proposed intervention where there is a failure to progress Local Plans;
- Encouraging the use of brownfield and scarce urban land to increase housing density in urban areas;
- Increasing the frequency with which the Valuation Office Agency will revalue non-domestic properties by moving to revaluations every three years
- Agreement of a pilot of 100% business rates retention in London in 2018-19. The Greater London Authority (GLA) and London boroughs will come together to form a pool and invest revenue growth strategically on a pan London basis;
- No additional funding to social care or any suggestions that there will be changes to the funding threshold;
- Capital funding for local groups of NHS organisations (Sustainability and Transformation Partnerships) to deliver transformation schemes that improve their ability to meet demand for local services;
- An additional £42 million for the Disabled Facilities Grant in 2017/18
- A reduction of the six-week initial wait time for Universal Credit to five weeks and a two-week bridging system for housing benefit;
- Continuation of work with TfL on developing affordable plans for Crossrail 2; and
- An intention to move away from the 1% basic public sector pay award policy. Each Pay Review Body will submit evidence reflecting the different characteristics and circumstances of their workforce.

Regionally, over the past year the Mayor of London has released a number of new and draft strategies for consultation that will impact on all London boroughs and the way they work with the Greater London Authority (GLA).

The London Plan

The Mayor is required to publish a Spatial Development Strategy (SDS), known as the London Plan, and keep it under regular review. This acts as the overall strategic plan for London and sets out an integrated economic, environmental, transport and social framework for the development of the city over the next 20-25 years. Consultation on the proposed new version of the plan is currently open until March 2018 and will come into being in Autumn 2019. The focus of the new plan is on 'Good Growth'; reducing inequality in health and opportunities, promoting sustainability, building more affordable homes and reducing the impact of climate change.

Draft London Environment Strategy

Published in August its primary aim is to make the capital "greener, cleaner and ready for the future" and the first strategy to bring together approaches to every aspect of London's environment. It is divided into the following areas: air quality; green infrastructure; climate change mitigation and energy; waste; adapting to climate change, and; ambient noise.

Mayor's Knife Crime Strategy: putting a stop to knife crime in London

In June a new Knife Crime Strategy was launched aimed at targeting lawbreakers, working with young people and communities and supporting victims. Measures include empowering communities with funds to do more to protect young people and prevention and police work to crack down on offenders.

Draft Health Inequalities Strategy

The Mayor has launched his Draft Health Inequalities Strategy to help create a healthier and fairer society, and to help make the healthier choice easier for everyone, including the most disadvantaged. The draft strategy has five major goals:

- Every London child to have the best possible start in life
- All Londoners share in a city with the best mental health in the world
- A society, environment and economy that promotes good mental and physical health
- London's diverse communities to be healthy and thriving
- To make the 'healthy choice' the easy choice for all Londoners

Police and Crime Plan for London 2017-2021

In March the Mayor's Office for Policing and Crime (MOPAC) launched its Policing and Crime Plan for 2017-2021 setting out the Mayor's ambitions for the safety of the capital. The top five priorities for London were identified as:

• A better police service for London

- A better criminal justice service for London
- Keeping children and young people safe
- Tackling Violence Against Women and Girls
- Standing together against hatred and intolerance

Mayor's Transport Strategy

In 2018 a new version of the Mayor's Transport Strategy will be published setting out the Mayor's policies and proposals to reshape transport in London over the next 25 years. The focus of the strategy will be on:

- Healthy Streets designed to tackle the physical inactivity crisis
- Reduced traffic on London's streets
- Better air quality and work aimed at making London a zero-carbon city
- A reliable public transport system that can cope with more passengers
- An accessible, affordable and safe transport network
- Investment in transport to support the creation of new homes and jobs

THE COUNCIL

The Council comprises of 60 elected councillors representing 20 wards. The current political composition of the Council as at December 2017 is:

- Labour: 36 councillors
- Conservative: 20 councillors
- Merton Park Ward Independent Residents: Three councillors
- Liberal Democrats: One councillor

The full Council usually meets five times a year, and is responsible for setting the overall direction of the council, including agreeing the rate of council tax. A Cabinet of nine councillors from the administration makes the majority of decisions throughout the year, with Overview and Scrutiny committees in place to hold the Cabinet's decision making to account. Regulatory committees are appointed by Council and carry out planning and licensing functions.

THE ORGANISATION

As at 30 September 2017 the council, excluding schools, has 1,487 FTE (head count 1,664 employees) who work across four departments.

- Children, Schools and Families
- Community and Housing
- Corporate Services
- Environment and Regeneration

Broken down, Children, Schools and Families has the largest number of employees (445 FTE), Corporate Services (443 FTE), Community and Housing (322 FTE), and Environment and Regeneration (275 FTE).

Overall, 69.5% of the council's workforce is female, which is above the London average of 63% as at 31 March 2017. 30.0% are from an ethnic minority background compared to a London average of 39.2%. 5.9% of the workforce is recorded as having a disability, which is above the London average of 4.4%. The majority of employees (42.6%) are aged between 50 and 64, with 27.3% aged between 25 and 39 and 26.1% aged between 40 and 49. 3.1% of employees are below age 25.

MERTON: THE PEOPLE AND THE PLACE

Merton is an outer London borough situated to the south west of central London, neighbouring the boroughs of Croydon, Kingston, Lambeth, Sutton and Wandsworth. Comprising of 20 wards, it covers an area of approximately 14.7 square miles and has a population of just over 208,000 residents living in around 84,000 properties.

Served by 12,070 active businesses as at 2015, the borough's main commercial centres are Mitcham, Morden and Wimbledon, of which Wimbledon is the largest. Other smaller centres include Raynes Park, Colliers Wood, South Wimbledon, Wimbledon Park and Pollards Hill. The borough is predominantly suburban in character, with high levels of commuter flows in and out of central London. Merton has a large number of parks and green spaces, including Wimbledon and Mitcham commons, and almost twice as much of the borough is open space compared to the average in London. Every year Merton plays host to one of the country's most famous sporting events – the Wimbledon Tennis Championships held at the All England Lawn Tennis and Croquet Club, which brings an extra 500,000 people into the borough.

MERTON: THE PEOPLE

Population and demographics

- Merton's population according to the Greater London Authority (GLA) 2017 projection is 208,100 people, living in 84,201 occupied households
- Population density is higher in the wards to the east of the borough compared to the wards in the west
- The average age of residents in the borough is 36.7, above the London average of 36. The proportion of the population that is working-age (16-64) is 67.2%
- GLA 2016-based Housing-led Ethnic Group Population Projections puts Merton's BAME population as 74,998, meaning Black, Asian and Minority Ethnic (BAME) groups make up around 36% of the population
- Merton's population is projected to increase to 212,400 people by 2020. The age profile is also predicted to shift with a notable growth in the proportions under the age of 16 years and those over 50 years old
- Using GLA projections, the BAME population of the borough is expected to be around 37%

Deprivation

• The Indices of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) sets out a relative position for each local authority in the country, reflecting the multidimensional nature of deprivation by giving an overall score for each area. The indices were updated in September 2015 and show that Merton ranks as 'very low' in terms of overall social deprivation compared to other London boroughs. Merton ranks as 7th least deprived out of the 33 London boroughs and ranks 212 out of 354 (where 1 is the most deprived) for the rest of England

- This overall lack of deprivation does, however, hide inequalities in the borough between deprived wards in the east of the borough (Mitcham) and the more affluent wards in the west (Wimbledon). Three wards are more deprived than the average for London: Cricket Green, Figge's Marsh and Pollards Hill
- The level of child poverty in Merton is 25%, which is the eighth lowest in London and below the London average of 31%. 14 of the top 20 local authorities with the highest levels of child poverty are in London

Health

- The health of people in Merton is generally better than the London and England average. Life expectancy is higher than average and rates of death considered preventable are low. This is largely linked to the lower than average levels of deprivation in Merton
- Linked to deprivation, those in the east of the borough have a much higher chance of serious illness and early deaths from illnesses such as cancer and heart disease
- Life Expectancy at birth in Merton is 80.5 years for males and 84.2 years for females. In the eastern wards life expectancy in men is 78.9 years compared to 81.9 years in wards to the west of Merton. Women's life expectancy is 83.3 years in the east compared to 85.1 years in the west of Merton. There is a gap of 6.2 years in life expectancy for men between the most deprived and least deprived areas in Merton. The gap is 3.9 years for women.
- 97,200 adults are overweight or obese (59.5% of adults). This is a lower proportion compared to London and England

Education

- As at January 2017 the borough had 28,826 pupils across state funded primary, secondary and special schools and pupil referral units
- In 2016 64.8% of students in Merton achieved A*-C in Maths and English, the sixteenth highest in the country and above the London average of 60.6%
- 47.3% of primary school pupils and 36.3% of secondary school pupils in Merton have a first language known or believed to be other than English, below the London average of 49.5% and 41.5% respectively
- The percentage of children known to be eligible for and claiming free school meals is 13.4% at primary school and 15.2% at secondary school below the London averages of 15.7% and 17% respectively
- 49 out of the 55 schools (including maintained, academies and special schools) in the borough are judged as 'Good' or 'Outstanding' by Ofsted as at August 2017

Employment

• Merton residents who are in active full-time employment are distributed all over the borough, however, unemployed residents are concentrated towards the east of Merton, and self-employed residents are concentrated toward the

west

- The employment rate for the borough as at 2015 is 78.8%, above the London average of 72.9%. Unemployment in the borough is 4.6%, below the London average of 6.1%
- Although unemployment in the borough is below the national average, it rises significantly in some of the eastern wards
- As at 2016, the out of work benefits rate for Merton is 5.3. This is below the London average of 7.3
- The latest figure for the Proportion of 16-18 year olds who are Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET) is 3.5%, which is above the London average of 3.1%
- The median gross annual pay for residents in Merton as at 2016 is £33,989, slightly above the London average of £33,776

MERTON: THE PLACE

Green environment

• Merton has more than 100 parks and green spaces, including Wimbledon and Mitcham commons, with 99.6% of Merton's area within less than 400m distance from a publicly accessible open space. 18% of the borough is open space, compared to a London average of 10%

Housing and the built environment

- The 2011 Census shows that there are 78,757 households within Merton. This number is projected to rise to 99,000 (15%) by 2021, an average annual household growth of 2.2%. This is the fourth highest projected household growth in England with much of the increase expected to be in single person households
- 16% of households are overcrowded in Merton. This is higher in the east (20.4%) than the west of Merton (11.1%)
- Merton's social housing stock is amongst the lowest in London at 14%, compared to a London average of 22%. 58% of social housing and 63% of private rented homes are flats, compared with only 24% in the owner-occupied sector
- The median average house price in Merton in 2016 was £440,000, the seventeenth highest in London and an increase of 7% on the figure for 2015. The average house price in London was £435,000 an increase of 9%
- The ratio of house prices to earnings in Merton is 13.5, which is the sixteenth highest in London and above the London average of 12.8

Transport

- Merton has good connections with the London transport network with Wimbledon being a central transport hub in the South London area. Regular suburban rail services run into central London and both the District and Northern underground lines run through the borough
- The Tramlink provides connections between Wimbledon and Croydon via

Mitcham and Morden, while numerous other over ground stations and bus routes provide easy access to neighbouring boroughs

• The average public accessibility score for the borough is 3.4, placing it seventeenth in London

Crime

• Overall, Merton has a lower overall crime rate (5.4 total notifiable offences per 1,000 population) compared to London (7.7) (2016). However there are variations-with higher rates of crime in the East (6.5) compared to the West (5.2).

MERTON PARTNERSHIP

Merton Partnership brings together a range of key partners from the public, private and community and voluntary sectors in Merton, including the council, Clinical Commissioning Group, and Police. In 2013 the Partnership developed a Community Plan that sets out the overall direction and vision for the borough until 2019. The Community Plan provides the overarching aims that all members of the Partnership will collectively deliver.

The Partnership is chaired by the Leader of the Council and hosts an annual themed conference. It has an Executive Board, also chaired by the Leader of the Council that meets quarterly and whose role is to set the strategic direction of the Partnership and manage the delivery of the priorities and targets set out in the Community Plan.

Within the Partnership there are four thematic subgroups that co-ordinate the activities of their members to ensure that the strategy agreed by the Executive Board is carried out through the relevant Boards and Trusts. These four thematic subgroups mirror the themes of the Community Plan.

Children's Trust

Merton's Children's Trust arrangements began in 2005 in order to bring together all partners involved in providing services to children and families in Merton. The Board encompasses a wide range of different groups and partnerships, overseeing their performance and activities. The Children's Trust is designed to deliver the outcomes set out in Merton's Children & Young People Plan 2016-19 which includes improving outcomes for those subject to the effects of disadvantage, safeguarding children and young people and closing the gap in educational outcomes and opportunity.

Health and Wellbeing Board

Merton Health and Wellbeing Board's full statutory responsibilities have been in place since April 2013, bringing together the Council, Clinical Commissioning Group, HealthWatch and the voluntary and community sector. Health and Wellbeing Boards deliver strategic local leadership to improve health outcomes. The work of the Board is also central in helping to informing the commissioning of health and social care services in Merton. It has a core role in encouraging services across the NHS, social care, public health and other local partners to join-up and work together to reduce health inequalities and support independent living. Its priorities are set out in the Health and Wellbeing Strategy 2015-18.

Safer and Stronger Communities

The Safer and Stronger Partnership incorporates the statutory Community Safety Partnership and is responsible for setting and overseeing the strategic direction for community safety and the community cohesion agenda in the borough. The Community Safety Partnership has a statutory duty to undertake an annual strategic assessment to inform and shape the boroughs approach to addressing crime and disorder issues. Key themes for the Community Safety Partnership include reducing crime and the fear of crime, reducing alcohol related violence in a sustainable manner whilst supporting those who are affected by alcohol dependency. The Community Safety Partnership also works to address anti-social behaviour and its effects on communities as well as individuals. Alongside these strategic, overarching aims, the partnership are working together to reduce burglary, tackle theft of motor vehicle and deliver the work as directed under the Police and Crime Plan. The Partnership will work with our communities to empower local people to have a greater choice and influence over local decision-making, increase community cohesion and integration.

Sustainable Communities and Transport

The Sustainable Communities and Transport partnership was established to create a more sustainable borough, one which is less reliant on fossil fuel and which reduces its negative impact on the environment and climate change. The Partnership promotes investment into the borough in order to create new jobs, improve the skills and capacity of residents and to improve the condition and supply of housing including affordable housing. The Partnership also works to promote the development of sustainable transport including cycling and walking, as well as public transport in and around Merton.

Corporate Capacity

In addition to the four thematic partnerships, Merton Council has added the theme of Corporate Capacity which looks at ensuring that the council has sound financial management and high standards of governance, effectively recruits, develops and manages staff and that it is continually reviewing its processes to improve them and provide value for money. The theme ensures that customer access, customer services and customer care as well as equalities, diversity and community cohesion underpin the work of the council.

Corporate Strategies

The council has a number of corporate and service-specific strategies and plans that support the work of the council, the Merton Partnership and the four Thematic Partnerships. These strategies and plans draw heavily on the aims set out in the Merton Community Plan, but also reflect central Government policy changes, subregional policies (e.g. set by the Mayor of London), new legislative requirements and short term changes to local priorities. The following list is not exhaustive but shows the diversity of strategies and plans currently in place:

http://www.merton.gov.uk/council/plansandpolicies.htm

Section A

Financial Resources

A) MEDIUM TERM FINANCIAL STRATEGY 2018-22

SECTION 2: GENERAL FUND REVENUE BUDGET AND COUNCIL TAX STRATEGY

1. Background to Financial Planning

- 1.1 The approach to Medium Term Financial Planning provides a great deal of flexibility in decision making and enables the impact of alternative options to be modeled. This has assisted with progress towards a balanced budget over the four year plan.
- 1.2 The MTFS has been re-priced and rolled forward a year so that each year from 2018/19 to 2021/22 starts from the approved budget 2017/18 and is built up showing the cumulative effect of variations over the period. The initial re-priced MTFS showing the budget gap as reported to Council in March 2017 was as follows:-

	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000
Departmental Base Budget	151,131	151,131	151,131	151,131
·17/18	()			
Departmental Budget Changes	(2,004)	(2,268)	2,075	5,646
Re-Priced Departmental	149,127	148,863	153,206	156,777
Budget				
Treasury/Capital financing	10,917	12,290	12,917	13,114
Other Corporate items	(14,260)	(14,514)	(14,417)	(14,342)
Levies	614	614	614	614
Sub-total: Corporate	(2,729)	(1,610)	(886)	(614)
provisions				
Use of Reserves	(3,249)	(92)	(234)	(100)
BUDGET REQUIREMENT	143,149	147,161	152,086	156,063
TOTAL FUNDING	(139,664)	(137,453)	(133,999)	(136,134)
GAP (Cumulative)	3,485	9,708	18,087	19,929

Table 1: Initial Re-priced MTFS

- 1.3 Reports were made to Cabinet on 18 September 2017, 16 October 2017, 11 December 2017, 15 January 2018 and 19 February 2018 presenting updated information to Members, setting out the financial implications as assumptions were reviewed and decisions made.
- 1.4 The decisions made in respect of each element of the MTFS impact on the overall financial position of the Authority and were taken into account as part of an overall package of decisions to balance the budget. In addition to a review of the base budget position, a number of options and variables were modelled, which enabled the impact of different scenarios to be seen.

1.5 <u>Setting a Balanced Budget</u>

- 1.5.1 Resource and expenditure projections have been continually updated throughout the year to inform Members and officers of the overall position for 2018-2022. A four-year forward plan is presented, but it is still a legal requirement that a balanced (i.e. fully funded) budget is achieved for 2018/19. There are a number of ways in which a balanced budget is achieved:
 - Reducing expenditure/costs;
 - Identifying new savings or additional income;
 - Adjusting the level of Council Tax ;
 - Using unallocated reserves as a temporary measure pending the implementation of the options above.
- 1.5.2 Budget savings proposals were formulated within the overall constraints of the resource projections. The proposals were approved in principle by the Cabinet and then considered by Overview and Scrutiny Panels as part of the scrutiny process. Scrutiny Panels met during November 2017 and January 2018 and their feedback on the Council's spending proposals was considered as part of budget setting.
- 1.5.3 The Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS) for the Council supports the achievement of the business plan and any financial implications arising from the agreed plan are included in financial planning for 2018/19 and beyond. The MTFS brings together all of the key elements relating to the Council's financial position which are reflected in the General Fund, and the Capital Programme.

1.6 <u>Review of previous year's Savings</u>

- 1.6.1 As with previous years, the business planning process is a multi-year approach and this includes a review of total expenditure and income over the period 2018-22.
- 1.6.2 Cabinet on 16 October 2017 and 11 December 2017 considered revisions to current savings proposals . The overall impact of these proposed amendments on the MTFS is as follows:-

Table 2: Net Revisions to current savings

Net Revisions to current savings (cumulative)	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	Total £000
Corporate Services	177	(103)	(74)	0	0
Children, Schools & Families	0	0	0	0	0
Environment and Regeneration	500	0	0	0	500
Community and Housing	930	(548)	0	0	382
Total	1,607	(651)	(74)	0	882
Net Cumulative total	1,607	956	882	882	

1.6.3 The current MTFS includes the following amounts in respect of the full year effects of previous year's savings, including those in Table 2 above.

Full Year Effects of previous years savings	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000			
Corporate Services	1,866	404	74	0	2,344
Children, Schools & Families	489	429	0	0	918
Environment and Regeneration	858	650	0	0	1,508
Community and Housing	2,198	887	0	0	3,085
Total	5,411	2,370	74	0	7,855
Total - Cumulative	5,411	7,781	7,855	7,855	

- 1.6.4 One of the key objectives is to balance the budget and there has been a major improvement in recent years in the ability to look over a long-term period and identify significant savings over more than one year.
- 1.6.5 The Business planning framework aims to enable strategic resource allocation and investment decisions to be made that allow for services to transform and change at different times in the future. This would otherwise be very difficult to plan under an annual planning framework. This improved long-term financial planning process is the best way to ensure that budgets are robust and sustainable.
- 1.7 <u>Growth</u>
- 1.7.1 In response to budget pressures identified last year, growth was included for the following services:-
 - Adult Social Care
 - Waste
 - Children's Services
- 1.7.2 The approved growth was as follows:-

Table 4: Growth approved in 2017/18

	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Adult Social Care	9,345	252	(2,891)*	0*
Waste and Regeneration	1,582	222	(115)	0
Children's Services	1,000	500	500	500
Total	11,927	974	(2,506)	500
Cumulative total	11,927	12,901	10,395	10,895

*Offset by Improving Better Care Fund

As reported to Cabinet on 16 October 2017, Environment and Regeneration department have swapped £500k of the agreed growth to mitigate pressures on achieving savings within the department.

2. Local Government Finance Settlement 2018-19

2.1 Local Government Finance Settlement

- 2.1.1 The financial projections in the MTFS are based on the information as announced in the Final Local Government Finance Settlement on 6 February 2018.
- 2.1.2 In the Final Local Government Finance Settlement 2018-19 announcement the Secretary of State for Housing, Communities and Local Government Settlement, Sajid Javid MP, stated "I recognise the need to prioritise spending on social care services that councils provide to our elderly and vulnerable citizens And, having listened to representations since the provisional settlement, I am today announcing a further £150 million in 2018 to 2019 for an Adult Social Care Support Grant. This will be taken from anticipated underspend in existing departmental budgets, and will not affect existing revenue commitments made to local government. This will be allocated according to relative needs and we will expect to see councils use it to build on their progress so far in supporting sustainable local care markets." Merton's one-off allocation is £467,000
- 2.1.3 It was also confirmed that the Government recognise the good work that local authorities do in caring for unaccompanied asylum seeking children and have therefore made £19 million available to local authorities in 2017 to 2018 from within existing budgets, including the Controlling Migration Fund, to develop the skills and capacity to be able to support these very vulnerable children. Merton will receive £92k from this allocation
- 2.1.4 Merton's allocation from the Controlling Migration Fund is £56,815 and the grant is expected to support work to secure sufficient skilled foster carers for unaccompanied asylum seeking children (UASC), thus building foster care capacity for older children across the borough. The grant should also fund a programme of learning activities within a peer network, which will help UASC to engage successfully with the wider

community through language, connections, and cultural understanding. This is expected to reduce integration pressures and translation costs.

- 2.1.5 <u>Public Health Grant</u> Merton's allocation for 2018/19 is £10.451m with an indicative allocation of £10.175m for 2019/20.
- 2.1.6 <u>Council Tax Referendum Threshold</u>

The Final Settlement confirmed that the referendum threshold is set in line with inflation at 3%. In addition, local authorities with responsibility for social care may levy a precept to spend exclusively on adult social care. This precept equates to up to 6% over 3 years, from 2017-18 to 2019-20, with a maximum increase of 3% in the first 2 years and 2% in the final year.

2.1.7 Details on the Final Local Government Settlement are included in Appendix 1 and have been incorporated into Merton's MTFS where applicable.

2.2 Business Rates

- 2.2.1 The Government confirmed that the five existing 2017-18 pilots will continue in 2018-19 and confirmed 11 new pilots for 2018-19, including the London pilot pool. All pilots will trial the principles of 100% retention and will see RSG (and rural services grants in two tier areas) given up for higher retained business rates.
- 2.2.2 The Government confirmed that it intends to open a further bidding round for pilots in 2019 to 2020. Further information on this will be published in 2018 in due course. Local authorities will be able to keep more business rates, to the value of the Revenue Support Grant, the Greater London Authority Transport Grant, the Rural Services Delivery Grant and the Public Health Grant. Overall, this is equivalent to 75% retention at 2019 to 2020 levels. Local authorities will then be able to keep the equivalent share of business rates growth on their baseline levels from 2020 to 2021, when the system is reset. The new funding baselines will be informed by the Fair Funding Review which is currently subject to consultation. The government intends to use the intervening period to develop a set of measures that support a smooth transition of funding for public health services from a grant to retained business rates. The Government has confirmed that its continued long-term plan is to let local government keep 100% of its business rates.
- 2.2.3 Under the London Pilot Pool, the retained percentage share of nondomestic rate income in 2018/19 is:-
 - Central government 0%, GLA 36%, London Boroughs 64%

2.2.4 Tariff and Top-up adjustments

Updated top-ups and tariffs for 2017-18, 2018-19 and 2019-20 were published as part of the Provisional Settlement. As a result of the adjustments for the 2017 Revaluation, which altered tariffs and top ups for individual authorities, and levy rates for tariff authorities in 2017-18, there was a significant change to the business rates retention scheme. This aimed to ensure that, as far as possible, each local authority's income was the same immediately before and after the revaluation on 1st April 2017. A provisional adjustment to 2017-18 top-ups and tariffs was made based on draft rating lists (published 28 September 2016) and 2015-16 NNDR3 data (uprated for inflation).

In the Final Settlement, the adjustment was finalised based on the most recent ratings list (published 5 October 2017) and 2016-17 NNDR3 data. Where there was a discrepancy between the provisional and final 2017-18 adjustment, the difference was reconciled through a one-off adjustment to 2018-19 top-ups and tariffs.

Revised tariffs and top-ups were announced in the Final Settlement, which adjusted the figures in the Provisional Settlement figures as a result of an error in the Valuation Office Agency data. There were small changes to Merton's figures of £5k in 2018/19 and £2k in 2019/20

Merton has been a top-up authority since the start of the Business Rates Retention Scheme. This will change assuming that the London Business Rates Pilot Pool is implemented.

As the pilot is only being assumed for 2018/19 these revert to top-up authorities in 2019/20 if the pool does not continue.

	2017/18 No Pool	2018/19 without a Business Rates Pool	2018/19 with a Pilot Business Rates Pool	2019/20 No Pool
	£m	£m	£m	£m
Top-Up	9.083	9.375		9.375
Tariff			-9.747	

Table 5: Top-up/ Tariff Amounts under pilot/no pilot

Table 6: Business Rates Funding Under the pre-pool arrangements set out in the 2017/18 Final Settlement

Merton	2017/18	2018/19
	£m	£m
Business Rates Baseline	24.500	25.288
Top-Up	9.083	9.375
Baseline Funding	33.583	34.663

Table 7: In terms of the 2018/19 Final Settlement with pool

Merton	2018/19	2018/19 Final
	Final	Settlement
	Settlement	2018/19
	2017/18	
	£m	£m
Baseline Funding	34.663	44.662
Add:		
RSG – to be replaced by NDR	10.071	0
Settlement Funding Assessment	44.734	44.662

The slight downwards adjustment to baseline funding in 18/19 is because of the move from RPI to CPI inflation, which will be compensated for through a Section 31 grant.

2.2.5 Further details regarding how the 100% business Rates Pilot Pool and the latest information contained in the NNDR1 return will impact on Merton's MTFS are included in paragraph 9.

3. Review of Corporate and Technical Provisions

3.1 The key assumptions in the MTFS were continually reviewed and updated as the budget process developed and reported to Cabinet throughout the Business Planning process for 2018/19. The main details are set out in the following paragraphs:-

3.2 Inflation

3.2.1 Predicting the level of inflation over a four year period with accuracy is not easy, particularly in the current economic climate and given the size of the Council's budget can lead to large variances if the actual inflation levels vary from the assumptions.

3.2.2 <u>Pay</u>

The assumptions regarding pay inflation incorporated into the MTFS are based on the following offer made by the National Joint Council to the unions:-

Council employees have been offered a two-year pay increase from 1 April 2018. The majority of employees - those on salaries starting at £19,430 per annum - would receive an uplift of 2 per cent on 1 April 2018 and a further 2 per cent on 1 April 2019, with those on lower salaries receiving higher increases. The offer also includes the introduction of a new national pay spine on 1 April 2019.

The total increase to the national pay bill resulting from this offer is 5.6 per cent over two years (covering the period 1 April 2018 to 31 March 2020). This pay offer does not apply to council chief executives, senior

officers, teachers or firefighters, who are covered by separate national pay arrangements.

The three unions representing local government staff have put the offer to their respective committees for consideration. On 15 January 2018 it was announced that Unite has voted unanimously to reject the pay offer and is recommending members also reject it in a consultative ballot.

The National Employers estimate that:-

- The first year of the pay offer would increase the national paybill by 2.707%
- This second year of the pay offer would increase the national paybill by 2.802%
- The total increase to the national paybill over the two-year period would be 5.584%

Using these estimates the latest forecasts of pay inflation included in the MTFS are:-

Table 8: Provision for Pay Inflation

(Cumulative)	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
Pay inflation (%)	2.707%	2.802%	1.0%	1.0%
Revised Estimate (cumulative £000)	2,108	4,290	5,069	5,848

In the Autumn Budget 2017, the Chancellor of the Exchequer announced that in 2018-19, for those workforces covered by an independent Pay Review Body (PRB), the relevant Secretary of State will shortly write to the PRB Chair to initiate the 2018-19 pay round, before later submitting detailed evidence outlining recruitment and retention data and reflecting the different characteristics and circumstances of their workforce. Each PRB will then make its recommendations in the spring or summer, based on the submitted evidence. Secretaries of State will make final decisions on pay awards, taking into account their affordability, once the independent PRBs report.

3.2.3 Prices

The Consumer Prices Index (CPI) 12-month rate was 3.0% in January 2018, unchanged from December 2017. The Consumer Prices Index including owner occupiers' housing costs (CPIH) 12-month inflation rate was 2.7% in January 2018, also unchanged from December 2017.

The largest downward contribution to change in the rate came from prices for motor fuels, which rose by less than they did a year ago. The main upward effect came from prices for a range of recreational and cultural goods and services, in particular, admissions to attractions such as zoos and gardens, for which prices fell by less than they did a year ago. The RPI 12-month rate for January 2018 stood at 4.0%, down from 4.1% in December 2017.

3.2.4 Outlook for inflation:

The Bank of England's Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) sets monetary policy to meet the 2% inflation target and in a way that helps to sustain growth and employment. At its meeting ending on 7 February 2018, the MPC voted unanimously to maintain Bank Rate at 0.5%. The Committee voted unanimously to maintain the stock of sterling non-financial investment-grade corporate bond purchases, financed by the issuance of central bank reserves, at £10 billion. The Committee also voted unanimously to maintain the stock of UK government bond purchases, financed by the issuance of central bank reserves, at £435 billion. The February 2018 Inflation Report was published on the 8 February 2018.

In the February 2018 Inflation Report, the MPC noted that "CPI inflation has remained around 3%. The overshoot of the 2% target is almost entirely due to the effects of higher import prices, following the depreciation of sterling. As these effects begin to diminish, inflation is expected to fall, but the recent rise in oil prices means that fall is more gradual in the near term than projected in November. Alongside that, wage growth appears to be picking up, suggesting building domestic cost pressures."

In the minutes to its February 2018 meeting the MPC commented that "The firming of shorter-term measures of wage growth in recent quarters, and a range of survey indicators that suggests pay growth will rise further in response to the tightening labour market, give increasing confidence that growth in wages and unit labour costs will pick up to targetconsistent rates. On balance, CPI inflation is projected to fall back gradually over the forecast but remain above the 2% target in the second and third years of the MPC's central projection.."

In terms of potential increases in Bank Base Rate over the period of the next MTFS, the MPC had the following to say in the February 2018 Inflation Report, "UK GDP growth is projected to remain around its

current pace, a slightly stronger near-term outlook than in November, supported by strengthening global growth. While modest by historical standards, that pace of UK growth is more than sufficient to use up the limited slack remaining in the economy. Under a conditioning path that embodies just under three further 25 basis point rises in Bank Rate over the next three years, a small margin of excess demand emerges by early 2020 and builds thereafter. Inflation remains above the target as domestic inflationary pressures continue to firm."

The latest inflation and unemployment forecasts for the UK economy, based on a summary of independent forecasts are set out in the following table:-

Table 9: Forecasts for the UK Economy

Source: HM Treasury - Forecasts for the UK Economy (January 2018)							
2017 (Quarter 4)	Lowest %	Highest %	Average %				
СРІ	2.7	3.2	3.0				
RPI	3.6	4.0	3.9				
LFS Unemployment Rate	3.9	4.4	4.3				
2018 (Quarter 4)	Lowest %	Highest %	Average %				
СРІ	1.8	3.0	2.4				
RPI	2.6	3.9	3.2				
LFS Unemployment Rate	3.8	4.9	4.4				

Clearly where the level of inflation during the year exceeds the amount provided for in the budget, this will put pressure on services to stay within budget and will require effective monitoring and control.

Independent medium-term projections for the calendar years 2017 to 2021 are summarised in the following table:-

Table 10: Five year Forecasts

Source: HM Treasury - Forecasts for the UK Economy (November 2017)							
2017 2018 2019 2020 20							
	%	%	%	%	%		
СРІ	2.7	2.6	2.1	2.1	2.0		
RPI	3.6	3.4	3.1	3.2	3.1		
LFS Unemployment Rate	4.4	4.4	4.5	4.4	4.5		

The MPC's forecast of Bank Base Rate in the February 2018 Quarterly Inflation Reports is summarised in the following table:-

Table 11: MPC Forecast of Bank Base Rate

	End												
	Q.1	Q.2	Q.3	Q.4	Q.1	Q.2	Q.3	Q.4	Q.1	Q.2	Q,3	Q.4	Q.1
	2018	2018	2018	2018	2019	2019	2019	2019	2020	2020	2020	2020	2021
Feb.'18	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2

The current assumptions regarding price inflation incorporated into the MTFS are

Table 12: Price inflation assumptions in MTFS

(Cumulative)	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
Price inflation (%)	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%
Revised Estimate (cumulative £000)	2,279	4,559	6,838	9,117
(cumulative £000)				

Clearly, this will be treated as a cash limit and if the level of inflation during the year exceeds the amount provided for in the budget, this will put pressure on services to stay within budget and will require effective monitoring and control.

3.2.5 Excess Inflation on volatile budgets

There is also a corporate provision which is held to assist services that may experience increases greatly in excess of the inflation allowance provided when setting the budget. This will only be released for specific demonstrable demand. There is no further change proposed.

Table 13: Excess Inflation Provision

	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Excess Inflation provision	378	450	450	450

The cash limiting strategy is not without risks but if current levels of inflation (3%) were applied un-damped across the period then the budget gap would change by c.£9m by 2021/22.

3.3 Income

3.3.1 The MTFS does not include any specific provision for inflation on income from fees and charges. However, service departments can identify increased income as part of their savings proposals.

3.4 Collection Fund

- 3.4.1 The Collection Fund is a statutory fund separate from the General Fund. It accounts for income from Council Tax and from NNDR (Business Rates).
- 3.4.2 The Collection Fund accounts are kept on an accrual basis and a surplus or deficit for the year in the collection fund is estimated accordingly. The audited accounts for 2016/17 include the following surplus/deficit for Council Tax and NNDR as at 31 March 2017:-

	Surplus/	Surplus/	Total
	(deficit) as at	(deficit) as at	surplus/
	31/03/17	31/03/17	(deficit) as
	Outturn	Outturn	at 31/03/17
	Council Tax	NNDR	
	£000	£000	£000
Central Government	N/A	(449)	(449)
GLA	411	(180)	231
Merton	1,663	(269)	1,394
Total	2,074	(898)	1,176

Table 14: Collection Fund Surplus/Deficit as at 31 March 2017

- 3.4.3 A review of the Collection Fund, related bad debt provisions, write offs, and collection rates in 2017/18 and anticipated collection rates in 2018/19 has been undertaken. With respect to Business Rates, the NNDR1 return has been submitted (24 January 2018 deadline for London pilot pool) which analyses the estimated Business Rates for 2018/19, estimated surplus/deficit as at 31st March 2018 and estimated Section 31 Grant for 2018/19, and the allocations between Merton, Central Government, and the GLA. As part of the move to a London Pilot Pool for 100% Business Rate Retention there will be a change in shares of funding currently anticipated to 0% central government, 36% GLA and 64% Merton.
- 3.4.4 As a result of the further analysis, the estimated surplus/deficit on the Collection Fund as at 31st March 2017 is as follows:-

	Surplus/	Surplus/	Total
	(deficit) as at	(deficit) as at	surplus/
	31/03/18	31/03/18	(deficit) as
	Estimate	Estimate	at 31/03/18
	Council Tax	NNDR	
	£000	£000	£000
Central Government	N/A	(1,714)	(1,714)
GLA	406	(1,140)	(734)
Merton	1,653	(1,223)	430
Total	2,059	(4,077)	(2,018)

3.5 Taxicards and Freedom Passes

3.5.1 These schemes are administered by London Councils on behalf of London boroughs. Based on information provided by London Councils, an adjustment was made to the provision in the MTFS to fund the cost of these schemes in 2018/19 as set out in the following table:-

Budget 2017/18	£000
Freedom Passes	9,029
Taxicards	113
Total Budget 2017/18	9,142
Increase allowed for in MTFS in 2017/18	450
Total Provision 2018/19 in latest draft MTFS	9,592
Latest Details from London Councils	
Charge to Merton for Freedom Passes	8,927
Charge to Merton for Taxicards	113
Latest Estimated Cost for 2018/19	9,040
Estimated Surplus Provision in MTFS	552

Table 16: Freedom Passes and Taxicards 2018/19

3.6 <u>Contingency</u>

3.6.1 The MTFS includes provision of £1.5m as a contingency to meet unforeseen cost and demand pressures, particularly those arising as the economy recovers from the recession.

3.7 Bad Debt Provision

3.7.1 The bad debt provision is calculated on the basis of an examination of debts within the council's financial systems to assess the probability of their collection. Due to effective and proactive debt management it is not considered that an increase in contribution will be necessary for 2018/19, even under the current economic circumstances. The level of provision will be kept under review within the MTFS.

3.8 Revenuisation

3.8.1 In recent budgets it has been recognised that some expenditure formerly included in the capital programme could no longer be justified as it did not meet the definition of expenditure for capital purposes. Nevertheless, it is important that some of this expenditure takes place and the following amounts are included in service department budgets for 2018-22 :-

Table 17: Revenuisation

	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Revenuisation	1,997	1,997	1,997	1,997

The expenditure charged to capital during 2018/19 will be closely monitored and will be reported through the monitoring report.

3.9 <u>Pensions</u>

3.9.1 The pension scheme was revalued based on data at 31st March 2016. Using the agreed assumptions, the Fund had assets sufficient to cover 94% of the accrued liabilities as at 31 March 2016. This increased from 89% in 2013. Based on a recovery period of 12 years the following amounts have been included in the MTFS to fund past service deficiency :-

Table 18: Pension Fund – Past Service Deficiency

	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Pension Fund contribution	3,469	3,552	3,635	3,718

- 3.9.2 The next valuation will be based on data at 31st March 2019 and the provision for past service deficiency will be revised from 2020/21 to reflect this.
- 3.9.3 The current employers' oncost rate on current employees is 15.2% and this is included in departmental salary budgets.

3.10 Local Election

- 3.10.1 The MTFS includes £350,000 in 2018/19 only for the cost of the local election.
- 3.11 <u>Summary of Corporate and Technical Adjustments</u>
- 3.11.1 The financial implications of the corporate and technical adjustments are summarised in Appendix 2.

4. **Proposed Amendments to Previously Agreed Savings and Growth**

- 4.1 Cabinet on 16 October 2017 and 11 December 2017 agreed some proposed amendments to savings and growth that had been agreed in previous year's budgets and also agreed that the financial implications should be incorporated into the MTFS 2018-22.
- 4.2 The change over the four year MTFS period resulting from these amendments is set out in the following table:-

Table 19: Amendments to Previously Agreed Savings and Growth

SAVINGS TARGETS BY DEPARTMENT	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	Total £000
Corporate Services	177	(103)	(74)	0	0
Children, Schools and Families	0	0	0	0	0
Environment and Regeneration	0	0	0	0	0
Community and Housing	930	(548)	0	0	382
Total	1,107	(651)	(74)	0	382
Cumulative	1,107	456	382	382	

4.3 Details of the all the amendments were referred to Overview and Scrutiny Panels and the Commission for scrutiny in January 2018 as part of the overall Budget Consultation pack circulated to all Members.

5. Departmental Savings Proposals 2018-22 and Service Planning

- 5.1 The approach to setting savings targets for departments for this year's Business Planning process was again based on using controllable budgets and aimed to protect front-line services and services to the vulnerable in line with the 'July principles'. Weightings for each department; Corporate Services, Environment and Regeneration, Community and Housing, and Children, Schools and Families in the ratio (100%) : (100%) : (67%) : (50%), were applied which reduces the impact on Adult Social Care, Children's Social Care and vulnerable groups. The targets set also took into account the level to which departments have identified savings against targets set for previous years.
- 5.2 There was also a change this year to the approach adopted to setting savings targets:-
 - To reduce the pressure on Children, Schools and Families and Community and Housing, no additional savings were required from these departments until 2020/21, giving them time to identify and plan strategic savings over a longer term. However, this meant that the burden fell on Corporate Services and Environment and Regeneration departments in 2019/20 and savings targets were apportioned for these two departments on a 50:50 basis, adjusted for controllable budgets.
- 5.3 Based on these assumptions and using the revised MTFS gap set out in the report to Cabinet on 18 September 2017, the new savings targets set were :-

Table 20: Savings Targets agreed by Cabinet in September 2017

SAVINGS TARGETS BY DEPARTMENT	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	Total £000
Corporate Services	0	2,363	1,911	169	4,443
Children, Schools and Families	0	0	3,328	132	3,460
Environment and Regeneration	0	3,256	3,352	262	6,870
Community and Housing	0	0	6,693	265	6,958
Total	0	5,619	15,284	828	21,731
Cumulative	0	5,619	20,903	21,731	

- 5.4 Service departments reviewed their budgets and formulated proposals to address their targets. One saving was agreed for Environment and Regeneration Department by Cabinet on 16 October 2017 and further savings for all departments were agreed by Cabinet on 11 December 2017 and referred to Overview and Scrutiny Panels and the Commission for scrutiny in January 2018 as part of the overall Budget Consultation pack circulated to all Members.
- 5.5 The proposals submitted by each department are summarised in the following table;-

Table 21: Savings Proposals to Cabinet

	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	Total
SUMMARY (cumulative)	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Corporate Services	0	1,014	187	40	1,241
Children, Schools & Families	0	0	150	0	150
Environment & Regeneration	0	580	95	75	750
Community & Housing	0	500	1,100	0	1,600
Total	0	2,094	1,532	115	3,741
Net Cumulative total	0	2,094	3,626	3,741	

5.6 The balance remaining to find is:-

Table 22: Balance of Savings Targets still to find

	Targets	Proposals	Net change - replacements	Balance
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Corporate Services	4,443	(1,241)	0	3,202
Children, Schools & Families	3,460	(150)	0	3,310
Environment & Regeneration	6,870	(750)	0	6,120
Community & Housing	6,958	(1,600)	382	5,740
Total	21,731	(3,741)	382	18,372

- 5.7 Where departments have not met their target or put forward options that are deemed not to be acceptable then the shortfall will be carried forward to later meetings and future year's budget processes to be made good.
- 5.8 It is important that this balance remaining is kept in focus for future year's budget setting processes since the balances remaining on the MTFS in the latter years are significant and will not be addressed without contributions from ongoing savings in departmental budgets.
- 5.9 Feedback from the Scrutiny Process:-
- 5.9.1 Comments from the Overview and Scrutiny Commission on 25 January 2018 were considered by Cabinet on 19 February 2018 and Cabinet resolved that all the latest information and the comments from the scrutiny process be noted and recommended to Council as appropriate.
- 5.9.2 The feedback from the Scrutiny process and recommendations were that:-
 - 1. The Commission would like to commend officers, in particular the Director of Corporate Services, for their initiative in recent years in producing a four year Medium Term Financial Strategy that enables the council to take a longer term view;
 - 2. The Commission notes that in looking ahead, it is clear that there will be a substantial budget gap in 2020/21 and beyond;
 - 3. The Commission accepts that in identifying proposed savings for future years there will be a need for some of these to be revised for a variety of reasons as the implementation date gets closer;
 - 4. The Commission recommends that Cabinet should encourage officers to be entrepreneurial and pursue innovative solutions, subject to an acceptable level of risk, as a preferable alternative to simply ceasing to provide services;
 - 5. The Commission recommends that Cabinet should anticipate and start to plan for 2020/2021 now, through scenario planning that will evolve over the course of the next four years. The Overview and Scrutiny Commission is keen to support this process;
 - 6. The Commission recommends that Cabinet recognise the importance of effective and appropriately planned project management to ensure the council achieves projects on time and maximises the potential savings from these projects.

6. Budgetary Control 2017/18

6.1 As at 31st December 2017, there was a forecast overspend for the Council of £0.577m.

6.2 The overspend of £0.577m was made up as follows :-

•	departmental overspend	£1.839m
•	corporate underspend	<u>(£1.262m)</u>
		£0.577m

6.3 Where appropriate any implications arising from these projections have been incorporated into the Medium Term Financial Strategy for 2018-22.

7. Capital Financing and Treasury Management

Treasury Management, Capital Financing and Investment Income:

- 7.1 Comprehensive details are included as part of the Capital Strategy and Treasury Management Policy Statement sections of the Business Plan. Capital financing costs are derived from the draft capital programme 2018-22 which is discussed in the Capital Strategy and estimated revenue funding is built into the MTFS for the level of borrowing that is expected.
- 7.2 Details relating to how the capital programme has changed from that approved by Council in March 2017 to the capital programme for 2018-22 are discussed in the Capital strategy. The capital programme has continued to be subject to major review as part of monthly monitoring and the process of developing the Business Plan for 2018-22.
- 7.3 In addition to reviewing the capital programme, focus has also been maintained on the treasury management aspects of funding the programme, to improve forecasts of available funding and to minimise as far as possible the costs of funding capital. This has included improved cash flow forecasting to enable the programme to be funded from capital receipts and internal resources for as long as possible to take advantage of current low levels of interest. Work will continue to ensure that grants and contributions are utilised effectively to ensure that the revenue impact of the capital programme is minimised in 2018/19 and beyond.
- 7.4 The analysis of the budget for capital financing costs and investment income is set out in the following table:-

	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
	£000	£000	£000	£000
MRP	2,088	4,706	6,431	7,217
Interest	6,315	6,315	6,315	6,213
Capital financing costs	8,403	11,021	12,746	13,430
Investment Income	(759)	(633)	(509)	(486)
Net	7,644	10,388	12,237	12,944

Table 23: Details of Budgets for capital financing costs

8 GENERAL FUND BALANCES AND RESERVES

8.1 In determining an appropriate level of general fund balances previously, an analysis of the overall expenditure of the authority was prepared. This analysis has been updated. The overall range of level of balances is summarised in the following table and compares with current GF balances of £12.778m as shown in the final accounts for 2016/17. However, this will need to be adjusted for outturn, which with a projected overspend of £0.577m, leaves a balance of £12.201m.

Table 24: Indicative range of balances

	Min	Medium	Max
	£m	£m	£m
Level of balances	12.09	18.01	24.27

8.2 An alternative approach was also undertaken which looked at a percentage based on the net spending of the authority. From the Audit Commission's report "Striking a Balance", most Chief Officers regard an amount of between 3 and 5 per cent as a prudent level and the minimum the auditors would consider prudent. There are also some other areas of risk and unknowns in relation to the localisation of business rates and how this impact will flow thorough, in particular in relation to appeals. There is also an amount calculated for Merton called the safety net, below which income must fall before Merton becomes entitled to funding from central government. This approach is set out below, using an amount of 5 per cent.

Table 25: Indicative level of balances

	£m
Net spending	7.3
Safety Net	1.3
Appeals	3.2
Level of balances	11.8

- 8.3 The average level of General Fund balances for outer London boroughs for 2016/17 was £15.025m, with a low of £8.018m and a high of £38.738m.
- 8.4 A review of forecast earmarked reserves use over the MTFS period has been undertaken and details are shown in Appendix 3 to this MTFS. This shows the level of earmarked reserves falling from £28.6m to £6.3m by 31 March 2022.
- 8.5 The average level of earmarked reserves (excluding schools and HRA) for outer London boroughs for 2016/17 was £59.478m, with a low of

£25.932m and a high of £128.912m. Merton, with £40.235m (excluding schools) is ranked 13th lowest out of 20 outer London boroughs.

9. Revenue Support Grant and Baseline Funding (Non-Domestic Rates)

- 9.1 Details of the information included in the Provisional Local Government Finance Settlement with respect to RSG and Business Rates were reported to Cabinet in January 2018. The Final Local Government Finance Settlement was announced on 6 February 2018 and the main changes are summarised in paragraph 2 and this section.
- 9.2 <u>Update arising from completion of the NNDR 1 Return and assuming the</u> London 100% Business Rates Pilot Pool proceeds
- 9.2.1 <u>Revenue Support Grant</u> Under 100% Business Rates Retention, Revenue Support Grant will be replaced by Business Rates.
- 9.2.2 <u>Updating potential Business Rate Funding following NNDR1 Submission</u> The MTFS approved by Council in March 2018 used the latest information available regarding potential resources from Business Rates as contained in Merton's NNDR1 form which was completed and submitted to the DCLG and the City of London Corporation who are administering the pilot pool arrangements.

The NNDR1 return provided the following key information which was used to inform Merton's budget process and MTFS as well as providing key information to both the DCLG and the GLA:-

- Estimated Surplus/Deficit on the Collection Fund in respect of 2017/18 and the shares for Merton, central Government and the GLA
- Merton's estimated non-domestic rating income for 2018/19 and the shares for Merton, central Government and the GLA
- The amount of Section 31 grant to be received from Central Government to Merton and the GLA to compensate authorities for the cost of changes to the business rates system announced in the 2013 to 2016 Autumn Statements and 2017 (November) Budget

9.2.3 Financial implications of the NNDR1 for Merton's MTFS

a) Estimated Surplus/Deficit:

Based on the information from Merton's final outturn for 2016/17 (as per the NNDR3 return) and latest estimates for the level of appeals and required Bad Debt Provision, there will an estimated deficit of £4.077m on the Collection Fund at 31 March 2018.

This will be shared as follows:-

Table 26: Share of Deficit on Collection Fund – Business Rates

	£m
Merton	1.223
GLA	1.140
Central Government	1.714
Total	4.077

b) Share of 2018/19 Business Rates

Under the London Business Rates Pilot Pool arrangements, Merton will share its Business Rates income with the GLA in the ratio 64:36.

The total estimated Business Rates for 2018/19 of £87.981m will therefore be shared as follows:

	£m
Merton	56.308
GLA	31.673
Total	87.981

Table 27: Share of Business Rates 2018/19

Under the pilot pool arrangements, Merton becomes a tariff authority and the Final Local Government Finance Settlement indicated that Merton's tariff will be $\pounds 9.747$ m which means that Merton's estimated share of Business Rates income would be $\pounds 46.561$ m in 2018/19.

c) <u>Amount of Section 31 grant due from Central Government to</u> <u>compensate for reliefs</u>

Merton's estimated share of Section 31 grant due in 2018/19 is £3.440m which is based on a 64% share under the pilot pool arrangements.

d) Impact on 2018/19

The figures in the MTFS use the data from Merton's NNDR1 and the Final Local Government Finance Settlement together with the methodology adopted by London Councils' in their London Pilot Pool model. This produced the amount of NNDR and Section 31 grant that Merton would receive on a "No worse Off" basis which the Government guaranteed as a condition of participation in the pool.

This is set out in the following table:-

Table 28: Impact of NNDR1 on MTFS

Section 31 Grant	1.975
Share of Deficit	(1.223)
NNDR	45.636
RSG	0
	£m
	Worse" Off Calculation
	Settlement/London Councils "No
	NNDR1/Final
	London Pilot Pool Based on
	Merton Resources as part of the

9.2.4 Impact of London 100% Business Rates Pilot Pool

The City of London Corporation is the administering authority for the London Pilot Pool. Final figures for Merton's actual NNDR and Section 31 grant will not be known until all London boroughs have submitted audited NNDR 3 returns in the summer. It is impossible to estimate the final figure for Merton's resources at this stage.

10. Council Tax Strategy

- 10.1 The Government's council tax referendum principles are set out in the Final Local Government Finance Settlement in the "The Referendums Relating to Council Tax Increases (Principles) (England) Report 2018/19". The Government has decided to make changes to the council tax referendum principles in line with higher inflation and the pressure on services such as social care. The main change is that the Government will increase the council tax referendum threshold in 2018-19 and 2019-20 from 2% to 3% for the portion of the authority's council tax increase that has not been hypothecated for ASC. The increase in 2019/20 has been allowed for in the MTFS. A 2.99% Council Tax increase in 2018/19 would raise an additional £2.5m.
- 10.2 For 2018-19, the relevant basic amount of council tax of an authority such as Merton is excessive if the authority's relevant basic amount of council tax for 2018-19 is 6% (comprising 3% for expenditure on adult social care and 3% for other expenditure), or more than 6%, greater than its relevant basic amount of council tax for 2017-18.
- 10.3 Council approved a maximum Council Tax in 2018/19, equating to a Band D Council Tax of £1,169.36. This is an increase of 3% inclusive of 1% Adult Social Care flexibility which is within the thresholds set out in the Referendum Principles as shown in paragraph 10.1.

11. Council Tax Base

- 11.1 Cabinet on 11 December 2017 agreed the Council Tax Base calculation for 2018/19. Details of the calculation were included in reports to Cabinet and Council on the Business Plan 2018-22.
- 11.2 For 2018/19 the Council Tax Base has been calculated as:-

Table 29: Council Tax Base 2018/19

Council Tax Base 2018/19	74,124.0
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11.3 A separate council tax base calculation was produced for the properties covered by the Wimbledon and Putney Common Conservators (WPCC) area. For 2018/19 the Council Tax Base for Wimbledon and Putney Commons Conservators has been calculated as:-

Table 30: WPCC Council Tax Base 2018/19

WPCC Council Tax Base 2018/19	11,308.8
	,

12. Greater London Authority Precept and Other Levies

- 12.1 The Greater London Authority (GLA) sets a budget for itself and each of the following bodies: the Mayor's Office for Policing and Crime (MOPAC), the London Fire and Emergency Planning Authority (LFEPA), Transport for London (TfL), the London Legacy Development Corporation (LLDC) and the new Old Oak and Park Royal Development Corporation (OPDC). These budgets together form the consolidated budget.
- 12.2 The 2018/19 GLA budget and precept were agreed by the London Assembly on 22 February 2018. This was an increase in the Mayor's Band D council tax precept of £14.21 (5.1 percent) from £280.02 to £294.23 in 2018-19 for council taxpayers in the 32 London boroughs.

12.3 Other Levies

12.3.1 The Council is required by statute to pay certain levies to the organisations listed below. The levies for 2018/19 have been confirmed and are set out in the following table:-

	2017/18	2018/19	2018/19
	£000	£000	Change %
London Pension Fund Authority	260	260	0%
Lee Valley Regional Park	190	179	(5.8%)
Environment Agency	164	168	2.4%

Table 31: Other Levies

12.4 Wimbledon and Putney Commons Conservators (WPCC)

12.4.1 A separate precept is levied in respect of those residents of properties bordering the Wimbledon and Putney Commons. The amount is calculated on the basis of the amount levied by the Commons Conservators and the Band D Council Tax in respect of the WPCC precept in 2018/19 will be £331,349, an increase of £12,906 (4.1%) from the 2017/18 levy of £318,443.

Table 32: Wimbledon and Putney Commons Conservators Precept

	2017/18	2018/19	Change
	£000	£000	%
Wimbledon & Putney Commons Conservators	318	331	4.1%

12.4.2 The average Band D cost to a council taxpayer in the WPCC area has changed from £28.61 in 2017/18 to £29.30 (+2.4%) in 2018/19.

13. Council Tax Calculation

- 13.1 It is a statutory requirement that the council sets a balanced budget in 2018/19.
- 13.2 In accordance with sections 52ZY and 68 of the Local Government Finance Act 1992 ('the 1992 Act'), section 139A of the Local Government Finance Act 1988, and section 230 of the Local Government Act 1972 authorities are required to supply information required to measure whether any proposed Council Tax increase is in excess of the principles laid down requiring a local referendum.
- 13.3 The Council provided this information via Council Tax Requirement form CTR1.
- 13.4 Based on the assumptions included in the Medium Term Financial Strategy, the following financial position is achieved:-

Average Council Tax	2017/18	2018/19
Calculation at Band D	£m	£m
Budget Requirement	145.314	144.333
RSG + Business Rates + Transition	(51.004)	(45.636)
Section 31 Grant (NNDR)	(1.035)	(1.975)
New Homes Bonus	(4.150)	(2.371)
PFI Grant	(4.797)	(4.797)
ASC Improved BCF	Ó	(2.115)
Collection Fund Surplus (Net)	(1.766)	(0.430)
Council Tax Requirement	82.562	87.009
Council Tax Base	72,442.3	74,124
Average Council Tax	1,139.71	1,173.83

Table 33: Average Band D Council Tax

13.5 The calculation of Band D council tax for properties outside the Wimbledon and Putney Commons Conservators area is as follows:

Table 34: Council Tax calculation

Council Tax Calculation Band D	2017/18	2018/19
	£m	£m
Budget requirement	145.314	144.333
WPCC	(0.318)	(0.331)
RSG + Business Rates (inc. S.31 grant) +	(52.039)	(47.611)
Transition		
New Homes Bonus	(4.150)	(2.371)
PFI Grant	(4.797)	(4.797)
ASC Improved BCF	0	(2.115)
Collection Fund Surplus	(1.766)	(0.430)
Balance to be met from Council Tax	82.244	86.678
Implied Council Tax (Band D)	1,135.31	1,169.36

13.6 The implications for the level of Council Tax on a Band D property, including the GLA precept are set out as follows:-

Table 35: Band D Council Tax

Council Tax at Band D	2017/18 £	2018/19 £	% change from 2017/18
Merton (exc. WPCC)	1,135.31	1,169.36	3.0%
GLA Precept (Provisional)	280.02	294.23	5.1%
Implied Council Tax at Band D	1,415.33	1,463.59	3.4%

13.7 The increase of £34.05 (3%) in 2018/19 in Merton's Band D Council Tax is inclusive of £11.35 (1%) for Adult Social Care.

14. Risk Management

- 14.1 The management of risk is strategically driven by the Corporate Risk Management Group. This is the central hub of a number of council mechanisms for risk management including a Corporate Key Strategic Risk Register, departmental risk registers and project risk registers. The group collates on a quarterly basis the headline departmental risks and planned mitigation activity from each department, project and partnership, to be put forward for discussion at CMT. Reports on risk are made through the General Purposes to cabinet and council. Developing a corporate business plan and setting a balanced budget 2018-22 and beyond has been highlighted as a key strategic risk on the corporate risk register.
- 14.2 Currently c.£10 million of savings are being progressed for 2017-18, coupled with a further c. £11.6m of savings identified for 2018-22. Current practice is to monitor delivery of savings as part of the monthly Business Plan Monitoring. It is envisaged that given the size of the savings target over the next three years, additional mechanisms may need to be established to monitor more transformational and longer term projects.

15. Summary

15.1 Taking into account the changes that have taken place since last year, the budget gap in the MTFS has changed to the following:-

Cumulative	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000
Gap exc. Savings	5,411	11,160	26,899	29,213
Savings	(5,411)	(9,875)	(11,481)	(11,596)
Gap Net of Savings	0	1,285	15,418	17,443

Table 36: Cumulative MTFS Gap 2018-2022

15.2 The MTFS 2018-22 was approved by Council on 28 February 2018 and is set out in Appendix 4.

16 Future Years

- 16.1 As indicated in the updated MTFS there is a gap between the forecast level of resources and budget requirements for later years which will need to be addressed if balanced budgets are to be set for those years.
- 16.2 Some of the options available to the Council to eliminate the budget gaps include:-

- Savings reduction/deletion of services
- Savings efficiencies including procurement
- Income increase in fees and charges/new sources of income/commercialisation
- Council Tax increase currently assumed as 2.99% in 2019/20 and 2% in both 2020/21 and 2021/22 for planning purposes.
- Adult Social Care Precept
- Use of balances

17. Appendices

- 17.1 Appendix 1: Final Local Government Finance settlement 2018-22
 - Appendix 2: Corporate and Technical Adjustments in the MTFS
 - Appendix 3: Reserves 2018-22
 - Appendix 4: Medium Term Financial Strategy 2018-22

LOCAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE SETTLEMENT 2018/19

- 1. Details of the provisional Local Government Settlement were published on 19 December 2017. On 6 February 2018 the Final Local Government Finance Settlement was announced.
- 2. This Appendix sets out the main details set out in the Final Settlement and assesses the implications for Merton's finances as set out in the Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS).
- 3. The main change in the Final Settlement was the announcement of an extra £150m Adult Social Care Grant to be distributed on the basis of the Adult Social Care relative need formula. London boroughs receive £23.2m (15.5% of the England total and Merton's allocation is £0.467m.
- 4. The figures for tariffs and top-ups within the Business Rates retention figures were revised to amend an error in the Valuation Office Agency's original data. This had very small impact on Merton's figures of £5k in 2018/19 and £2k in 2019/20.
- 5. The Final Settlement outlined core funding allocations (Settlement Funding Assessment (SFA) for local authorities for the two year period 2018-19 to 2019-20.
- 6. The Settlement Funding Assessment is the total of Revenue Support Grant (RSG) and Baseline Funding (BF) from Business Rates.

	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
	Final	Final	Final	Illustrative
Merton (£m)	55.5	48.5	44.7	40.4
Annual % Change	-	-12.6%	-7.8%	-9.6%
Cumulative % change	-	-12.6%	-19.5%	-27.2%
England (£m)	18,601.5	17,905.0	16,943.1	14,550.8
Annual % Change	-	-3.7%	-5.4%	-14.1%
Cumulative % change	-	-3.7%	-8.9%	-21.8%
London Boroughs (£m)	3,398.5	3,078.3	2,901.2	2,711.9
Annual % Change	-	-9.4%	-5.8%	-6.5 %
Cumulative % change	-	-9.4%	-14.6%	-20.2%

7. <u>Core Spending Power</u>

There were a number of changes to Core Spending Power in the 2018-19 Settlement. Adult Social Care Support Grant 2018-19 was added for 2018-19 following the Final Settlement. The Transition grant that was awarded for 2016/17 and 2017/18 was removed.

Core Spending Power includes two new funding elements in 2018-19 compared with 2017-18. These are compensation for under-indexing the business rates multiplier (i.e. the change from RPI to CPI indexation), and the separate returned funding for New Homes Bonus (previous Core Spending Power only included the total NHB top-sliced amounts). Core Spending Power in 2018-19 is therefore made up of:

- Settlement Funding Assessment (although excluding changes relating to business rates pilots)
- Estimated Council Tax excluding Parish Precepts
- Additional revenue from referendum principle for social care
- Potential additional Council Tax revenue from referendum principle for all districts.
- Adult Social Care Support Grant 2018-19
- Improved Better Care Fund
- New Homes Bonus;
- Rural Services Delivery Grant
- Compensation for under-indexing the business rates multiplier

At the England level across the four years there will be a cumulative increase in spending power of £1.9 billion (4% in cash terms) from £43.7 billion to £45.6 billion. The equivalent figures for London boroughs are an increase of £186 million 2.8% from £6.7 billion to £6.8 billion.

However, as Core Spending Power includes a number of assumptions, this is unlikely to be an accurate reflection of the actual resources available to local authorities. In particular it assumes

 All authorities that are eligible raise the social care precept to its maximum in 2018-19 and 2019-20

All authorities increase overall council tax by the maximum amount (2.99% in 2018-19 and 2019-20)

 Tax base increases at the same average rate for each authority as between 2013-14 and 2017-18

– New Homes Bonus allocations are based on the share of NHB to date

	Final	Final	Final	Illustrative	Annual Change (17-18 to 18-19)	Cumulative Change (16-17 to 19-20)
	2016-17	2017-18	2018/19	2019/20	%	%
Council Tax	78.9	82.6	89.2	93.8	8.0%	18.9%
Settlement Funding Assessment*	55.5	48.5	44.7	40.4	-7.8%	-27.2%
Compensation for under-indexing	0.5	0.5	0.8	1.1		
the business rates multiplier					60.0%	120.0%
Improved Better Care Fund	0	2.7	3.5	4.1	29.6%	-
New Homes Bonus	4.7	4.1	2.4	2.3	-41.5%	-51.1%
Transition Grant	0.6	0.6	0	0	-100.0%	-100.0%
Adult Social Care Support Grant	0	0.8	0.5	0	-37.5%	-
Core Spending Power	140.2	139.8	141.1	141.7	0.9%	1.1%

Detailed Breakdown of Core Spending Power – Merton

* SFA figures do not reflect the London Business Rates Pilot Pool

8. Council Tax

In recognition of "higher than expected inflation and the pressures on services such as social care and policing", the Government decided to make changes to the council tax referendum principles. The main change was that the Government increased the council tax referendum threshold in 2018-19 and 2019-20 from 2% to 3% for the portion of the authority's council tax increase that has not been hypothecated for Adult Social Care.

The Final Settlement confirmed that the referendum threshold is set in line with inflation at 3%. In addition, local authorities with responsibility for social care were allowed to levy a precept to spend exclusively on adult social care. This precept equates to up to 6% over 3 years, from 2017-18 to 2019-20, with a maximum increase of 3% in the first 2 years and 2% in the final year.

The flexibility to raise the Social Care Precept (SCP) up to a maximum of 6% over the three years to 2019-20, announced in last year's settlement, will continue as planned. Merton increased its Council Tax by 3% for the SCP in 2017/18 and 1% in 2018/19.

The financial projections in the MTFS 2018-22 are based on the following levels of council tax increase:-

	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
	%	%	%	%
Council Tax increase - General	2	2.99*	2	2
Council Tax increase - ASC	1	0	0	0
Total	3	2.99	2	2

* The Government's assumption in the calculation of core spending power in the Final Local Government Finance Settlement is that local authorities increase their Band D council tax in line with the 3% referendum limit throughout the period to 2019-20.

9. Business Rates Retention

100% Pilots

The Government confirmed that the five existing 2017-18 pilots will continue in 2018-19 and confirmed 11 new pilots for 2018-19, including the London pilot pool. All pilots will trial the principles of 100% retention and will see RSG (and rural services grants in two tier areas) given up for higher retained business rates. The new pilot areas are: London; Berkshire; Derbyshire; Devon; Gloucestershire; Kent & Medway; Leeds; Lincolnshire; Solent; Suffolk; and Surrey. These were confirmed in the final settlement.

The settlement consultation also committed the Government to continue to pilot future reform of the system in 2019- 20, with further details to be provided in 2018. It therefore stopped short of confirming the extension of the newly announced pilots for 2019/20.

Further retention

The Final Settlement also included an announcement that the government intends to move to a system of 75% business rates retention across local government in 2020-21. This will coincide with the start of the new funding baselines that the Fair Funding Review will establish (a consultation on that was published on 19 December 2017). This will include rolling in RSG, Rural Services Grant, GLA Transport Grant and Public Health Grant into Business

Rate Retention, but did not mention any transfer of any other new responsibilities/grants.

Tariff and Top-up adjustments

Updated top-ups and tariffs for 2017-18, 2018-19 and 2019-20 were also published as part of the Final Settlement. As a result of the adjustments for the 2017 Revaluation, which altered tariffs and top ups for individual authorities, and levy rates for tariff authorities in 2017-18, there was a significant change to the business rates retention scheme. This aimed to ensure that, as far as possible, each local authority's income was the same immediately before and after the revaluation on 1st April 2017. A provisional adjustment to 2017-18 top-ups and tariffs was made based on draft rating lists (published 28 September 2016) and 2015-16 NNDR3 data (uprated for inflation).

In the Final Settlement, the adjustment was finalised based on the most recent ratings list (published 5 October 2017) and 2016-17 NNDR3 data. Where there was a discrepancy between the final 2018/19 and final 2017-18 adjustment, the difference was reconciled through a one-off adjustment to 2018-19 top-ups and tariffs.

Merton has been a top-up authority since the start of the Business Rates Retention Scheme. This changes to a tariff under the London Business Rates Pilot Pool.

As the pilot is only being assumed for 2018/19 Merton will revert back to a top-up authority in 2019/20 if the pool is discontinued.

	2017/18	2018/19	2018/19	2019/20
	No Pool	without a	with a Pilot	No Pool
		Business	Business	
		Rates Pool	Rates Pool	
	£m	£m	£m	£m
Top-Up	9.083	9.375		9.375
Tariff			-9.747	

Top-up/ Tariff Amounts under pilot/no pilot

In the 2017/18 Final Settlement which was prepared under the pre-pool arrangements, Merton's Settlement Funding assessment calculation was:-

Merton	2017/18	2018/19
	£m	£m
Business Rates Baseline	24.500	25.288
Top-Up/(Tariff)	9.083	9.375
Baseline Funding	33.583	34.663
Revenue Support Grant	14.963	10.071
Settlement Funding Assessment	48.546	44.734

In terms of the 2018/19 Final Settlement

Merton	2018/19	2018/19
	Final	Final
	Settlement	Settlement
	2017/18	2018/19
	£m	£m
Business Rates Baseline	25.288	54.409
Top-Up/(Tariff)	9.375	(9.747)
Baseline Funding	34.663	44.662
Revenue Support Grant	10.071	-
Settlement Funding Assessment	44.734	44.662

Issues relating to the Pool that affect Merton

The figures included in the Final Settlement do not provide an accurate or meaningful representation of the resources that pilot authorities can expect from Business Rates in 2018/19. The level of resources from Business Rates that authorities include in their Budgets is based on the latest estimates as shown in the NNDR1 return.

In the Final Settlement Merton's Business Rates Baseline of £54.409m (Baseline £44.662m + Tariff £9.747) is equivalent to 64%. Grossed up to 100% suggests Merton's Business Rate yield in 2018/19 will be c.£85m

Based on this year's NNDR1 return, Merton's business rates yield for 2018/19 is expected to be c.£88m.

 $(\pounds 88m - \pounds 85m) \times 64\% = \pounds 1.92m$ which suggests Merton's business rates resources in 2018/19 could be improved upon, subject to appeals and review of bad debt provisions. Initial estimates by London Councils suggested this will be of the order of £3.5m.

One of the key pooling principles is that the first call on any additional resources generated by the pool would be to ensure that each borough and the GLA receives at least the same amount as it would without entering the pool.

Given the uncertainty that remains about the introduction of the pilot pool and the accuracy of data compared to outturn, at this stage Merton's share of business rates shown in the Council's NNDR1 Form has been used in the MTFS, rather than the one-off contribution indicated in the estimate provided by London Councils. The actual amount is likely to be confirmed by June 2019.

The figure for NNDR included in the MTFS for 2018/19 assumes London Councils "No Worse Off" calculation which is the amount that Merton would receive using the latest NNDR1 data but without pooling arrangements. i.e. Using the guarantee that there is no loss arising from participation in the pool. On this basis Merton's NNDR and Section 31 Grant in 2018/19 would be :-

	2018/19
	£000
NNDR	45,636
Section 31Grant	1,975
Total	47,611

10. Special and specific grants

The distribution of a number of grants was published alongside the Final Settlement. Within core spending power these include:-

- New Homes Bonus
- Improved Better Care Fund
- Rural Services Delivery Grant (not applicable to London)
- Compensation for under-indexing the business rates multiplier

Outside of the Final Settlement, allocations of a number of other grants were also published including:-

- Lead Local Flood Authorities funding
- Flexible Homelessness Support Grant
- Homelessness Reduction Act new burdens funding

11. Public Health Grant allocations for 2018-19

In 2018/19 the total public health grant to local authorities is £3.215bn. The grant will be ring fenced for use on public health functions exclusively for all ages. The 2018/19 grant will be paid in quarterly instalments.

Merton's allocation for 2018/19 is ± 10.451 m with an indicative allocation of ± 10.175 m for 2019/20.

Unaccompanied Asylum Seeking Children Funding and Controlling Migration Fund

The Secretary of State announced £19 million of funding in 2017 to 2018 from within existing budgets, including the Controlling Migration Fund, to recognise the good work that local authorities do in caring for unaccompanied asylum seeking children and to develop the skills and capacity to be able to support these very vulnerable children. Merton will receive £92k from this allocation

Merton's allocation from the Controlling Migration Fund is £56,815 and the grant is expected to support work to secure sufficient skilled foster carers for unaccompanied asylum seeking children (UASC), thus building foster care capacity for older children across the borough.

The schools funding settlement for 2018/19 was also published by the Department for Education and details of funding for Merton's schools are set out in Section 3 of the report to Council (28 February 2018).

12. <u>New Homes Bonus</u>

In December 2016, following consultation, the Government announced reforms to the Bonus. The Government decided not to make any additional change to the baseline, below which the Bonus will not be paid, and it remains at 0.4% for the 2018-19 allocations. The Government has retained the option of making adjustments to the baseline in future years. In September, the Government consulted on withholding part of the Bonus from authorities not planning effectively for new homes, but decided not to implement any further reforms to the Bonus for 2018-19.

Final NHB allocations for 2018-19 have been published. London's share of the national total has stayed broadly the same at 21%, receiving £200 million of the £946 million national total. Overall NHB funding fell by £280.7 million (22.9%) as a result of the reforms announced last year. London boroughs' allocations have fallen by £60.3 million (23.1%). Funding for New Homes Bonus will be made up from £900 million provided from Revenue Support Grant, and an expected £46 million from departmental budgets.

In the Final Settlement last year (2017/18), the DCLG provided the following details with respect to New Homes Bonus allocations:-

	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
New Homes Bonus	3.8	4.7	4.1	3.1	3.0

Comparing Merton's illustrative allocations in last year's Settlement with the ones in this year's Final Settlement (2018/19) shows a significant reduction:-

	2018-19	2019-20
	£m	£m
New Homes Bonus – 2017/18		
Settlement	-3.110	-2.984
New Homes Bonus – 2018/19		
Settlement	-2.371	-2.301
Change (£m)	0.739	0.683
Change (%)	-24%	-23%

The reasons for this reduction are:-

- The number of affordable homes reduced from 124 in 2016 to 9 in 2017
- The number of empty properties brought back into use was +8 in 2016 and -93 in 2017.
- From 2018/19 the NHB moves to a four year funding basis from a five years basis.

13. Improved Better Care Fund

There was no change to the illustrative figures set following the March Budget announcement of further funding for iBCF. In 2018-19, the Government is providing £1.5 billion, rising to £1.8 billion in 2019-20 across England. London

boroughs will receive £244 million in 2018-19 and £299 million in 2019-20. As confirmed in the allocation methodology last year, the allocation methodology takes into account the ability to raise Social Care Precept and therefore benefits those councils with lower capacity to raise council tax.

Improved Better Care	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
Fund	£m	£m	£m
Merton	2.746	3.523	4.114

Compensation for under-indexing the business rates multiplier

At Autumn Budget 2017, the government announced plans to bring forward a move from RPI to CPI indexation of the business rates multiplier. This change will now take effect from 2018/19 instead of 2020/21. The Final Settlement confirmed the level of section 31 grant paid to local authorities in compensation for lost income. £250.0 million of funding will be made available in 2018/19, of which £44.3 million will be paid to London boroughs, rising to £375.5 million in 2019/20 (£66.5 million in London). This new compensation grant has been included within Core Spending Power. Similarly, ongoing grants to compensate for the 2% multiplier caps in 2014/15 and 2015/16 have also been included within core spending power this year.

Merton's allocation for this is:-

Compensation for under- indexing the business rates multiplier	2017-18 £m	2018-19 £m	2019-20 £m
Merton	0.432	0.721	1.082

14. Lead Local Flood Authority Grant

The Government also published Lead Local Flood Authority Grant allocations for 2018-19 (for the grant that sits outside the funding within SFA). London Boroughs will receive £0.8 million (from the national total of £4.1 million), rising to £0.87 million (out of £4.3 million) by 2019-20

Merton's allocation for this is:-

Lead Local Flood Authority Grant	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
	£m	£m	£m
Merton	0.172	0.175	0.179

15. Flexible Homelessness Support Grant

The Government also published Flexible Homelessness Support Grant allocations for 2018- 19. London boroughs will receive £115.8 million in 2018- 19 - this is 61% of the national total of £191.3 million.

Merton's allocation for this is:-

Flexible Homelessness Support	2017-18	2018-19
Grant	£m	£m
Merton	0.406	0.481

16. Homelessness Reduction Act new burdens funding

Homelessness Reduction Act new burdens funding was published in October 2017. London boroughs will receive $\pounds 30.2m(41\%)$ of the England total of $\pounds 72.7m$ over the three years to 2019-20.

Homelessness Reduction Act new burdens funding	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
	£m	£m	£m
Merton	0.157	0.144	0.136

OTHER CORPORATE ITEMS - CABINET 19 February 2018

	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000
Recharge to Education of Past Service				
Deficiency/Redundancy	(463)	(463)	(463)	(463)
Changes in Corporate Specific and Special Grants	209	208	219	205
Loss of HB Admin. Grant	200	200	200	200
CHAS IP fee and dividend income	(1,367)	(1,367)	(1,367)	(1,367)
Bad Debt provision	500	500	500	500
Contingency	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500
Additional Revenuisation & miscellaneous	116	116	116	116
WPCC Levy	331	331	331	331
Depreciation/Impairment	(19,008)	(19,008)	(19,008)	(19,008)
Redundancy/Pension Strain	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Overheads Charge to Non-GF	19	20	20	20
Local Election 2018	350	0	0	0
Apprenticeship Levy	450	450	450	450
LPFA - Contribution to Budget Deficit	86	86	86	86
Cyber Security	92	92	92	92
Rounding	0	1	0	3
Other Corporate items	(15,985)	(16,334)	(16,324)	(16,335)

Reserves

APPENDIX 3

Forecast Movement in Reserves 2016/17	Bal. at 31/3/17 £'000	Net Movt. in year £'000	Bal. at 31/3/18 £'000	Net Movt. in year £'000	Bal. at 31/3/19 £'000	-	31/3/20	in year	Bal. at 31/3/21 £'000	Net Movt. in year £'000	Bal. at 31/3/22 £'000
General Fund Reserve	12,778	(508)	12,270	0	12,270	0	12,270	0	12,270	0	12,270
Earmarked Reserves	28,619	(9,966)	18,652	(4,560)	14,092	(6,491)	7,601	(1,156)	6,446	(167)	6,279
Grants & Contributions	1,023	1,111	2,134	(123)	2,011	(786)	1,225	(1,083)	142	(19)	123
Total Available Gen. Fund Rev. Reser	42,420	(9,363)	33,057	(4,683)	28,373	(7,277)	21,096	(2,239)	18,858	(186)	18,672
Fixed to Contracts	1,955	0	1,955	0	1,955	0	1,955	0	1,955	0	1,955
Total General Fund revenue reserves	44,374	(9,363)	35,011	(4,683)	30,328	(7,277)	23,051	(2,239)	20,812	(186)	20,626
Schools Balances & Reserves	16,884	(1,969)	14,916	(725)	14,191	(409)	13,782	(133)	13,649	(291)	13,358

APPENDIX 3

Analysis	Actual Bal at 31/3/17	Net Movt. in year	Bal. at 31/3/18	Net Movt. in year	Bal. at 31/3/19	Net Movt. in year	Bal. at 31/3/20	Net Movt. in year	Bal. at 31/3/21	Net Movt. in year	Bal. at 31/3/22
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000		£'000	£'000
Earmarked Reserves											
Outstanding Council Programme Board Reserve	4,919	(1,362)	3,558	(1,804)	1,754	(349)	1,405	(176)	1,229	(28)	1,201
For use in future years' budgets	7,789	(2,339)	5,450	(91)	5,359	(5,359)	(0)	0	(0)	0	(0)
Revenue Reserve for Capital/Revenuisation	6,815	(5,029)	1,786	(1,761)	25	(15)	10	(7)	3	(3)	(0)
Energy renewable reserve	1,523	0	1,523	(250)	1,273	(500)	773	(750)	23	(23)	0
Repairs and Renewals Fund	1,147	(57)	1,090	(320)	770	0	770	0	770	0	770
Transforming families reserve	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pension Fund additional contribution	497	(194)	303	(100)	203	(100)	103	(103)	(0)	0	(0)
Local Land Charges	1,903	250	2,153	250	2,403	0	2,403	0	2,403	0	2,403
Apprenticeships	303	(45)	258	(210)	48	(48)	(0)	0	(0)	0	(0)
Community Care Reserve	1,385	0	1,385	0	1,385	0	1,385	0	1,385	0	1,385
Local Welfare Support Reserve	443	(90)	353	(90)	263	(90)	173	(90)	83	(83)	(0)
Performance Reward Grant	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Economic Development Strategy	102	(102)	0	(4)	(4)	0	(4)	0	(4)	0	(4)
Supporting People balances	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEP - New Homes Bonus funded projects	291	(290)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Merton Adult Education - Redundancy payments	600	(600)	(0)	0	(0)	0	(0)	0	(0)	0	(0)
Corporate Services Reserves	776	(133)	643	(30)	613	(30)	583	(30)	553	(30)	523
Wimbledon Tennis Court Renewal Fund	126	25	151	(151)	(0)	0	(0)	0	(0)	0	(0)
Earmarked Reserves	28,619	(9,966)	18,652	(4,560)	14,092	(6,491)	7,601	(1,156)	6,446	(167)	6,279
Adult Social care contributions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Culture and Environment contributions	14	(5)	9	(9)	(0)	0	(0)	0	(0)	0	(0)
Culture and Environment grant	250	(156)	94	(19)	75	(19)	56	(19)	37	(19)	18
Childrens & Education grant	307	(127)	180	(90)	90	(90)	(0)	0	(0)	0	(0)
Adult Social care grants	0	1,746	1,746	(5)	1,741	(677)	1,064	(1,064)	0	0	0
Housing Planning Development grant	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Housing GF grants	106	0	106	0	106	0	106	0	106	0	106
Public Health Grant Reserve	347	(347)	(0)	0	(0)	0	(0)	0	(0)	0	(0)
Grants & Contributions	1,023	1,111	2,134	(123)	2,011	(786)	1,225	(1,083)	142	(19)	123
Total	29,642	(8,855)	20,787	(4,683)	16,103	(7,277)	8,826	(2,239)	6,588	(186)	6,402
Insurance Reserve	1,955	0	1,955	0	1,955	0	1,955	0	1,955	0	1,955
Fixed to Contracts	1,955	0	1,955	0	1,955	0	1,955	0	1,955	0	1,955

APPENDIX 3

Analysis	Actual Bal at 31/3/17 £'000	Net Movt. in year £'000	31/3/18	Net Movt. in year £'000	31/3/19	in year	31/3/20	,	Bal. at 31/3/21 £'000	Net Movt. in year £'000	Bal. at 31/3/22 £'000
DSG Reserve	3,663	(2,289)	1,374	(1,000)	374	(374)	0	0	0	0	0
Governor Support Reserve	43	0	43	0	43	(43)	0	0	0	0	0
Schools Reserve	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CSF reserve	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Refund of PFI contributions	100	(100)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Schools PFI Fund	4,826	421	5,247	275	5,522	8	5,530	(133)	5 <i>,</i> 397	(291)	5,106
Earmarked Schools Balances	8,181	0	8,181	0	8,181	0	8,181	0	8,181	0	8,181
Schools Standards Fund balances	6	0	6	0	6	0	6	0	6	0	6
Schools Fund	65	0	65	0	65	0	65	0	65	0	65
Schools Reserves	16,884	(1,969)	14,916	(725)	14,191	(409)	13,782	(133)	13,649	(291)	13,358

Forecast Movement in	Bal. at	Net Movt.	Bal. at								
Reserves 2017-22	31/3/17	in year	31/3/18	in year	31/3/19	in year	31/3/20	in year	31/3/21	in year	31/3/22
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Capital Grants	312	288	600	0	600	0	600	0	600	0	600
Capital Contributions	6,939	0	6,939	0	6,939	0	6,939	0	6,939	0	6,939
Capital Receipts	22,986	-11,080	11,906	-10,383	1,523	-1,027	496	-495	1	8	9
Capital Reserves	30,237	-10,792	19,445	-10,383	9,062	-1,027	8,035	-495	7,540	8	7,548

DRAFT MTFS 2018-22:				
	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Departmental Base Budget 2017/18	151,131	151,131	151,131	151,131
Inflation (Pay, Prices)	4,387	8,849	11,907	14,965
Autoenrolment/Nat. ins changes	165	165	165	165
FYE – Previous Years Savings FYE – Previous Years Growth	(7,018)	(8,737)	(8,737)	(8,737)
	974 1,322	<mark>(1,532)</mark> 671	(1, <mark>032)</mark> 597	<mark>(1,032)</mark> 597
Amendments to previously agreed savings/growth Change in Net Appropriations to/(from) Reserves	1,322	266	409	565
Taxi card/Concessionary Fares	(98)	352	802	1,252
Change in depreciation/Impairment (Contra Other	(3,310)	(3,310)	(3,310)	(3,310)
Corporate items)	(0,010)	(0,010)	(0,010)	(0,010)
. ,	0	0	0	0
Growth Other	0 2,220	0 2,307	4,398	0 4,681
Re-Priced Departmental Budget	149,940	150,161	156,329	160,276
Treasury/Capital financing	7,644	10,388	12,237	12,944
Pensions	3,469	3,552	3,635	3,718
Other Corporate items	(15,985)	(16,334)	(16,324)	(16,335)
Levies	607	607	607	607
Sub-total: Corporate provisions	(4,265)	(1,787)	155	934
· · ·				
Sub-total: Repriced Departmental Budget +	145,675	148,374	156,484	161,210
Corporate Provisions				
Savings/Income Proposals 2018/19	0	(2,094)	(3,626)	(3,741)
5				
Sub-total	145,675	146,280	152,858	157,469
A successive to factors along a transmission and	(4.054)	(4.054)	(4, 40,4)	(4.040)
Appropriation to/from departmental reserves	(1,251)	(1,351)	(1,494)	(1,649)
Appropriation to/from Balancing the Budget Reserve	(91)	(5,359)	0	0
Appropriation to/from Balancing the Budget Reserve	(91)	(3,339)	0	0
BUDGET REQUIREMENT	144,333	139,570	151,364	155,820
	,		- ,	,
Funded by:				
Revenue Support Grant	0	(5,076)	0	0
Business Rates (inc. Section 31 grant)	(47,611)	(35,359)	(37,725)	(38,285)
Adult Social Care Improved BCF - Budget 2017	(2,115)	(1,054)	0	0
PFI Grant	(4,797)	(4,797)	(4,797)	(4,797)
New Homes Bonus	(2,371)	(2,028)	(1,304)	(1,008)
Council Tax inc. WPCC	(87,009)	(89,971)	(92,120)	(94,287)
Collection Fund – (Surplus)/Deficit	(430)	(00,01.1)	(02, 120)	(0,207)
TOTAL FUNDING	(144,333)	(138,285)	(135,946)	(138,377)
	(,000)	(,200)	(,	(,
GAP including Use of Reserves (Cumulative)	0	1,285	15,418	17,443
	U	1,200	10,410	,

CAPITAL STRATEGY 2018-22

1 Introduction

- 1.1 Merton's Capital Strategy for 2018-22 has been aligned and integrated with the Business Plan for the period 2018-22. The Business Plan sets out how the Authority's objectives have been shaped by Merton Partnership in the Community Plan. The Community Plan sets out the overall vision and strategic direction of Merton which are embodied into five strategic themes:-
 - Children's Trusts;
 - Health and Wellbeing Board;
 - Safer and Stronger Communities;
 - Sustainable Communities and Transport;
 - Corporate Capacity
- 1.2 Merton Partnership works towards improving the outcomes for people who work, live and learn in the borough and, in particular, to 'bridge the gap' between the eastern and western wards in the borough.
- 1.3 The financial reality facing local government dominates the choices the council will make for the future of the borough. The development of the Business Plan 2018-22 is therefore based on the set of guiding strategic priorities and principles, as adopted by the council on 13 July 2011:
 - Merton should continue to provide a certain level of essential services for residents. The order of priority of 'must' services should be:
 - i) Continue to provide everything that is statutory.
 - ii) Maintain services within limits to the vulnerable and elderly.
 - After meeting these obligations Merton should do all that it can to help residents who aspire. This means we should address the following as priorities in this order:
 - i) Maintain clean streets and keep council tax low.
 - ii) Keep Merton as a good place for young people to go to school and grow up.
 - iii) Be the best it can for the local environment.
 - iv) All the rest should be open for discussion.
- 1.4 Merton's scrutiny function reflects the five strategic themes above and the themes have been incorporated into the bidding process for capital funding to ensure that scarce financial resources are targeted towards strategic objectives.

2 Planning Infrastructure

2.1 Business Plan 2018-2022

2.1.1 The Business Plan sets out the council's vision and ambitions for improvement over the next four years and how this will be achieved. Business Planning and financial planning frameworks are closely aligned and integrated.

2.2 Target Operating Models (TOMs)

- 2.2.1 TOMs, or Target Operating Models are a series of strategy documents that set out how the organisation will respond to and manage change over the coming months and years. TOMs have been produced for Service Areas or Departments throughout the council.
- 2.2.2 A TOM is a statement of how an organisation will deliver its services within a certain structure as a future point in time, TOMs are living documents and will change as the organisation develops. There are a number of elements to a TOM, for Merton these are Customer Segments, Channels, Services, Organisation, Processes, Information, Technology, Physical Location and People
- 2.2.3 Developing a TOM is about planning and preparing for change and improvement in a given service. Taking the time to prepare/refresh a TOM allows those within a service to consider its many facets and dependencies and determine how these will change over the coming years. Having an ambitious vision for what the future looks like for the service (which is what a TOM provides), ensures that improvement activity will be more disciplined and controlled and therefore more likely to succeed.

2.3 Service Plans

2.3.1 In developing the Capital Strategy, clear linkages have also been identified with not only the Business Plan, TOMs but also departmental service and commissioning plans beneath this. It reflects the capital investment implications of the approved objectives of those plans, which themselves reflect the council's proposals set out in service based strategies such as the Primary Places Strategy, Local Implementation Plan (Transport), and Asset Management Plans. Priorities for the Corporate Services department are based around how the council manages its resources effectively and how it carries out its wider community leadership role.

2.3.2 This Capital Strategy is a fundamental component of our approach since it reflects our strategic priorities across the council and endeavours to maximise the contribution of the council's limited capital resources to achieving our vision. We will work closely with residents, community organisations and businesses to focus our resources and those of our partners effectively. The strategy also sets out the management arrangements for allocating resources to individual schemes, establishing funding for projects, monitoring progress, managing performance and ensuring that scarce capital resources are allocated efficiently.

3 Accounting Definitions and Practices

- 3.1 The council's approach to Capital Accounting follows the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting, which itself is based on the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and guidance issued by CIPFA and professional accounting networks.
- 3.2 As in previous years, there has been continual review of the Capital Programme to ensure that expenditure meets the strict definition and to identify any items which would be more appropriate to be charged to revenue. This has not resulted in any major changes to the future programme.
- 3.3 The de-minimis of capital expenditure for the authority is set at £10,000 per project. This applies to all schemes within our capital programme, however in exceptional circumstances thresholds below this may be considered where specific items of expenditure are below this de-minimis level but meet proper accounting definitions of capital expenditure.
- 3.4 Individual schools may choose to adopt the above de-minimis limit or use the limit of £2,000 as mentioned in some Department for Education and HMRC guidance for various types of school.

4 Corporate and strategic capital expenditure appraisal planning and control

4.1 Capital Programme Board

- 4.1.1 Merton's Capital Strategy is coordinated by the Capital Programme Board. The board, which is effectively a sub-group of the Corporate Management Team (CMT). The composition of the Board and it's Terms of Reference were reviewed in 2015/16. The revisions are designed to make the board more strategic and improve communication flows throughout the organisation. The Board now comprises the Directors of Corporate and Environment and Regeneration Services with selected Level 2 managers from each service department.
- 4.1.2 The Terms of Reference of the Board are:
 - Lead on the development and maintenance of the capital investment strategy and ensure it is consistent with the council's strategic objectives, TOMs and service plans.
 - Ensure that the capital investment strategy informs and is informed by the asset management plan.
 - Ensure there is a transparent and clearly communicated process for allocation of capital funds with clear and well documented criteria and decision making process.
 - Monitor progress of capital funded schemes and any other critical schemes as determined by CMT. Receive joint reports from Finance/departmental staff on progress against deliverables, milestones and budget forecasts.
 - In conjunction with other governing bodies, consider/approve business cases that involve capital investment.
 - Monitor issues arising as a result of changes in accounting treatment of capital expenditure and ensure the organisation responds accordingly.
 - Assess capital schemes in the context of the Medium Term Financial Strategy to ensure they are affordable in revenue terms.
 - Receive reports from the Property Management and Review Manager relating to capital funds coming from the disposal of property, in collaboration with the Property and Asset Management Board.
 - Receive benefits reports from Programme/Project Managers when capital projects/programmes are closed. Monitor key benefits to ensure they are realised for large capital schemes.

- 4.1.3 The role of the Board is to:
 - o Set framework and guidelines for capital bids;
 - Draft the capital programme for consideration by CMT and Cabinet;
 - Review capital bids and prioritise in accordance with the council's strategic objectives;
 - o Identify and allocate capital funds;
 - Monitor progress of capital programmes/projects and key variances between plans and performance;
 - o Monitor budgets of capital programmes/projects against forecasts;
 - o Monitor benefits and ensure they are realised. Monitor capital receipts
 - Develop and share good practice
- 4.1.4 The Board will be accountable to the Corporate Management Team who will receive reports and escalated matters from the Board on a regular basis. CMT will set the strategy and direction, the Capital Programme Board will operationalise this and escalate concerns and ideas. The Board will refer to, and take advice from, the Procurement Board on any proposals and/or decisions that have a procurement dimension. The Board will work closely with the Property and Asset Management Board on any property/asset related proposals.
- 4.1.5 The Board will make agendas and minutes available to the other Governance Boards within 5 working days of the meeting.
- 4.1.6 During the budget process the Director of Corporate Services recommends to Cabinet an initial view as to how the Capital Programme should be funded. However, this recommendation will be informed by the Capital Programme Board's consideration of the capital receipts available and the forecast of future property disposals and the final funding during the closure of accounts will depend on the precise financial position. At this stage it is intended to utilise internal borrowing, capital grant, direct revenue financing, capital receipts and earmarked reserves. Any capital loans given out by the authority, dependent on the size, will normally be funded from capital receipts as the repayments will be received as capital receipts. It will be reported to Members in advance when it is proposed to use external borrowing.
- 4.1.7 The council has had a robust policy for many years of reviewing its property holding and disposing of surplus property, this is detailed in the Asset Management Plan (AMP) which also includes policy and procedures for land and property acquisition. All capital receipts are pooled, unless earmarked by Cabinet, and are used either to finance further capital investment or for the payment of premiums on repayment of higher interest loans.

4.2 Capital Programme Approval and Amendment

- 4.2.1 The Capital Programme is approved by Council each year. Any change which substantially alters the programme (and therefore the Prudential Indicators) requires full Council approval. Rules for changes to the Capital Programme are detailed in the council's Constitution Financial Regulations and Financial Procedures and the key points are summarised here.
- 4.2.2 For virements which do not substantially alter the programme the below approval limits apply:
 - Virements up to £5k can be signed off by the budget manager and the Chief Financial Officer (CFO) is informed of these changes as part of the monthly financial monitoring
 - Virements £5k up to £100k must be approved by the Chief Officer of the area or areas affected along with the Chief Financial Officer, typically this will be as part of the monthly financial monitoring report to CMT however approval can be sought from these officers at any time if necessary
 - Virements £100k and upwards go to Cabinet
 - Any virement which diverts resources from a scheme not started, resulting in a delay to that scheme, will be reported to Cabinet

(Please note virement rules are cumulative i.e. two virements of £5,000 from one code; the latter would require the approval of Chief Officers)

- 4.2.3 For increases to the programme for existing schemes up to £100,000 must be approved by the Director of Corporate Services. Increases above this threshold must be approved by Cabinet. In accordance with the Prudential Code if the increase in the Capital Programme will substantially change prudential indicators it must be approved by Council.
- 4.2.4 For new schemes, the source of funding and any other financial or nonfinancial impacts must be reported and the limits below apply:
 - Budgets of up to £50k can be approved by the Chief Financial Officer in consultation with the relevant Chief Officer
 - Budgets of £50k up £500k will be submitted to Cabinet for approval
 - Budgets over £500k will be submitted to full Council for approval

Approval thresholds are being reviewed as part of the review of processes for the implementation of the new Financial Information System.

4.3 Capital Monitoring

4.3.1 The Council approves the four year Capital Programme in March each financial year. Amendments to the programme are approved appropriately by CMT, Cabinet and Council. Budget managers are required to monitor their budget monthly, key reviews are undertaken in September and November. December monitoring provides the final opportunity for budget managers to re-profile their budgets for the current financial year.

- 4.3.2 November monitoring information feeds into the Authority's Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS) and is used to access the revenue impact over the period of the strategy with minor amendments in the later months. November monitoring is also used to measure the accuracy of year end projections.
- 4.3.3 Councillors receive regular monitoring reports on the overall position of capital expenditure in relation to the budget. They also receive separate progress reports on key spend areas.

4.4 Risk Management

- 4.4.1 The management of risk is strategically driven by the Corporate Risk Management group. The group collates on a quarterly basis the headline departmental risks and planned mitigation activity from each department, project and partnership. From this information a Key Strategic Risk Register is compiled and presented to CMT quarterly for discussion as part of the financial monitoring report. The Authority's Risk Management Strategy is reviewed and updated annually and presented to CMT, Cabinet and Council.
- 4.4.2 Risk Appetite The council recognises that its risk appetite to achieve the corporate priorities identified within its business plan could be described in general as an "informed and cautious" approach. Where significant risk arises, we will take effective control action to reduce these risks to an acceptable level.

5 Revenue budget implications of capital investment

5.1 Revenue cost or savings

5.1.1 The capital strategy recognises that the prudential framework provides the council with flexibility, subject to the constraints of the council's revenue budget. This flexible ability to borrow, either from internal cash resources or by external borrowing, coupled with the revised treatment of finance leases with effect from 1 April 2010, means that prudential borrowing is used for the acquisition of equipment, where it is prudent, affordable and sustainable. In 2012/13, 2013/14, 2014/15, 2015/16, 2016/17 and 2017/18, it was possible to borrow from internal cash resources rather than external borrowing and it is forecast that this will continue to be the case alongside the use of capital receipts within the current planning period (up to 2021/22). This will be kept under review as part of general Treasury Management.

5.1.2 The revenue effects of the capital programme are from capital financing charges and from additional revenue costs such as annual maintenance charges. The capital financing charges are made up of interest payable on loans to finance the expenditure and of principal repayments on those loans. The principal repayments commence in the year after the expenditure is incurred and are calculated by the application of the statutory Minimum Revenue Provision. The interest commences immediately the expenditure is incurred. The revenue effects of the capital programme are fully taken account of in the MTFS, with appropriate adjustments for slippage, timing of capital payments and the use of internal investment funds.

The revenue effects of the capital programme are built into the MTFS and are summarised below:

	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000
MRP	3,896	4,706	6,431	7,216
Interest	6,315	6,315	6,315	6,213
Capital financing costs	10,211	11,021	12,746	13,429
Investment Income	(759)	(633)	(509)	(485)
Interest on Housing Company Loan*	0	0	0	0
Net	9,452	10,388	12,237	12,944

* interest scheduled to start in 2022/23

6 Capital resources 2018-22

6.1 Variety of sources

- 6.1.1 Capital expenditure is funded from a variety of sources:-
 - Grants which are not ring-fenced to be spent on a specific project or service
 - Specific grants earmarked for a specific project or purpose
 - Capital receipts from the disposal of surplus and under-utilised land and property
 - Other contributions such as Section 106/CIL
 - Council Funding through revenue funding, use of reserves or borrowing.

6.2 Annual Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP) Statement

- 6.2.1 Under guidance from the Department for Communities and Local Government, authorities are required to prepare an annual statement on their policy on making MRP. This mirrors the existing requirements to report to the council on the Prudential borrowing limit and investment policy.
- 6.2.2 The statement is set out in the Treasury Management Strategy. This approach is under active review.

7 Asset management review

7.1 Capital receipts

7.1.1 Capital receipts generated from the disposal of surplus and under-utilised land and property are a major source of funding and the potential available capital resources are under constant review and revision. The forecast of capital receipts included in this report are based on a multi-year forecast of planned land and property disposals. In addition, after the transfer of the housing stock to Merton Priory Homes, the council continues to receive a share of the receipts from Right to Buy applications and through future sharing arrangements, receipts from the sales of void properties, sales of development land and VAT saving on expenditure on stock enhancements.

7.2 Property as a corporate resource

- 7.2.1 The council treats its property as a corporate resource, oriented towards achieving its overall goals, underpinned by:
 - Clear links to financial plans and budgets.
 - Effective arrangements for cross-service working.
 - Champions at senior officer and member level.
 - Significant scrutiny by councilors.
- 7.2.2 It ensures that its properties are fit for purpose by making proper provision and action for maintenance and repair. The organisation makes investment and disposal decisions based on thorough option appraisal. The capital programme gives priority to potential capital projects based on a formal objective approval process.
- 7.2.3 Whole life project costing was used at the design stage for significant projects where appropriate, incorporating future periodic capital replacement costs, projected maintenance and decommissioning costs.
- 7.2.4 Whole life costing of significant projects, which span more than one year, also forms part of the regular monitoring reports.
- 7.2.5 The Asset Management Plan is being reviewed and will include greater emphasis on the use of the council's property assets to support the council's Transformation Programme, regeneration and increased income/revenue generation.
- 7.2.6 A new IT system for asset accounting has been brought into use and the possibility of this system being used for more widespread asset management will be explored.

8 Summary of estimated disposals 2017-2021

- 8.1.1 New guidance has been issued from the DCLG on the flexible use of capital receipts which comes into effect from 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2019. This gives local authorities flexibility to spend capital receipts (excluding Right to Buy receipts) from planned new asset sales on the revenue costs of reform projects, subject to the condition that the projects generate on going revenue savings e.g. transforming service delivery to reduce costs or to improve the quality of service delivery in future years. Below is a plan of activities to which the new treatment of capital receipts could be applied:
 - Sharing back-office and administrative services with one or more other council or public sector bodies;
 - Investment in service reform feasibility work, e.g. setting up pilot schemes;
 - Collaboration between local authorities and central government departments to free up land for economic use;
 - Funding the cost of service reconfiguration, restructuring or rationalisation (staff or non- staff), where this leads to ongoing efficiency savings or service transformation;
 - Sharing Chief-Executives, management teams or staffing structures;
 - Driving a digital approach to the delivery of more efficient public services and how the public interacts with constituent authorities where possible;
 - Aggregating procurement on common goods and services where possible, either as part of local arrangements or using Crown Commercial Services or regional procurement hubs or Professional Buying Organisations;
 - Improving systems and processes to tackle fraud and corruption in line with the Local Government Fraud and Corruption Strategy – this could include an element of staff training;
- 8.1.3 The direction makes it clear that local authorities cannot borrow to finance the revenue costs of service reform. Local authorities can only use capital receipts from the disposal of property, plant and equipment assets received in the years in which this flexibility is offered. Local Authorities may not use their existing stock of capital receipts to finance the revenue costs of reform. Officers are considering how to utilise this flexibility to progress key transformation projects.
- 8.1.4 The Guidance recommends that the Strategy setting out details of projects to be funded through flexible use of capital receipts be prepared prior to the start of each financial year (Flexible Use of Capital Receipts Strategy). Failure to meet this requirement does not mean that an authority cannot access the flexibility in that year. However, in this instance, the Strategy should be presented to full Council or the equivalent at the earliest possible opportunity.

- 8.1.5 As a minimum, the Strategy should list each project that plans to make use of the capital receipts flexibility and that on a project by project basis details of the expected savings/service transformation are provided. The Strategy should report the impact on the local authority's Prudential Indicators for the forthcoming year and subsequent years. The Strategy should also contain details on projects approved in previous years, including a commentary on whether the planned savings or service transformation have been/are being realised in line with the initial analysis.
- 8.1.6 Due to difficulties in the property market since the economic recession a cautious view has been taken of the potential capital receipts identified. Much of the anticipated capital receipts are as a result of the VAT shelter agreement entered into with Merton Priory Homes as part of the housing stock transfer. There are current proposals for some of the properties under this agreement to be redeveloped which could result in a reduction in receipts from the VAT shelter agreement, however a Development and Disposals Clawback Agreement was entered into as part of the same transfer and this could result in a significant capital receipt should these development plans go ahead. The following table represents an estimate of an anticipated cash flow and therefore these future capital receipts these have been utilised to fund the capital programme:-

Anticipated Capital Receipts	2018/19	<u>2019/20</u>	2020/21	<u>2021/22</u>
	<u>£000s</u>	<u>£000s</u>	<u>£000s</u>	<u>£000s</u>
Sale of Assets	0	0	0	0
Housing Company Loan Repayment	0	0	0	3,665
Right to buy/VAT Shelter	900	900	900	900
Total	900	900	900	4,565

As there is currently not a need to enter into external borrowing, investment balances will rise with the addition of capital receipts. Average expected interest rates on investments across the years of the capital programme are approximately 0.5%, as such an increase in receipts of £1m would be expected to generate a £5,000 increase in interest in a full year.

Capital Expenditure	2017/18 Estimate £000	2018/19 Estimate £000	2019/20 Estimate £000	2020/21 Estimate £000	2021/22 Estimate £000
Capital Expenditure	40,039	61,266	33,466	12,794	8,844
Slippage	(8,448)	(13,035)	5,255	4,524	3,382
Total Capital Expenditure *	31,591	48,231	38,721	17,319	12,226
Financed by:					
Capital Receipts *	12,280	11,284	1,927	1,396	4,557
Capital Grants & Contributions	13,970	21,008	3,826	2,421	681
Revenue Provisions	5,103	1,952	15	7	2
Net financing need for the year	237	13,987	32,953	13,495	6,986

The table below shows the funding of the capital programme utilising capital receipts, capital grants and contributions, capital reserves and revenue provisions.

* Includes finance lease expenditure table in Treasury Management

Strategy excludes this expenditure

8.1.7 Under the requirements of the Localism Act 2011 parish councils and local voluntary and community organisations have the right to nominate local land or buildings they would like to see included in a list of assets of community value which is maintained by the Local Authority. Once listed the owner must allow community interest groups up to six months to make an offer before the property can be sold to another. It is envisaged that this may lengthen the disposal time for some properties if they are listed as assets of community value by the council.

8.2 Debt repayment

8.2.1 The council has had a strategy to reduce its level of debt when opportunity arises in the market. The average interest payable on outstanding debt is 5.22%. For the period 2018-22, capital receipts may continue to be used to pay the premiums on the repayment of those authority debts which have high fixed interest charges, if the terms offered will result in appropriate revenue savings. Any decision to repay debt early will be considered alongside the funding however, this is unlikely to be the case in the short to medium term requirement of the programme.

9 Grant Funding Capital Resources

9.1 Environmental and Regeneration

E&R	2017/18 £000	2018/19 *£000s	2019/20 £000s	2020/21 £000s	2021/22 £000s
Heritage Lottery Fund	459	3,150	497	0	0
Transport for London LIP (earmarked) Capital	3,503	1,000	TBA	TBA	TBA
Total: E&R	3,962	4,150	497	ТВА	ТВА

* Indicative and likely to reduce TBA – To Be Advised

9.2 Children, Schools and Families

CSF	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000s	2019/20 £000s	2020/21 £000s	2021/22 £000s
School Condition (non- ringfenced)*	2,043	1,900	1,900	ТВА	ТВА
Basic Need (non-ringfenced)	4,525	7,471	446	TBA	TBA
Total Grant Funding	6,568	9,371	2,346	ТВА	ТВА
New School (Expected Ringfenced)*	701	5,149	0	0	0
Devolved Formula Capital (Earmarked)	364	TBA	TBA	TBA	TBA
TOTAL: CS&F	7,269	14,520	2,346	TBA	TBA
Balance added for outstanding grant allocations - CSF	0	0	0	2346	650

* Based on Indicative Information

TBA – To Be Advised

9.3 Community and Housing

C&H	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
	£000	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s
Better Care Fund including Disabled Facilities Grant*	1,199	TBA	TBA	TBA	TBA

*It is envisaged that some of this fund will be applied to revenue

9.4 Summary of Grant Funding 2018-20212

9.4.1 The new resources notified to date are summarised in the following table. It is expected that there will be additional earmarked resources notified during the financial year 2017/18:

Grant Funding	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000s	2019/20 £000s	2020/21 £000s	2021/22 £000s
Environment and Regeneration	3,962	4,150	497	ТВА	ТВА
Children, Schools and Families	7,269	14,520	2,346	ТВА	ТВА
Community and Housing	1199	ТВА	TBA	ТВА	ТВА
Total Grant Funding*	12,430	18,670	2,843	0	0
Balance added for outstanding grant allocations - CSF	0	0	0	2,346	650

* This shows the grant funding being received by the authority

10 Summary of Total Resources 2018-22:

10.1 Summary

10.1.1 The total anticipated resources over the plan period 2018-22, including existing grant funding and anticipated CS&F grants, is summarised in the following table:-

	2018/19 £000s	2019/20 £000s	2020/21 £000s	2021/22 £000s
Grant & Contributions *	27,222	34,894	14,899	11,546
Council Funding	21,008	3,826	2,421	681
Total	48,231	38,721	17,319	12,227

* This table shows the grants and contributions applied to fund the programme allowing for slippage.

10.1.2 Projects for which earmarked resources have been notified have been given authority to proceed, subject to a detailed specification and programme of works being agreed which ensures that the maximum benefits accrue to the council within the overall constraints of the approved funding. Those schemes, on their own, represent a considerable capital investment. 10.1.3 The Table below summarises the Indicative Capital Programme for 2021 to 2026. Additional detail is provided as Annex 5:

Merton	Updated Budget 2022/23 £000s	Updated Budget 2023/24 £000s	Updated Budget 2024/25 £000s	Updated Budget 2025/26 £000s	Updated Budget 2026/27 £000s
Corporate Services	2,650	3,900	2,862	3,560	2,920
Community and Housing	380	280	280	630	280
Children, Schools & Families *	650	755	650	650	650
Environment & Regeneration *	4,017	4,017	4,077	8,015	4,052
Total Merton	7,697	8,952	7,869	12,855	7,902

* Please note these figures do not include any allowance of grant funding for Transport for London and Disabled Facilities.

10.1.4 For every £1 million capital expenditure that is funded by external borrowing it is estimated that there will be annual revenue debt charges of between £216,000 for assets with a life of 5 years to £39,600 for an asset life of 50 years.

11 Capital Bids and Prioritisation Criteria

11.1 Prioritisation of schemes 2021/22

The allocation of capital resources, on those schemes to be funded by borrowing, is focused towards the achievement of the council's key strategic objectives as agreed by councillors as highlighted in section 1 of this strategy.

The prioritisation criteria used in respect of growth were 'Statutory', Need (demand and / or priority), attracts match funding and revenue impact (including invest to save). Due to officers' awareness of the need to restrain the capital programme to affordable levels, the increase put forward over the period 2018-22, on the basis of these criteria by the board to Cabinet was $\pounds 1.2$ million (excluding TfL).

12 Detailed Capital Programme 2018-22

12.1 Corporate Services

12.1.1 This department is responsible for the administration of finance and staff, together with the corporate buildings including IT and utility services. Its main capital expenditure is on IT software and hardware, and on improvements to buildings (including invest to save schemes).

12.1.2 Business Improvement

Business Improvement are responsible for schemes that develop corporate information technology and are designed to improve efficiency and are detailed in the table below:

Business Improvement	Updated Budget 2018/19 £000s	Updated Budget 2019/20 £000s	Updated Budget 2020/21 £000s	Updated Budget 2021/22 £000s
Customer Contact Programme	1,050	250	0	1,900
Aligned Assets	75	0	0	0
Revenue and Benefits	400	0	0	0
Capita Housing	100	0	0	0
Planning&Public Protection Sys	395	0	0	0
Spectrum Spatial Analyst Repla	42	0	0	42
Social Care IT System	350	0	0	0
ePayments	0	0	125	0
Total Business Improvement	2,412	250	125	1,942

12.1.3 Infrastructure and Transactions

Infrastructure and transactions are responsible for the replacement of existing IT equipment at the end of it's useful life and minor enhancements to existing systems and software to ensure their continued efficiency. The Table below details the capital schemes for this area:

Infrastructure & Transactions	Updated Budget 2018/19 £000s	Updated Budget 2019/20 £000s	Updated Budget 2020/21 £000s	Updated Budget 2021/22 £000s
Planned Replacement Programme	275	200	200	200
Data Centre Support Equipment	300	0	0	0
IT Equipment	510	430	860	770
Total Infrastructure & Transactions	1,085	630	1,060	970

12.1.4 Facilities Management

Facilities management are responsible for the capital maintenance of council buildings excluding schools and community centres, the schemes are detailed in the Table below:

Facilities Management	Updated Budget 2018/19 £000s	Updated Budget 2019/20 £000s	Updated Budget 2020/21 £000s	Updated Budget 2021/22 £000s
Repair and Maintenance (R&M)	300	650	650	650
Civic Centre Boilers	300	0	0	0
Civic Centre Lightning Upgrade	0	300	0	0
Invest to Save schemes	2,010	300	300	300
Water Safety Works*	100	0	0	0
Asbestos Safety Works*	250	0	0	0
Total Facilities Management	2,960	1,250	950	950

* Included with R&M from 2019/20 onwards

12.1.5 Corporate Items

There are also budgets held centrally under Corporate Services to ensure funds are available to take up opportunities arising in the local property market, to leverage match funding or to enable transformation of services, these are detailed in the Table below:

Corporate Items	Updated Budget 2018/19 £000s	Updated Budget 2019/20 £000s	Updated Budget 2020/21 £000s	Updated Budget 2021/22 £000s
Acquisitions Budget	5,792	0	0	0
Capital Bidding Fund	1,186	0	0	0
Multi-Functioning Device (MFD)	0	600	0	0
Housing Company	9,587	13,088	1,810	0
Compulsory Purchase Orders*	0	0	0	0
Westminster Coroners Court	460	0	0	0
Total Corporate Items	17,025	13,688	1,810	0

* Will only be progressed if fully funded

12.2 Children, Schools and Families

12.2.1 This department's main capital focus is the need for increased provision for secondary pupils. The provision in the 2018-22 programme has been revised to that shown in the table below:

Children, Schools & Families	Updated Budget 2018/19 £000s	Updated Budget 2019/20 £000s	Updated Budget 2020/21 £000s	Updated Budget 2021/22 £000s
Primary School Expansions	650	650	650	650
Secondary School Expansions	7,105	6,352	2,552	0
SEN	7,264	1,000	0	0
Other	139	105	0	0
Children, Schools & Families	15,158	8,107	3,202	650

12.2.2 CSF capital programme 2018-22

The requirement to provide sufficient school places is a key statutory requirement. The government provides capital grant to meet some of this need.

12.2.3 Primary schools

No further primary school expansion is planned. £650,000 per annum is provided for community primary and special schools this will be limited to urgent health and safety related needs, with the council expecting schools to fund all works below £20,000.

12.2.4 Secondary school places

There has been an increase in demand for secondary places since September 2015, current forecasts project a significant increase in secondary age transfer in September 2018 which will flow into all secondary age groups.

The capital programme for 2018/22 includes £15.2 million for secondary expansions including some council funding to enable the new Harris Academy Wimbledon School to be built.

The implementation of secondary school expansion projects will be subject to regular reviews over the capital programme period to ensure that projects are only implemented when there is sufficient certainty that the specific school will meet the required demand.

12.2.5 Special school places

The increase in demand for special school provision is proportionally greater for special schools than mainstream schools, though the numbers involved are significantly smaller. Capital funding is provided in the 2018/22 programme for the expansion of SEN. Provision within the borough. The largest planned project is the expansion of Cricket Green School.

12.2.6 Other schemes

A small provision exists for the provision of loans to schools.

12.3 Environment and Regeneration

This department provides a co-ordinated approach to managing the public realm (all borough areas to which the public has access), as well as the regeneration of our town centres and neighbourhoods.

The individual projects for this department are all listed in Annex 3. Other than the grant funded Transport for London scheme for the upgrade of principal roads, the departments main schemes relate to 14 areas:

Environment & Regeneration	Updated Budget 2018/19 £000s	Updated Budget 2019/20 £000s	Updated Budget 2020/21 £000s	Updated Budget 2021/22 £000s
Parking Improvements	0	60	0	0
Public Protection & Development	0	0	0	35
Fleet Vehicles	542	300	300	300
Alley gating	40	40	40	40
Smart Bin Leases	6	0	0	0
SLWP Waste	5,344	0	0	0
Street Trees	60	60	60	60
Highways & Footways	3,581	3,067	3,067	3,067
Transport for London	1,000	0	0	0
Mitcham Area Regeneration	2,032	301	0	0
Morden Area Regeneration	1,000	3,000	1,000	0
Morden Leisure Centre	6,389	242	0	0
Sports Facilities	407	1,500	250	250
Parks	1,452	491	300	300
Environment & Regeneration	21,853	9,060	5,017	4,052

12.3.1 Highways and Footways

Footways and Borough Roads budgets will be spent in accordance with the results of annual condition surveys of the whole of the borough. As a result, items are prioritised and drawn up in programmes of works. These programmes may be amended as circumstances alter.

Highways and Footways	Updated Budget 2018/19 £000s	Updated Budget 2019/20 £000s	Updated Budget 2020/21 £000s	Updated Budget 2021/22 £000s
Street Lighting	509	290	290	290
Traffic Schemes	150	150	150	150
Surface Water Drainage	72	77	77	77
Footways	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Antiskid & Coloured Surfacing	90	90	90	90
Borough Roads	1,500	1,200	1,200	1,200
Highways & Bridges	260	260	260	260
Environment & Regeneration	3,581	3,067	3,067	3,067

12.3.2 Regeneration

Regeneration is a major part of the council's strategy. A vision for Morden town centre is being developed and Mitcham town centre will be sustainably developed. The main areas of expenditure over the Capital Programme period will be those below.

Regeneration	Updated Budget 2018/19 £000s	Updated Budget 2019/20 £000s	Updated Budget 2020/21 £000s	Updated Budget 2021/22 £000s
Mitcham Area Regeneration				
Canons Parks for the People	2,032	301	0	0
Morden Area Regeneration				
Transportation Enhancements	1,000	3,000	1,000	0
Total Regeneration Partnerships	3,032	3,301	1,000	0

12.3.3 Sports Facilities

An annual provision exists for the capital works at our three leisure centres. In addition there is a one off scheme to de-silt Wimbledon Park Lake.

Sports facilities	Updated Budget 2018/19 £000s	Updated Budget 2019/20 £000s	Updated Budget 2020/21 £000s	Updated Budget 2021/22 £000s
Leisure Centre Plant & Machine	300	250	250	250
Wimbledon Park Lake De-Silting	107	1,250	0	0
Total Leisure Centres	407	1,500	250	250

12.3.4 Parks

An annual provision exists for the capital works at our Parks. In addition there is a one off scheme in respect of the Canon's Park.

Parks	Updated Budget 2018/19 £000s	Updated Budget 2019/20 £000s	Updated Budget 2020/21 £000s	Updated Budget 2021/22 £000s
Parks Investment	308	295	300	300
Parks Bins - Finance Lease	28	0	0	0
Canons Parks for the People	1,117	196	0	0
Total Parks	1,452	491	300	300

12.4 Community and Housing

12.4.1 This department aims to provide residents with the chance to live independent and fulfilling lives, in suitable homes within sustainable communities, with chances to learn, use information, and acquire new skills. The departmental Capital Programme for 2018-22 comprises:

Community and Housing	Updated Budget 2018/19 £000s	Updated Budget 2019/20 £000s	Updated Budget 2020/21 £000s	Updated Budget 2021/22 £000s
Adult Social Care				
Telehealth	44	0	0	0
Housing				
Disabled Facilities Grant	629	280	280	280
Libraries				
West Barnes Library Re-Fit	0	200	0	0
Library Self Service	0	0	350	0
Libraries Management System	100	0	0	0
Total Community and Housing	773	480	630	280

12.5 Overall Programme

12.5.1 The approved Capital Programme for 2018/22 follows at Annex 1, Annex 3 provides an additional breakdown detail of the approved schemes. The summary is as follows:

Merton	Proposed 2018/19	Proposed 2019/20	Proposed 2020/21	Proposed 2021/22
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Corporate Services	23,482	15,818	3,945	3,862
Community and Housing	773	480	630	280
Children Schools & Families	15,158	8,107	3,202	650
Environment and Regeneration	21,853	9,060	5,017	4,052
Capital	61,266	33,466	12,794	8,844

- 12.5.2 The funding details for the programme follow at Annex 2
- 12.5.3 Within the funding details the authority has anticipated some slippage for schemes that require a consultation process or a planning application or where the implementation timetable is not certain. The slippage anticipated reduces the spend in the year it is budgeted but increases the spend in the following year when it is incurred. When slippage from 2017/18 is approved, the 2018/19 Capital Programme will be adjusted accordingly.

12.5.4 Annex 1	Capital Investment Programme - Schemes for Approval
Annex 2	Funding the Capital Programme 2018-22
Annex 3	Detailed Capital Programme 2018-22
Annex 4	Analysis of Growth/(Reduction) from current approved programme
Annex 5	Indicative Capital Programme 2022-27

Annex1

Merton	Proposed 2018/19	Proposed 2019/20	Proposed 2020/21	Proposed 2021/22
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Corporate Services	23,482	15,818	3,945	3,862
Community and Housing	773	480	630	280
Children Schools & Families	15,158	8,107	3,202	650
Environment and Regeneration	21,853	9,060	5,017	4,052
Capital	61,266	33,466	12,794	8,844

Capital Investment Programme - Schemes for Approval

Merton	Proposed 2018/19	Proposed 2019/20	Proposed 2020/21	Proposed 2021/22
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Business Improvement	2,412	250	0	1,942
Facilities Management Total	2,960	1,250	950	950
Infrastructure & Transactions	1,085	630	1,060	970
Resources	0	0	125	0
Corporate Items	17,025	13,688	1,810	0
Corporate Services	23,482	15,818	3,945	3,862
Adult Social Care	44	0	0	0
Housing	629	280	280	280
Libraries	100	200	350	0
Community and Housing	773	480	630	280
Primary Schools	650	650	650	650
Secondary School	7,105	6,352	2,552	0
SEN	7,264	1,000	0	0
CSF Schemes	139	105	0	0
Children Schools & Families	15,158	8,107	3,202	650
Public Protection and Development	0	60	0	35
Street Scene & Waste	5,932	340	340	340
Sustainable Communities	15,921	8,660	4,677	3,677
Environment and Regeneration	21,853	9,060	5,017	4,052
Capital	61,266	33,466	12,794	8,844

Please Note

- 1) Excludes expenditure budgets relating to Disabled Facilities Grant funding from 2018/19.
- 2) Excludes expenditure budgets relating to Transport for London Grant from 19/20 as grant funding has not been announced.

FUNDING THE CAPITAL PROGRAMME 2017-22

Annex2

Merton	Capital Programme £000s	*Funded by Merton £000s	Funded by grant and capital contributions £000s
2017/18 Current Budget	40,039	22,572	17,467
Potential Slippage b/f	0	0	0
2017/18 Revised Budget	40,039	22,572	17,467
Potential Slippage c/f	(7,274)	(4,093)	(3,181)
Potential Underspend not slipped into next year	(1,175)	(859)	(316)
Total Spend 2017/18	31,591	17,621	13,970
2018/19 Current Budget	61,266	41,924	19,342
Potential Slippage b/f	7,274	4,093	3,181
2018/19 Revised Budget	68,540	46,017	22,523
Potential Slippage c/f	(17,722)	(16,441)	(1,279)
Potential Underspend not slipped into next year	(2,588)	(2,351)	(236)
Total Spend 2018/19	48,231	27,222	21,008
2019/20 Current Budget	33,466	30,624	2,843
Potential Slippage b/f	17,722	16,441	1,279
2019/20 Revised Budget	51,187	47,066	4,122
Potential Slippage c/f	(10,359)	(10,063)	(296)
Potential Underspend not slipped into next year	(2,108)	(2,108)	0
Total Spend 2019/20	38,721	34,894	3,826
2020/21 Current Budget	12,794	10,448	2,346
Potential Slippage b/f	10,359	10,063	296
2020/21 Revised Budget	23,153	20,512	2,642
Potential Slippage c/f	(4,026)	(3,961)	(65)
Potential Underspend not slipped into next year	(1,808)	(1,652)	(156)
Total Spend 2020/21	17,319	14,899	2,421
2021/22 Current Budget	8,844	8,194	650
Potential Slippage b/f	4,026	3,961	65
2021/22 Revised Budget	12,870	12,155	715
Potential Slippage c/f	(300)	(297)	(2)
Potential Underspend not slipped into next year	(343)	(311)	(33)
Total Spend 2021/22	12,226	11,546	681

*Funded by Merton refers to expenditure funded through Capital Receipts, Revenue Reserves and by borrowing.

Detailed Capital Programme 2018-22

	Scrutiny	Propose d 2018/19	Propose d 2019/20	Proposed 2020/21	Proposed 2021/22
Corporate Services		£000	£000	£000	£000
Customer Contact Programme	OSC	1,050	250	0	1,900
IT Systems Projects	OSC	1,012	0	0	42
Social Care IT System	OSC	350	0	0	0
Business Improvement		2,412	250	0	1,942
Works to other buildings	OSC	300	650	650	650
Civic Centre	OSC	300	300	0	0
Invest to Save schemes	OSC	2,010	300	300	300
Water Safety Works	OSC	100	0	0	0
Asbestos Safety Works	OSC	250	0	0	0
Facilities Management Total		2,960	1,250	950	950
Planned Replacement Programme	OSC	1,085	630	1,060	970
Infrastructure & Transactions		1,085	630	1,060	970
ePayments System	OSC	0	0	125	0
Resources		0	0	125	0
Acquisitions Budget	OSC	5,792	0	0	0
Capital Bidding Fund	OSC	1,186	0	0	0
Multi Functioning Device (MFD)	OSC	0	600	0	0
Housing Company	OSC	9,587	13,088	1,810	0
Compulsory Purchase Orders	OSC	0	0	0	0
Westminster Coroners Court	OSC	460			
Corporate Items		17,025	13,688	1,810	0
Corporate Services		23,482	15,818	3,945	3,862
Community and Housing		£000	£000	£000	£000
Telehealth	HCOP	44	0	0	0
Adult Social Care		44	0	0	0
Disabled Facilities Grant	SC	629	280	280	280
Housing		629	280	280	280
West Barnes Library Re-Fit	SC	0	200	0	0
Library Self Service	SC	0	0	350	0
Library Management System	SC	100	0	0	0
Libraries		100	200	350	0
Community and Housing		773	480	630	280

* OSC= Overview and Scrutiny Commission, CYP = Children and Young People, HCOP = Healthier Communities and Older People SC = Sustainable Communities,

1) Excludes expenditure budgets relating to Disabled Facilities Grant funding from 2018/19.

- 2) Excludes expenditure budgets relating to Transport for London Grant from 19/20 as grant funding has not been announced.
- 3) Compulsory Purchase orders will only be progressed if fully funded

	Scrutiny	Propose d 2018/19	Propose d 2019/20	Proposed 2020/21	Proposed 2021/22
Children Schools & Families		£000	£000	£000	£000
Schs Cap Maint & Accessibility	СҮР	650	650	650	650
Primary Schools		650	650	650	650
Harris Academy Morden	СҮР	844	2,200	0	0
Harris Academy Merton	СҮР	321	0	0	0
St Mark's Academy	СҮР	200	2,552	2,552	0
Harris Academy Wimbledon	СҮР	5,740	1,600	0	0
Secondary School		7,105	6,352	2,552	0
Perseid	СҮР	610	0	0	0
Cricket Green	СҮР	5,028	0	0	0
Secondary School Autism Unit	СҮР	1,330	0	0	0
Unlocated SEN	СҮР	296	1,000	0	0
SEN		7,264	1,000	0	0
Admissions IT System	СҮР	0	105	0	0
Capital Loans to schools	СҮР	109	0	0	0
Children's Safeguarding	СҮР	30			
CSF Schemes		139	105	0	0
Children Schools & Families		15,158	8,107	3,202	650

Detailed Capital Programme 2018-22 Continued......

* OSC= Overview and Scrutiny Commission, CYP = Children and Young People, HCOP = Healthier Communities and Older People SC = Sustainable Communities,

1) Excludes expenditure budgets relating to Disabled Facilities Grant funding from 2018/19.

2) Excludes expenditure budgets relating to Transport for London Grant from 19/20 as grant funding has not been announced.

3) Compulsory Purchase orders will only be progressed if fully funded

Annex 3

	Scrutiny	Proposed 2018/19	Proposed 2019/20	Proposed 2020/21	Proposed 2021/22
Environment & Regeneration		£000	£000	£000	£000
Parking Improvements	SC	0	60	0	0
Public Protection and Developm	SC	0	0	0	35
Public Protection and Developm		0	60	0	35
Fleet Vehicles	SC	542	300	300	300
Alley Gating Scheme	SC	40	40	40	40
Smart Bin Leases - Street Scen	SC	6	0	0	0
Waste SLWP	SC	5,344	0	0	0
Street Scene & Waste		5,932	340	340	340
Street Trees	SC	60	60	60	60
Highways & Footways	SC	3,581	3,067	3,067	3,067
Unallocated Tfl	SC	1,000	0	0	0
Mitcham Area Regeneration	SC	2,032	301	0	0
Morden Area Regeneration	SC	1,000	3,000	1,000	0
Morden Leisure Centre	SC	6,389	242	0	0
Sports Facilities	SC	407	1,500	250	250
Parks	SC	1,452	491	300	300
Sustainable Communities		15,921	8,660	4,677	3,677
Environment and Regeneration		21,853	9,060	5,017	4,052
Capital		61,266	33,466	12,794	8,844

Detailed Capital Programme 2018-22 Continued......

* OSC= Overview and Scrutiny Commission, CYP = Children and Young People, HCOP = Healthier Communities and Older People SC = Sustainable Communities,

1) Excludes expenditure budgets relating to Disabled Facilities Grant funding from 2018/19.

2) Excludes expenditure budgets relating to Transport for London Grant from 19/20 as grant funding has not been announced.

3) Compulsory Purchase orders will only be progressed if fully funded

Annex 4

Merton	Scrutiny	Proposed 2018/19	Proposed 2019/20	Proposed 2020/21	Proposed 2021/22
		£000	£000	£000	£000
Business Improvement	OSC	1,050	250	0	(100)
Facilities Management Total	OSC	0	0	0	0
Infrastructure & Transactions	OSC	0	0	0	0
Resources	OSC	0	0	0	0
Corporate Items	OSC	0	0	0	0
Corporate Services		1,050	250	0	(100)
Adult Social Care	HCOP	0	0	0	0
Housing	SC	0	0	0	0
Libraries	SC	0	0	0	0
Community and Housing		0	0	0	0
Primary Schools	CYP	0	0	0	0
Secondary School	CYP	0	0	0	0
SEN	CYP	0	0	0	0
CSF Schemes	CYP	0	0	0	0
Children Schools & Families		0	0	0	0
Public Protection and Developm	SC	0	0	0	0
Street Scene & Waste	SC	0	0	0	0
Sustainable Communities	SC	0	0	0	0
Environment and Regeneration		0	0	0	0
Capital		1,050	250	0	(100)

Growth/(Reductions) against Approved Programme 2018-21 and Indicative Programme 2021-22

* OSC= Overview and Scrutiny Commission, CYP = Children and Young People, HCOP = Healthier Communities and Older People SC = Sustainable Communities,

Indicative Capit	ai Fiogra	1			Annex 5	D
	Scrutiny	Proposed Indicative 2022/23	Proposed Indicative 2023/24	Proposed Indicative 2024/25	Proposed Indicative 2025/26	Proposed Indicative 2026/27
Corporate Services		£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Customer Contact Programme	OSC	0	0	0	1,000	1,000
IT Systems Projects	OSC	100	75	682	550	1,000
Social Care IT System	OSC	0	2.100	0	0	0
Business Improvement		100	2,100	682	1,550	1,000
Works to other buildings	OSC	650	650	650	650	650
Invest to Save schemes	OSC	300	300	300	300	300
Facilities Management Total	050					
Planned Replacement Programme	OSC	950	950	950	950	950
Infrastructure & Transactions	USC	900	775	630	1,060	970
	OSC	900	775	630	1,060	970
Financial System		700	0	0	0	0
Resources	OSC	700	0	0	0	0
Multi Functioning Device (MFD)		0	0	600	0	0
Corporate Items		0	0	600	0	0
Corporate Services		2,650	3,900	2,862	3,560	2,920
Community and Housing		£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Disabled Facilities Grant	SC	280	280	280	280	280
Housing		280	280	280	280	280
Library Enhancement Works	SC	0	0	0	350	0
Library Management System	SC	100	0	0	0	(
Libraries		100	0	0	350	0
Community and Housing		380	280	280	630	280
Children Schools & Families		£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Schs Cap Maint & Accessibility	СҮР	650	650	650	650	650
Primary Schools		650	650	650	650	650
Admissions IT System	СҮР	0	105	0	0	000
CSF Schemes		0	105	0	0	0
Children Schools & Families		650	755	650	650	650
Environment and Regeneration		£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Parking Improvements	SC	±000	±000 0	±000 60	±000	0000
Public Protection and Development	SC	0	0	0	0	35
Street Scene & Waste		0	0	60	0	
	60		300	300	300	<u> </u>
Fleet Vehicles	SC	41111		500	500	300
Fleet Vehicles Alley Gating Scheme	SC SC	300			40	40
Alley Gating Scheme	SC	40	40	40	40	40
Alley Gating Scheme Waste SLWP		40 0	40 0	40 0	3,998	C
Alley Gating Scheme Waste SLWP Street Scene & Waste	SC SC	40 0 340	40 0 340	40 0 340	3,998 4,338	0 340
Alley Gating Scheme Waste SLWP Street Scene & Waste Street Trees	SC SC SC	40 0 340 60	40 0 340 60	40 0 340 60	3,998 4,338 60	0 340 60
Alley Gating Scheme Waste SLWP Street Scene & Waste Street Trees Highways & Footways	SC SC SC SC SC	40 0 340 60 3,067	40 0 340 60 3,067	40 0 340 60 3,067	3,998 4,338 60 3,067	0 340 60 3,067
Alley Gating Scheme Waste SLWP Street Scene & Waste Street Trees Highways & Footways Sports Facilities	SC SC SC SC SC SC	40 0 340 60 3,067 250	40 0 340 60 3,067 250	40 0 340 60 3,067 250	3,998 4,338 60 3,067 250	0 340 60 3,067 250
Alley Gating Scheme Waste SLWP Street Scene & Waste Street Trees Highways & Footways Sports Facilities Parks	SC SC SC SC SC	40 0 340 60 3,067 250 300	40 0 340 60 3,067 250 300	40 0 340 60 3,067 250 300	3,998 4,338 60 3,067 250 300	0 340 60 3,067 250 300
Alley Gating Scheme Waste SLWP Street Scene & Waste Street Trees Highways & Footways Sports Facilities	SC SC SC SC SC SC	40 0 340 60 3,067 250	40 0 340 60 3,067 250	40 0 340 60 3,067 250	3,998 4,338 60 3,067 250	0 340 60 3,067 250

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* OSC= Overview and Scrutiny Commission, CYP = Children and Young People, HCOP = Healthier Communities and Older People SC = Sustainable Communities,

Please Note

Excludes expenditure budgets relating to Disabled Facilities Grant, Transport for London Grant Excludes expenditure budgets relating to Devolved Formula Capital for schools. Compulsory Purchase orders will only be progressed if fully funded 1)

2)

LONDON BOROUGH OF MERTON TREASURY MANAGEMENT POLICY STATEMENT

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

London Borough of Merton have adopted the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA) definition of Treasury Management, which is:

"The management of the local authority's investments and cash flows, its banking, money market and capital market transactions; the effective control of the risks associated with those activities; and the pursuit of optimum performance consistent with those risks."

The Council is required to update and approve its policy framework and strategy for treasury management, annually, to reflect the changing market environment, regulation, and the Council's financial position. The key issues and decisions are:

- a) To set the Council's Prudential Indicators for 2018/19 to 2021/22
- b) Approve the Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP) policy for 2018/19; and
- c) To agree the Treasury Management Strategy for 2018/19. This will include the annual investment strategy, containing the parameters of how the investments are to be managed.

1.2 Statutory Requirement

The Local Government Act 2003 (the Act) as amended and supporting regulations, require the Council to 'have regard to'

- (a) such guidance as the Secretary of State may issue; and
- (b) such other guidance as the Secretary of State may by regulations specify for the purposes of this provision

http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2003/26/section/15

The Guidance requires the Council to set out its treasury strategy for borrowing and to prepare an Annual Investment Strategy. The Council has adopted CIPFA's revised Code of Practice on Treasury Management.

1.3 Balanced Budget Requirement

Section 33 of the Local Government Finance Act 1992 requires the Council to set a balanced budget. This means that cash raised during the year will meet cash expenditure. Part of the treasury management function is to ensure that this cash flow is adequately planned, with cash being available when it is needed. Cash yet to be used are invested in low risk and good credit quality counterparties or instruments with the consideration first for security, liquidity and yield.

The other main function of treasury management is the funding of the Council's capital plans. These capital plans provide a guide to the long or short-term borrowing need of the Council, essentially the longer term cashflow planning, to ensure that the Council can meet its capital spending obligations. The management of longer term cash may involve arranging long or short dated loans, or using longer term cashflow surpluses. Subject to S151 Officer's approval, any debt previously drawn may be restructured or repaid to meet the Council's risk or cost objectives.

1.4 Treasury Management Strategy for 2018/19

The strategy for 2018/19 covers two main areas:

Capital Issues

- To determine the Council's capital plans and prudential indicators for 2018/19 to 2021/22;
- To approve the Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP) policy for 2018/19.

The LG Act 2003 require local authorities to set an affordable borrowing limit (http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2003/26/section/3).

Treasury Management Issues

- To agree the Council's treasury management strategy for 2018/19
 - current treasury position as at December 2017;
 - treasury indicators which limit the treasury risk and activities of the Council;
 - prospects for interest rates;
 - borrowing strategy;
 - policy on borrowing in advance of need;
 - debt rescheduling and early repayment of debt review;
 - Annual Investment Strategy and alternative investment instruments (Policy on new lending and borrowing instruments);
 - creditworthiness policy;
 - Treasury Management Practices (Appendix 5); and
 - cash flow policy

These elements cover the requirements of the Local Government Act 2003, the CIFPA Prudential Code, the Communities and Local Government (CLG) MRP Guidance, the CIPFA Treasury Management Code and the CLG Investment Guidance.

2. CURRENT TREASURY POSITION

2.1 Use of the Council's Resources and the Investment Position

The application of resources (capital receipts and reserves etc.) to either finance capital expenditure or other budget decisions to support the revenue budget will have an ongoing impact on investments unless resources are supplemented each year from new sources, for example, asset sales.

Year End Resources	2016/17 Actual £'000	30 November 2017 Actual £'000	31 March 2017/18 Estimate £'000	31 March 2018/19 Estimate £'000
Investments	70,900	98,200	75,432	65,452
Interest on investments	843	265	800	766
Borrowing Long-term Borrowing Short-term Borrowing	116,976	113,010	*113,010	113,010
Total External Debt	116,976	113,010	113,010	113,010
Interest on External Debt Long-term Short-term	6,686 1	6,702 1	6,315	6,315
Total Interest on External Debt	6,687	6,703	6,315	6,315

The table below shows the position as at December 2017.

Interest on investments figures above do not include interest from policy investments.

* Figures exclude £3.966m of long term debt due for repayment within the financial year which was reclassified at year end

3. CAPITAL PRUDENTIAL INDICATORS 2018/19 - 2021/22

The Council is required to calculate various indicators for the next 3 years. The aim of prudential indicators is to ensure that the Council's capital investment plans are affordable, prudent and sustainable. The prudential indicators set out in **Appendix 6** are calculated for the Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS) period. The indicators relate to capital expenditure, external debt and treasury management.

The Council will monitor performance against the indicators and prepare indicators based on the Statement of Accounts (SoA) at year end.

3.1 Capital Expenditure

The Council's capital expenditure plans are fundamental to its treasury management activity. The output of the capital expenditure plans is reflected in prudential indicators, which are designed to provide Council members an overview and confirm the impact of capital expenditure plans.

This indicator is a summary of the Council's capital expenditure plans, both those agreed previously, and those forming part of this budget cycle as reported in the MTFS. Environment and Regeneration figures include projects

relating to Public Health programs however these are fully funded and do not have any MRP implications.

Capital Expenditure	2016/17 Actual £'000	2017/18 Estimate £'000	2018/19 Estimate £'000	2019/20 Estimate £'000	2020/21 Estimate £'000	2021/22 Estimate £'000
Corporate Services	3,889	13,468	23,482	15,818	3,945	3,862
Community & Housing	1,663	1,802	773	480	630	280
Children Schools & Families	12,506	7,062	15,158	8,107	3,202	650
Environment & Regeneration	12,568	17,707	21,853	9,060	5,017	4,052
Total Non-HRA	30,626	40,039	61,266	33,466	12,794	8,844

Members are asked to approve the capital expenditure forecasts:

The above financing need excludes other long-term liabilities, such as PFI and leasing arrangements which already include borrowing instruments.

The table below shows how the capital expenditure plans are being financed by revenue or capital resources. A shortfall of resources means a borrowing need. The capital programme expenditure figures used in calculating the financing costs have been adjusted for slippage in the programme as at December 2017.

	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
Capital Expenditure	Actual	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Capital Expenditure	30,626	40,039	61,266	33,466	12,794	8,844
Slippage*		(8,448)	(13,035)	5,255	4,525	3,382
Leasing Budgets in Programme after Slippage		(76)	(34)	(600)	0	0
Total Capital Expenditure	30,626	31,515	48,197	38,121	17,319	12,226
Financed by:						
Capital Receipts	12,993	12,280	11,284	*1,342	1,396	4,557
Capital Grants & Contributions	16,333	13,970	21,008	3,826	2,421	681
Capital Reserves	0	0	0	0	0	0
Revenue Provisions	1,300	*5,028	*1,918	*0	7	2
Other Financing Sources	0	0	0	0	0	0
Net financing need for the year (a)	0	237	13,987	32,953	13,495	6,986

* In the above table slippage includes slippage in from the previous year and out to the following year.

** Funding amended for the leasing adjustment

3.2 The Council's Borrowing Need (the Capital Financing Requirement)

The second prudential indicator, Capital Financing Requirement (CFR), is the total historical outstanding capital expenditure which has not yet been paid for from either revenue or capital resources. In other words, a measure of the Council's underlying borrowing need. Any capital expenditure above, which has not immediately been paid for, will increase the CFR.

The CFR includes any other long-term liabilities like PFI schemes and finance leases which have been brought onto the balance sheet. Whilst this increases the CFR, and therefore the Council's borrowing requirement, it should be noted that these types of scheme include a borrowing facility and so the Council is not required to separately borrow for these schemes.

The Council has no Housing Revenue Account (HRA) and no new PFI scheme in 2018/19 is expected. The 2017/18 forecast movement in CFR shows a decrease of $\pounds 6,517k$ because the expenditure to be funded from borrowing in 2017/18 is less than the amount of MRP charged in the year.

The current cashflow projection as at December 2017 for 2017/18 year end is an estimated cash balance of £100m (including all short term deposits). The current forecast has been based on assumptions in the MTFS and capital programme spend forecast after slippage. The 2017/18 forecast £31.5m, 2018/19 £48.2m, and 2019/20 £38.1m are based on best estimates which may slip due to unforeseen circumstances and the nature of large projects and the level of grant income. Also, fees and charges for the Council may change. Based on current forecasts the earliest the Council may borrow is in 2018/19 in anticipation for 2019/20. However, the Council can borrow in advance of need if rates are likely to rise and borrowing becomes a lot more advantageous than it would be.

	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22			
	Actual £'000	Estimate £'000	Estimate £'000	Estimate £'000	Estimate £'000	Estimate £'000			
Capital Financing Requirement	Capital Financing Requirement								
CFR (non-housing)	190,890	184,663	193,291	219,160	224,476	222,557			
Total CFR	190,890	184,663	193,291	219,160	224,476	222,557			
Movement in CFR	(8,792)	(6,227)	8,628	25,869	5,316	(1,919)			
Movement in CFR represented by	<u>.</u>								
Net financing need for the year (above)	0	237	13,987	32,953	13,495	6,986			
Less Capital MRP/VRP	7,154	4,902	3,896	4,706	6,431	7,216			
Less Other MRP/VRP (leasing, PFI)	998	876	728	1,590	904	784			
Less Other MRP/VRP – PFI – Partial termination	640	686	735	788	844	905			
 Less Other financing movements Adjustment of PFI Liability Adjustment of MRP 									
Movement in CFR	(8,792)	(6,227)	8,628	25,869	5,316	(1,919)			

The Council is asked to approve the CFR projections in the following table:

Actual and estimates of the ratio of financing costs to net revenue stream This indicator identifies the trend in the cost of capital (borrowing and other long-term obligation costs net of investment income) against the net revenue stream. The indicator shows the proportion of the income received from Council tax, Revenue Support Grant (RSG) and National Non-Domestic Rate (NNDR) and some specific grants that are spent on paying the borrowing associated with delivery of capital investment (i.e. principal and interest charges of long-term borrowing).

	2016/17 Actual £'000	2017/18 Estimate £'000	2018/19 Estimate £'000	2019/20 Estimate £'000	2020/21 Estimate £'000	2021/22 Estimate £'000
Net Revenue Financing Costs	18,892	15,099	13,621	16,163	16,751	17,267
Net Revenue Stream	148,133	146,066	142,209	139,942	135,735	138,116
Ratio of Financing Costs to Net Revenue Stream (Non HRA)	12.75%	10.34%	9.58%	11.55%	12.34%	12.50%

The table below shows the monetary values for the above ratio

Estimates of the incremental impact of capital investment decisions on council tax.

The table below shows the incremental impact of changes in the capital programme (incorporating the effects of changes in treasury forecasts and investment decisions) on the band D Council tax. Merton did not increase Council Tax from 2011/12 until 2017/18 when a 3% increase was applied for Adult Social care purposes therefore there has been little or no incremental impact on Council tax band D properties.

	2016/17 Actual	2017/18 Estimate	2018/19 Estimate	2019/20 Estimate	2020/21 Estimate	2021/22 Estimate
Incremental Change in Capital Financing Costs (£000)	(683)	(3,792)	(1,478)	2,542	587	516
Council Tax Base	71,327	72,442	74,124	74,495	74,867	75,241
Incremental Impact on Council Tax - Band D*** (£)	(9.58)	(52.35)	(19.94)	34.12	7.84	6.86
Council Tax - Band D (£)	1,106.45	1,139.71	1,173.90	1,209.00	1,233.18	1,257.84

***2016/17 and 2017/18 use actual council tax amounts. Future years use assumptions in the MTFS. for planning purposes.

4. MINIMUM REVENUE PROVISION (MRP) POLICY STATEMENT

The Council is required to pay off an element of the accumulated General Fund capital spend each year (the CFR) through a revenue charge (the MRP), although it is also allowed to undertake additional voluntary payments if required (voluntary revenue provision - VRP). The Council has not made any provision for VRP in its capital expenditure.

For capital expenditure incurred before 1 April 2008 or by Supported Capital Expenditure, the MRP policy will be the equal annual reduction of 2% of the outstanding debt at 1 April 2017 for the subsequent 50 years. Prior to this date capital expenditure incurred before 1 April 2008 or by Supported Capital Expenditure, the MRP policy followed CLG regulations (option 1). This provided for an approximate 4% reduction in the borrowing need (CFR) each year.

From 1 April 2008 for all unsupported borrowing (including PFI and finance leases) the MRP policy will be based on the Asset Life Method – CLG regulations (option 3).

This option will be applied for any expenditure capitalised under a capitalisation direction. It should be noted that this option provides for a reduction in the borrowing need over the approximate life of the asset.

The Council is required to have regard for the Local Government Involvement in Health Act 2007. This amended the Local Government Act 2003 enabling the Secretary of State to issue guidance on accounting practices and thus on MRP. Also, the Local Authorities (Capital Finance and Accounting) (England) Regulations 2003 (as amended) specifies that "A local authority shall determine for the current financial year an amount of minimum revenue provision which it considers to be prudent". Any MRP implications on how the Council will pay for unfinanced capital assets through revenue will be included in the MRP policy.

Category	Depreciation (Years)
Assets valued over £1m	
Buildings	50
Mechanical & Electrical	20
External	20
Assets valued under £1m	
Buildings	40
Infrastructure (roads etc)	25
15 Year Asset	15
10 Year Asset	10
Computer software	5
Computer hardware	5
Large vehicles – e.g. buses, RCVs	7
Small vehicles – e.g. cars, vans	5
Other equipment e.g. CCTV	5

MRP years where there is no depreciation equivalent					
Land	50				
Revenue Expenditure Funded by capital Under Statute e.g. Redundancy costs	20				

5. TREASURY MANAGEMENT STRATEGY

5.1 The Prospects for Interest Rates and Economic Forecasts

The Council has appointed Link Asset Services as its treasury advisor and part of their service is to assist the Council to formulate a view on interest rates. The following table gives our central view.

Annual Average %	Bank Rate (%)	PWLB Borrowing Rates (%)					
		5 year	10 year	25 year	50 year		
Dec 2017	0.50	1.50	2.10	2.80	2.50		
March 2018	0.50	1.60	2.20	2.90	2.60		
June 2018	0.50	1.60	2.30	3.00	2.70		
Sept 2018	0.50	1.70	2.40	3.00	2.80		
Dec 2018	0.75	1.80	2.40	3.10	2.90		
March 2019	0.75	1.80	2.50	3.10	2.90		
June 2019	0.75	1.90	2.60	3.20	3.00		
Sept 2019	0.75	1.90	2.60	3.20	3.00		
Dec 2019	1.00	2.00	2.70	3.30	3.10		
March 2020	1.00	2.10	2.70	3.40	3.20		
June 2020	1.00	2.10	2.80	3.50	3.30		
Sept 2020	1.25	2.20	2.90	3.50	3.30		
Dec 2020	1.25	2.30	2.90	3.60	3.40		
Mar 2021	1.25	2.30	3.00	3.60	3.40		

Source: Link Asset Services

As expected, the Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) delivered a 0.25% increase in Bank Rate at its meeting on 2 November 2017. This removed the emergency cut in August 2016 after the EU referendum. The MPC also gave forward guidance that they expected to increase Bank rate only twice more by 0.25% by 2020 to end at 1.00%. This is dependent on current economic assumptions but could change. The Link Asset Services forecast as above includes increases in Bank Rate of 0.25% in November 2018, November 2019 and August 2020.

The overall longer run trend is for gilt yields and PWLB rates to rise, albeit gently. It has long been expected, that at some point, there would be a more protracted move from bonds to equities after a historic long-term trend, over about the last 25 years, of falling bond yields. The action of central banks since the financial crash of 2008, in implementing substantial Quantitative Easing, added further impetus to this downward trend in bond yields and rising bond prices. Quantitative Easing has also directly led to a rise in equity values

as investors searched for higher returns and took on riskier assets. The sharp rise in bond yields since the US Presidential election in November 2016 has called into question whether the previous trend may go into reverse, especially now the Fed has taken the lead in reversing monetary policy by starting, in October 2017, a policy of not fully reinvesting proceeds from bonds that it holds when they mature.

Until 2015, monetary policy was focused on providing stimulus to economic growth but has since started to refocus on countering the threat of rising inflationary pressures as stronger economic growth becomes more firmly established. The Fed has started raising interest rates and this trend is expected to continue during 2018 and 2019. These increases will make holding US bonds much less attractive and cause their prices to fall, and therefore bond yields to rise. Rising bond yields in the US are likely to exert some upward pressure on bond yields in the UK and other developed economies. However, the degree of that upward pressure is likely to be dampened by how strong or weak the prospects for economic growth and rising inflation are in each country, and on the degree of progress towards the reversal of monetary policy away from quantitative easing and other credit stimulus measures.

From time to time, gilt yields – and therefore PWLB rates - can be subject to exceptional levels of volatility due to geo-political, sovereign debt crisis and emerging market developments. Such volatility could occur at any time during the forecast period.

Economic and interest rate forecasting remains difficult with so many external influences weighing on the UK. The above forecasts (and MPC decisions) will be liable to further amendment depending on how economic data and developments in financial markets transpire over the next year. Geopolitical developments, especially in the EU, could also have a major impact. Forecasts for average investment earnings beyond the three-year time horizon will be heavily dependent on economic and political developments.

The overall balance of risks to economic recovery in the UK is probably to the downside, particularly with the current level of uncertainty over the final terms of Brexit.

Downside risks to current forecasts for UK gilt yields and PWLB rates currently include:

- Bank of England monetary policy takes action too quickly over the next three years to raise Bank Rate and causes UK economic growth, and increases in inflation, to be weaker than we currently anticipate.
- Geopolitical risks, especially North Korea, but also in Europe and the Middle East, which could lead to increasing safe haven flows.
- A resurgence of the Eurozone sovereign debt crisis, possibly Italy, due to its high level of government debt, low rate of economic growth and vulnerable banking system.
- Weak capitalisation of some European banks.
- The result of the October 2017 Austrian general election is likely to result in a strongly anti-immigrant coalition government. In addition, the new Czech prime minister is expected to be Andrej Babis who is

strongly against EU migrant quotas and refugee policies. Both developments could provide major impetus to other, particularly former Communist bloc countries, to coalesce to create a major block to progress on EU integration and centralisation of EU policy. This, in turn, could spill over into impacting the Euro, EU financial policy and financial markets.

- Rising protectionism under President Trump
- A sharp Chinese downturn and its impact on emerging market countries

The potential for upside risks to current forecasts for UK gilt yields and PWLB rates, especially for longer term PWLB rates include: -

- The Bank of England is too slow in its pace and strength of increases in Bank Rate and, therefore, allows inflation pressures to build up too strongly within the UK economy, which then necessitates a later rapid series of increases in Bank Rate faster than we currently expect.
- UK inflation returning to sustained significantly higher levels causing an increase in the inflation premium inherent to gilt yields.

The Fed causing a sudden shock in financial markets through misjudging the pace and strength of increases in its Fed Funds Rate and in the pace and strength of reversal of Quantitative Easing, which then leads to a fundamental reassessment by investors of the relative risks of holding bonds, as opposed to equities. This could lead to a major flight from bonds to equities and a sharp increase in bond yields in the US, which could then spill over into impacting bond yields around the world.

Investment and borrowing rates

- Investment returns are likely to remain low during 2018/19 but to be on a gently rising trend over the next few years.
- Borrowing interest rates increased sharply after the result of the general election in June and then also after the September MPC meeting when financial markets reacted by accelerating their expectations for the timing of Bank Rate increases. Apart from that, there has been little general trend in rates during the current financial year. The policy of avoiding new borrowing by running down spare cash balances has served well over the last few years. However, this needs to be carefully reviewed to avoid incurring higher borrowing costs in the future when authorities may not be able to avoid new borrowing to finance capital expenditure and/or the refinancing of maturing debt;

There will remain a cost of carry to any new long-term borrowing that causes a temporary increase in cash balances as this position will, most likely, incur a revenue cost – the difference between borrowing costs and investment returns.

5.2 Borrowing Strategy

Current Borrowing Portfolio Position

The table below shows the CFR as at December 2017 against the gross debt position of the Council. The gross debt includes other long-term liabilities like PFI and finance lease obligations. Gross debt should not exceed CFR in the medium to long-term.

Estimated debt may change as the capital programme spends and financing changes. The lease balances do not include adjustments for new implications in 2017/18.

	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
Narrative	Actual	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s
External Debt at 1 April	116,976	116,976	113,010	113,010	113,010	111,010
Expected change in Debt (repayment and new debt)****	0	(3,966)	0	0	(2,000)	(2,000)
Closing External Debt	116,976	113,010	113,010	113,010	111,010	109,010
PFI Balance b/f	19,524	18,664	17,959	17,164	16,480	14,926
In year movement	(860)	(705)	(795)	(684)	(1,554)	(805)
Closing Balance PFI	18,664	17,959	17,164	16,480	14,926	14,121
PFI Partial Termination Balance b/f	15,210	14,613	13,973	13,287	12,552	11,764
In year movement	(597)	(640)	(686)	(735)	(788)	(844)
Closing Partial termination Balance PFI	14,613	13,973	13,287	12,552	11,764	10,920
Total PFI	33,277	31,932	30,451	29,032	26,690	25,041
Finance Leases at 1 April	211	81	44	36	99	140
Expected Change in Finance Leases	(130)	(37)	(8)	63	41	38
Closing Balance Finance Leases	81	44	36	99	140	178
Salix Loan	26	19	12	6	2	0
Salix in year movement	(7)	(7)	(6)	(4)	(2)	0
Closing Balance Salix	19	12	6	2	0	0
Actual Gross Debt at 31 March	150,353	144,998	143,503	142,143	137,840	134,229
Capital Financing Requirement	190,890	184,663	193,291	219,160	224,476	222,557
(Under)/over Borrowing	(40,537)	(39,665)	(49,788)	(77,017)	(86,636)	(88,328)

****£3.966m of long-term debt matures in 2017/18

The table over the page shows the CFR forecast for 2017/18 to 2021/22. Also, there is no maturing debt until 2020/21 hence little borrowing pressure. The Council is currently maintaining an under-borrowed position. This means that the capital borrowing need (the Capital Financing Requirement), has not been fully funded with loan debt as cash supporting the Council's reserves, balances and cash flow has been used as a temporary measure. This strategy is prudent as investment returns are low and counterparty risk is still an issue that needs to be considered.

Against this background and the risks within the economic forecast, caution will be adopted with the 2018/19 treasury operations. The Director of Corporate Services will monitor interest rates in financial markets and adopt a pragmatic approach to changing circumstances:

- if it was felt that there was a significant risk of a sharp FALL in long and short term rates (e.g. due to a marked increase of risks around relapse into recession or of risks of deflation), then long term borrowings will be postponed, and potential rescheduling from fixed rate funding into short term borrowing will be considered.
- if it was felt that there was a significant risk of a much sharper RISE in long and short term rates than that currently forecast, perhaps arising from an acceleration in the start date and in the rate of increase in central rates in the USA and UK, an increase in world economic activity or a sudden increase in inflation risks, then the portfolio position will be re-appraised. Most likely, fixed rate funding will be drawn whilst interest rates are lower than they are projected to be in the next few years.

Any decisions will be reported to the appropriate decision making body at the next available opportunity.

PFI and finance lease portion of the CFR will not be funded by additional loan. Capital forecasts relating to 2019/20, 2020/21 and 2021/22 are very much subject to change at this stage.

The Council's decision to use internal borrowing is prudent as it eliminates the revenue cost of carry as investment returns remain low, there is sometimes slippage on capital programme budgets and counterparty risks remain to a degree. The Council can fund its entire borrowing requirement now if this is affordable. In which case, borrowing will be up to CFR.

	2015/16	2016/17	Change
	£'000	£'000	£'000
CFR	198,616	190,890	(7,726)
PFI and LEASES	(34,123)	(33,377)	746
Underlying Borrowing Requirement	164,493	157,513	(6,980)
External Borrowing	116,976	116,976	0
Under borrowing / Internal borrowing to date	(47,517)	(40,537)	(6,980)

Council's Year End Balance Sheet Position at 31 March 2017

Strategy to 'Unwind' Internal Borrowing

Internal borrowing at 31 March 2017 remains at sustainable levels. However, the Council will commence a review of its strategy to 'unwind' internal borrowing.

Debt Liability Benchmarking

In defining its borrowing strategy, the Council considered the true characteristics of all of the debt instruments in its portfolio, most especially the LOBOs and the various options available to the Council.

Consideration was given to the fact that in the current economic climate the LOBOs in the Council's portfolio will not be called due to their very high interest rate. Should they be called, replacement borrowing will not be required because the council will have cash available in 2018/19 to meet the call options based on the current estimates of the use of internal borrowing for the capital programme.

If all LOBOs are called at once (an unlikely event) then future estimated use of cash to temporarily fund the capital programme is likely to be affected.

The borrowing strategy to temporarily finance its capital programme, led the Council to consider setting a minimum amount of projected liquid cash of ± 10 m. This means that cash outflows for capital purposes would primarily be met from cash investments until ± 10 m was reached, and only at that point, would external borrowing be undertaken except if interest rates were advantageous for long-term loans, then the Council will borrow in advance of need or where interest rates are expected to rise significantly and quickly.

The Council will continue to review, throughout the year, its options around higher and lower levels of cash-backed balances.

Treasury Risk Analysis - Debt

Whilst it is not mandatory for Local Authorities to adopt the CIPFA Risk Toolkit produced by CIPFA's Treasury Management Panel, the Council will continue to utilise and adopt the risk tool kit and participate in the risk study in 2018/19 as there are some merits for the Council in managing its integrated treasury management portfolio and in considering risk mitigation options for its treasury management review process and benchmarking with its peers.

5.3 Treasury Indicators: Limits to Borrowing Activity

Operational Boundary - this is the limit beyond which external borrowing is not normally expected to exceed. (The most likely prudent view, not the worst case scenario. Maximum level of external debt projected – Cipfa)

	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
Operational Boundary	Actual	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s
External Debt	116,976	113,010	113,010	113,010	111,010	109,010
Other Long Term						
Liabilities	33,377	31,988	30,493	29,133	26,830	25,219
Operational Boundary	150,353	144,998	143,503	142,143	137,840	134,229

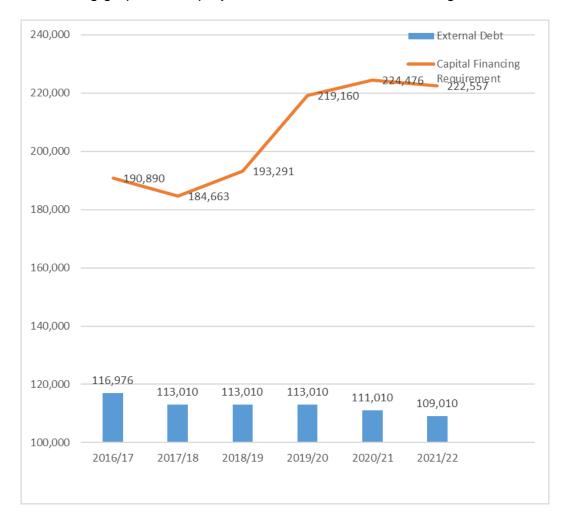
Authorised Limit for External Borrowing

This is the statutory limit determined under section 3 (1) of the Local Government Act 2003. It represents a limit beyond which external borrowing must not go over in the 3 years, and this limit when set is to be revised annually by Council. It reflects the level of external borrowing which, while not desired, could be afforded in the short-term, but is not sustainable in the longer term. (The operational boundary, plus headroom for unusual cash movements - Cipfa)

The Council is asked to approve the following authorised limit:

	Actual 2016/17	Estimate 2017/18	Estimate 2018/19	Estimate 2019/20	Estimate 2020/21	Estimate 2021/22
	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s
Operational Boundary	150,353	144,998	143,503	142,143	137,840	134,229
Headroom for unusual						
cash movements	53,377	80,000	90,000	100,000	100,000	100,000
Authorised Limit	203,729	224,998	233,503	242,143	237,840	234,229

Members are required to note that these authorised limits show the gross maximum borrowing for the year and, in year regulatory accounting changes which may affect the level of debt in the balance sheet as well as allow for any potential overdraft position and short-term borrowing for cashflow purposes. All of which will be counted against the overall borrowing. The authorised limit also provides headroom for any debt rescheduling which may occur during the year and any borrowing in advance of need.



The following graph shows projection of the CFR and borrowing.

Within the prudential indicators, there are a number of key indicators to ensure that the Council operates its activities within well-defined limits. One of these is that the Council should ensure that its gross debt does not (except in the short term) exceed the total of the CFR in the preceding year plus the estimates of any additional CFR for 2018/19 and the following two financial years. This allows some flexibility for limited early borrowing for future years, but ensures that borrowing is not undertaken for revenue purposes.

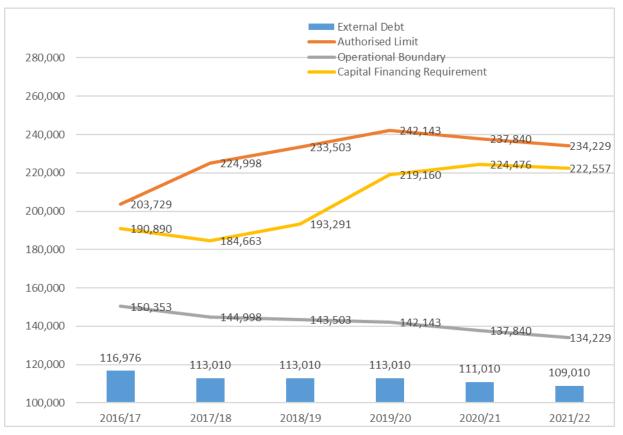
The Director of Corporate Services reports that the Council complied with this key prudential indicator in the current year and does not envisage difficulties for the future. This view takes into account current commitments, existing plans, and the proposals in the budget.

5.4 Treasury Management Limits on Activity

The table below shows the debt related treasury activity limits.

Members are asked to note that the maturity structure guidance changed in the CIPFA 2011 guidance notes for Lenders Option Borrowers Option (LOBO) Loans, the maturity dates is now deemed to be the next call date.

As interest rates begin to rise, it may be beneficial for the Council to go into some variable rate investments to avoid being locked into long-term investments at low rates in a period of rising interest rates or shorter duration borrowing to gain advantage of low rates.



	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
Interest Rate Exposures	Upper Estimate	Upper Estimate	Upper Estimate	Upper Estimate	Upper Estimate
Upper limit for fixed interest rates based on net debt	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Upper limit for variable interest rates based on net debt	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%
Limits on fixed interest rates: • Debt only • Investments only	100% 100%	100% 100%	100% 100%	100% 100%	100% 100%
Limits on variable interest rates Debt only 	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%
 Investments only 	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%

The table below shows the fixed and variable interest rate exposure

The table below shows the Limits on the Maturity Structure of Borrowing

	Maturity Structure of fixed interest rate borrowing 2018/19				•		
-					interest rate borrowing 2018/19		
	Actual at 05/12/2017	Lower	Upper		Actual 05/12/2017	Lower	Upper
Under 12 months	8.00%	0%	60%		0%	0%	50%
12 months to 2 years	0%	0%	60%		0%	0%	50%
2 years to 5 years	3.45%	0%	60%		0%	0%	50%
5 years to 10 years	23.59%	0%	80%		0%	0%	50%
10 years to 20 years	10.00%	0%	100%		0%	0%	50%
20 years to 30 years	14.39%	0%	100%		0%	0%	50%
30 years to 40 years	24.58%	0%	100%		0%	0%	50%
40 years to 50 years	15.99%	0%	100%		0%	0%	50%

Local Indicators

In setting the indicators below, the Council has taken into consideration investment risks and returns.

The table below shows target borrowing and investment rates

	2016/17 Actual %	2017/18 Estimate %	2018/19 Estimate %	2019/20 Estimate %	2020/21 Estimate %	2021/22 Estimate %
Average Investment Target Return	0.78%	0.84%	0.75%	0.75%	1.00%	1.25%
Average Investment Target – Property Fund	n/a	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%
Long Term Borrowing Target						
Current Portfolio	5.72%	5.72%	5.22%	5.22%	5.22%	5.22%

The average investment target return above is based on the expected target return for the stated periods.

5.5 Policy on Borrowing in Advance of Need

London Borough of Merton will not borrow more than, or in advance of its need, purely in order to profit from the investment of the extra sums borrowed.

Any decision to borrow in advance will be within forward approved CFR estimates, and will be considered carefully to ensure that value for money can be demonstrated and that the Council can ensure the security of such funds.

Borrowing in advance could be made within the constraints that:

- It will be limited to no more than 50% of the expected increase in borrowing need (CFR) over the three year planning period; and
- Would not look to borrow more than 24 months in advance of need. Where possible rates will be locked using forward borrowing to reduce the risk of the Council holding cash in low interest rate environment.

Risks associated with any borrowing in advance activity will be subject to prior appraisal and subsequent reporting through the mid-year or annual reporting mechanism. The probability of this happening is low.

However should the Council need to borrow in advance of need, then the following will apply.

Year 2018/19	Maximum Borrowing in advance No more than 50% of under borrowing requirement	Notes Borrowing in advance will be limited to no more than 50% of the expected increase in
2019/20	No more than 50% of under borrowing requirement	borrowing need (CFR) over the period of the approved Medium Term Capital Programme, a maximum of 2 years in advance to reduce
2020/21	No more than 50% of under borrowing requirement	carrying costs.
2021/22	No more than 50% of under borrowing requirement	

5.6. Debt Rescheduling

As short-term borrowing rates will be considerably cheaper than longer term fixed interest rates, there may be potential opportunities to generate savings by switching from long-term debt to short-term debt. However, these savings will need to be considered in the light of the current treasury position and the size of the cost of debt repayment (premiums incurred).

The reasons for any rescheduling to take place will include:

- the generation of cash savings and / or discounted cash flow savings;
- helping to fulfil the treasury strategy;

• enhance the balance of the portfolio (amend the maturity profile and/or the balance of volatility).

Consideration will also be given to identify if there is any residual potential for making savings by running down investment balances to repay debt prematurely as short term rates on investments are likely to be lower than rates paid on current debt.

All rescheduling will be reported to the Cabinet, at the earliest meeting following its action.

The following table shows the maturity profile of the Council's current debt as at December 2017.

Duration	£'000	% of Debt Portfolio
less than 1 year	*10,000	8.13
1 - 2 years	0	0.00
2 - 5 years	4,000	3.25
5 -10 years	31,010	25.21
10 -15 years	0	0.00
15- 20 years	12,500	10.17
20 - 25 years	0	0.00
25-30 years	13,500	10.97
30 - 35 years	0	0.00
35-40 years	32,000	26.01
40 -45 years	20,000	16.26
45-50 years	0	0
Total	123,010	100.00

* Short term loans which are excluded from the analysis in other tables apart from the cashflow statement.

All of the Council's LOBOs are past their non call period, however, should all LOBOs be called at their next interest due date then the maturity profile will be as shown in the table below, an event which is very unlikely in the current low interest rate environment.

Duration	£'000	% of Debt Portfolio
less than 1 year	*61,000	49.59
1 - 2 years	0	0
2 - 5 years	0	0.00
5 -10 years	26,510	21.55
10 -15 years	0	0.00
15- 20 years	3,500	2.85
20 - 25 years	0	0.00
25-30 years	0	0.00
30 - 35 years	0	0.00
35-40 years	32,000	26.01
40 -45 years	0	0.00
45-50 years	0	0.00
Total	123,010	100.00

* £10m Short term loans which are excluded from the analysis in other tables apart from the cashflow statement.

As short term borrowing rates will be considerably cheaper than longer term fixed interest rates, there may be potential opportunities to generate savings by switching from long term debt to short term debt. However, these savings will need to be considered in the light of the current treasury position and the size of the cost of debt repayment (premiums incurred).

The reasons for any rescheduling to take place will include:

- * the generation of cash savings and / or discounted cash flow savings;
- * helping to fulfil the treasury strategy;
- * enhancing the balance of the portfolio (amend the maturity profile and/or the balance of volatility).

Consideration will also be given to identify if there is any residual potential for making savings by running down investment balances to repay debt prematurely as short term rates on investments are likely to be lower than rates paid on current debt.

The Council tests the markets for redemption opportunities should they exist. The PWLB loans portfolio was elected for the early redemption review as at December 2017. A total loan value of £52m would incur redemption costs of £25million in addition to any accrued interest due.

The high cost of early redemption is not economically viable in current markets. However there may be cases where the Council is able to negotiate with the counterparty (**Appendix 1**).

The Director of Corporate Services will continue to review and identify any potential for making savings and provide Cabinet with updates when such opportunities arise. Any rescheduling activity will be reported to Cabinet at the earliest meeting following the transaction.

Use of Derivatives

The Council may use derivatives for risk management purposes in line with relevant statutory powers, recommended accounting practices and legal opinions on the use of derivatives by Local Authorities in the UK.

5.7 Borrowing Options

The Council will use a number of borrowing sources. These include the Public Works Loans Board (PWLB maturity, EIP or annuity loans), Market loans, Municipal Bond Agency, Retail Bonds, Loans from other Local Authorities and temporary loans. It is hoped that borrowing rates will be lower than those offered by the PWLB. The Council intends to make use of this new source of borrowing as and when appropriate.

5.8 Changes Which May Affect Treasury Management

- Future Regulatory Changes to Money Market Fund Valuation

Proposed EU legislative changes will require money market funds with constant net asset value to change to variable net asset value. This will mean that investors in the fund will be liable for their share of losses as a result of counterparty failure. Consultation continues on the expected changes.

- Proposed Changes to Leasing

Future changes to accounting for leasing may mean that the cost of service will increase along with increases in MRP and CFR which will affect the Council's underlying borrowing requirement. It is anticipated that there may be some impact on both capital and revenue income and the changes will require all leases to be included on the balance sheet and be measured on PV of future lease payments. The new lease standard (IFRS 13) issued in 2015 is not anticipated to be adopted until 2019/20.

- Municipal Bond Agency

It is possible that the Municipal Bond Agency will be offering loans to local authorities in the future. The Agency hopes that the borrowing rates will be lower than those offered by the Public Works Loan Board (PWLB). This Authority may make use of this new source of borrowing as and when appropriate.

- Future Challenges to Local Government Funding Future challenges to local government funding and their effect on cash flow remains a challenge.

6. ANNUAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY

6.1 Investment Policy

London Borough of Merton's investment policy has regard to the CLG's Guidance on Local Government Investments ("the Guidance") and the revised CIPFA Treasury Management in Public Services Code of Practice and Cross Sectoral Guidance Notes ("the CIPFA TM Code"). The Council's investment priorities will be security first, liquidity second, then return.

6.2 Investment Strategy

In-house funds: Investments will be made with reference to the core balance and cash flow requirements and the outlook for short-term interest rates (i.e. rates for investments up to 12 months).

Investment returns expectations

Bank Rate is forecast to stay flat at 0.50% until Q4, 2018 and not to rise above 1.25% by Q1 2021. Bank Rate forecasts for financial year ends (March) are:

- 2017/18 0.50%
- 2018/19 0.75%
- 2019/20 1.00%
- 2020/21 1.25%

The suggested budgeted investment earnings rates for returns on investments placed for periods up to about three months during each financial year are as follows:

	Now
2017/18	0.40%
2018/19	0.60%
2019/20	0.90%
2020/21	1.25%
2021/22	1.50%
2022/23	1.75%
2023/24	2.00%
Later years	2.75%

The overall balance of risks to these forecasts is currently skewed to the upside and are dependent on how strong GDP growth turns out, how quickly inflation pressures rise and how quickly the Brexit negotiations move forward positively.

6.3 Alternative Investment Instruments

The Council has in the past restricted its treasury activities to simple investment structures like fixed deposits and money market funds.

However, in the current market, regulatory and economic environment, the Council may be required to utilise various instruments. **Appendix 5** of this report gives a detailed overview of the types of instrument and investment options available to the Council.

The global financial crisis of 2008 led to a major overhaul of regulation, market practices and financial institutions across the world. The changes have been aimed at promoting greater transparency and investor confidence.

Some of these measures include more institution-level regulatory changes like stringent capital, leverage and liquidity requirements in addition to The European Union (EU) Directives on Bank Recovery and Resolution (BRRD) and Deposit Guarantee Schemes (DGSD) among a few are key in this reform. Although these changes are ultimately designed to make financial systems more robust, they are not expected to have a fundamental impact on insolvency creditor hierarchy.

Although the Council does not expect a fundamental change in type of instruments it uses in the delivery of its treasury management activities, a number of new instruments have been included to provide flexibility should there be changes in the economic environment which may warrant their use. As with any investment, there are varying degrees of risk associated with each instrument or investment options.

Should the Council decide to invest in any asset class a comprehensive analysis will be conducted to understand the associated risk and each instrument will be signed off by the Director of Corporate Services prior to any activity. **6.4 Investment Treasury Indicator and Limit** - total principal funds invested for greater than 364 days. These limits are set with regard to the Council's liquidity requirements and are based on the availability of funds after each year-end.

	31 Dec 2017 Actual £'m	2017/18 Estimate £'m	2018/19 Estimate £'m	2019/20 Estimate £'m	2020/21 Estimate £'m	2021/22 Estimate £'m
Estimated Principal sums invested greater than 364 days	5m	18m	40m	40m	30m	30m

In addition to fixed deposits, a number of other financial instruments like Property funds will fall under the category of investments with duration exceeding 364 days. In addition to using money market funds, call accounts and notice accounts, the Council will seek to utilise other liquid and transferable instruments like certificate of deposits and gilts for its cashflow balances.

6.5 Use of Specified and Non-Specified Investments

Investment instruments identified for use in the financial year are as follows:

Specified Investments

These are sterling investments of not more than one-year maturity, or those which could be for a longer period where the Council has the right to be repaid within 12 months if it wishes. These are considered low risk assets where the possibility of loss of principal or investment income is small. These would include sterling investments which would not be defined as capital expenditure by virtue of regulation 25(1)(d) of the Local Authorities (Capital Finance and Accounting) (England) Regulations 2003 [SI 3146 as amended with:

- The investment is denominated in sterling and any payments or repayments in respect of the investment are payable only in sterling;
- The investment is not a long-term investment;
- The making of the investment is not defined as capital expenditure]; and
- The investment is made with a body or in an investment scheme of high credit quality or with one of the following public-sector bodies:
 - The United Kingdom Government;
 - A local authority in England or Wales (as defined under section 23 of the 2003 Act).

Non-Specified Investments

Non-Specified investments are defined as those not meeting the above criteria and exceeding 365 days in duration.

6.6 Investment Risk Benchmarking

These benchmarks are simple guides to maximum risk, so they may be breached from time to time, depending on movements in interest rates and counterparty criteria. The purpose of the benchmark is that officers will monitor the current and trend position and amend the operational strategy to manage risk as conditions change Revenue Pressures -0.1% improvement on £20m is £20k income generated and the cost of no risk is lost revenue therefore risks must be balanced to the Council's risk appetite.

Security - The Council's maximum security risk benchmark for the current portfolio:

- Liquidity in respect of this area the Council seeks to maintain:
 - o Bank overdraft £1m
 - Liquid short-term deposits of around £5m or more available with one day access.

6.7 Risk Management and Creditworthiness Policy

This Council applies the creditworthiness service provided by Link Asset Services (formerly Capita Asset Services). This service employs a sophisticated modelling approach utilising credit ratings from the three main credit rating agencies - Fitch, Moody's and Standard and Poor's. The credit ratings of counterparties are supplemented with the following overlays:

- Credit watches and credit outlooks from credit rating agencies;
- CDS spreads to give early warning of likely changes in credit ratings;
- Sovereign ratings to select counterparties from only the most creditworthy countries.

This modelling approach combines credit ratings, credit Watches and credit Outlooks in a weighted scoring system which is then combined with an overlay of CDS spreads for which the end product is a series of colour coded bands which indicate the relative creditworthiness of counterparties. These colour codes are used by the Council to determine the suggested duration for investments. The Council will therefore use counterparties within the following durational bands:

- Yellow 5 years
- Dark pink 5 years for Enhanced money market funds (EMMFs) with a credit score of 1.25
- Light pink 5 years for Enhanced money market funds (EMMFs) with a credit score of 1.5
- Purple 2 years
- Blue 1 year (only applies to nationalised or semi nationalised UK Banks)
- Orange 1 year
- Red 6 months
- Green 100 days
- No colour not to be used

Y	Pi1	Pi2	Р	В	0	R	G	N/C
1	1.25	1.5	2	3	4	5	6	7
Up to 5yrs	Up to 5yrs	Up to 5yrs	Up to 2yrs	Up to 1yr	Up to 1yr	Up to 6mths	Up to 100days	No Colour

	Colour (and long	Money	Time
	term rating where applicable)	Limit	Limit
Banks	yellow	£35m	5yrs
Banks	purple	£25m	2 yrs
Banks	orange	£25m	1 yr
Banks – part nationalised	blue	£25m	1 yr
Banks	red	£10m	6 mths
Banks	green	£5m	100 days
Banks	No colour	Not to be used	
Limit 3 category – Council's banker	Lloyds bank	£5m	1 day
Other institutions limit	-	£5m	1yrs
DMADF	AAA	unlimited	6 months
Local authorities	n/a	£5m	1yrs
	Fund rating	Money	Time
		Limit	Limit
Money market funds	AAA	£35m	Instant
Enhanced money market funds with a credit score of 1.25	Dark pink / AAA	£25m	Instant
Enhanced money market funds with a credit score of 1.5	Light pink / AAA	£10m	Instant

The Link Asset Services' creditworthiness service uses a wider array of information than just primary ratings. Furthermore, by using a risk weighted scoring system, it does not give undue preponderance to just one agency's ratings.

Typically the minimum credit ratings criteria the Council use will be a Short Term rating (Fitch or equivalents) of F1 and a Long Term rating of A-. There may be occasions when the counterparty ratings from one rating agency are marginally lower than these ratings but may still be used. In these instances consideration will be given to the whole range of ratings available, or other topical market information, to support their use. All credit ratings will be monitored regularly. The Council is alerted to changes to ratings of all three agencies through its use of the Link Asset Services' creditworthiness service.

- if a downgrade results in the counterparty / investment scheme no longer meeting the Council's minimum criteria, its further use as a new investment will be withdrawn immediately.
- in addition to the use of credit ratings the Council will be advised of information in movements in credit default swap spreads against the iTraxx benchmark and other market data on a daily basis via its Passport website, provided exclusively to it by Link Asset Services. Extreme market movements may result in downgrade of an institution or removal from the Council's lending list.

Sole reliance will not be placed on the use of this external service. In addition this Council will also use market data and market information, information on any external support for banks to help support its decision making process.

6.8 Country and Sector Limits

The Council has determined that it will only use approved counterparties from countries with a minimum sovereign credit rating of AA- from Fitch (or equivalent). The list of countries that qualify using this credit criteria as at the date of this report are shown in **Appendix 3**. This list will be added to, or deducted from by officers should ratings change in accordance with this policy.

6.9 Banking Arrangements

The Council's bankers are Lloyds bank. The Council's bank accounts include some school accounts and client bank accounts managed as part of its Appointeeship role for residents that require this support. All schools are responsible for the management of their bank accounts.

From time to time the Council may open bank accounts with other banks for specific reasons, subject to approval by the Director of Corporate Services.

6.10 Lending to Community Organisations, Other Third Parties and RSLs - Any loans to or investments in third parties will be made under the Well Being powers of the Council conferred by section 2 of the Local Government Act 2000 or Localism Act of 2011.

The Well Being power can be exercised for the benefit of some or all of the residents or visitors to a local authority's area. The power may also be used to benefit organisations, schools, local enterprises, local companies or even individuals. Loans of this nature will be under exceptional circumstances and must be approved by Cabinet or by delegated authority to the Director of Corporate Services. Authorisation from the Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) will also be sought where applicable.

Where it is deemed necessary, additional guarantees will be sought. This will be via security against assets and/or through guarantees from a parent company. The Council will also consider other factors like the statutory powers in place, reasonableness of the investment, FCA, objective and revenue earnings for the Council, MRP requirements, accounting issues and categorisation of the expenditure as capital or revenue. In other instances, the Council may receive soft loans from government agencies.

6.11 Non-Treasury Investment Lending

The Council may be required to make policy investments for the good of its community by lending to local organisations and in some cases schools. Legal agreements are drawn which stipulate the terms of the loan which includes the ability of the organisation to make repayments. The Council may also lend to its wholly owned companies.

6.12 Comparative Reviews - The Council participates in various comparative and benchmarking clubs.

7. Cashflow Management

7.1 CIPFA requires all monies to be under the control of the responsible officer and for cashflow projections to be prepared on a regular and timely basis. Cashflow provides outline of operations. Actuals and forecast are recorded using Logotech systems. At the end of each day the net receipts and payments is either invested or borrowed to ensure that the Council's bank account is kept at a minimum.

Forecasts are based on best estimates which may slip due to unforeseen circumstances and the nature of large projects. The Council can borrow in advance of need if rates fall and borrowing becomes a lot more advantageous than it currently is.

7.2 Purchase and Corporate Credit Cards

The use of corporate credit cards like other accounts payable methods carries significant risks. The Director of Corporate Services is responsible for ensuring that the Council has appropriate controls in place to protect the Council's funds.

8. Policy on the use of External Service Providers

The Council recognises CIPFA's guidance on Treasury Management that the responsibility for Treasury Management cannot be delegated outside the authority and recognises that any external service provider used by the Council is to support the in-house Treasury Management function. The Council will ensure that the terms of their appointment and the methods by which their value will be assessed are properly agreed and documented, and subjected to regular review. The Council is aware of the CIPFA Treasury Management Advisors Regulation and Services issued in March 2010.

The Council is also mindful of the requirements of the Bribery Act 2011 as amended in its dealings with external providers. A copy of the Council's policy can be found in the link below.

http://www.merton.gov.uk/democratic_services/w-agendas/w-nonexecreports/1115.pdf

9. Training

A key outcome of the recent investigations into Local Authority investments is the need to ensure that all relevant Treasury Management staff receive appropriate training and knowledge in relation to these activities. Training is provided in-house on the job, via CIPFA seminars and training courses, treasury adviser seminars and training courses and sometimes counterparties conduct training. In addition, members of the team attend national forums and practitioner user groups.

10. The Localism Act

10.1 A key element of the Act is the "General Power of Competence": "A local authority has power to do anything that individuals generally may do." CIPFA emphasise that where the legality of the use of derivatives is confirmed, then there is a need for a framework for their use. The Council currently does not use derivatives. Should the need for the use of derivatives arise as a requirement for managing its interest rate exposure or hedging its investments, the Council will take legal advice and report to members before use.

11. Treasury Management Practices

11.1 The 2011 Code reinforces a framework of 12 Treasury Management practices (TMPs), which define the manner in which authorities seek to achieve the policies and objectives outlined in their Treasury Management policy statement. The Council's detailed Treasury Management practices approved in March 2012/13 can be found on the Council's intranet. An updated version is included as **Appendix 5**

12. Appendices

12.1 Appendix 1– Early Repayment of Debt Estimate

Appendix 2 – Policy Investments (Non-Treasury Management Investments)

Appendix 3 – Approved Countries for Investment

Appendix 4 – The Treasury Management Role of the S151 Officer

Appendix 5 – Treasury Management Practices 2018/19

Appendix 6 – Prudential Indicators for 2017/18 to 2020/21

Appendix 7 – Glossary

Appendix 8 – Cashflow Forecast

13. Background Papers

- CIPFA Prudential Code for Capital Finance in Local Authorities 2013 Edition
- 2017/18 Treasury Management Strategy report
- The Guide to Local Government Finance (2013 Edition) Module 4: Treasury Management
- CIPFA Practical Considerations in Using Financial Instruments to Manage Risk in the Public Sector
- London Borough of Merton Capital Strategy 2018/22

Internal Reference		Last Date	Loop Stort	Loan Term	Loan	Loan Principal	Loan	Term left on	Next Interest Due	Discount	Accrued Interest to 30 Nov	Dromium/	
No.	Lender	Interest was Paid	Loan Start Date	(yrs)	Maturity Date	Outstanding (£)	Rate (%)	Loan (Yrs)	Date	Discount Rate (%)	2017 (£)	Premium/ Discount (£)	Total Due (£)
1000484711	PWLB	31/10/2017	13/11/2000	24	31/10/2024	5,000,000	5.000	6.9	30/04/2018	0.89	28,767.12	1,369,386.87	6,398,153.99
1000484981	PWLB	31/10/2017	30/11/2000	24	31/10/2024	1,500,000	4.750	6.9	30/04/2018	0.89	8,198.63	385,827.25	1,894,025.88
1005489969	PWLB	20/11/2017	20/05/2005	30	20/05/2035	2,500,000	4.450	17.4	20/05/2018	1.69	6,705.48	1,038,441.13	3,545,146.61
1005490706	PWLB	21/11/2017	21/11/2005	26	21/11/2031	1,000,000	4.250	13.9	21/05/2018	1.51	2,445.21	343,322.01	1,345,767.22
1005490967	PWLB	25/07/2017	10/01/2006	50	25/07/2055	10,000,000	3.950	37.6	25/01/2018	1.64	151,506.85	6,465,579.57	16,617,086.42
1005490976	PWLB	25/07/2017	10/01/2006	50	25/07/2055	5,000,000	3.950	37.6	25/01/2018	1.64	75,753.42	3,232,789.79	8,308,543.21
1006491475	PWLB	28/10/2017	28/04/2006	45.5	28/10/2051	7,000,000	4.400	33.8	28/04/2018	1.71	37,972.60	4,826,644.11	11,864,616.71
1097480120	PWLB	30/09/2017	15/10/1997	25.5	31/03/2023	310,000	6.625	5.3	31/03/2018	0.72	4,107.50	95,019.86	409,127.36
1097480121	PWLB	30/09/2017	15/10/1997	26.5	31/03/2024	12,000,000	6.500	6.3	31/03/2018	0.83	156,000.00	4,167,798.32	16,323,798.32
1097480232	PWLB	30/09/2017	11/11/1997	26.5	31/03/2024	1,700,000	6.750	6.3	31/03/2018	0.83	22,950.00	616,471.52	2,339,421.52
1098480925	PWLB	31/10/2017	30/04/1998	26	30/04/2024	6,000,000	5.875	6.4	30/04/2018	0.83	40,561.64	1,878,553.71	7,919,115.35
						52,010,000					534,968.45	24,419,834.14	76,964,802.59

PWLB loan Early Redemption Estimates at 30 November 2017

APPENDIX 2 – Policy Investments (Non-Treasury Management Investments)

Туре	Duration	
Joint Development Companies	One month to 10 years	Subject to specific terms
Loans to Registered Landlords	One month to 5 years	Subject to specific terms
Open Loan Facility to RCL's with an affiliation with Merton	One month to 5 years	Subject to specific terms
Loans to wholly owned companies	One month to 30 years	Subject to specific terms
Loan to any other type of organisation	One month to 10 years	Subject to specific terms

APPENDIX 3 – APPROVED COUNTRIES FOR INVESTMENTS (as at 30 November 2017)

Below is the current list of approved countries for investments for use by the Council's treasury team. The countries on the Council's approved list may change from time to time as Sovereign ratings change.

This list is based on those countries which have sovereign ratings of AA- or higher and also, (except - at the time of writing - for Norway and Luxembourg), have banks operating in sterling markets which have credit ratings of green or above in the Link Asset Services credit worthiness service.

AAA

- Australia
- Canada
- Denmark
- Germany
- Luxembourg
- Netherlands
- Norway
- Singapore
- Sweden
- Switzerland

AA+

- Finland
- U.K.
- U.S.A.

AA

- Abu Dhabi (UAE)
- France
- Qatar

AA-

Belgium

APPENDIX 4

Treasury Management Role of the Section 151 Officer

The S151 Officer (Director of Corporate Services)

- recommending clauses, Treasury Management policy / practices for approval, reviewing the same regularly, and monitoring compliance;
- submitting regular Treasury Management policy reports;
- submitting budgets and budget variations;
- receiving and reviewing management information reports;
- reviewing the performance of the Treasury Management function;
- ensuring the adequacy of Treasury Management resources and skills, and the effective division of responsibilities within the Treasury Management function;
- ensuring the adequacy of internal audit, and liaising with external audit;
- recommending the appointment of Treasury Management external service providers.
- Approval of appropriate money market funds for the Council to invest in.

APPENDIX 5

LONDON BOROUGH OF MERTON TREASURY MANAGEMENT PRACTICES 2018/19

TMP 1: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Director of Corporate Services – the responsible officer will implement and monitor all arrangements for the identification, management and control of treasury management risk, will report at least annually on the adequacy / suitability thereof, and will report, as a matter of urgency, the circumstances of any actual or likely difficulty in achieving the organisation's objectives in this respect, all in accordance with the procedures set out in TMP6 Reporting requirements and management information arrangements. In respect of each of the following risks, the arrangements which seek to ensure compliance with these objectives are set out in the schedule to this document.

1.1 Credit and Counterparty Risk Management

The Council regards a key objective of its treasury management activities to be the security of the principal sums it invests. Accordingly, it will ensure that its counterparty lists and limits reflect a prudent attitude towards organisations with which funds may be deposited, and will limit its investment activities to the instruments, methods and techniques referred to in TMP4 Approved Instruments Methods and Techniques and listed in the schedule to this document. It also recognises the need to have, and will therefore maintain, a formal counterparty policy in respect of those organisations from which it may borrow, or with whom it may enter into other financing or derivative arrangements.

Policy on the use of credit risk analysis techniques

- The Council will use credit criteria in order to select creditworthy counterparties for placing investments with.
- Credit ratings will be used as supplied from all three rating agencies Fitch, Moody's and Standard & Poor's.
- Treasury management consultants will provide regular updates of changes to all ratings relevant to the Council.
- The treasury manager will formulate suitable criteria for assessing and monitoring the credit risk of investment counterparties and shall construct a lending list comprising maturity periods, type, group, sector, country and counterparty limits.

1.2 Liquidity Risk Management

The Council will ensure it has adequate, though not excessive cash resources, borrowing arrangements, overdraft or standby facilities to enable it, at all times, to have the level of funds available to it which are necessary for the achievement of its business/service objectives. The Council will only borrow in advance of need where there is a clear business

case for doing so and will only do so for the current capital programme or to finance future debt maturities.

The treasury management team shall seek to minimise the balance held in the Council's main bank accounts at the close of each working day. Borrowing or lending shall be arranged in order to achieve this aim. At the end of each financial day any unexpected surplus funds are transferred to the main bank account.

Bank overdraft arrangements – A £1 million net overdraft at 2% over base rate on debit balances has been agreed as part of the banking services contract. The overdraft is assessed on a group basis for the Council's accounts. Separate facilities are available for the Pension Fund bank account.

- Short-term borrowing facilities The Council accesses temporary loans through approved brokers on the London money market.
- b. Special payments

Where an urgent clearing house automated payment system (CHAPS) payment is required, a CHAPS payment request form must be completed and forwarded to the Head of Transactional Services who then checks for correct required signatures and supporting paperwork. Further guidance can be found on the Council's intranet.

c. Inter account transfer

From time to time, transactions occur between the Pension Fund and the Council. Reimbursement where necessary is by inter-account transfers between both bank accounts.

1.3 Interest Rate Risk Management and use of Derivatives

The Council will manage its exposure to fluctuations in interest rates with a view to containing its interest costs, or securing its interest revenues, in accordance with the amounts provided in its budgetary arrangements as amended in accordance with TMP6 Reporting requirements and management information arrangements. It will achieve this by the prudent use of its approved financing and investment instruments, methods and techniques, primarily to create stability and certainty of costs and revenues, but at the same time retaining a sufficient degree of flexibility to take advantage of unexpected, potentially advantageous changes in the level or structure of interest rates. This should be the subject to the consideration and, if required, approval of any policy or budgetary implications.

The Council does not use derivatives, the Council's S151 Officer will ensure that any hedging tools such as derivatives are only used for the management of risk and the prudent management of financial affairs and that the policy for the use of derivatives when used will be clearly stated to members. The treasury management strategy has full details of interest rate exposure limits.

Policies concerning the use of instruments for interest rate management.

• Forward Dealing

Consideration will be given to dealing for forward periods depending on market conditions. When forward dealing is more than a 364 day period forward, the approval of the Director of Corporate Services is required.

Callable Deposits

The council may use callable deposits as part as of its Annual Investment Strategy (AIS). The credit criteria and maximum periods are set out in the Schedule of Specified and Non Specified Investments appended to the AIS.

Policy on Use of Lender's Option Borrower's Option (LOBO) Loans

LOBOs give the lender the option to propose an increase in the interest rate at predetermined dates, and the borrower, the option to accept the new rate **or** redeem the loan without penalty.

Use of LOBOs is considered as part of the Council's annual borrowing strategy. All long-term borrowing must be approved by the S151 Officer.

1.4 Exchange Rate Risk Management

Occasionally, the Council has to make foreign exchange payments, the Council will manage its exposure to fluctuations in exchange rates so as to minimise any detrimental impact on its budgeted income/expenditure.

1.5 Refinancing Risk Management

The Council will ensure that its borrowing, private financing and partnership arrangements are negotiated, structured and documented, and the maturity profile of the monies raised are managed, with a view to obtaining offer terms at renewal or refinancing, if required, which are competitive and as favourable to the organisation as can reasonably be achieved in the light of market conditions prevailing at the time.

The Council will actively manage the relationships with counterparties in such a manner as to secure the above objective, and will avoid overreliance on any one source of funding if this might jeopardise achievement of the above.

The Council will establish through its Prudential and Treasury Indicators the amount of debt maturing in any year. Any debt rescheduling will be considered when the difference between the refinancing rate and the redemption rate is most advantageous and the situation will be continually monitored in order to take advantage of any perceived anomalies in the yield curve. The reasons for rescheduling include:

- a) to generate cash savings at minimum risk;
- b) to reduce the average interest rate; and
- c) to amend the maturity profile and/or the balance of volatility of the debt portfolio

Any rescheduling will be reported to the Council at the meeting immediately following the action.

1.6 Legal and Regulatory Risk Management

The Council will ensure that all of its treasury management activities comply with its statutory powers and regulatory requirements. It will demonstrate such compliance, if required to do so, to all parties with whom it deals in such activities. In framing its credit and counterparty policy under TMP1 1.1 Credit and Counterparty Risk Management, it will ensure that there is evidence of counterparties powers, authority and compliance in respect of the transactions they may effect with the organisation, particularly with regard to duty of care and fees charged.

The Council recognises that future legislative or regulatory changes may impact on its treasury management activities and, so far as it is reasonably able to do so, will seek to minimise the risk of these impacting adversely on the organisation.

The Council will ensure that its treasury management activities comply fully with legal statute, guidance, Codes of Practice and the regulations of the Council.

The Council's powers to borrow and invest are contained in the Local Government Act 2003, section 12 and Local Government Act 2003, section 1. The treasury management scheme of delegation is contained in the Corporate Services Scheme of Delegation. This document contains the officers who are authorised signatories. The Council's monitoring officer is the Assistant Director Corporate Resources while the S151 Officer is the Director of Corporate Services.

1.7 Fraud, Error and Corruption, and Contingency Management

Treasury tasks are segregated and adequate internal checks have been implemented to minimise risks and fraud. Procedures are documented and staff will not be allowed to take up treasury management activities until they have had proper training and are subject to an adequate and appropriate level of supervision.

Records will be maintained of all treasury management transactions so that there is a full audit trail and evidence of the appropriate checks being carried out. Periodic backups will be made to ensure contingency of systems is available.

Details of Systems and Procedures to be Followed, Including Internet Services

The Council uses Logotech Treasury systems as its treasury management recording tool.

- The Corporate Services Scheme of Delegation sets out the delegation of duties to officers and the Council's constitution details delegated authority of treasury management to the Section 151 Officer.
- All loans and investments are negotiated by the Treasury Manager or other authorised persons.
- All long-term loans must be authorised by the Section 151 Officer.

1.8 Market Risk Management

The Council will seek to ensure that its stated treasury management policies and objectives will not be compromised by adverse market fluctuations in the value of the principal sums it invests, and will accordingly seek to protect it from the effects of such fluctuations. This is controlled mainly by setting limits on investment instruments where the principal value can fluctuate. The limits are detailed in the Treasury Management Strategy

TMP 1: SCHEDULE 1 – SPECIFIED AND NON SPECIFIED INVESTMENTS

This is included in the Treasury Management Strategy.

TMP 2: PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENT

2.1 Evaluation and Review of Treasury Management Decisions

Periodic Review During the Financial Year

The Director of Corporate Services will hold treasury management review meetings with the Treasury Manager, periodically or as required to review actual activity against the Treasury Management Strategy Statement (TMSS) and cashflow forecasts. This will include:

- Total debt (both on-and off- balance sheet) including average rate and maturity profile.
- Total investments including average rate and maturity profile and changes to the above from the previous review and against the TMSS.
- Cashflow forecast against the actual.

Annual Review After the end of the Financial Year

Annual Treasury Report will be submitted to the Full Council each year after the close of the financial year.

Comparative Review

Each year or on a quarterly basis, comparative review is undertaken to see how the Council's performance on debt and investments compares to other authorities with similar size portfolios (but allowing for the fact that Prudential and Treasury Indicators are set locally). Such reviews are: -

- CIPFA Treasury Management statistics published each year for the last complete financial year
- CIPFA Benchmarking Club
- CIPFA Risk Study
- Other

2.2 Benchmarks and Calculation Methodology

2.2.1 Debt management

- Average rate on all external debt
- Average rate on external debt borrowed in previous financial year
- Average period to maturity of external debt
- Average period to maturity of new loans in previous year

2.2.2 Investment

The performance of investment earnings will be measured against any of the following benchmarks:

 In-house benchmark and when necessary other benchmarks such as Bank of England base rate, 7-day LIBID uncompounded, 7-day LIBID compounded weekly, 1-month LIBID and 3-month LIBID compounded quarterly

Performance will also be measured against other local authority funds with similar benchmark and parameters managed by other fund managers using the CIPFA treasury management benchmark service.

2.3 Policy Concerning Methods for Testing Value-for-money in Treasury Management

The process for advertising and awarding contracts will be in-line with the Council's Contract Standing Orders and procurement guidelines.

2.3.1 Money-broking Services

From time to time, the Council will use money-broking services in order to make deposits or to borrow, and will establish charges for all services prior to using them. An approved list of firm of brokers is maintained by the Treasury Manager. The list takes account of both prices and quality of service. No firm of brokers will be given undue preference.

2.3.2 Consultants / Advisers Services

The Council's treasury management adviser is Link Asset Services (formerly Capita Asset Services).

TMP 3: DECISION-MAKING AND ANALYSIS

3.1 Funding, Borrowing, Lending, and New Instruments/Techniques

3.1.1 Records to be kept

The following records will be retained:

- Daily cash balance forecasts for the day and previous day
- Money market deal booking and deal approval confirmation emails
- Dealing slips for all investment and borrowing transactions

- Brokers' confirmations for all investment and temporary borrowing transactions made through brokers
- Confirmations from borrowing / lending institutions including money market fund portals
- PWLB loan confirmations
- PWLB interest due schedule
- Certificates for market loans, local bonds and other loans
- Deal confirmation letters for deals over one month
- Banking and other contract documents which the treasury team has responsibility for.

3.1.2 Processes to be pursued

- Cashflow analysis
- Debt and investment maturity analysis
- Ledger/Logotech/Bank reconciliations
- Review of counterparty limits in addition to monitoring of counterparties
- Review of opportunities for debt restructuring
- Review of borrowing requirement to finance capital expenditure (and other forms of financing where those offer value for money)
- Performance information (e.g. monitoring of actuals against budget for debt charges, interest earned, debt management; also monitoring of average pool rate, investment returns, etc)
- Treasury contracts management

3.1.3 Issues to be addressed

3.1.3.1 In respect of all treasury management decisions made the Council will:

- a) Above all be clear about the nature and extent of the risks to which the Council may become exposed
- b) Be certain about the legality of the decision reached and the nature of the transaction, and that all authorities to proceed have been obtained
- Be content that the documentation is adequate both to deliver the Council's objectives and protect the Council's interests, and to deliver good housekeeping
- d) Ensure that third parties are judged satisfactory in the context of the council's creditworthiness policies, and that limits have not been exceeded
- e) Be content that the terms of any transactions have been fully checked against the market, and have been found to be competitive; and
- f) Ensure that adequate investigation on security of the Council's funds has been conducted

3.1.3.2 In respect of borrowing and other funding decisions, the Council will:

- a) Consider the ongoing revenue liabilities created, and the implications for the organisation's future plans and budgets
- b) Evaluate the economic and market factors that might influence the manner and timing of any decision to fund
- Consider the merits and demerits of alternative forms of funding, including funding from revenue, use of reserves, leasing and private partnerships; and
- d) Consider the alternative interest rate bases available, the most appropriate periods to fund and repayment profiles to use.

3.1.3.3 In respect of investment decisions, the Council will:

- a) Consider the optimum period, in the light of cash flow availability and prevailing market conditions; and
- b) Consider the alternative investment products and techniques available, especially the implications of using any which may expose the Council to changes in the value of its capital

TMP 4: APPROVED INSTRUMENTS, METHODS AND TECHNIQUES

4.1 Approved Activities of the Treasury Management Operation

- Borrowing;
- · Lending;
- · Debt repayment and rescheduling;
- Consideration, approval and use of new financial instruments and treasury management techniques;
- Managing the underlying risk associated with the Council's capital financing and surplus funds activities;
- Managing cash flow;
- Banking activities;
- Use of external fund managers (other than Pension Fund)
- Leasing;
- Undertaking all treasury management activities for the Pension Fund including its strategy setting.

4.2 Approved Instruments for Investments

English and Welsh authorities: The Annual Investment Strategy has a list of approved instruments.

4.3 Approved Techniques

- . Forward dealing
- LOBOs Lender's Option, Borrower's Option borrowing instrument
- Structured products such as callable deposits

4.4 Approved Methods and Sources of Raising Capital Finance

Finance will only be raised in accordance with the Local Government Act 2003 and within this limit the Council has a number of approved methods and sources of raising capital finance. These are:

On Balance Sheet	Fixed	Variable
PWLB	•	•
EIB	•	•
Market (long-term)	•	•
Market (temporary)	•	•
Market (LOBOs)	•	•
Bonds administered by the Municipal Bond Agency	•	•
Stock issues	•	•
Local (temporary)	٠	•
Local Bonds	٠	
Overdraft		٠
Negotiable Bonds	٠	•
Internal (capital receipts & revenue balances)	٠	•
Commercial Paper	٠	
Medium Term Notes	٠	
Leasing (not operating leases)	٠	•
Deferred Purchase	٠	٠

Other Methods of Financing

Government and EC Capital Grants Lottery monies PFI/PPP Operating and Finance leases Revenue Contributions

Borrowing will only be done in British Pound Sterling. All forms of funding will be considered dependent on the prevailing economic climate, regulations and local considerations. The Director of Corporate Services has delegated powers in accordance with Financial Regulations, Standing Orders and Scheme of Delegation to Officers to take the most appropriate form of borrowing from the approved sources.

4.5 Investment Limits

The Annual Investment Strategy sets out the limits and the guidelines for use of each type of investment instrument.

4.6 Borrowing Limits

The Treasury Management Strategy Statement and Prudential and Treasury Indicators state all appropriate limits.

TMP 5: ORGANISATION, CLARITY AND SEGREGATION OF RESPONSIBILITIES, AND DEALING ARRANGEMENTS

5.1 Allocation of Responsibilities

(i) Council (Budget)

- Receiving and reviewing reports on treasury management policy, practice and activity; and
- Approval of annual strategy

(ii) Cabinet

- Approval of/amendments to the Council's adopted clauses, treasury management policy statement and treasury management practice;
- Budget consideration and approval;
- Approval of the division of responsibilities; and
- Receiving and reviewing regular monitoring reports and acting on recommendations.

(iii) Overview and Scrutiny Commission (Financial Monitoring Task Group)

 Reviewing all treasury management reports and making recommendations to the Cabinet

5.2 Principles and Practices Concerning Segregation of Duties

5.2.1 The following duties are undertaken by separate officers: -

Tasks	Duties	Responsible Officer
Dealing	Negotiation and approval of deal	Treasury manager
	Entering of deal into Logotech	Treasury manager/ Fund officer
	 Sending confirmation letter to counterparty (to be signed by authorised signatory) 	Treasury manager/Fund officer
	 Checking of brokers and counterparty confirmation notes against Logotech 	Fund officer
	 Reconciliation of FMIS Codes and reconciliation to bank statement Sign off of reconciliations 	Fund officer Treasury manager Fund officer
_		

Accounting Entry	•	Processing of accounting entry into FMIS (bank reconciliation team)	Bank reconciliation team
Authorisation / Payment of	•	Inputting CHAPS on Lloyds link	Treasury manager/Fund
Deal		Approval of CHAPS on Lloyds link and CHAPS form authorisation	officer
			Authorisers per bank mandate

5.3 Statement of the Treasury Management Duties/Responsibilities of Each Treasury Post

5.3.1 Responsible Officer

The Responsible Officer is the person charged with professional responsibility for the treasury management function and in this Council it is the Director of Corporate Services and is also the S151 Officer This person or delegated persons will carry out the following duties: -

- a) Recommending clauses, treasury management policy / practices for approval, reviewing the same regularly, and monitoring compliance
- b) Submitting regular treasury management policy reports
- c) Submitting budgets and budget variations
- d) Receiving and reviewing management information reports
- e) Reviewing the performance of the treasury management function
- f) Ensuring the adequacy of treasury management resources and skills, and the effective division of responsibilities within the treasury management function
- g) Ensuring the adequacy of internal audit, and liaising with external audit
- h) Recommending the appointment of external service providers.
- i) The Responsible Officer has delegated powers through this policy to take the most appropriate form of borrowing from the approved sources, and to make the most appropriate form of investments in approved instruments.
- j) The Responsible Officer may delegate her power to borrow and invest to members of her staff. The Treasury Manager, the fund officer. Treasury management team staff must conduct all dealing transactions, or staff authorised by the responsible officer to act as temporary cover for leave / sickness.
- k) The Responsible Officer will ensure that Treasury Management Policy is adhered to, and if not will bring the matter to the attention of elected members as soon as possible.
- Prior to entering into any capital financing, lending or investment transaction, it is the responsibility of the responsible officer to be satisfied, by reference to the Council's legal department and external advisors as appropriate, that

the proposed transaction does not breach any statute, external regulation or the Council's Financial Regulations

m) It is also the responsibility of the responsible officer to ensure that the Council complies with the requirements of The Non-Investment Products Code (formerly known as The London Code of Conduct) for principals and broking firms in the wholesale markets.

5.3.2 Treasury Manager

The responsibilities of this post will be: -

- a) Drafting the treasury management strategy and annual report
- b) Execution of transactions
- c) Adherence to agreed policies and practices on a day-to-day basis
- d) Maintaining relationships with counterparties and external service providers
- e) Supervising treasury management staff
- f) Monitoring performance on a day-to-day basis
- g) Submitting management information reports to the Responsible Officer; and
- h) Identifying and recommending opportunities for improved practices

5.3.3 Head of the Paid Service – the Chief Executive

The responsibilities of this post will be: -

- a) Ensuring that the system is specified and implemented; and
- Ensuring that the Responsible Officer reports regularly to the full Council / Cabinet or General Purpose Committee on treasury policy, activity and performance.

5.3.4 Monitoring Officer

The responsibilities of this post will be: -

- a) Ensuring compliance by the Responsible Officer with the treasury management policy statement and treasury management practice and that they comply with the law
- b) Being satisfied that any proposal to vary treasury policy or practice complies with law or any code of practice; and
- c) Giving advice to the Responsible Officer when advice is sought

5.3.5 Internal Audit

The responsibilities of Internal Audit will be: -

- a) Reviewing compliance with approved policy and treasury management practice
- b) Reviewing division of duties and operational practice
- c) Assessing value for money from treasury activity; and
- d) Undertaking probity audit of the treasury function

5.4 Absence Cover Arrangements

Cover for treasury management staff will be to specific delegated staff.

5.5 Dealing Limits

- No investment deal must exceed £5million per transaction
- No borrowing deal at any point in time must exceed £10 million except when existing loans are being repaid.

5.6 List of Approved Brokers

A list of approved brokers is maintained by the Treasury team and a record of all transactions conducted with them can be obtained from Logotech.

Policy on Brokers' Services

It is the Council's policy to rotate business between brokers.

5.7 Policy on Taping of Conversations

The Council currently does not tape conversations with brokers **but** ensures that confirmations are received from counterparties.

5.8 Direct Dealing Practices

The Council will deal direct with counterparties if it is appropriate and the Council believes that better terms will be available. There are certain types of accounts and facilities, however, where direct dealing is required, as follows;

- Business Reserve Accounts
- Call Accounts
- Money Market Funds
- · Gilt/CD purchase via custodian; and
- Fixed period account e.g. 15-day fixed period account

5.9 Settlement Transmission Procedures

A confirmation letter signed by an authorised signatory per the Council's bank mandate must be sent to the counterparty if the deal period exceeds one month. Copy of forms folder located in H:/techaccy/treasury/Daily Treasury for PF

For payments, any transfer to be made via Lloyds link CHAPS system must be completed by 2.00 p.m. on the same day to ensure it is authorised. Money market funds may have earlier cut-off time/deadlines.

5.10 Documentation Requirements

For each deal undertaken, a record should be prepared giving details of dealer, amount, period, counterparty, interest rate, dealing date, payment date(s), broker and confirmation fax, email or letter.

5.11 Arrangements Concerning the Management of Third-Party Funds.

The Council holds a number of trust funds, appointeeship and custody bank accounts. The cash in respect of these funds is held in the Council's bank account but transactions are separately coded.

TMP 6: REPORTING REQUIREMENTS AND MANAGEMENT INFORMATION ARRANGEMENTS

6.1 Annual Treasury Management Strategy Statement

- 1. The Treasury Management Strategy Statement sets out the specific expected treasury activities for the forthcoming financial year. This strategy will be submitted to the cabinet and then to the Council (budget) for approval before the commencement of each financial year.
- 2. The formulation of the annual Treasury Management Strategy Statement involves determining the appropriate borrowing and investment decisions in the light of the anticipated movement in both fixed and shorter-term variable interest rates. For instance, this Council may decide to postpone borrowing if fixed interest rates are expected to fall, or borrow early if fixed interest rates are expected to rise.
- 3. The Treasury Management Strategy Statement is concerned with the following elements:
 - a) Prudential and Treasury Indicators
 - b) Current Treasury portfolio position
 - c) Borrowing requirement
 - d) Prospects for interest rates
 - e) Borrowing strategy
 - f) Policy on borrowing in advance of need
 - g) Debt rescheduling
 - h) Investment strategy
 - i) Creditworthiness policy
 - j) Policy on the use of external service providers
 - k) Any extraordinary treasury issue
 - I) MRP strategy
- 4. The Treasury Management Strategy Statement will establish the expected move in interest rates against alternatives.

6.2 Annual Investment Strategy Statement

At the same time as the Council receives the Treasury Management Strategy Statement it will also receive a report on the Annual Investment Strategy which will set out the following: -

- a) The Council's risk appetite in respect of security, liquidity and optimum performance
- b) Which specified and non specified instruments the Council will use
- c) The Council's policy on the use of credit ratings and other credit risk analysis techniques to determine creditworthy counterparties for its approved lending list
- d) Which credit rating agencies the Council will use
- e) How the Council will deal with changes in ratings, rating watches and rating outlooks

- f) Limits for individual counterparties and group limits
- g) Country limits
- h) Levels of cash balances
- i) Interest rate outlook
- j) Budget for investment earnings
- k) Policy on the use of external service providers

6.3 Annual Minimum Revenue Provision Statement

This statement sets out how the Council will make revenue provision for repayment of its borrowing using the four options for so doing and will be submitted at the same time as the Annual Treasury Management Strategy Statement.

6.4 Policy on Prudential and Treasury Indicators

- 1. The Council approves before the beginning of each financial year a number of treasury limits which are set through Prudential and Treasury Indicators.
- 2. The Responsible Officer is responsible for incorporating these limits into the Annual Treasury Management Strategy Statement, and for ensuring compliance with the limits. Should it prove necessary to amend these limits, the Responsible Officer shall submit the changes for approval to the full Council.

6.5 Other Reporting

- Annual report on treasury management activity
- Other management information reports

TMP 7: BUDGETING, ACCOUNTING AND AUDIT ARRANGEMENTS

7.1 Statutory / Regulatory Requirements

The accounts are drawn up in accordance with IFRS. The Council has adopted in full the principles set out in CIPFA's 'Treasury Management in the Public Services - Code of Practice' (the 'CIPFA Code'), together with those of its specific recommendations that are relevant to the Council's treasury management activity.

TMP 8: CASH AND CASHFLOW MANAGEMENT

8.1 Arrangements for Preparing Cashflow

Cashflow projections are prepared annually, monthly and daily. The annual and monthly cash flow projections are prepared from the previous year's cashflow records, adjusted for known changes in levels of income and expenditure, new grant allocations and changes in payments and receipts dates. These details are supplemented on an ongoing basis by information received of new or revised amounts to be paid or received as and when they are known. Logotech is used to record cashflow.

8.2 Bank Statements Procedures

The Council receives daily bank statements on a daily basis, download into the folder below. Estimates on Logotech cashflow is updated with actuals from bank statement. H:\TECHACCY\TREASURY\Daily Treasury for GF General Fund Daily

TMP 9: MONEY LAUNDERING

9.1 Proceeds of Crime Act 2002 and Amendments

See Council's website and intranet for money laundering process and associated policies

http://intranet/anti_money_laundering_policy.pdf

9.2 The Terrorism Act 2000 and Amendment order

See Council's website and staff intranet on policy. Staff should note that all individuals and businesses in the UK have an obligation to report knowledge, reasonable grounds for belief or suspicion about the proceeds from, or finance likely to be used for, terrorism or its laundering, where it relates to information that comes to them in the course of their business or employment.

9.3 The Money Laundering Regulations 2007 and Updates

The Council's money laundering officer is the Head of Audit. See Council's website and intranet for details http://intranet/anti_money_laundering_policy.pdf

Treasury management and banking staff are required to familiarise themselves with all money laundering regulations.

9.4 **Procedures for Establishing Identity / Authenticity of Lenders**

It is not a requirement under Proceeds of Crime Act (POCA) for local authorities to require identification from every person or organisation it deals with. However, in respect of treasury management transactions, the Council does not accept loans from individuals except during a bond issue.

All loans are obtained from the PWLB, other local authorities or from authorised institutions under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000. This register can be accessed through the FCA website on **www.fca.gov.uk**.

9.5 Methodologies for identifying Deposit Takers

Other than those organisations mentioned in para section 6.10 and Appendix 2 of the treasury strategy, in the course of its Treasury activities, the Council will only lend money to or invest with those counterparties that are on its approved lending list.

These will be local authorities, the PWLB, Bank of England and authorised deposit takers under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000. The FCA Register can be accessed through their website on www.fca.gov.uk.

All transactions will be carried out by CHAPS, faster payments or BACS for making deposits or repaying loans.

TMP 10: TRAINING AND QUALIFICATIONS

The Council recognises that relevant individuals will need appropriate levels of training in treasury management due to its increasing complexity.

All treasury management staff should receive appropriate training relevant to the requirements of their duties at the appropriate time.

In addition, training may be provided on-the-job, and it is the treasury manager's responsibility to ensure that treasury management staff receive appropriate training.

10.1 Details of Approved Training Courses

Treasury management staff and members will go on courses provided by the Council's treasury management consultants, CIPFA, money brokers etc.

10.2 Records of Training Received by Treasury Staff

Staff will keep records on their training.

10.3 Member Training Record

Member training will be provided as required.

TMP 11: USE OF EXTERNAL SERVICE PROVIDERS

11.1 Details of Contracts with Service Providers, Including Bankers, Brokers, Custodian Banks, Consultants, Advisers

This Council may employ the services of other organisations to assist it in the field of treasury management. However, it will ensure that it fully understands what services are being provided and that they meet the needs of the Council, especially in terms of being objective and free from conflicts of interest.

11.1.1 Banking Services

- The Council's supplier of banking services is Lloyds Bank. The bank is an authorised banking institution authorised to undertake banking activities in the UK by the FCA
- b) The branch address is: Lloyds Banking Group
 25 Gresham Street, London
 EC2V 7HN

11.1.2 Money-Broking Services

The Council will use money brokers for temporary borrowing and investment and long-term borrowing. It will seek to give an even spread of business amongst the approved brokers.

11.1.3 Consultants'/Advisers' Services

Treasury Consultancy Services

The Council receives mail shots on credit ratings, economic market data and borrowing data. In addition, interest rate forecasts, annual treasury management strategy templates, and from time to time, the Council may receive advice on the timing of borrowing, lending and debt rescheduling. The performance of consultants will be reviewed by the treasury manager to check whether performance has met expectations.

11.1.4 Custodian Banks

The Council will use the services of custodian banks when trading in most transferable instruments like treasury bills. Due procurement process will be followed in the procurement of this service. It should be noted that it is the borrower that pays in most cases and not the lender. Property fund on the other hand do not require custody services, the investor pays all fee.

11.1.5 Credit Rating Information

The Council receives notifications of credit ratings from Link Asset Services.

11.2 Procedures and Frequency for Tendering Services

See TMP2

TMP 12: CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

12.1 List of Documents to be Made Available for Public Inspection

- a. The Council is committed to the principle of openness and transparency in its treasury management function and in all of its functions.
- b. The Council has adopted the CIPFA Code of Practice on Treasury Management and implemented key recommendations on developing Treasury Management Practices, formulating a Treasury Management Policy Statement and implementing the other principles of the Code.

APPENDIX 6

PRUDENTIAL INDICATORS FOR 2017/18 TO 2021/22

PRUDENTIAL INDICATORS	2017/18 Probable Outturn £'000	2018/19 Forecast £'000	2019/20 Forecast £'000	2020/21 Forecast £'000	2021/22 Forecast £'000
1 CAPITAL EXPENDITURE					
 a) Capital Expenditure (includes expenditure funded by supported, unsupported borrowing and other sources) 					
i) General Fund estimated as at 22/12/17 (Net of Leasing)	31,515	48,197	38,121	17,319	12,226
Total as at 22/12/17	31,515	48,197	38,121	17,319	12,226
 b) In year Capital Financing Requirement (CFR) i) General Fund (Gross of MRP costs) 	237	13,987	32,953	13,495	6,986
Total in year CFR	237	13,987	32,953	13,495	6,986
 Capital Financing Requirement as at 31 March (Balance Sheet figures) i) General Fund (Net of MRP costs) 	184,663	193,291	219,160	224,476	222,557
Total	184,663	193,291	219,160	224,476	222,557
2 AFFORDABILITY					
a) Ratio of Financing Costs to net Revenue Streams					
i) General Fund	10.34%	9.58%	11.55%	12.34%	12.50%
 b) General Fund Impact of Prudential (Unsupported) Borrowing on Band D Council Tax Levels (per annum) 					
i) In year Increase £	(52.35)	(19.94)	34.12	7.84	6.86
ii) Cumulative Increase (includes MRP costs) £		(72.29)	(38.17)	(30.32)	(23.46)

PRUDENTIAL INDICATORS FOR 2017/18 TO 2021/22 Continued.....

PRUDENTIAL INDICATORS	2017/18 Probable Outturn £'000	2018/19 Forecast £'000	2019/20 Forecast £'000	2020/21 Forecast £'000	2021/22 Forecast £'000
3 LONG-TERM EXTERNAL DEBT					
a) Debt Brought Forward 1 April	116,976	113,010	113,010	113,010	111,010
Debt Carried Forward 31 March	113,010	113,010	113,010	111,010	109,010
Additional Borrowing	(3,966)	0	0	(2,000)	(2,000)
b) (5 b) (5 c) (5					
(Excludes Revenue Borrowing)					
i) External Debt 31 March	113,010				
ii) Other Long-term Liabilities	31,988	30,493	29,133	26,830	25,219
 c) Total Operating Boundary (Excludes Revenue Borrowing) 	144,998	143,503	142,143	137,840	134,229
Add margin for cashflow contingency	80,000	90,000	100,000	100,000	100,000
Affordable Borrowing Limit (Includes Revenue Borrowing)	224,998	233,503	242,143	237,840	234,229
Authorised Limit for External Debt					
(Includes Revenue Borrowing)					
 Gross Debt 31 March 	144,998	143,503	142,143	137,840	134,229
 Headroom for Unusual Cash Movements 	80,000	90,000	100,000	100,000	100,000
Authorised Borrowing Limit	224,998	233,503	242,143	237,840	234,229
4 TREASURY MANAGEMENT					
 a) Borrowing Limit – Upper Limit for Fixed Interest Rate Exposure Expressed as: Net Principal re Fixed Rate Borrowing/Investments 	224,998	233,503	242,143	237,840	234,229
 b) Borrowing Limit – Upper Limit for Variable Interest Rate Exposure Expressed as a %: Net Principal re Variable Rate Borrowing/ Investments 	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%
c) Lending Limit – Upper Limit for Total Principal Sums Invested for Over 364 Days Expressed as a % of Total Investments	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%

APPENDIX 6

PRUDENTIAL INDICATORS FOR 2017/18 TO 2021/22 Continued.....

	LOWER LIMIT	UPPER LIMIT	
 Maturity Structure of new Fixed Rate Borrowing, if Taken During 2018/19 			
i) Under 12 Months	0	10%	
ii) 12 Months to 24 Months	0	20%	
iii) 24 Months to 5 Years	0	30%	
iv) 5 Years to 10 Years v) 10 Years and Above	0 0	40% 100%	

APPENDIX 7

GLOSSARY OF TREASURY MANAGEMENT TERMS

Accrued Interest

Any interest that has accrued since the initial purchase or since the last coupon payment date, up to the date of sale/purchase

Basis Point One hundredth of 1% e.g. 0.01%

Certificate of Deposit (CD)

A Tradable form of fixed deposit. They can be sold before maturity via the secondary market at a rate that is negotiable. Often issued by banks and Building Societies in any period from 1 month to 5 years.

Coupon

The total amount of interest a security will pay on a yearly basis. The coupon payment period depends on the security.

Covered Bond

Covered bonds are conventional bonds (fixed or floating) issued by financial institutions that are backed by a separate group of loans, usually prime residential mortgages or public sector loans.

Credit Rating

A measure of credit worthiness of a borrower. A credit rating can be assigned to a country, organisation or specific debt issue/ financial obligation. There are a number of credit ratings agencies but the main 3 are Standard & Poor's, Fitch and Moody's.

Credit risk

This is the risk that the issuer of a security becomes temporarily or permanently insolvent, resulting in its inability to repay the interest or to redeem the bond. The solvency of the issuer may change over time due to various factors.

Debt Management Office (DMO)

Debt Management Office is an executive agency of HM Treasury. They are responsible for debt management in the UK, in the form of issuing Treasury Bills and Gilts.

Financial Strength Rating

Rating criteria used by Moody's ratings agency to measure a bank's intrinsic safety and soundness.

Floating Rate Note (FRN)

An instrument issued by Banks, Building Societies and Supranational organisations which has a coupon that re-sets usually every 3 months. The refix will often be set at a premium to 3 month LIBOR.

Gilt

A UK Government Bond, sterling denominated, issued by HM Treasury

Index Linked Gilts

A government bond issued by the DMO whose coupon and final redemption payment are related to movement in the RPI (Retail Price Index)

Interest Rate Risk

The risk that an investment's value will change due to a change in the absolute level of interest rate. Interest rate risk affects the value of bonds more directly than stocks, and it's a major risk to all bond holders. As interest rates rise, bond prices fall and vise versa. The rationale is that as interest rates increase, the opportunity cost of holding a bond decreases since investors are able to realise greater yields by switching to other investments that reflect the higher interest rate

LIBOR

London Interbank Offered Rate: set on a daily basis. The rate at which banks lend to each other for different periods

Long Term Duration in excess of 1 year

Net Asset Value (NAV)

Often used when funds or investment assets are valued. This term generally means the total assets less total liabilities.

Premium

The sale/purchase of an asset at a level that is above the par value or original price. If a security is trading at a premium, current market interest rates are likely to be below the coupon rate of the security.

Short Term Duration of up to1 year

Support Rating

Fitch Ratings Agency's assessment of extraordinary support given to a financial institution either by the parent and or sovereign.

Supranational Bond

A bond issued by a Supranational organisation (multi-lateral development banks). They are AAA rated organisations in which the share capital is jointly owned and guaranteed by leading developed nations in their respective region.

Treasury Bill (T-Bills)

A Treasury Bills is a short dated instrument issued by HM Treasury. They are issued at a discount, therefore they are not coupon bearing.

Viability Ratings

Assessment of a bank's intrinsic creditworthiness applied by Fitch Ratings Agency. Its aim was to enhance visibility on benefits of support. This replaced the individual ratings.

Yield Curve

The yield curve represents the relationship between yield and maturity. The conventional shape being that as the maturity lengthens, the yield will increase. Each security will have its own yield curve, depending on the yield in every time period available.

2017/2018 Estimated Cash Flow Forecast - December 2017 Position

APPENDIX 8

	2016/17	2017/2018	2018/2019	2019/2020	2020/2021
Description	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
<u>Payments</u>					
Payroll Related Payments (including payroll element of Schools'	100,288	114,843	117,140	119,483	121,872
advances)-net pay	· · ·	,	117,140	115,405	
Payroll related-HMRC	39,820	39,459	40,248	41,053	41,874
Payroll related-Teachers Pensions Authority	11,500	13,828	14,105	14,387	14,674
Payroll related-pension fund and disbursements and including back funding and added years	23,431	21,796	22,232	22,677	23,130
Service payments- (Premises, Transport, Supplies and Services and Third Party payments)	308,115	289,320	290,128	300,994	3 03,925
Transfer Payments-Housing Benefits	83,882	94,589	96,481	98,410	100,379
Bank Charges & Related Expenditure	284	288	294	300	306
Precepts and Levies - CTAX (GLA) and NDR(GLA,CLG) and levies	78,869	86,778	88,514	90,284	92,090
Business Rates and CTax Refunds	6,780	6,176	6,300	6,426	6,554
Capital Payments	30,626	30,962	40,337	38,121	17,319
Total Payments	683,595	698,039	715,778	732,133	722,123
Receipts					
Business Rates Receipts	(95,056)	(99,641)	(101,634)	(103,666)	(105,740)
Council Tax Receipts	(105,428)	(109,179)	(111,363)	(113,590)	(115,862)
DWP - Housing Benefit Subsidy & Admin Grant & Discretionary Housing Payment grant&S31 Grant)	(90,683)	(95,048)	(96,949)	(98,888)	(100,866)
Grants (Including Capital Grants and Public Health Grants)	(218,825)	(221,347)	(225,774)	(230,289)	(234,895)
Other receipts-fees and charges	(71,681)	(60,874)	(69,129)	(53,330)	(52,992)
Payroll Recoupment	(83,304)	(88,323)	(90,089)	(91,891)	(93,729)
VAT Reimbursement	(18,205)	(18,897)	(19,497)	(20,008)	(18,953)
Total Receipts	(683,182)	(693,309)	(714,436)	(711,663)	(723,036)
1. Net Cashflow (Revenue and Capital Cash)-(inflow) Ouflow	413	4,730	1,342	20,471	(914)
Debt Repayment					
Interest Received on investments	(609)	(561)	(371)	(259)	(144)
Interest on Pooled Property Investment	(234)	(239)	(395)	(395)	(395)
Interest Paid on Debt inc DME	6,797	6,702	6,315	6,315	6,315
2. Interest-net (Net cash flow)-(Inflow) Outflow	5,954	5,902	5,549	5,661	5,776
3. Debt repayment	1,034	3,966	0	0	2,000
P/E Cach Deposite Balance (Sed Note & Financial Instruments)	OF 400	70.000	62 1 4 4	FA 024	20 600
B/F Cash Deposits Balance (SoA Note 9 Financial Instruments) B/F Bank Balance (SoA Note 14 Cash and cash equivalents)	85,400 23,311	70,900 30,410	62,144 24,568	54,821 25,000	28,689
B/F Bank Balance (SOA Note 14 Cash and Cash equivalents) B/Fwd Total	108,711	101,310		79,821	53,689
· ·					,
Change in cash and investments (1+2+3)- (Inflow) Outflow	7,401	14,598	6,891	26,132	6,862
C/F Cash Deposits Balance (SoA Note 14 Financial Instruments)	70,900	62,144	54,821	28,689	21,827
C/F Bank Balance (SoA Note 14 Cash and Cash Equivalents)	30,410	24,568	25,000	25,000	25,000
C/Fwd Total	101,310	86,712	79,821	53,689	46,827

Section B

Other Key Resources

1. INTRODUCTION

Welcome to Merton's Workforce strategy, which outlines our aims for the period 2018 – 2021 and shows how we will support, engage with and develop our workforce, so they are equipped to meet the challenges of continuing to deliver high quality services to our customers and local communities.

The people, who work for, work with, volunteer with, and wish to work for Merton Council, are vital for us to reach our goals. All of our achievements as a council, and the excellent services we deliver to our public, are reliant on us having a suitably skilled, able and equipped workforce, who demonstrates our values and behaviours. The Council has won a number of awards, which is testament to the commitment, and professionalism of our people. This strategy aims to build on the success and dedication of the current workforce, and ensure that we have the structures and resources to meet the challenges of the future.

Through our Merton 2015 programme we have transformed the way we work and what we do - successfully delivering savings and new approaches to the services we offer our residents, while maintaining customer satisfaction. In order to achieve further changes, council departments have designed Target Operating Models, which are focussed on providing the highest quality services to the public, operating with efficiency and accountability.

The Council's ambition to be London's Best Council provides the Council with the momentum to continue to strive to be the best that we can be individually and collectively. Being London's Best Council provides a structure, which is supported by the themes from the workforce strategy.

The strategy shows how departments, managers and human resources will jointly contribute towards achieving our organisational priorities, and addresses six key areas:

- Workforce planning
- Recruitment and Retention
- Organisation and Workforce Development
- Morale, Health and wellbeing
- Leadership
- Apprenticeships

Through the action plans and outcome measures that we are proposing, we believe that we will equip Merton Council with the modern and dynamic workforce that is needed to take on the challenges of delivering excellent public services for years to come.

Ged Curran

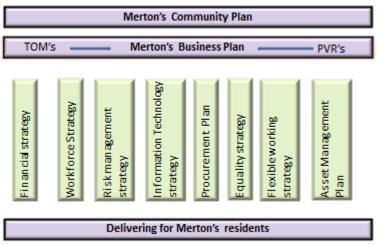
Chief Executive

2. BACKGROUND

Merton Council is undergoing a period of sustained and conscious transformation in order to best respond to the changing environment (especially financial) and customer expectations. We are working together to shape services and the organisation to ensure a successful future for our residents and staff.

2.1 Key Council priorities

The key priorities for the borough are captured within the Community Plan, developed by the Merton Partnership. The strategy is closely aligned to the Community Plan, which sets the overall long-term direction and vision for the borough to 2021 it links with the medium term financial strategy.



The Community Plan identified the first four priority areas, with Corporate Capacity having been added by the Council.

- Children and Young People Better opportunities for youngsters
- Health and Well Being A healthy and fulfilling life
- Sustainable Communities and Transport Keeping Merton moving
- Safer and Stronger Being safe and strong
- Corporate Capacity

The theme of Corporate Capacity encompasses the effective recruitment, development and management of staff. This Workforce Strategy outlines how we will transform the Council's workforce and be fit for purpose in 2021.

2.2 How the Council has changed in the last 3 years

We take a proactive approach to planning for our future. Since our Workforce Strategy was published in 2015, we have been continuing to manage our transformation programme through the Merton Improvement Board and Departmental Management Teams. Despite reducing our workforce to (1500 fte) our quest to continuously improve has remained. The annual residents' survey states that the vast majority of Merton residents are satisfied with their local area as a place to live (92%). This is a positive finding and is 12-percentage points higher than the national benchmark of 80% (LGA polling Feb 17). The 2016 staff survey shows that we have a committed workforce who are willing to go the extra mile to deliver services to our customers (89%). The Council is now aiming to be London's Best Council.

Continued delivery of quality and value for money services for our residents has been achieved through reviewing our service delivery models and developing innovative solutions, including shared services, partnership working and the development of volunteering in the borough. Continuous improvement is at the

heart of our approach and we have introduced lean methodology to drive out waste from our processes and now work in a highly focused and lean operation.

Our employees shown themselves equal to the challenges, and as we plan the future shape of our services and organisation, we are laying the foundations to ensure that the workforce continues to enable the Council to best serve our residents.

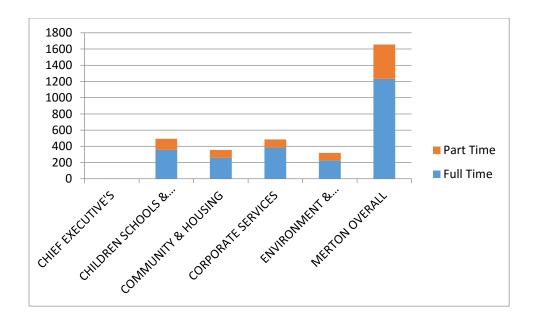
3. HIGH LEVEL SHAPE OF THE WORKFORCE

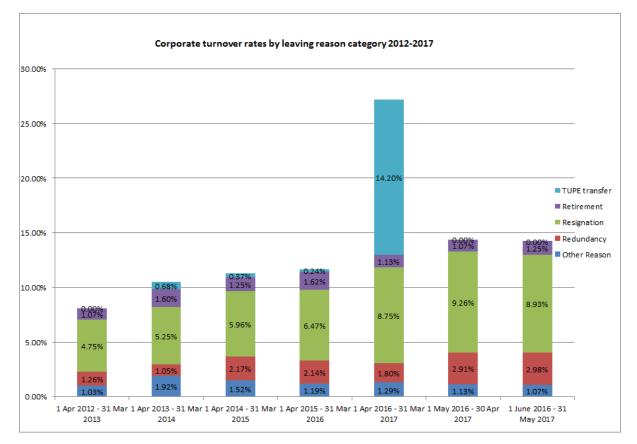
The workforce in Merton has changed over the last three years. In particular:

- We have transferred out staff who worked in our Waste and Greenspaces teams to third party contractors. This will have an impact on the demographics of our workforce.
- Changes in the education provision with an emphasis on Early Years
- We host a number of shared services with other boroughs such as Regulatory Services and Legal Services
- We have reduced our agency spend over the period through a combination of temp-perm recruitment, targeted advertising campaigns and the transfer out of teams that had high agency usage. We have also negotiated a reduction in the cost of that contract
- The Council is still in the early stages of adjusting to the new IR35 regulations and these will doubtless have an impact on the shape of our workforce.
- The workforce is ageing with an increasing number of employees over the age of fifty.
- Merton's sickness remains high and remains above the London average.

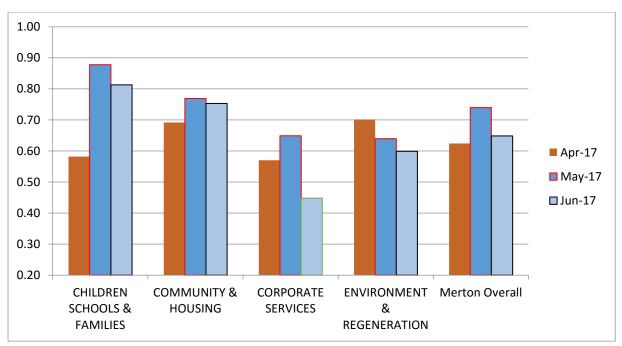
COMPOSITION OF THE WORKFORCE

Number of Employees by Department, Part Time and Full Time as at 30th June 2017



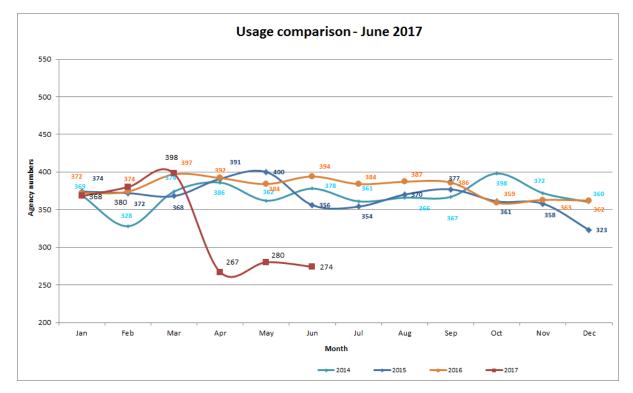


Turnover rates by Leaving Reason 2012-2017



Workforce monthly sickness trends since April 2017: working days lost per FTE

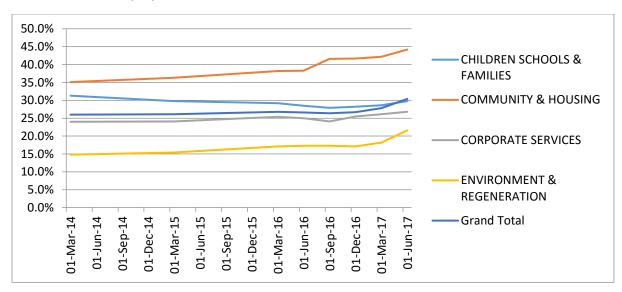
Annual sickness rates are higher than London averages and remain a corporate priority.



Agency Worker Usage 2014-2017

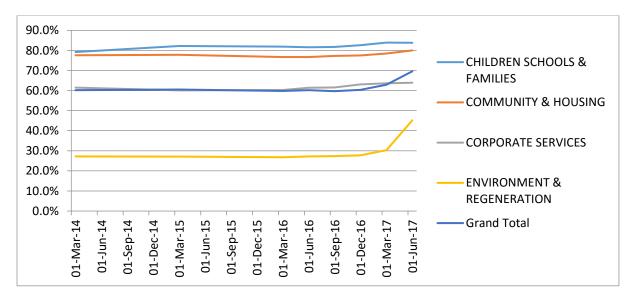
The number of agency workers has reduced with the transfer out of Front Line services.

Workforce BME Employee trend 2014-2017.



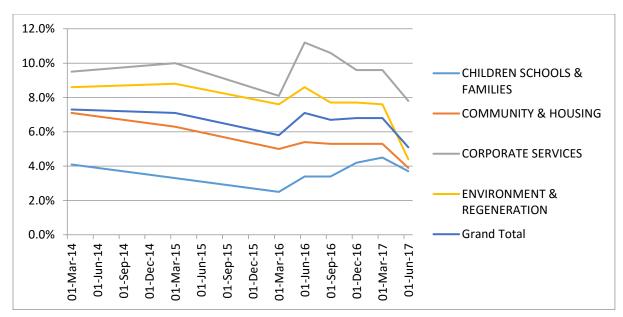
There has been a steady ongoing increase in the % BME employees, with a more marked increase with the transfer out of Green Spaces and Waste Services in February/March 2017.

Workforce Gender trend 2014-2017

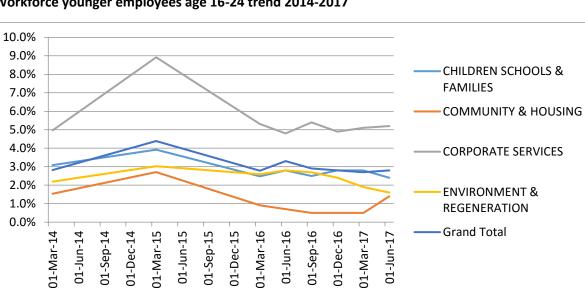


After remaining stable for many years, the percentage of female employees in the workforce increased with the mainly male Green Spaces and Waste services in February/March 2017.

Workforce Disabled trend 2014-2017



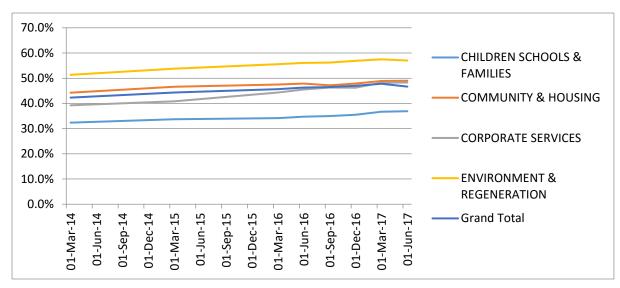
The proportion of employee who have declared a disability has been declining for some years, with a more marked decrease following the Green Spaces/Waste transfers.



Workforce younger employees age 16-24 trend 2014-2017

After a peak during 2014/2015 due to the recruitment of apprentices, the proportion of young people in the workforce has declined. A fresh intake of entry-level apprentices is planned for 2017/2018.

Workforce older employees age 50+ trend 2014-2017



Whilst the proportion of young people in the workforce has decreased, the proportion of older employees has been showing a slow but steady increase – driven in part by more employees remaining in post beyond the age of 65 due to the removal of the compulsory retirement age.

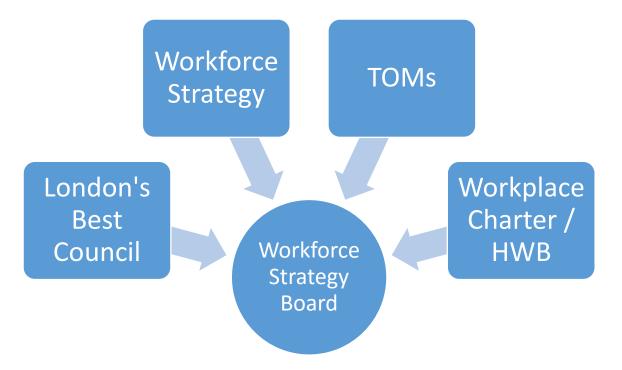
4. STRATEGY

The direction for the workforce strategy is the same as for the council as a whole; to be London's best council and in this context to have London's best workforce

4.1 Model for achieving the strategy

The Council has a two-pronged model for achieving its workforce strategy. The workforce strategy board has a strategic oversight of all people issues in the local authority. It also manages the interface between key corporate boards and priorities and the DMTs to ensure that there is a consistent process.

It is supported in this by DMTs as we recognise that they are the driver of change and improvement in the local authority. DMTs are responsible for employee engagement, recruitment and development with the Board providing the infrastructure to support this ambition. This can seen on the following diagram:



In addition to this, the workforce strategy board will monitor the action and outcomes identified within this document, setting targets and monitoring delivery. This will take place quarterly.

5. KEY WORKFORCE PRIORITIES FOR THE FUTURE

We have identified six priorities for workforce transformation to support the realisation of the Council's plans for the future:

- Workforce planning
- Recruitment and Retention
- Organisation and Workforce Development
- Morale, Health and wellbeing
- o Leadership
- Apprenticeships

What we want to achieve, why this is a priority, what actions we will take and who will be responsible to lead each action are outlined in the following sections.

5.1 Workforce planning

The shape of the workforce in Merton is developing to reflect new service delivery models and to support the organisation to achieve its business objectives and outcomes. We will still deliver similar services, but through a number of new ways for example through our partners, shared services and efficient delivery models.

What we want to achieve

- Correct alignment of workforce size, skills base
- An agile workforce, which is responsive to changing needs
- A workforce which is representative of and sensitive to the community which is serves
- HR policies which are clear and consistent, and which are focussed on a manager-led approach to managing staff issues.

Why this is a priority?

The composition of Merton's current workforce requires changes to ensure our continued success, meet future requirements and to better reflect our communities. We need to be able to accurately predict the shape of the workforce we will need to deliver our strategic plans and our services.

Work has been done to expand and improve the HR data provided to CMT and various council committees but there is recognition that this can be improved further. In addition, management information about the work of the HR service would supplement this.

Actions and outcomes

Action	Outcome
Based on departmental TOMs, design the future shape of the workforce to best match its service delivery plans and financial context;	A new workforce structure is in place supporting future service plans
Determine organisational structures, which support future delivery models - determine the desired combination of directly employed staff, shared services, externalised work, agency workers and volunteers, as well as appropriate spans of control for each service area;	A structure is in place that allows us to recruit intelligently and with an element on long term planning rather than being reactive.
Review and action requirements to reflect legislative and regulatory changes as they emerge (e.g. Care Bill, BSF and Children and Families Act);	We are proactively training our workforce to ensure that they are appropriately skilled for the work they do. Better Training Needs Analysis
Manage the transition from the current to the future structure;	Smooth well, managed and on time transition supporting our staff and saving the organisation money
Establish on-going monitoring for workforce arrangements through accurate and relevant management information for decision-making e.g. workforce, equality, productivity and financial data;	Better decision making, more forward planning

5.2 Recruitment and retention

The organisation has a clear and effective recruitment and retention focus and plan of key workforce skills and behaviours. This includes succession planning, and managing turnover.

What we want to achieve

- Make Merton an employer of choice through creating an innovative and positive brand image;
- Ensure future key talent is successfully recruited, retained and developed in appropriate roles within the Council to deliver effective services to residents and that capacity is built across the future workforce to implement new service delivery models;
- Establish inter-organisational collaboration to ensure that Merton's residents are served by the best people, whether within the Council or through our partners;
- Reduce recruitment and turnover costs and agency use;

Why this is a priority

We want to recruit, develop and retain talented people to enable us to deliver outstanding services to our residents. As our requirements and service delivery models change, our recruitment activity needs to evolve and respond to meet demand as cost effectively as possible. We want to attract the right people with the right skills and behaviours. We want to build leadership and strategic capacity. In specific divisions within the Council we have a high level of turnover, retention needs to be understood and stabilized.

Actions and Outcomes

Action	Outcome
Continue to optimise technological solutions and embed the functionality of our applicant tracking system to meet hiring managers' and candidates' needs;	HR processes are easy to self-serve and managers need less administrative support
Develop our employer brand, value proposition to become an employer of choice, building on the success of recent awards;	Merton Council perceived to be an employer of choice, attracting high quality candidates;
Given financial constraints, focus work on reward and remuneration for hard to recruit and retain roles by analysing market trends and developing cost effective	Core professional and business critical skills are retained and available within the Council
solutions; sustain effective recruitment and retention of key staff groups, e.g. qualified social workers and children's specialist functions;	Reduction and better targeting in the use of agency staff – reduction in agency rates in social work roles;
Collaborate with strategic partners to develop a mobile and agile workforce serving the residents of Merton, develop new models, such as inter-organisational	The structure and size of the Council meets current requirements and is adaptable to future needs
working, partnerships and volunteering;	Talented people are delivering our services through direct employment or other service delivery models including partnership working, shared services or volunteering;
Create new approaches for staff to develop and progress up the organisation, in the context of an organisation which is reducing in size and where opportunities to create suitable vacancies are more	Balanced workforce in terms of skills, age and experience, addressing current concerns in workforce demographics;
limited. It may need to be accepted that where we invest in staff career development, in some cases those staff may then move on to new opportunities outside the organisation.	Employees are more satisfied with opportunities to develop themselves and progress their employability;

5.3 Organisational and workforce development

The workforce must be equipped with the skills and behaviours enable the Council to achieve new and improved service delivery models (e.g. flexible working, customer service, IT).

Key to delivering certain elements of this training with fewer resources is to consider different ways of learning such as blended learning, e-learning and webinars, not only to reduce costs but to offer greater flexibility to staff in how and where they can access learning opportunities. Use of apprenticeship levy funding to develop existing staff can also be used to ease pressure on learning and development budgets

Consideration should be given to whether any funding for training and/or development should be requested up front so that L&D expenses to be frontloaded within these change projects. It should be noted in this context that control of the L&D budget, and release of any funding, rests with Human Resources.

What we want to achieve

- Accurate mapping of future workforce function, form, skills and behaviours to alternative business delivery models
- Ensure staff work in a modern, flexible way to improve productivity and efficiency and equip them with key future skills and behaviours to enable them to do so
- Provide first class customer service to meet our residents' needs, through new service channels where appropriate
- Best practice in safeguarding is embedded in all relevant roles and activities
- Develop staff to undertake skilled hard to recruit roles
- Promote diversity and cultural awareness for staff and managers
- Change management and communication training should champion best practice in the continuing transformation within the council and to support staff through this.

Why this is a priority

It is crucial for Merton's success that our workforce has the right skills, behaviours and adaptability to meet the demands of the transformation and new service delivery models. Our managers need the skills and resources to effectively lead our teams and we need to be able to respond to organisational as well as legislative changes. The requirements on organisational and workforce development are changing, with more focused and flexible options becoming the norm.

Actions and Outcomes

Action	Outcome
Managers' capability development specifically on	Increased customer satisfaction with effectively
building strategic capacity through future planning,	delivered services.
accurate workforce planning and designing spans of control	
Develop first class customer service behaviours to meet	Increased customer satisfaction with effectively
our residents' needs, through new service channels where appropriate;	delivered services.
Embed the management and staff behaviours across the organisation to support performance	Leaderships behaviours are clearly demonstrated and performance improved;
Ensure that all statutory CPD requirements are met;	A statutorily compliant workforce
Establish effective change management practices to	Employees feel supported through organisational
support employees through the transformation;	change and report that communication was effective;
	Employees report that they feel supported in
	performing their roles in a day-to-day basis and through organisational changes
Prioritise learning and development spending to best	Learning needs are effectively identified and support
support the Council's objectives and transformation;	the organisations' overall objectives in the most cost effective way;
	Outcomes of learning and development activity can be clearly linked to the delivery of our priorities and key workforce objectives;

Action	Outcome
	Learning and development accessible to all staff and partners where appropriate; Performance of staff is increased through development of key skills and behaviours supported through honest performance appraisal conversations;
Further develop commercial and commissioning skills as these are key priorities for the workforce of the future	Savings are achieved and commissioned services are improved.
Run a diversity and cultural awareness programme including training	A more cohesive workforce able to serve our communities better
Develop the Council's future leaders	Potential future leaders have been identified, ensure equal access to opportunities and people are engaged on a talent management programme

5.4 Morale, health and wellbeing

We need to ensure that the organisation understands what a healthy workforce looks like and supports staff to achieve this.

What we want to achieve

- An improved understanding of the issues underpinning workforce wellbeing, and develop actions to optimise wellbeing, productivity, engagement and attendance.
- Improved morale and employee engagement

Why this is a priority

We want to be a healthy and motivated workforce, able to meet the demands of the Council, its residents and customers. We want to understand and address the root causes of sickness and act to enhance engagement and support the wellbeing of staff and improve attendance rates.

Actions and outcomes

Action	Outcome
Promote a healthy workplace, including initiatives on mental health and wellbeing	A healthier workforce with a reduction in number of days lost through sickness – a stretch target of moving to the bottom quartile from the upper quartile for London.
	Employees are aware of available support structures and make use of these as required e.g. Employee Assistance Helpline
Improve access to data and information for managers,	A healthier workforce with a reduction in number of
to help them manage sickness better – embedding an	days lost through sickness – a stretch target of moving
attendance and performance culture	to the bottom quartile from the upper quartile for London,
Provide policies and practices that reflect the	Employees are more satisfied with their work / life
requirement for new ways of working and service delivery	balance

Action	Outcome		
	Flexible working practices are effectively implemented and have a positive impact on morale		
Review employee engagement initiatives and develop ways to increase engagement and morale	We have a culture of employee engagement: Staff Attitude Survey results improving each time with a stretch target of 80% satisfaction		

5.5 Leadership

To lead the changes outlined in this strategy, the Council requires its leaders to be able to engage with staff; even in times of ambiguity and significant change. Merton requires its leaders to be solutions focussed, inspirational and be able to work collaboratively with other leaders and partners to deliver seamless services to our employees, partners, residents and customers.

What we want to achieve

We want to provide strong leadership, clear direction, trust and confidence to the workforce and members. We want our leaders to be open, fair, transparent and clear about the vision and the journey. We want our leaders to have integrity and a good understanding about the services they deliver to our residents and customers

Why this is a priority

We want to ensure that we are able to provide good services during a time of financial constraint and in an environment, which is volatile, uncertain, chaotic and ambiguous (VUCA).

Actions and Outcomes

Action	Outcome
Development of programme for leaders	More collaborative working
	Less silo working
	Build collective ownership
	Reduction in blame
Improve project delivery	More success in the Council's delivery of large and
	small projects
Managing our resources effectively	Budgets are well controlled, staff are well supported,
	contracts are well managed.

5.6 Apprenticeships

With the introduction of the government's apprenticeship levy from April 2017, the Council will be making levy contributions of £577k per annum.

What we want to achieve

In order to maximize "claw back" of monies the Council will expand its apprenticeship program to include higherlevel apprenticeships for existing employees addressing a number of identified training needs including, developing management and commissioning skills, and professional development. Apprenticeships will also be used to develop staff to carry out hard-to-recruit roles in the workforce.

Why this is a priority

The Government requires all organisations to increase the number of apprentices within their workforce.

In addition, the use of apprentices, and especially higher level apprentices, provides Merton with an opportunity to upskill our workforce at a time when other budgets to support this are reducing. Apprenticeships also help with elements of workforce planning and enable us to meet our duties corporate parents and to school leavers in Merton.

Actions and Outcomes

Action	Outcome
Leverage the opportunities for development arising from shared services and partnerships, and the new apprenticeship frameworks;	More apprentices
Increase apprenticeships through our contracting	More commitments to apprenticeships within specifications, contracts and well monitored
Develop a menu of higher level apprenticeships	Ensure take up of higher level apprentices across the organisation
Working closely with CSF to ensure provisions are made for apprenticeships for vulnerable people	Well-supported young people progressing well through apprentice training.
Aim to replace longstanding agency assignments with apprentices	Less agency staff and more apprentices

6. Conclusion

Delivering the actions in this strategy will:

- enable the Council to realise its ambition to be London's Best Council.
- support the changes we need to make to ensure deliver effective services efficiently
- promote and develop a flexible and dynamic workforce

PROCUREMENT STRATEGY 2017/2019

Section 1 – Introduction

Procurement is defined in the National Procurement Strategy as:

"The process of acquiring goods, works and services, covering both acquisition from third parties and from in-house providers. The process spans the whole cycle from identification of need, through to the end of a service contract or the end of the useful life cycle of an asset. It involves options appraisal and the critical 'make or buy' decision which may result in the provision of services in house in appropriate circumstances"

Although the definition is primarily about procurement, it also about the need to secure sustainable services, products and outcomes which meet the needs of the community we serve. Strategic procurement also encompasses collaboration, including the need to develop partnerships, consider delivery options and ensure value for money for every pound spent.

This document sets out the Council's strategic approach to procurement for the next three years. It is not intended to be a procurement manual; however, the principles should be applied to all procurement and commissioning, recognising that procurement must work closely with our health and social care colleagues to deliver value for money from all commissioning and procurement.

Consideration of this strategy is not optional and it should be read in conjunction with the Council's Contract Standing Orders (CSO's).

The Procurement Strategy emphasises the continuing importance of sustainable procurement being used to support wider social, economic and environmental objectives in ways that offer real long term benefits to the residents of this borough.

Cost reduction and efficiency targets will not be achieved if the Council fails to approach competition positively, taking full account of the opportunities for innovation and genuine partnerships, which are available from working with others in the public, private and Voluntary, Community and Faith Sectors ("VCFS").

This strategy provides a corporate focus for procurement. It embraces the Council's commitment to strategic procurement and sets out the Council's aspirations. It is not a 'user manual'. More detail on procurement processes and issues will be found within the Contract Standing Orders and on the procurement intranet.

The strategy will contribute to delivering the long term goals of:

- > The Business Plan 2018-22
- > The MTFS
- Community Plan
- London's Best Council by 2020

The principal means of disseminating detailed procurement guidance are the Commercial Services Team (CST), and the intranet.

Section 2 – Objectives and Benefits

The overarching objectives of this strategy are:

- To evaluate and improve current procurement practices to achieve better value for money and to ensure customer/client needs are met
- To ensure best practice examples are identified and applied consistently across the organisation
- To align procurement activities with other strategies adopted and to ensure that corporate objectives are addressed
- To ensure that current and future procurement activities are planned, monitored, and reviewed effectively including identifying opportunities for collaboration with both private and public sector bodies as well as the VCFS
- To ensure the delivery of a category management approach to commissioning and procurement, across the entire organisation

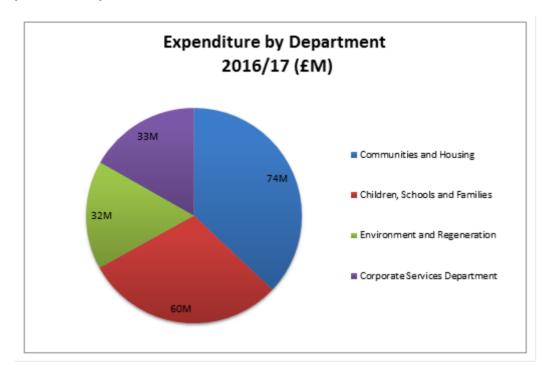
In taking this strategy forward, the Council expects to realise the following benefits:

- Demonstrate continuous improvement and achieve value for money through the efficient procurement of goods and services
- More efficient procurement processes
- Better risk management
- Strategic procurement planning
- > Effective spend analysis and measurable cash savings
- Proactive contract management
- Greater use of standard processes and templates
- Compliance with appropriate legislation
- Compliance with the Council's Contract Standing Orders
- Collaboration, including with other authorities, local businesses and the VCFS
- Greater use of the e-Tendering system
- Encourage communication and interaction with local and national suppliers to understand their views
- Develop relationships between the Council, the business community and the broader voluntary sector which create mutually advantageous, flexible and long term relations

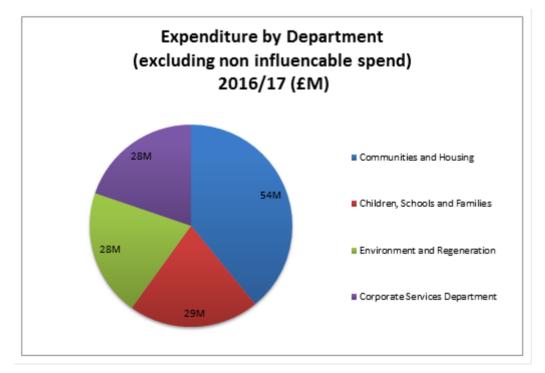
Our vision for procurement is to provide a first class service for our residents whilst we build on best practice to ensure value for money in all our procurement exercises.

Section 3 - Overview of Procurement

The London Borough of Merton spends approximately £200m each year on goods and services on behalf of Merton's residents. Of that £200m, the Council can influence approximately £140m. The range of goods and services is varied but includes services for schools; waste collection; care services for children and adults; maintaining the highways, parks and services; encouraging business growth; and major construction works.



Updated expenditure 1 April 2016 – 31 March 2017



CST is part of the Infrastructure & Transactions division of Corporate Services department and was set up specifically to provide procurement support, advice and guidance to the departments and responsible officers. Procurement in the Council takes place across all departments and was undertaken in what is called a 'devolved' model. This means that responsible officers in the departments undertake day-to-day operational procurement.

Following a review in 2017, it was agreed to pursue a Centre-led approach.

The consolidated category management approach for high value, high risk expenditure with devolved responsibility for low risk, low value expenditure will ensure a common strategic approach to sourcing and supplier management, driving much needed Value for Money and savings.

The revised approach will provide Departments with a level of local control and influence with respect to commissioning, brokerage and contract management, whilst providing specialist support through a professional central resource able to assist in the development and implementation of sourcing strategies.

CST has recently undergone a restructure so as to better support the agreed delivery model for procurement and is expected to be fully recruited to by March 2018.

The main objectives of the CST are to:

- provide professional procurement resources to support and advise internal and external partners such that all Merton's procurement decisions deliver:
 - Council objectives by demonstrating value for money
 - Synergies with the Council's MTFS
 - The effective use of resources
 - Expenditure that is managed strategically to achieve social and community benefits
 - Continuous improvement in service delivery
 - Deliver efficiency savings over a three-year period through the implementation of category management
- lead the implementation of the Council's Category Management approach and its Make or Buy agenda by providing a professional procurement service to all clients across the Council.
- be responsible for the development and delivery of robust, overarching Category Management plans, working alongside clients to profile and deliver the service areas procurement and commissioning strategies.
- > provide strategic commercial advice as and when required
- provide specific advice on EU Regulations, UK Public Contracts Regulations, and associated areas, including latest case law
- drive best practice in procurement
- provide spend data and analysis and to assist in the Identification of potential savings opportunities and areas of collaboration

- ensure the Council's contracts register is kept up to date by working closely with colleagues via departmental OPGs. Responsibility for entering information onto the contracts register and ensuring that the information is up to date and accurate, rests with the departments
- engage with partners and potential partners with the objective of streamlining the procurement process, i.e. making the Council an easier organisation with which to deal
- ensure that officers involved in procurement hold the correct level of knowledge, and to provide skills training where appropriate
- provide up to date support via the intranet, toolkits, procurement guidance and advice.

Procurement is not simply about lowest price; rather it is a strategic tool to ensure that we receive best value whilst putting the needs of Merton's residents first.

Effective procurement is about managing the whole life cycle of the goods and services we procure, and also ensuring that specifications are right and fit for purpose with clear outcomes and purposes.

January 2012 to May 2013, saw a number of improvements implemented, including a strengthened Procurement Board, an enhanced Contracts Register and the implementation of a new e-Tendering system.

Furthermore, the Council also adopted a Procurement Governance and Gateway process which comprises four key elements, the Procurement Board, the Procurement Gateways, the Operational Procurement Groups (OPGs) and the Risk Assessment Tool. These four elements are designed to work together to enable the Procurement Board to exercise effective oversight, control and to provide direction to procurement activity Council wide.

Throughout 2017/18 the use of departmental OPGS has been reinforced and 2018/19 will see the implementation of category management across the organisation.

Section 4 – Key Themes

a. Value for Money (VFM)

In the unprecedented economic climate, the Council will need to make substantial year on year savings for the foreseeable future. Every pound spent must deliver true value to the community, whether that is by better management of our existing contracts, proactive spend analysis, being more commercially aware, or through reviewing current services and potential delivery models.

Knowing how, where and on what our money is spent will be used to drive a supplier review to maximise savings. Furthermore, we intend to review the supply base and drive additional efficiencies by reducing the overall number of suppliers and to utilise the additional leverage obtained. This exercise will also help us to develop and shape supply markets, define the skills to develop the market and to negotiate better outcomes for the Council and service users.

Principal Objectives

- Undertake regular spend analysis of the Council's full non-pay spend with recommendations in how to identify and capture efficiencies
- Supply base review and rationalisation
- Make/buy reviews of services
- Challenge specifications and assumptions around strategic contracts

b. Category Management

By grouping together products and services according to their function (e.g. care, construction, transport, professional services etc.) the Council can better manage the overall spend, whilst maximising our buying power and achieving economies of scale.

A 'Category' is an area of spend determined by known market boundaries separating different products or services. Category Management recognises that suppliers within a certain market are likely to have similarities which enable a tailored approach to procurement.

We are developing our capacity and capability in Category Management to support the major commercial decisions the Council is facing. We will add value to projects we support, bringing commercial insight and support throughout the commissioning lifecycle. Recognising this challenge, we will also develop our staff through a revised professional training programme. It will also enhance their relationship and partnership building skills. This means they will spend less time involved in the administrative task of running tenders and spend more time with customers, commissioners and our major suppliers.

Principal Objectives

- Develop a suite of category strategies to drive further savings and efficiencies
- > Embed a category management approach across the Council
- Category Management specific training programme

c. Contract Management

We will manage our major contracts more actively to drive continuous improvement in performance and efficiency and further develop contract management across the Council. We will provide greater visibility of the performance of our top contracts to help to improve the management of major suppliers and ensure they are delivering against the agreed performance standards.

By reviewing strategic contracts and adopting a more commercial approach to the management of our key contracts we will ensure that improvements and efficiencies are delivered.

We will also work with operational contract managers in departments to build on best practice and provide training in contract management techniques.

The outcome of this change will be measured by the monitoring of contract performance and by the identification of improvements in performance levels and additional efficiencies during the life of a contract. Furthermore, as we develop stronger relationships with our key suppliers, we will be recognised as their 'customer of choice' which may lead to increased market intelligence and therefore improve our opportunities for innovation in the marketplace.

Through a clear commercially led approach to contract management, we will ensure a greater focus is directed towards obtaining the required outcomes. This will include increased monitoring and management of supplier performance through robust SLA's and KPI's (including the delivery of community benefits) and where performance is not being achieved, an action and improvement plan will be implemented.

Principal Objectives

- Reduce non-contracted spend
- > Embed contract management principles across the Council
- > Hold regular performance meetings with suppliers
- > Set clear and proportionate KPI and SLA targets for suppliers
- Link payment to performance (where appropriate)

d. Partnering and Collaboration

Partnering means the creation of sustainable, collaborative relationships with suppliers in the public, private, social enterprise and voluntary sectors to deliver services; carry out major projects; or acquire supplies and equipment.

Partnerships can be beneficial and integrated in service delivery, but it needs to be recognised that this is not an easier contract style; indeed, partnering agreements are likely to be more challenging than traditional contracts. A partnership agreement will therefore require careful preparation and procurement. Partnering should be considered when engaging in best value reviews of services as a potential alternative to established methods of service delivery.

When formulating our procurement strategies, we will ensure that we take account of potential opportunities afforded by partnering and collaborating. We will also look at existing framework agreements when considering any future options for procurement and where appropriate the use of any national, regional or pan London procurement arrangements that fit with the Council's strategy.

Collaboration describes the various ways in which councils and other public bodies come together to combine their buying power, to procure or commission goods, works or services jointly or to create shared services.

Collaboration is a form of public partnership; its major benefits are economies of scale and accelerated learning.

We will ensure that contractors and partners have priorities which align with those of the Council and that they understand how they contribute to the Council's performance.

The Council will actively participate with other authorities and organisations where appropriate and feasible, to seek economies through joint procurement, joint commissioning, framework agreements and shared services.

Principal Objectives

- Work with other public bodies to seek joint partnering and collaboration opportunities
- Investigate the greater use of collaborative contracts
- Look to use existing framework agreements where appropriate

e. Market Management

The Council will continue to work with more diverse providers of services. In some areas there are strong markets but in others they are either small or not yet developed. The Council will make full use of all the different methods of delivery available, including joint ventures, public, private and VCFS options. Through procurement, we will support the growth of local businesses and other organisations by encouraging the use of local suppliers. While staying within the legal constraints of public sector procurement, the Council will encourage local suppliers to work with us, recognising and exploiting the ability to create a positive climate for firms based in Merton. The Council will endeavour to support a thriving local business sector, providing opportunities for suppliers to develop the capacity to win future contracts from the Council and other public sector partners.

This approach recognises that by encouraging sustainable high quality local employment, the Council is reducing the demand and thus cost of other public services. The Council will seek to encourage innovation, improve skill levels in Merton, create jobs and retain money in the local economy.

Principal Objectives

- Identify where market capacity may be weak and where new markets may need to be developed
- Encourage suppliers to develop innovative approaches
- > Foster a collaborative approach to procurement
- > Work to increase the proportion of spend with SME's and VCFS
- Take steps to promote and encourage local economic growth e.g. reducing the barriers to SME and VCFS participation
- > Hold regular supplier engagement events

f. Supplier Relationship Management

The Council will build strong, long term, positive relationships with suppliers across all sectors, not just when actively procuring goods and services but also when considering alternative delivery models e.g. social enterprises.

The Council will establish strategic relationships with suppliers to ensure that both parties are delivering against the commitments within the contract and also build upon mutual experience and knowledge to embed continuous improvement practices throughout the contracted period. Effective engagement with suppliers will also inform future specifications. This will ensure that the Council is approaching the market place with requirements which meet clearly defined needs and are commercially attractive to potential bidders.

The Council commits to making all procurement activity fair and transparent and to encourage a diverse range of potential bidders to participate. A suite of standardised documents and contracts will be developed for use across the Council to ensure consistency and to make the procurement process more accessible to suppliers.

Principal Objectives

- Engage with key suppliers in all sectors
- Robust contract management
- Explore new models of service delivery and welcome dialogue with communities and suppliers to establish new and innovative procurement practices
- > Encourage a diverse range of suppliers to work with the Council

g. Developing People and Improving Skills

Procurement is a key activity in sourcing the skills, services and supplies required by the Council to deliver community outcomes. The officers who undertake procurement and contract management activity are vital to the successful delivery of the Councils strategic procurement objectives.

The required capacity and skills will continue to be developed in departments with support and guidance from CST.

CST will develop other ideas to encourage officer participation. These will include the offering of regular 'drop-in' sessions, which will allow any topic of interest to be discussed informally. Also, specific targeted training will be developed and made available to officers/teams and divisions as required.

Regular procurement forums for all Merton responsible officers will continue to be offered. Active participation will be encouraged by the use of focus and working groups on specific topics of interest; such as toolkits, market engagement and benchmarking.

The forums will:

- Bring together all professionals across the Council working on procurement activity into a single forum
- Provide a platform for evidence sharing and best practice (both internal and external)
- Introduce and embed a co-ordinated and consistent Merton approach to procurement
- Identify savings and efficiencies opportunities

The forum is a reference group, accountable to the Procurement Board, with recommendations and updates to be fed bilaterally.

Principal Objectives

- Provide a career path for practitioners of procurement with clear roles and responsibilities
- Provide skills and training and learning & development opportunities for officers
- Ensure that procurement best practice advice is available via the Procurement Toolkit

h. Systems and Processes

Continued use of the e-Tendering system has improved compliance and at the same time it has streamlined the tendering processes.

The contracts register has received a refresh and is now part of the e-Tendering suite which is in the public domain so that any interested parties may view it. This has led to greater visibility of Council spend which will be fed into procurement and resource planning and should lead to greater opportunities for efficiency savings.

It will also make it easier for members of the public to have their requests under the Freedom of Information Act 2000 (Fol's) answered quickly and efficiently.

Ensure council and departmental rolling 1-3-year procurement plans are produced each financial year and kept up to date.

Principal Objectives

- Maintain an up to date contracts register
- Increased use of the e-Tendering system
- > Investigating the strategic use of e-Auctions
- > Training in the use of the procurement toolkit
- > Develop a comprehensive rolling 1-3-year procurement plan

Section 5 - Governance Framework

Merton's procurement is governed by EU law, UK Law and by Merton's Contract Standing Orders. These are mandatory for officers of Merton to follow.

a. The Corporate Management Team

The Corporate Management Team (CMT) will continue to initiate and lead all procurement activity and endorse and support adherence to the procurement strategy across the Council. CMT will set the strategic direction of the Council, empower officers and hold officers to account in the delivery of the strategy.

b. Contract Standing Orders

The Council will comply with the wide range of legislation, regulation and guidance which governs procurement. The Council's Contract Standing Orders, last fundamentally revised in April 2012, have been reviewed and updated to take into account the Public Contracts Regulation 2015 (PCR2015), the Social Value Act 2012, the Concession Contracts Regulations 2016 (CCR2016), lessons learnt over the past three years as well as emerging best practice principles. The revisions to the Council's CSOs were approved by Full Council on 22 November 2017 and came into effect as of 1 December 2017.

Adherence to the Contract Standing Orders will be enforced to ensure the highest standards of probity and compliance, one of Merton's principles underpinning procurement activity.

c. The Procurement Board

The Procurement Board is the primary strategic agent through which procurement activity is governed. The Procurement Board is made up of senior management officers and procurement professionals and is chaired by a Director.

The main functions of the Procurement Board are:

- > Oversee the production and management of the procurement strategy
- > Assure that procurement is managed competently and legally
- Ensure changes in legislation e.g. The Social Value Act (2012) and best practice are embedded in the Councils procurement practices
- > Assessing whether procurement is achieving best value for the Council
- > Ensuring that staff engaged in procurement have the required skills
- > To be responsible for the Operational Procurement Groups (OPG)

d. Departmental Management Teams

Departmental Management Teams will receive regular reports from their Operational Procurement Group representatives and ensure that the Procurement Strategy is being delivered effectively within their respective departments.

e. Operational Procurement Group

The OPG's are the operational arm of the Procurement Board, and are the means through which departmental procurement activity is planned and coordinated. One OPG exists for each department and the Groups co-ordinate, risk assess and manage the flow of all procurement activity. Each group is championed by a departmental procurement lead who also attends the Procurement Board.

f. Procurement Gateway process

It is a risk based approach which uses a series of minimum criteria and risk triggers to determine which procurement activities will come to the Procurement Board.

Currently projects need to be brought to the Procurement Board for review where:

- > the total value is over £2m (or annual value over £750k) (thresholds under review)
- > or the decision to award the contract is to be made by Cabinet or
- three or more risk triggers are assessed at amber level or greater. These include: political or reputational risk, impact of failure on service user and maturity or volatility of the market.
- > The contract is for a concession

g. Financial Regulations and Procedures

The Financial Regulations and Procedures are the internal rules applicable to Merton's financial processes and these have also been reviewed to take account of current and recent changes in procurement practice e.g. use of Framework Agreements. Within the options appraisal carried out for each procurement project there will be included due consideration to the methods of financing the project available i.e. capital borrowing, leasing, and other alternatives.

h. Procurement Plans

These plans identify the required strategic procurement activities for a period extending 1-3 years into the future. The departmental procurement plans inform the Corporate Procurement Plan, which will encompass all major procurements due in the following 1-3 years. This will allow for enhanced planning and scheduling, improved visibility and improved risk management for the Council's major procurement activities. The Corporate Procurement Plan is overseen by the Procurement Board.

i. Procurement Templates and Toolkits

The 'Procurement Toolkit' is available to officers via the Procurement Intranet pages and it provides specific procedural guidance and templates for procurement activity.

The Council will review and keep these up to date. It is against this procedural guidance that individual compliance will be measured to ensure best practice, legal compliance and whether there is any off contract spend.

The CST will be working with departments to improve the current toolkit and templates.

j. The Contracts Register

The Contracts Register is a Council-wide record of all contracts that the Council has entered into above the value of £5,000.

The Contracts Register is currently part-hosted via the London Tenders Portal as part of the Council's e-Tendering system. Responsible Officers must ensure that all contracts are entered onto it and that they are kept up to date.

The Contracts Register will continue to be a key component to co-ordinate and risk manage procurement activity at the corporate level and will assist with Fols.

k. e-Procurement

During 2015 the Council re-let its contract for Pro-Contract. The system provides officers and suppliers with an effective and efficient way to electronically manage tender and quote processes. The system is designed to allow staff to conduct requests for quotations and tenders online, much more quickly and also to allow potential suppliers to respond without the need to complete numerous paper forms.

We will ensure that the benefits of e-Tendering continue by the promotion and monitoring of the system. The use of the e-Tendering system was made mandatory as of 1 April 2012.

Improved use of the e-Tendering system will provide corporate visibility on spend and prevent duplication of processes. Improved corporate visibility will in turn allow greater scrutiny of the management of spend across the Council.

I. Looking to the Future

We are investigating greater use of e-Auctions and Dynamic Purchasing Systems as a way of saving additional monies.

Section 6 – Key Actions

A procurement action plan will cover the principal objectives detailed in this strategy document.

To help us achieve our vision, there are six key actions we are taking:

- 1. Implement our people development plan, putting in place a new programme of training, coaching and mentoring
- Roll out stronger contract and supplier management across the Council for key contracts, identifying clear roles and responsibilities and providing professional support for service teams
- 3. Develop a rolling three-year corporate procurement plan, incorporating robust departmental plans

- 4. Provide an updated procurement toolkit and templates for responsible officers
- 5. Increased use of partnerships and collaboration with other organisations to drive greater efficiencies
- 6. Implementing a category management approach to commissioning and procurement across the Council.

By 2022, we will have:

Delivered substantial cost savings through strategic contracting, to help meet the Council's budget targets

Developed a best-in-class service which is highly responsive to the needs of customers, and is valued by them as a strategic partner in developing their own plans

Encouraged greater levels of spend with local suppliers and have thriving relationships with local businesses and VCFS communities

Established strong partnerships with other public sector bodies to leverage best value for money

Contract Activity

List of key tenders planned for 2018 include:

Contract Title	Brief description	Department	Division
All Saints Respite Care -for people with a learning disability	Respite care for people with a learning disability	C&H	Adult Social Care
Corporate Insurance Contract		CS	Resources
Dementia Hub	Information, support and advice to people and their families with dementia	C&H	Public Health
Domiciliary Care for CwD 2016-20	Framework Contract for care services	CSF	Children's Social Care
Highways Term Contract	Maintenance & Capital Works Programme	E&R	Sustainable Communities

Contract Title	Brief description	Department	Division
Housing related Support Services	Delivery of Housing related support services to enable customers to remain in their own home notably: customers with mental health needs, single homelessness, Young people at risk (homelessness), generic floating support & floating support for e- offenders	C&H	Adult Social Care
Mechanical and electrical term contract.	Includes lifts, fire and security systems, electrical testing, lightning protection and water hygiene monitoring	CS	Infrastructure & Transactions
Provision of catering services at Merton Civic Centre		CS	Infrastructure & Transactions
School Catering 2019 onwards	Umbrella contract for 44 primary & special schools	CSF	Children's Education
Supported Living for people with a learning disability	Supported Living for people with a learning disability	C&H	Adult Social Care

Contacting Us

Please contact us if you have any questions, comments or feedback about the Procurement Strategy:

E-mail: commercial.services@merton.gov.uk

Other useful websites

National Procurement Strategy https://www.local.gov.uk/national-procurement-strategy Local Government Transparency Code <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/local-government-transparency-code-2015</u>

Audit Commission http://www.audit-commission.gov.uk

Department for Communities and Local Government http://www.communities.gov.uk Local Government Association http://www.lga.gov.uk

ICT STRATEGY 2016-20

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This document sets out the Council's vision – articulated as a series of strategic objectives – for its information, communication and technology infrastructure and architecture.

The development of the document is a result of a comprehensive planning and consultation exercise involving all services across the organisation. This was guided by a number of design principles that provide a broad framework within which the strategic priorities have been developed. The aim of these principles is to ensure that the management and development of IT and systems complies with necessary standards and protocols and aligns with the wider strategic direction of the council by:

- organising information and systems around customers;
- automating processes wherever possible;
- consolidating and rationalising master data sets wherever possible
- supporting joint working and shared services; and
- reducing, as far as possible, reliance on highly technical support.

Importantly, the strategy introduced a Technical Design Authority to ensure a controlled, disciplined approach to changes to the technical architecture and infrastructure. This is designed to accommodate the demands and requirements that will inevitably arise during the lifetime of this strategy but are not currently known. The role of this body is to manage and agree any alterations that are proposed to the agreed implementation plan that supports this strategy. The terms of reference for the group are appended to this strategy (Appendix 2), and these are designed to ensure it operates in a collaborative, agile way to mitigate against the risk of unnecessary bureaucracy and business interruption,

The strategic priorities that this strategy seeks to deliver are:

- Customer focused systems
- Integrated and joined-up systems and infrastructure
- Single source of master data sets
- IT that is fit for purpose now and into the future
- The ability to operate from multiple locations and devices (flexible and mobile working)
- Increased self-service
- Automation where it's efficient and effective to do so
- Systems and infrastructure that are resilient, compliant and experience minimal downtime

All of these outcomes need to be delivered within an overarching strategic aim of **becoming** London's Best Council with an efficient organisation and reduced operating costs.

These high level outcomes shape and prioritise the activity set out in the supporting implementation plan for the strategy.

ABOUT THIS STRATEGY

This document sets out Merton's vision and strategy for its Information, Communication and Technology infrastructure and systems architecture. In developing the strategy, officers have drawn on the target operating models (TOM) and associated delivery plans developed by the Council's businesses throughout 2015/6. This ensures that Merton continues to take a business-led (and therefore customer-led) approach to the development, improvement and maintenance of its IT assets.

The strategy also reflects the more technical guiding principles and constraints that frame our IT ambitions, either because of legislative requirements or as part of our commitment to adhere to industry standards and best practice.

In striking the balance between responding to business needs and managing IT assets effectively and efficiently this strategy is designed to provide a broad strategic framework for the maintenance and improvement of the Council's IT and business systems. It is supported by a more detailed implementation plan that sets out the operational tasks associated with achieving the strategy. The implementation plan will be reviewed annually; the content of the plan and progress against it will be assured and managed through Corporate Services DMT and the Merton Improvement Board. The Assistant Directors of Infrastructure & Transactions and Business Improvement will be jointly accountable for its delivery.

BUSINESS CONTEXT

As a high achieving authority, Merton is single minded in its commitment to continuous improvement. The organisation recognises that this will require IT infrastructure and systems that support excellent services and - in the context of a decreasing financial envelope - greater automation and self-service.

The financial context in which we operate requires that the organisation finds ever more efficient ways to manage and improve its IT assets. Where judicious investment is required in order to transition the organisation towards more efficient ways of working on an 'invest to save' basis, the Council allocates funding from reserves earmarked specifically for this purpose. The Merton Improvement and Capital Programme Boards manage this process, awarding funding on the basis of sound business cases and overseeing their implementation to ensure benefits are realised.

Through the development of TOMs each business has set out its future state and the role that IT will play in enabling this. It is this information that, drawn together, forms the basis of this strategy and supporting implementation plans. The activities reflect the development, improvement and maintenance of IT and business systems needed by services in order to achieve their stated ambitions.

In addition, the strategy incorporates the activity that will be required to deliver cross-cutting transformational projects and programmes of change and improvement. The most notable of these are:

- Flexible Working a programme of coordinated activity designed to introduce modern working practices that make the most effective and efficient use of office space and officer time.
- Customer Contact a three-year programme that will enable and drive channel shift, • the transition of customer interaction to cheaper (usually online) channels and selfservice wherever possible.

- Mobile working the integration of systems and introduction of mobile devices and mobile-enabled systems so that officers can work from any location.
- SCIS the re-procurement of the Council's social care information system.
- Financial systems the re-procurement of the Council's financial information management systems.

STRATEGIC DESIGN PRINCIPLES

As this strategy has already acknowledged, Merton must be judicious in its management and development of IT and systems – changes to our infrastructure and architecture have cost implications beyond the initial investment as they will require support and maintenance. In addition, there are a suite of technical standards and protocols with which the Council needs to comply.

To ensure that all of these factors are taken into account, the organisation has adopted a holistic approach to developing this strategy. Businesses have worked with target operating models to clarify and articulate their current and future IT needs; but to help frame their thinking and ensure development proposals are realistic a series of design principles have been applied to the process. These will continue to inform our IT development:

- IT systems must be customer centric and support the Council's Customer Channel Design principles.
- IT systems should consolidate information around the citizen, reduce reliance on paper and provide automated workflows wherever possible.
- IT systems must support social inclusion and be user friendly.
- IT systems must improve information use and sharing with Merton partners, where appropriate, and comply with the Information Strategy.
- IT systems must support the Council's Information Channel Design Principles.
- IT systems will maximise use of configuration to ensure they are readily upgradable and supported by the vendor. System customisation should be avoided.
- IT systems and Service delivery will be designed with shared function/service in mind.
- All significant IT developments, improvements and technology purchases will be governed and controlled through the Technical Design Authority to ensure technology compliance and maximum value is achieved.

STRATEGIC PRIORITIES

Drawing on the TOMs and transformation delivery plans of the organisation, as well as developments in the world of IT, legislative requirements and industry good practice, we have developed a set of strategic priorities that clarify where scarce resources will be focused over the life of the strategy.

These are the high level outcomes this strategy aims to deliver:

- Customer focused systems
- Integrated and joined-up systems and infrastructure
- Single source of master data sets (master data management)
- IT that is fit for purpose now and into the future
- The ability to operate from multiple locations and devices (flexible and mobile working)
- Increased self-service
- Automation where it's efficient and effective to do so
- Systems and infrastructure that are resilient, compliant and experience minimal downtime

All of these outcomes need to be delivered within an overarching strategic aim of **becoming** London's Best Council with an efficient organisation and reduced operating costs.

These high level outcomes shape and prioritise the activity set in the supporting implementation plan for the strategy. The following objectives set out in more detail how each will be achieved.

Customer focused systems

- Council systems that support the Customer Contact Strategy and programme, enabling a customer centric approach, with information consolidated around the service users.
- Support social inclusion by maximising access to IT resources by members of the community and community groups, and by providing user-friendly systems, systems that cater for a wide range of needs in support of the Digital Inclusion Strategy.
- Support the customer contact strategy by providing a consistent customer experience through a variety of channels.
- Customer data stored consistently across various systems.
- System and IT infrastructure enhancements and implementation informed by business need (which in turn articulates customer need).
- Where feasible and beneficial, maximise the benefits of mobile working by gathering multi-agency data at each interaction thereby reducing multiple contacts with customers.

Integrated and joined-up systems and infrastructure

- System integration wherever possible and beneficial.
- Actively consider the potential for joint working with partnering boroughs and agencies in all IT decisions.
- Improved through IT systems/infrastructure information use and sharing with Merton partners.
- IT infrastructure and systems that support, enable and promote shared services.
- Support business transformation through end- to-end integration of processes, consolidated customer databases and exploiting e-enabling services and improved service delivery within the council.

- Create and maintain a 'single version of the truth' with appropriate arrangements in place to improve and maintain primary data sources that feed secondary sets with minimal manual intervention.
- Maximise existing investments.

Fit for purpose now and into the future

- Create a clear vision and target operating model for the IT infrastructure and systems architecture that is based on businesses' plans for the future.
- Create and maintain IT infrastructure and systems that support business agility.
- Lead and promote business change through innovation and technology.
- Actively maintain good market intelligence and scan for new opportunities.

Operating from multiple locations and devices

- Provide business solutions and IT infrastructure that support the flexible working programme and accommodation strategy through mobile and home working.
- Documents available electronically at point of use; reduced reliance on paper.
- Telephone systems and printing follow the worker.
- Deploy, wherever possible, device and operating system agnostic solutions

Increased self service

- Introduce and improve the functionality of web-enabled services and systems.
- Better use and quality of geospatial data.
- Support stronger clienting of the IT service by businesses by raising IT skills.

Systems and infrastructure that are resilient, compliant and experience minimal downtime

- Establish and maintain a programme for effective disaster recovery.
- Develop and regularly test business continuity plans.
- Achieve and maintain compliancy with PSN, N3 and CJSM regulations.
- Manage and monitor 'downtime' that is as close to zero as possible.
- Introduce, develop and maintain change control mechanisms.
- Adopt a 'cloud first' managed/hosted infrastructure approach wherever appropriate

CHANGE MANAGEMENT

A key factor in delivering this strategy will be the introduction and maintenance of effective change management mechanisms. As the Council increases its reliance on technology through programmes such as Customer Contact and Flexible Working but also seeks, in parallel, to reduce the cost of maintaining and supporting systems and IT infrastructure, establishing effective governance and control of IT assets will become even more important. The uncontrolled and ungoverned development of systems and IT infrastructure risks not only confusing and disrupting the system and IT architectures, but also carries a cost implication: improvements will be inefficient where technical support and maintenance resource implications have not been correctly understood. This could, in the longer term, counteract business benefit/efficiencies if not properly planned for.

It is therefore important that explicit arrangements are put in place that guarantee that appropriate discipline will be consistently applied to the development of the organisation's system architecture and IT infrastructure. Whilst this strategy and implementation plan provides a route map for investment over the coming four years, it cannot be expected that the requirements of the organisation will remain static over its lifetime. New business demands are likely to emerge that are not currently understood, or are driven by changes in policy or statutory frameworks. For this reason, this strategy introduced a **Technical Design Authority**. The role of this body will be to manage and agree any alterations that are proposed to the agreed implementation plan that supports this strategy.

It will govern and manage development of the Council's systems and IT and ensure changes and improvements are compliant with not only necessary technical and security standards, but also Council strategy, i.e. rationalisation and integration of systems, reduction in support overheads etc. This will ensure that there is full collaboration and consultation on any significant proposal to amend the Council's technology architecture (outside those improvements and activities already agreed as part of this strategy and implementation plan). The terms of reference for the group are appended to this strategy (Appendix 2).

OPERATIONAL DELIVERY

The core delivery plans for the Infrastructure and Transactions and Business Improvement divisions will incorporate activity required for the routine maintenance of the Council's IT infrastructure and systems. This strategy and supporting implementation plan captures the activity over and above this core offer, relating to improvements outside those that are routinely expected. For each of these, a business case has been prepared to secure investment from earmarked reserves. This will enable the necessary resources to ensure timely and effective delivery to be made available.

To provide consolidated and resilient support arrangements, any system that is being supported by individuals within service teams, the support arrangements will be migrated to the IT infrastructure and business systems team.

Prioritisation and sequencing of the programme will be managed through Merton Improvement Board to ensure that it takes account of pan-organisation imperatives and priorities. Regular reports on progress and resource management will be submitted to the Merton Improvement Board, in addition to Corporate Services DMT.

A series of Service Level Agreements will sit alongside the strategy and set out agreed metrics and service standards to enable departments to assure and monitor delivery.

BUSINESS CONTINUITY

Business continuity will be assured through the deployment of four planned maintenance windows per year. These will allow crucial system and infrastructure updates and improvements to be made with minimum impact on service provision.

It will also be enhanced through the provision of suitable Wide Area Network (WAN) links to the designated Business Continuity centre; and we will ensure that connectivity to Business

Critical systems is maintained in the event that we were no longer able to occupy the Civic Centre.

We will continue to ensure that the remote access infrastructure is available with diverse internet routes.

Business continuity plans will be routinely reviewed and tested.

DISASTER RECOVERY

The Council's IT infrastructure and business systems underpin many of the Council's critical activities. In the event that an incident occurred that interrupted the availability of IT and systems – for example a fire, or borough emergency that affected the Civic Centre – it would be essential that systems were restored as quickly as possible. This is particularly true given the potential for some systems to support civic recovery.

In order to ensure this is the case, we will complete Phase 1 Disaster Recovery arrangements, which include the identification of the Council's core business critical IT systems and the relocation of hardware to the new Disaster Recovery facility located at London Borough of Wandsworth. We will also review departmental IT Disaster Recovery plans and provide some critical challenge to ensure that they are robust and fit for purpose.

Utilising agreed planned maintenance periods we will undertake regular testing of Disaster Recovery arrangements including operational infrastructure, hardware and emergency backup systems to ensure that they are fully operational.

We will develop phase 2 Disaster Recovery arrangements including the procurement of new Active/Active Storage Area Network equipment (SAN) and install the new infrastructure and equipment at the Civic centre and Wandsworth sites.

Finally, we will properly map and document the new Disaster Recovery processes and produce an operational maintenance manual.

All of these activities – along with timescales – are included in the Implementation Plan that supports this strategy.

APPENDICES:

- 1. Implementation plan
- 2. Technical Design Authority terms of reference

RELATED DOCUMENTS

Information Technology (IT) Policy Social Media Protocol Information Strategy

Authors	Sophie Ellis, AD Business Improvement		
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	Clive Cooke, Head of IT Systems		
Version	3.1 Final		
Date Issued	August 2016		
Document Status	Approved by MIB		

APPENDIX 1

IT Strategy 2014-8 Implementation Plan - Agreed Improvements

Project Name	Brief Description	Comment	Status
System improvements and implementations	AGREED and RESOURCED		
In-Cab - specification devt and requirements gathering	Exercise to establish business requirements for functionality currently delivered through Confirm (street scene, asset mgt & waste mgt)	Completed, cost prohibitive and scaled down into EAMS project	Complete
(EAMS) - Environmental Asset Management system - specification devt and requirements gathering	Exercise to establish business requirements for functionality currently delivered through Confirm (street scene, asset mgt & waste mgt)	Completed and approved and submitted to tender portal.	Complete
(EAMS) - Asset Management - procurement and implementation	Project to procure and implement new Environmental Asset Management System (EAMS).	Go live dates: 16\10\17 ans 23\10\17	Complete
Customer Contact	Implement new transactional website, content management system, customer account functionality and customer relationship management system	Intranet Go live 19\12\17	In progress
EDRMS	Implement replacement EDRMS (to replace SMART)	BST is now live in SharePoint	In progress
(SCIS) - Social Care Information System	Implement replacement system (replacing CareFirst)	Go live 6 May 2017	Complete
(FIS) -Financial Systems Re-Engineer	Procure and implement replacement financial management information system	System went live on 6th february 2017	Complete
NHS Number as URN	To introduce the NHS number as the URN within our Social Care System. Already under way and in CareFirst action plan	De-scoped for phase 1. Review for phase 2.	Not started
Tree Survey Remote Solution	Provision of remote survey solution for tree survey work (underway).	Short-term solution in place,Will be addressed by EAMS implementation.	Complete
Mapping and Data Improvement	Geocode and integrate a range of datasets into the GIS database - prioritised by business benefit.	Data migrated to Mayrise (EAMS)	Complete
Firmstep e-forms	Develop and implement a range of new eForms (using existing system) to provide automation for businesses pending replacement eForm solution becoming available through Customer Contact programme.	Highlighted prioritised forms completed, on-going urgent requirements being funded as and when required.	Complete
ANPR - Implementation	Following successful trial, Implement automatic number plate recognition system. Now to be combined with CCTV maintenance contract.	Complete	Complete

APPENDIX 1

Project Name	Brief Description	Comment	Status
Waste services SLWP	aste services SLWP Waste services migration to Veolia		Complete
Building & Development Control - CIL	Implemetation of Exacom Cil	Go live March 2017	Complete
Greenspaces - Lot 2 system integrations	Greenspaces system integration with Idverde	Implementation in progress	In progress
M3 re-procurement	Reprocurement of Northgate M3 systems	Tender complete, award due after procurement board on 6th Feb 2018	Complete
NLPG service implementation	Implement National Address Lookup service	Implemented and now being integrated with other systems	Complete
Libraries & Heritage - further wifi rollout	Extend wifi for libraries	GLA funded project and now complete	Complete
Libraries & heritage - further on-line payments	Extend online payments		Complete
Libraries & heritage - on-line halls bookings	Provision of on-line hall booking	Delivered by Customer Contact	Complete
Libraries & heritage - Replace self service technology		Completed apart from chip and pin	In Progress
CIL system implementation	Implement CIL system and integrate with M3	Completed	Complete
Greenspaces - tree enquiry self tracking system	Tree enquiry self-tracking system	Functionality of new EAMS (Mayrise) should deliver this functionality	Complete
FPN/PCN system procurement	Re-procurement of PCN and FPN system for Diesel charging.	Requirements and scoping underway.	In progress
New Registrar system	Replacement of old registrar system	Implementation in progress	In progress
CS Electoral services - Mobile/tablet canvassing	Provision of tablets and software to enable mobile collection of electoral registration information	Implemented and now being integrated with other systems	Complete
Merton Intelligence Hub	Procurement and implementation of GIS Intelligent hub website for displaying nationally available information about Merton graphically.	Complete	Complete
Replacement Library system	Reprocurement of london library consortium solution for libraries	Gone to Tender	In progress

Sub total: systems

APPENDIX 1

Project Name	Brief Description	Comment	Status
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Infrastructure improvements and implements			
Replace all photocopier / printers	Replace all MFD on floors and print room and install integrated system	Some issues with the print to print room software, this is being tested within the I &t department before further rollout	In progress In progress
Replace desktop devices	Replacement desktop devices	This is ongoing yearly refresh, 2017 /18 we have refreshed over 200 laptops and 20 desktops	
Replace out of warranty servers	Replace out of warranty servers		In progress
Replace Core switches	Replace core network switches	ITT just returned for review and award, expect to award early january - 18 months project	In progress
Replace edge Network switches	replace Network edge switches	ITT just returned for review and award, expect to award early january - 18 months project	In progress
RE-cable sites network cabling	Recable sites with new cabling		Complete
Proxy server replacement	Replace Web proxy server		Complete
Replace flukes	Replace flukes used for network testing		Complete
Spam Filters	replace email spam filters		Complete
Upgrade PABX	Replace PABX telephone system	Contract awarded, implemetnation will now start with a estimated go live in Summer 18	In progress
Replace BTS call logging	Replace telephone call logging system	Contract awarded, implemetnation will now start with a estimated go live in Summer 18	In progress
Replace Voicemail System	Replace voice mail recording system		Complete
Replace internet packet shaper	Replace internet packet shaper		Complete
Replace NOF PC's	Replace Publix access terminals	160 desktops being replaced will complete March 18	In progress
Consolidate Network management and Server nanagement software	Consolidate Network management and Server management software		Complete
Replace PTC scheduling software	Replace PTC scheduling system		Complete
Retender Source One email archiving	Retender Source One email archive solution		Not started
Renew Microsoft Enterprise agreement	Renew Enterprise agreement	Annual renewal	Complete
Replace MASCOTT system with new product includes elephony, telehealth and telecare	Renew/replace MASCOTT system.	Procurement stopped being retendered May 18	In progress

Sub total - Infrastructure

Total agreed/funded

Technical Design Authority

Terms of Reference January 2017

1. Purpose

The Technical Design Authority (TDA) is the strategic body which ensures that an appropriate level of governance and control is applied to changes or improvements in the council's IT infrastructure or systems. Its role is to facilitate appropriate challenge, assurance and support to ensure all proposals for major upgrades, or new systems, modules, or services, are fit for purpose.

The Technical Design Authority will;

- govern and manage the IT systems architecture and IT infrastructure for the London Borough of Merton;
- maintain and lead on supporting IT policies and standards;
- agree and manage changes to the IT Strategy and Implementation Plan; incorporating changes and development to the systems architecture and IT infrastructure for the council such that it complies with strategic objectives, relevant legislation, appropriate quality standards, and good practice;
- oversee changes to, and development of, the systems architecture and IT infrastructure for the council set out within the IT Strategy and Implementation Plan in order to ensure that these are well managed and meet agreed business objectives;
- implement and maintain a scheme of delegation that allows for effective and timely decisions on changes to the IT Strategy and Implementation Plan at a level proportionate to their significance and impact;
- review its Terms of Reference annually.

2. Functions

The overarching objective of the TDA is to ensure that the appropriate level of discipline and control is applied to changes or improvements to the council's IT infrastructure and systems.

The ultimate aim is to enhance IT performance and flexibility and ensure that the council's technology is fit for purpose, the likelihood and predictability of success is increased, and the likelihood and cost of non-conformance is decreased.

This is to be achieved by ensuring that all proposed significant changes are approved by the TDA prior to funding being allocated or implementation agreed.

This extends to technical aspects of wider transformation and improvement projects and programmes commissioned across the council.

The TDA defines significant change as;

- any new system, module or service;
- any major upgrade to current infrastructure or;
- any major system upgrades, enhancements or configuration.

The scope of the TDA does not extend to routine maintenance and upgrades, nor any activity already agreed as part of the IT Strategy and Implementation Plan.

The TDA operates closely with the Continuous Improvement Team and Business Partners to ensure that it is engaged at appropriate gateways in the project / programme cycle, and provides advice, guidance, and support to projects / programmes, and services to enable benefits to be secured through well managed and disciplined technical improvements.

In considering proposed amendments and alterations to the systems architecture and infrastructure, the TDA will consider;

- selection and design of technology for systems development / maintenance and production operations;
- alignment of proposals with the council's strategic direction, including the IT Strategy, Information Strategy, and corresponding enterprise architecture principles, architectures and roadmaps;
- guidance and advice on leading practices, industry standards and conventions and frameworks and methods;
- technical risks and mitigation strategies;
- integration with existing systems and infrastructure so that the overall solution meets a combined set of user requirements;
- impacts on existing infrastructure capacity and systems;
- software licensing impacts (where relevant);
- data integrity and quality and, specifically, alignment with agreed master datasets;
- future support requirements and the capacity of the council to respond to these;
- feasibility in relation to costs, resources, impacts and business benefits;
- design to meet technical goals in relation to compatibility, usability, security, reliability, maintainability, reusability, supportability and recoverability in operations;
- implementation plans to increase the likelihood of success, e.g. project / programme management that complies with MAP, scheduled user testing, etc.;
- ability to meet business continuity and disaster recovery arrangements of the council.

The TDA will also regularly review the relevant council policies and standards to ensure they are fit for purpose.

3. Membership

The membership of the TDA will be drawn from Corporate Services to ensure the appropriate level of technical expertise.

The Board will be considered quorate if the Chair (or their delegate) plus four other members, including the Head of IT Systems and Head of IT Delivery (or their delegates), are present.

The table below outlines the TDA memb	bership and expected roles.
---------------------------------------	-----------------------------

Post	Role in the TDA
Director of Corporate Services	Chair
Assistant Director of Infrastructure and	Ensure proposals align with strategic
Transactions	direction of the organisation in relation to
	IT Infrastructure
Assistant Director of Business	Ensure proposals align with strategic
Improvement	direction of the organisation in relation to
	transformation and change and IT
	systems
Head of IT Service Delivery	Ensure proposals align with IT strategy in
	relation to operational management of IT
	Infrastructure
Head of IT Systems	Ensure proposals align with IT strategy in
	relation to operational management of IT
	Systems Architecture
Head of Continuous Improvement	Ensure proposals align with the Merton
	Improvement Portfolio and Merton
	Approach to Projects (MAP)
	methodology
Head of Information Governance	Ensure proposals align with the council's
	data protection and information
	governance policies

Business Partners are considered optional attendees unless their Department is bringing a proposal to the TDA, in which case their attendance is mandated. The Business Partners will support the Department in the preparation and delivery of their proposal for the TDA. They will ensure business interests are represented in technical decisions.

Additional temporary members will be invited to join the board for individual meetings where a particular item requires their expert input. These will usually be Heads of Profession for a given area or subject.

The TDA will always seek to reach a decision on any proposal through consensus and collaboration; looking to reach a conclusion that is in the best interests of the organisation as a whole as well as the service seeking to introduce change. In the event that such a decision cannot be reached then the TDA will escalate the decision to the Merton Improvement Board or CMT as appropriate, providing all necessary information to ensure a swift resolution can be achieved.

4. Board support

The Continuous Improvement Team will organise and service all TDA meetings. This will include scheduling meetings and circulation of documentation, maintaining an online document library, keeping a decision log and summary notes of all meetings, and monitoring actions arising from the meeting, including escalating issues / out of date actions to Merton Improvement Board as required.

Each meeting will adopt the following broad format:

- A representative from the relevant business area, preferably the owner of the proposed initiative / project, will present their proposal, including any options appraisal undertaken, the anticipated business benefits, and the overarching plan.
- Board members will ask questions and clarify the proposal as required.
- The Board will reach a decision on the proposal which may be to;
 - a) approve as currently set out;
 - b) approve subject to certain amendments or additions;
 - c) refer it for further development on the basis of guidance provided by the board, or;
 - d) reject the proposal altogether with a clear rationale for the decision.

5. Accountability

The TDA will report all decisions to the Merton Improvement Board (MIB) on a monthly basis. In addition, the TDA may escalate issues and risks to MIB as required.

The TDA will work in conjunction with the other established change control mechanisms within the organisation as follows:

Governance	Role	Relationship to TDA
Departmental	Business leadership and	Refer requests / proposals
Management Teams	management; agree,	for significant system / IT
(DMT)	prioritise and resource	changes to the TDA for
	transformational activity.	advice prior to approval.
Senior Management	Manage discrete business	Consult the TDA on
Teams (SMT)	functions, propose,	proposals for significant
	prioritise and manage	system / IT changes for
	transformational activity.	advice prior to approval.
Merton Improvement	Oversees cross cutting	Refer requests / proposals
Board (MIB)	transformation and	for significant system / IT
	secures assurance on	changes to the TDA for
	quality and progress	advice prior to approval.
	against delivery.	
Capital Programme Board	Oversees, determines and	Refer requests / proposals
	directs activity (projects	for significant system / IT
	and programmes)	changes to the TDA for
	undertaken as part of the	advice prior to approval.
	council's capital	
	programme.	
Carefirst Programme	Oversees and directs	Significant improvements

Governance	Role	Relationship to TDA
Board	significant change to the	to be referred to the TDA
	Carefirst System, ensuring	for consultation.
	this is driven by and takes	
	full account of business	
	need.	
Adults and Children's	Manages and controls	N/A
Departmental Information	change to the Carefirst	
Groups	system at the operational	
	level, ensuring this is	
	driven by and takes full	
	account of business need.	

6. Meetings

TDA meetings will be scheduled every two months for routine agenda items and non-urgent requests. Additional reactive meetings will be held as required in order to respond in a timely manner to more urgent change and improvement requests that cannot wait until the next scheduled meeting. In the case of such urgent requests a meeting will be convened and a decision reached (subject to sufficient information being made available to the Board) within seven working days.

Requests are to be submitted via email to the Continuous Improvement Team (continuous.improvement@merton.gov.uk) and DMTs must approve any proposals / requests arising from their department prior to submission to the TDA.

The Board will meet every eight weeks on the fourth Tuesday of the month.

7. Extraordinary Meetings

The Board may arrange occasional meeting to address specific themes or topics.

Section C

Risk Management

Policy Statement

Merton's policy is to manage our risks by identifying, assessing and controlling them, with the aim of eliminating or reducing them to acceptable levels whilst being mindful that some risks will always exist and will never be eliminated.

The council recognises its responsibility to risk management by supporting a structured, systematic and focussed approach to risk management through the approval of our risk management strategy.

The effective management of risk is at the core of our approach to delivering cost effective and efficient services as well as sound corporate governance and is a continuous and evolving process, running through our strategies and service delivery arrangements. As risk is very much concerned with our objectives, the management of it will be closely linked to the creation of our strategic, service, project and partnership objectives and plans.

Our risk management process will be continuous and will support internal and external change. The risk management process will be fully integrated with the normal business management processes across the authority.

Merton's aims and objectives in relation to risk management are to:

- Establish and maintain a robust framework and procedures for the identification, analysis, assessment and management of risk, including reporting and recording.
- Minimise the council's exposure to unacceptable levels of risk, minimise injury, damage, loss and inconvenience to staff, residents and service users.
- Integrate risk management into the day to day activities of staff and the culture of the organisation, raising awareness of the importance and need for risk management.
- Assign clear roles and responsibilities for councillors and officers responsible for risk management
- Ensure consistent application of our methodology across all of our activities, including partnerships and projects.
- Effectively manage the total cost of risk.

We will achieve this by:

- Having a clear and concise risk management strategy which underpins our approach and responsibilities to risk
- Incorporating risk management into business planning, project management and service delivery
- Monitoring risk on a regular basis through the Corporate Risk Management Group (CRMG)
- Reporting on risk on a regular basis to the Corporate Management Team (CMT), Cabinet and General Purposes Committee

Risk Management Strategy

The process of identifying and evaluating risks is known as risk assessment. By understanding the risks we face, we are better able to actively recognise where uncertainty surrounding events or outcomes exists, and identify measures which can be taken to protect the council, its staff, residents, customers and assets from these risks.

This strategy provides a structured approach to identifying emerging risks as well as assessing and managing current risks. It also incorporates a process for regularly reviewing and updating identified risks.

This strategy will be reviewed on an annual basis, and updated where required.

What is risk?

Risk is the threat that an event or action may adversely affect an organisation's ability to achieve its objectives and successfully execute its strategies. A risk can be a threat, obstacle, barrier, concern, problem or event that may prevent us fulfilling our objectives.

Our risk management processes also include the assessment of Issues. Issues are current problems, questions, outstanding items, tasks or a request that exists in the immediate present. There is a strong element of fact surrounding it. An issue becomes a risk when the issue cannot be addressed and could continue or get worse.

Definition of Risk Management

Organisations exist to achieve their ambitions, aims and objectives. Risk Management is the process by which organisations methodically address and identify the risks that may prevent them from achieving these ambitions, aims and objectives. The intention is to achieve sustained benefit within each of their activities, and across the portfolio of all their activities.

Ultimately, risk management is about creating a better understanding of the most important problems facing organisations.

Risk is also implicit in the decisions all organisations take; how those decisions are taken will affect how successful they are in achieving their objectives. Decision making is, in turn, an integral part of the day to day existence and is particularly significant in times of change. Risk management therefore is a key component in the management of change and helps to support effective decision making.

We endeavour to identify all risks facing the council and to monitor, manage and mitigate (where possible) all those risks which are deemed to be high (scored Amber or Red). Risks are monitored via Departmental Risk Registers, and key crosscutting risks to the council are also placed on the Key Strategic Risk Register (KSRR).

The benefits of risk management

In addition to the business and service benefits of our approach, we are required to undertake risk management because it forms part of the Annual Governance Statement. We must, therefore, demonstrate that we have a systematic strategy, framework and process for managing risk. However, the council recognises that the benefits of risk management far outweigh the requirement to undertake the activity and such benefits include:

- Stronger ability to achieve our ambitions, aims and objectives as key risks are managed.
- Better decision making as we are more aware of risk.
- Ability to take advantage of opportunities because we understand the risks attached to them.
- Better governance and the ability to demonstrate it to our stakeholders.
- Reduction in failure, loss, damage and injury caused by risk
- Improvement in our ability to adapt to change
- Improvement in our corporate governance
- Compliance with statutory and regulatory requirements

Organisational awareness of risk and risk management

Ensuring that there is a strong organisational awareness of risk management will be achieved through training sessions, reviews, departmental meetings, briefings and staff bulletins which will take place on a regular basis. Each department has an assigned Risk Champion who will offer guidance to staff where required. The <u>risk management intranet page</u> will be regularly reviewed and staff will be signposted to the information they need to proactively identify and manage risk ie the Risk Management Toolkit and other guidance.

Risk Appetite

The council recognises that its risk appetite to achieve the corporate priorities identified within its business plan could be described in general as an "informed and cautious" approach. Where significant risk arises, we will take effective control action to reduce these risks to an acceptable level.

It is also recognised that a higher level of risk may need to be accepted, for example to support innovation in service delivery. To offset this there are areas where the council will maintain a very cautious approach for example in matters of compliance with the law, and public confidence in the council, supporting the overall "informed and cautious" position on risk.

How does risk management integrate with other policies?

Risk management links closely with Health and Safety, Business Continuity, Emergency Planning and Insurance; by ensuring close links we can enhance our resilience. Generally, a single issue or risk will fall into only one of these categories; however some may fall into two or more. As Business Continuity is a way of mitigating risk, its link with risk management is key to ensuring the continuous delivery of services which are important to the community.



Risk management in projects

Risk management is a key part of the ongoing management of projects and partnerships and is clearly defined in <u>Merton's Approach to Projects (MAP)</u>.

Risk management in partnerships

The council is involved in a wide range of partnerships to achieve our ambitions, aims and objectives. It is vital we assess the risks to achievement within our key partnerships, and ensure that they are monitored regularly.

Our methodology for assessing and monitoring risks has been adopted by our key partnerships in order to ensure consistent scoring, and effective integration into our risk management system.

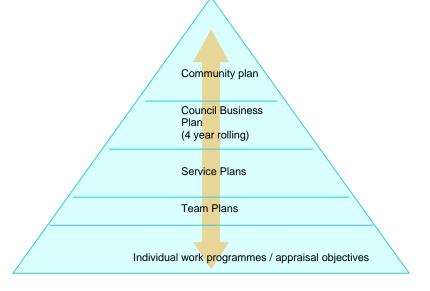
Risk management and financial planning

Risk management is an important part of financial planning. As part of the budget setting process a robust risk assessment is completed, and then reviewed on a regular basis.

Corporate approach to risk management

In order to formalise and structure risk management, it is recognised there is an obvious and clear link with the business planning process and therefore risk management sits within the Business Planning team. The overall council Business Plan, incorporating the individual service plans, sets out what a team, division, department, or the council as a whole, want to achieve within a specific time frame, as shown below.

Merton Performance Management Framework



- CMT is ultimately accountable for delivering the council's Business Plan therefore they are responsible for monitoring and reviewing the KSRR.
- DMTs are responsible for their own services' risk registers.
- Divisions or teams are responsible for their own risk registers, if applicable.

It is important that risks identified and assessed at an operational level can be escalated to a departmental or corporate level. However, because a risk may have a great impact on a team it does not necessarily follow that it may have the same impact on the department, or the organisation as a whole. Ultimately, it is the respective management team which decides if a risk is an appropriate inclusion on its risk register.

Scoring Risk

In conjunction with this strategy, more detailed guidance will be issued to assist officers in identifying risks and issues, and the scoring, managing and reporting of those risks identified.

When determining a score for service level risks, definitions of likelihood and impact of risk (Service Level) should be used in conjunction with the matrix below. Therefore, if the likelihood of a risk is 4, significant, (occurs or likely to occur more than 25%, and up to 50% of the time) and the impact is 3, critical, (service provision - service suspended short term) – then the risk rating will be 12 (4x3) which is amber.

Defining the Likelihood of Risk

Classification	Definition
6 - Very High	Occurs or likely to occur more than 90% of the time
5 - High	Occurs or likely to occur more than 50%, and up to 90% of the time
4 - Significant	Occurs or likely to occur more than 25%, and up to 50% of the time
3 - Possible	Occurs or likely to occur more than 5% and up to 25% of the time
2 - Low	Occurs or likely to occur more than 1% and up to 5% of the time
1 - Almost Impossible	Occurs or likely to occur up to 1% of the time

Defining the Impact of Risk (Service Level)

Categories	1 Marginal	2 Significant	3 Critical	4 Catastrophic
Financial Impact - Fl	Up to 15% gross budget or turnover	Over 15% and up to 50% of gross budget or turnover	Over 50% and up to 75% of gross budget or turnover	Over 75% of gross budget or turnover
Service Provision - SP	Reduced service	Significant reduction	Service suspended short term	Service suspended long term / statutory duties not delivered
Health and Safety - HS	Broken bones / illness	Major illness / threat not life threatening	Loss of life / major illness	Major loss of life / large scale illness (pandemic)
Objectives - O	Objectives of one service area not met	Departmental objectives not met	Corporate objectives not met	Statutory objectives not met
Reputation - R	Adverse local media lead story short term	Adverse local media story long term. Adverse national publicity short term.	Adverse national publicity longer term	Remembered for years

Risk Matrix



Reporting and escalating risks

All risks on individual service risk registers are reviewed at Departmental Managers Team (DMT) meetings with particular attention given to red or increasing amber risks.

Risks are also checked for any cross cutting implications. If the risk is high scoring and/or could have an impact across the organisation, then it must be rescored using the Defining the Impact of Risk (corporate level) criteria below, prior to inclusion on the Key Strategic Risk Register.

Categories	1 Marginal	2 Significant	3 Critical	4 Catastrophic
Financial Impact - Fl	Up to £2.5m per annum or up to £10m one off	£2.5m up to £5m per annum or up to £20m one off	£5m up to £7.5m per annum or up to £30m one off	£7.5m up to £10m per annum or above £40m one off
Service Provision - SP	Reduced service	Significant reduction	Service suspended short term	Service suspended long term / statutory duties not delivered
Health and Safety - HS	Broken bones / illness	Major illness / threat not life threatening	Loss of life / major illness	Major loss of life / large scale illness (pandemic)
Objectives - O	Objectives of one service area not met	Departmental objectives not met	Corporate objectives not met	Statutory objectives not met
Reputation - R	Adverse local media lead story short term	Adverse local media story long term. Adverse national publicity short term.	Adverse national publicity longer term	Remembered for years

Defining the Impact of Risk (Corporate Level)

Monitoring and Managing

During the year, new risks will arise that have not previously been considered and there may be changes to existing risks. Therefore the risk registers need to be regularly managed, with risk owners re-assessing their risks, re-scoring them if appropriate, and providing sufficient narrative in respect of the Control Measures they have in place (ie the actions which they are taking to mitigate against the risk). The reviews of risk registers should be managed by exception. The reporting cycle as detailed below, takes place during April, July, October and January.

1 st week	2 nd week	4 th week
DMT – review operational	Corporate Risk	CMT – identify and
service risks and propose	Management Group	review KSRs
KSRs as per the definitions of	(CRMG) – review service	
likelihood and impact for	risks and proposed KSRs	
crosscutting risks		

All risks are reviewed according to the quarterly cycle shown above, with a particular focus upon red risks, and also upon amber risks which have increased their risk score since the previous quarterly review.

Removal of any risks from the registers must be approved by DMTs and CRMG prior to being presented to CMT. CRMG will only approve removal of a risk if it is scored green for a minimum of two consecutive reporting cycles (ie two quarters). There are otherwise no rigid guidelines for dropping risks from the registers because clear parameters are not always possible. A decision is sometimes taken to keep a low-scoring risk in view on the basis that its status might change over a short period, or so those with an assurance role can be confident mitigation against a risk can be sustained.

A flowchart showing how service, departmental, corporate and partnership risks are escalated and reported is shown on the final page of this Strategy.

Roles, Responsibilities and Governance

Councillors

Elected councillors are responsible for governing the delivery of services to the local community. Councillors have a responsibility to understand the key risks the council faces and will be made aware of how these risks are being managed through the annual business planning process. All Councillors will have a responsibility to consider the risks associated with the decisions they undertake and will be informed of these risks in the plans and reports submitted to them.

Chief Executive and CMT

The Chief Executive and CMT are ultimately accountable in ensuring that risk management is fully embedded in the council's business planning and monitoring processes as well as having overall accountability and responsibility for leading the delivery of the council's Risk Management Strategy and Framework. CMT will take a leading role in the risk management process, ensuring that risk management is communicated, understood and implemented by Councillors, managers and staff. CMT will also play an important role in establishing a supportive culture. CMT will submit an annual report on risk to the Standards and General Purposes Committee and Cabinet.

Directors

Each Director is accountable for proper monitoring of their departmental risk register, action plans and the embedding of risk management into the business planning process of their directorate. They will need to be actively involved in the risk management process within their department and CMT, including nominating an appropriate Risk Champion for their department. Directors are also accountable and responsible for leading the delivery of the council's Risk Management Framework in their respective Directorate.

Section 151 Officer / Internal Audit

The Section 151 officer and Internal Audit will be responsible for carrying out independent reviews of the risk management strategy and processes. They will provide assurance and give an independent and objective opinion to the council on the adequacy of its risk management strategy, control procedures and governance.

An annual Audit Plan, based on a reasonable evaluation of risk, will be carried out and an annual assurance statement will be provided to the council based upon work undertaken in the previous year. The section 151 officer will chair the CRMG group.

Risk Champions

Risk champions will work with their Director, Heads of Service, Managers and Team Leaders to ensure the RM Strategy and Framework is embedded in the Directorate and departmental planning, performance, project and partnership management, offering support and challenge. They will also represent their directorate at CRMG meetings.

Risk Champions will ensure that risks are identified, assessed and scored correctly by the Risk Owners, offering advice and guidance where appropriate. They will also challenge risk scores where they do not appear to be reasonable, or where they contradict the Control Measures narrative or the corporate Risk Scoring Guidance.

All Risk Champions will receive appropriate training to ensure that they can perform their role effectively. Training needs will be regularly evaluated.

Service Managers

Managers have a responsibility not only for the risks for which they are the risk owner, but are also accountable for those risks, within their service, which are owned / managed by others.

They are required to maintain an awareness of risk and ensure that any risks they identify are captured by the risk management process, understanding and responding to the key risks which could significantly impact on the achievement of their service and/or team objectives. Managers should encourage staff to be open about risk so that appropriate mitigation actions and control measures can be agreed.

Risk Owners

Risk owners are responsible for identifying and implementing appropriate actions which will mitigate against risks they own and reduce these risks to an level acceptable to the organisation. They are required to regularly review the effectiveness of their control measures and provide a formal update to DMTs and CRMG on a quarterly basis as part of the risk review cycle.

Individual Employees

Individual employees need to have an understanding of risks and consider risk management as part of their everyday activities, identifying risks deriving from their everyday work, processes and environment. Risks which could impact on service delivery, the achievement of objectives, or their own or others' wellbeing must be identified and actively managed, with mitigating actions in place where appropriate.

Business Planning team

The business planning team is responsible for ensuring that risk management is embedded throughout the council, as well facilitating and supporting the risk management process and supporting risk owners.

The team will ensure risk management documentation and intranet pages remain up to date and relevant, as well as updating the KSRR with emerging risks, new risks and updating existing risks.

In addition the Business Planning team will ensure risk is part of the annual service planning process, facilitate the CRMG meetings, and submit strategic updates and reports on risk management to CMT, Cabinet, Audit and Assurance Committee etc. as required.

Corporate Risk Management Group

The Corporate Risk Management Group will provide strategic direction and leadership to ensure our risk strategy is maintained and updated and that risks are appropriately identified and managed within the organisation. It will provide a forum for the detailed discussion and monitoring of organisational risks for the benefit of the council, its staff and the wider community.

CRMG will strive to ensure that the risk management framework is embedded within the council's overall strategic and operational policies, practices and processes in a consistent and standardised manner.

In addition it will provide assurance that all risk systems and processes are operating effectively to minimise the Council's overall exposure to risk. The headline departmental risks and planned mitigation activity reported by each department will be discussed by CRMG on a quarterly basis. CRMG will then report its conclusions and recommendations for discussion at CMT.

Cabinet

Cabinet will receive reports on the risk management strategy to determine whether corporate risks are being actively managed. They are responsible for agreeing the strategy on an annual basis, or when significant changes are made, and to report to full Council on the adequacy of the risk management framework.

Standards and General Purposes Committee

To provide an independent oversight of the adequacy of the risk management framework and the associated control environment. The committee will receive an annual review of internal controls and be satisfied it properly reflects the risk environment and any actions required to improve it. Reports will also be provided regarding the KSRR in order that the committee can determine whether strategic risks are being actively managed.

On an annual basis, the committee will review and recommend the adoption of the risk management strategy to cabinet, or if significant changes are identified, to request a revision.

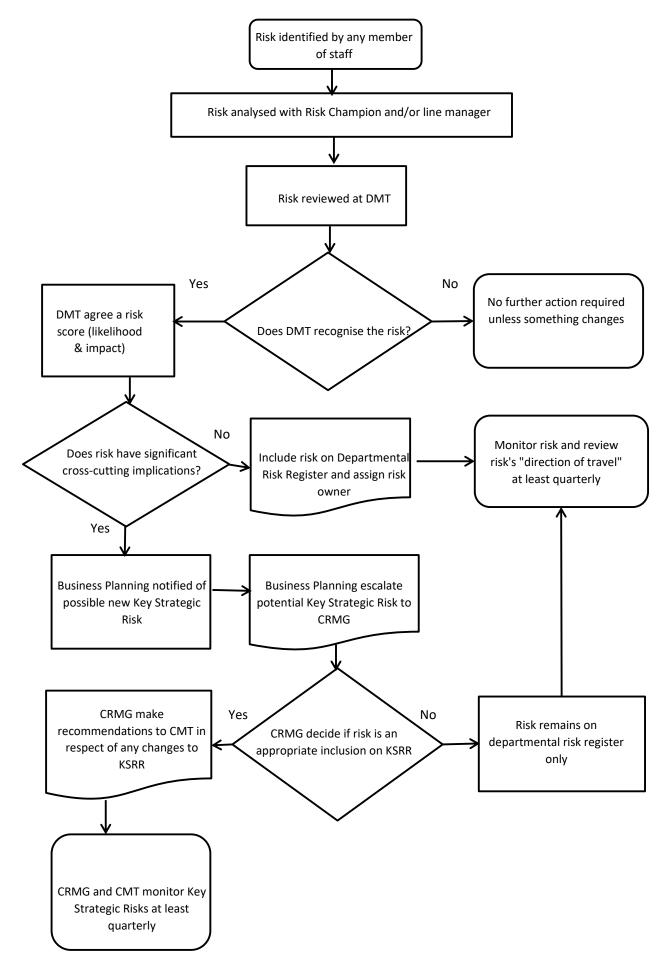
Risk management in committee reports

When a report is submitted to a committee the author is required to complete a section on Risk Management and Health and Safety Implications. The committee should be informed of any significant risks involved in taking a recommended course of action, or if it decides not to follow the recommended course of action. The risk assessment should follow the corporate risk management procedures and be scored using the risk matrix. The report should also give details of any control measures (either proposed or existing) to manage any significant risks identified. Where appropriate, reference should be made to any existing risk(s).

Report authors are advised to consult with the Business Planning team or their departmental Risk Champion, for further advice and to propose any risks to be considered for inclusion in the departmental or KSRR.

Risk Management Strategy: Revised January 2018

London Borough of Merton Risk Management Process



Risk Register ~ Key Strategic Risks ~ Quarter Three 2017

Risk Owner	Code & Name	Risk or Issue	Cause	Consequences		Matrix		Current Score & Review History		Impact code	Control Measures in place	Date of comments	
			There is a shortage of suitable placements in				12		22-Jan- 2018 04-Jan-		The Outcomes Forum provides oversight and challenge to care packages, staff & support		
	ASC06 / KSR78	Key	Merton , due to this as well as budgetary constraints,	placements and prevent	-		12		2018 20-Dec-		plans.Cases are monitored and returned for updates.Focus on the		
John Morgan	Legal challenge	Strategic Risk	placed further from their	other developments as well as taking staff time	Likelihood			15		2017	R	Care Act, MCA and due process as well as Best practice within the forum.	22 Jan 2018
	can lead to legal challenges. Government have no	attracting legal costs	acting legal costs		15		25-Sep- 2017		Regular meetings are now in place with Legal to monitor complex legal cases.				
				Government have not made any additional			12		02-Jan- 2018				
	there is a cost press	resources available , so there is a cost pressure			12	\bigtriangleup	22-Sep- 2017						
	ASC21 / KSR77 Deprivation of	Key		in relation to the DOLS assessments that need to be undertaken. There is a backlog of assessments to be completed, potential of legal challenge if DOLS authorisation requests are not completed.			12		26-Jun- 2017		Merton is prioritising work in accordance with the ADASS framework. Currently staff are instructed to complete 1BIA assessment a month. An options paper will be going to DMT in March 2018.		
Lorraine Henry	Liberty Safeguards (DOLS)				Likelihood	Impact	12		21-Mar- 2017	FI / SP		23 Jan 2018	
1							4	\bigcirc	12-Dec- 2017				
			Inadequate delivery planning for TOM's across				4		12-Sep- 2017				
Sophie Ellis	BI18 / KSR68 Inability to	Key	the organisation. Unanticipated changes in	Ambition set out in TOM	bg		4	0	13-Jun- 2017	0	Routine reporting to MIB by departments in place.	22 Dec 2017	
	deliver TOM's across the organisation	Strategic Risk	c delivery context, including additional financial reductions.	is not achieved.	Likelihood	Impact	4	0	16-Mar- 2017	0		22 Dec 2017	

Risk Owner	Code & Name	Risk or Issue	Cause	Consequences		Matrix		Current Score & Review History		Impact code	Control Measures in place	Date of comments
							6 6		12-Dec- 2017 12-Dec- 2017		The standards expected for consultation are described in the Community Engagement Strategy ("Get Involved") which was agreed by the Merton Partnership in 2010 and refreshed in 2014. All Council consultations should be listed on the Council's online consultation database, having been approved by the Consultation and Community Engagement Team. Support for services is available including training around the need for consultation, design, and legal obligations. We have reviewed the standards set out in the Community Engagement Strategy to make sure it complies with current best practice and provided (in Sept) a briefing for staff on the LGA New Conversations, their guide on consulting communities.	
							6		15-Sep- 2017			12 Dec 2017
Kris Witherington	BI39 / KSR74 Failure to consult in general (formerly CS17/KSR74)	Key Strategic Risk	egic consult over changes to Council services and egic policies and/or the design scrutiny and challe	increasingly robust scrutiny and challenge, including Judicial	Likelihood	Impact	6		13-Jun- 2017	R, FI		
Paul Evans	CG25 / KSR79 LB Merton is not compliant with the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) that comes into effect on 25th May 2018	Key Strategic Risk	LB Merton does not have the staff resources or time to fully comply with all the stipulations of the GDPR. Weaknesses in some existing and legacy IT systems mean that there might be technical barriers to compliance with aspects of GDPR, including deleting personal data held beyond agreed retention schedules. LB Merton is reliant on external suppliers (data processors) to ensure that personal information for which it is data controller is processed according to the GDPR	LB Merton is fined by the data protection regulator the Information Commissioner's Office. Significant reputational damage to the Council with members of the public concluding that the organisation does not have the proper controls in place to appropriately manage their personal and sensitive information. Key stakeholders lose confidence in LB Merton to protect data and therefore no longer share information or work with the Council.	Likelihood	Impact	15	•	31-Jan- 2018		There is an action/project plan with actions and owners that details the steps LB Merton needs to take to become compliant with the GDPR. A GDPR working group is in place to implement the measures in the action plan and informs the IG Board of progress against the plan. The IG Board is also responsible for ensuring that LB Merton is GDPR compliant. Guidance has and is being produce for a number of areas in the Council that will be impacted by GDPR including contracts and the procurement process. LB Merton is adopting a risk based approach focusing on the high risk information assets and the key elements of the GDPR to help mitigate the impact of failure to fully compile with the GDPR by 25th May 2018	31 Jan 2018

Risk Owner	Code & Name	Risk or Issue	Cause	Consequences		Matrix		Current Score & Review History		Impact code	Control Measures in place	Date of comments
							12		30-Dec- 2017 29-Sep-		LSCB Business Plan & refreshed CYPP. Reconstituted CYP partnership board. Strengthened MSCB governance. Undertaken refresh of the Merton CYP and Family	
			Potential for less effective inter-agency working.				12 12		2017 03-Jul-			
Yvette Stanley	CSF01 / KSR35 Key Changing expectations & updated regulatory framework. Ongoing budget pressures across all agencies could undermine Merton Model. safeguarding issues including possible children	including possible child death or serious harm.	Likelihood	Impact	12	<u> </u>	2017 31-Mar- 2017	R	Wellbeing Model. Ongoing rigour in conversations with partner agencies and third sector to improve understanding and responsibility of safeguarding. Launched consultation on CSC Practice Model. Agencies signed up to Signs of Safety and Think Family, and post-Ofsted action plan. Design of new model for MSCB and refresh of CYPP will help ensure partner buy-in and engagement.	08 Jan 2018		
	ER112 / KSR73		1. Increase in waste	1. Increased costs for		Dooc Dooc Dooc Dooc Dooc Dooc Dooc Dooc	8		19-Dec- 2017		The cost of waste disposal has been profiled and a growth bid has been approved to cover the contractual cost of waste disposal, taking into account the increase in volume of waste	
			disposal costs 2. Increase of waste to landfill	waste disposal 2. Operational			8		19-Sep- 2017			
Charles Baker; Graeme Kane	Waste disposal overarching risk (sub risks ER	Key Strategic Risk	3. Construction work at Beddington Lane	difficulties 3. Performance may be affected (more landfill, less recycling and more missed bins) 4. Political fallout	hood		8		27-Jun- 2017	FI/R/O	generated. Construction work at the new Energy from Waste facility	25 Jan 2018
	113 to ER 117)		Sub-risks ER113 to ER117 provide additional detail to this overarching risk		Like		8		29-Mar- 2017		(Beddington Lane) is nearing completion. The new access road has been completed and no operational delays in tipping of waste have been incurred.	
							12	\bigtriangleup	19-Dec- 2017			
				1. Financial impact on council and services 2.	σ		12	\bigtriangleup	19-Sep- 2017			
Paul McGarry; James	ER118 / KSR75	Key Strategic	Impact on councils income, commercial activity in Wimbledon	Economic impact on Wimbledon Town	-ikelihood		12	\bigtriangleup	27-Jun- 2017	FI	Consultation has been delayed because the Treasury is reviewing the	25 Jan 2018
McGinlay	Impact of Crossrail 2	Strategic Risk	0	Centre and the borough (potential loss of businesses and jobs) 3. Council reputation	Li	Impact	12		13-Mar- 2017		Crossrail 2 business case before this project can proceed any further.	

Risk Owner	Code & Name	Risk or Issue	Cause	Consequences		Matrix		Current Score & Review History		Impact code	Control Measures in place	Date of comments
				IT failure leading to			8 12		04-Dec- 2017 04-Sep- 2017		Upgrading works completed and operationally tested to confirm that the infrastructure now provides the required functionality.	
Mark Humphries	IT03 /KSR48 IT Systems	Key Strategic Risk	Major disruption in the civic centre causing 6th floor data centre to	unavailability of IT services impacting on	poot	Impact	12		06-Jun- 2017	SP	A further review of the Council's DR and BC arrangements is being	04 Dec 2017
	,		become unusable	organisational service delivery.	Likelih		12		09-Mar- 2017		undertaken to ensure that agreed list of business critical systems reflects recent changes (i.e.) hosting of some of the previous on premise business systems.	
				Impact on strategy and time for procurement			15		07-Dec- 2017			
	IT24 / KSR21 Failure to adhere to Public			exercises. Adverse budget and service	Likelihood		15		22-Sep- 2017		Contract Standing Orders have been reviewed and have been formally approved at full Council. However until new operating procedures, staff training and guidance have been implemented there still remains a significant risk.	07 Dec 2017
Caroline	Contract Regulations 2015 and Contract Standing Orders (previously RE03)	Key	Lack of awareness in some areas that	implications if not carried out correctly in accordance with			12	\bigtriangleup	04-Sep- 2017			
Holland; Mark Humphries		Risk	c procurement is a tightly regulated area of council activity.	regulations and standing orders such as legal challenges and slower identification, capture and delivery of savings. Reputational risk.		Impact	15	•	26-Jun- 2017	R		
							12	\bigtriangleup	12-Dec- 2017		The Pension Fund Advisory Panel at its meeting on 8th December 2017	
	MPF11 / KSR72		Failure to review	Investment mandates			12		15-Sep- 2017		agreed JLT's fund manager selection to implement specific Equities mandates via the London CIV. The	
	Failure to procure	Kan	investment strategy and investment management	incompatible with incumbent fund			12	\bigtriangleup	14-Jun- 2017		Panel agreed that the transition of assets to the CIV should commence	
Caroline Holland	investment managers in good time and undermine Fund performance	Key Strategic Risk	arrangement within appropriate timescales resulting in failure to improve performance of investments.	managers to the detriment of the Fund. Fund may fail to meet its investment and funding objectives in the short to medium term.	Likelihood	Impact	12		06-Apr- 2017	FI, R	as soon as possible but before the end of 2017/18. Inform the incumbent fund managers about the Panel's decision to transfer some assets to the CIV. Commence early discussions with both incumbent and incoming fund managers and JLT about options for portfolio	12 Dec 2017

Risk Owner	Code & Name	Risk or Issue	Cause	Consequences	Matrix	Current Score & Review History	Impact code	Control Measures in place	Date of comments
								restructuring/migration. Officers, in consultation with JLT, to develop a transition plan to ensure timely and efficient transfer of assets to the CIV. Involve London CIV and incumbent fund managers in the pre-transition discussions and meetings. Officers, fund managers, CIV and JLT should contribute to the transition project plan to minimise costs and ensure a coordinated approach and clear alignment of interests throughout. Provide regular updates to Director of Corporate Services on the transition. Officers to continue to engage with the London CIV regarding Private Debt, Multi Asset Credit and Infrastructure but leave open the option of collaborating with other London Boroughs. The CIV is aiming to launch some illiquid products in May 2018.	
Zoe Church; Caroline Holland	RE02 / KSR49 Developing corporate Business Plan & setting a balanced budget for 18/22 & beyond	Risk	Reduced budgets may impact negatively on service delivery levels	Impact on service provision, reputation, staff morale & internal & external customers satisfaction	Likelihood	12 13-Dec- 2017 12 14-Sep- 2017 12 15-Jun- 2017 12 22-Mar- 2017	FI	Savings targets were agreed by Cabinet in September 2017 and savings proposals to part meet the targets have been submitted to Cabinet in December 2017 and referred to Overview and Scrutiny Panels in January 2018.Although a balanced budget will be achieved for 2018/19, there remains a gap of circa.£18m from 2020/21 onwards which will continue to be a risk.	13 Dec 2017

Risk Owner	Code & Name	Risk or Issue	Cause	Consequences		Matrix		Current Score & Review History		Impact code	Control Measures in place	Date of comments
Caroline Holland	RE16 / KSR61 Failure to deliver the multi-year Savings Programme	Strategic	Savings of £30m have been agreed for the period 2016/17 to 2019/20, the period of budget decisions required by this council.	Non achievement of any significant saving would adversely impact on the authorities ability to balance its budget in the medium to long term if larger than the contingency and could require reserves to be reinstated.	p	Impact	15 15 15 15	• • •	14-Dec- 2017 15-Sep- 2017 08-Jun- 2017 30-Mar- 2017	F	The monthly monitoring report is forecasting a shortfall in 17/18 savings of £2.5m (approx. 30% of the savings target). The projected overspend in 17/18 is £1.5m so the delivery of these savings is critical to balance the budget. Delivery of savings will continue to be monitored and reported which will include the impact on 18/19.	14 Dec 2017
Corporate Management Team	RE20 / KSR76 Inability to respond effectively to post-Brexit changes	Strategic Risk	Inefficient response to the inevitable changes brought about by Brexit ie inability to demonstrate flexibility, organisational resilience, or ability to capitalise on potential opportunities.	Inadequate budget management and planning in a period of rapid change, negative impact upon service delivery across all areas of the council's work, failure to identify and respond to positive opportunities arising from Brexit.	Likelihood	O Impact	8 8 8 8		12-Dec- 2017 15-Sep- 2017 14-Jun- 2017 15-Mar- 2017	FI, R, P, SD	UK and the EU have agreed that sufficient progress has been made to allow talks to move to the next stage of trade negotiations. Keep a close watch on markets and Sterling. Strong Sterling could erode some of the windfall currency gains following the Brexit vote. Develop effective transition plan to accelerate strategy implementation including transfer of assets to the CIV to help the Fund to lock-in the currency gain on overseas exposure to date. Consider hedging downside risk.	12 Dec 2017

Issues Register ~ Key Strategic Issues ~ Quarter Three 2017

Risk Owner	Code & Name	Risk or Issue	Cause	Consequences		Matrix		Current Score & Review History		Impact code	Control Measures in place	Date of comments
			Increases in both the total population in the	Additional demand for services for children with special educational needs			12 12		30-Dec- 2017 29-Sep- 2017		CSF Service Plans identify current control measures, these include reviewing and strengthening the eligibility criteria, step up step down	
Yvette Stanlev	CSF04 / KSR55 Changing	Key Strategic	borough, including in particular families with	& disabilities, as well as pressure for growth in children's social care &	R		12		03-Jul- 2017	0	process and consistently managing demand. The SENDIS self-evaluation	08 Jan 2018
I velle Stamey	Demographics Issue in the mix of the population with respect to ethnicity, disability & deprivation. child protection interventions including support for families with no recourse to public funds.	child protection interventions including support for families with no recourse to public	Likelihood	Impact	12		31-Mar- 2017	0	and Improvement plan continues regularly reviewed and updated with clear actions set out to strengthen the service delivery. New management arrangements for CWD will ensure stability, refreshed focus and further improvement.	08 Jan 2018		
				With only 150 spare			15		16-Jan- 2018		The council is actively addressing this risk. Opening of Harris Wimbledon	
			We are expecting 200- 250 additional admissions applications for pupils to start secondary school in September 2018	places in our current year 7, and these being at schools to the far west and east of the borough where there is less demand, if extra provision is not provided it is likely the council will not meet its duty to provide sufficient school places in September 2018			12	\bigtriangleup	30-Dec- 2017		(Free School) from September 2018 decision is due to be taken early in February. Alternative arrangements	17 Jan 2018
Jane McSherry	CSF05 / KSR34	Key Strategic			g		12	\bigtriangleup	20-Oct- 2017	R	including extra classes at other schools are being explored in case	
Jane McSherry	School places	Issue			Likelihood	Impact	9		29-Sep- 2017	ĸ	the Education and Skills Funding Agency decide to defer opening meaning the Council cannot guarantee available site. Any deferral will put increased pressure on schools and increase difficulty in providing the required number of places.	
				Impact on ability to provide statutory services,			9	\bigtriangleup	30-Dec- 2017		Impact of changes through Government funding proposals	
	CSF06 / KSR56		external grants, &	possibility of undermining the Merton Model, causing			9	\bigtriangleup	29-Sep- 2017		continue to be assessed and implications understood. Additional	
Children,	CS&F funding changes,	Key	statutory duties &	additional spend pressures in targeted services. Low staff morale,	p		9	\bigtriangleup	03-Jul- 2017		burdens are reported monthly and demographic pressures identified.	17 1 0010
Schools & Families	cnanges, budget savings & resource management	rce Strategic Issue	Move to national funding formula for DSG expected from 2017/18 onwards, & the impact of maintained schools becoming academies	difficulties in managing the	Likelihoo	Impact	9		31-Mar- 2017	FI	This will feed into the MTFS, TOM, Service Planning work and relevant strategies to deliver the required savings without adversely impacting on the performance of the department through our preventative early help work or statutory services.	17 Jan 2018

Risk Owner	Code & Name	Risk or Issue	Cause	Consequences		Matrix		Curren Score Review Histor	5. V	Impact code	Control Measures in place	Date of comments	
				lead to failures in the management of ongoing operational work.									
	CSF09 / KSR62	ssioni rly Strategic	Likely reduction in	Destabilisation of the Local Strategic Partnership & Children's Trust Board partnership				0	30-Dec- 2017 29-Sep-		Commissioned services are regularly reviewed and new opportunities identified to commission different		
Yvette Stanley	Recommissioni ng Early Intervention and		contracting with local third sector leads to reputational & political		poor				2017 03-Jul- 2017	R	services focussing on early help and reducing the escalation of cases. New contracts for the SIB and FDAC have	17 Jan 2018	
	Prevention (Partnership)	13306	risk.	arrangements.	Likel	Likelihood	Impact	1	0	31-Mar- 2017		been awarded starting in January 2018 to enhance our preventative work.	
								9 🛆	13-Dec- 2017		The Council adopted a new Equality Strategy on 12 April 2017 and		
	RE11 / KSR53		Failure to evidence how equalities implications	Reputational impact for				9 🛆	14-Sep- 2017		progress will be reviewed in March 2018. There is an emerging risk that		
John Dimmer; Yvette Stanley	Failure to comply with	Key Strategic	have been considered in developing new	council, risk of judicial review & litigation,	boo				14-Jun- 2017	O/R/FI/SP	future MTFS savings will result in service reductions which could have an impact on residents with 'protected	14 Dec 2017	
	comply with equalities duties	lissue policy, des	policy, designing services & decision making	negative impact on service users and loss of savings.	Likelihood	Impact		9 🛆	13-Mar- 2017		characteristics'. It is essential that we continue to have a robust process in place of Equality Analysis that clearly explain these impacts to decision makers.		

Section D

Performance Management Framework

D. PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK

Introduction

Merton launched its Performance Management Framework in 2004. Whilst the main principles of performance management remain the same, the framework undergoes annual review and updating when required, to ensure that it remains current and reflects changes within the organisation and outside.

We are committed to delivering customer-focused services. To achieve this, it is essential that we measure our performance, both against our own intentions, and the performance of others, and that we use that information to improve local services.

Performance management enables us to ensure that we are constantly meeting our goals, whilst simultaneously allowing us to identify best practice and address areas of concern. It provides the framework for consistently planning and managing improvements to our services to ensure continuous improvement in line with our TOMS. Sustainable improvements in services are unlikely to happen without this framework.

Everyone in the organisation has a part to play in monitoring our services and achieving our ambition.

Why measure performance?

- It highlights areas where we are doing well, and areas which need improving;
- It enables our managers to monitor performance, manage effectively, and plan for the future of the service;
- Performance data assists the decisions makers within the council and helps to inform their decisions;
- Timely and accurate performance data allows for early identification of problems and enables us to put actions in place to address / rectify the situation;
- It assists improvement by telling us where we are now and ensuring that we are doing the right things for the right reasons;
- Performance Management provides the evidence required for change and improvement, and lastly;
- What gets measured is more likely to be actioned

Why do we need a Performance Management Framework?

Central Government introduced the Single Data List in April 2011. This reduced the burden of performance monitoring and audit and inspection by central government, placing greater responsibility for this on local government. As a result, it becomes even more important that we manage and monitor our performance. We must ensure that our Performance Measures are robust, challenging and realistic, enabling us to achieve and deliver our priorities.

What is our Performance Management Framework?

Our Performance Management Framework has been created to clarify the overall approach the council takes to managing performance. The Framework should also be considered alongside the council's Risk Management and Data Quality Strategies.

Our framework will help us all to understand:

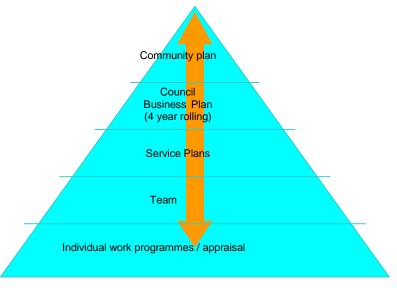
- what we are trying to achieve as an organisation
- how we are going to achieve this
- how we will monitor and report progress
- how the contribution of staff, managers, teams and departments relate to each other to help deliver the targets set for the whole organisation

The framework has three parts

- 1. The planning framework
- 2. The planning, monitoring and review cycle
- 3. Taking responsibility for results

The planning framework - how the plans fit together, the 'Golden Thread'

The performance management framework is represented by the performance triangle



The key aspects of the Golden Thread are:

- <u>The Community Plan</u> has been developed by the Merton Partnership and sets the overall direction and vision for the borough until 2019.
- <u>Business Plan</u> sets out the council's priorities for improvement over the next four years. The plan is reviewed every year to ensure that it always reflects the most important improvement priorities.
- <u>Service Plans</u> are reviewed every year to ensure they outline the key issues and priorities for the department.
- <u>Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS)</u> outlines how much money we expect to receive over the next four years and in broad terms what we expect to be spending this on.
- <u>Workforce Development Plan</u> is focused on making the best use of the skills of staff to deliver the services residents demand and deserve
- <u>Individual Appraisals</u> take place twice a year and are used to agree individual work programmes and targets.
- London's Best Council 2020 is an additional Performance Management Framework which has been developed to a support a process of continuous improvement over the period 2017/20. 39 targets have been agreed relating to service quality, Merton "the place", as well as customer and staff satisfaction against three key themes:
 - 1. What matters to our customers
 - 2. Taking pride in delivering key services
 - 3. How we're supporting you to do your job

The 40th measure is variable because it is nominated each quarter by a different team across the Council. The performance of the overall suite of 40 indicators is reported quarterly and the results disseminated widely throughout the organisation.

The planning, monitoring and review cycle - what happens, when and how?

The planning, monitoring and review cycle shows how we continuously review and revise our performance in order to improve our services



The cycle has four phases and takes place on an annual basis as part of the development of the next four year rolling Business Plan and agreement of the next year's budget.

Planning - Where are we now and where do we want to be?

Where we are now is provided by our results against our performance indicators detailed in our service plans, the results of satisfaction surveys such as the Annual Residents Survey (ARS), and other inspection results. Our corporate ambitions and objectives describing where we want to be are laid out in the Community Plan and the Business Plan, and are reflected at a more local level in service plans, and targets in annual appraisals.

Doing - How do we get there?

To get to where we want to be, we need to maximise our capacity to deliver the actions laid out in the various plans, and use our performance management and appraisals systems to ensure that we remain on course.

Reviewing - How are we doing and are we there yet?

By monitoring and managing performance, consulting with our partners and service users, and benchmarking against other providers, we can assess our progress towards achieving our ambitions and learn from the good practice of others.

Revising - What do we do next?

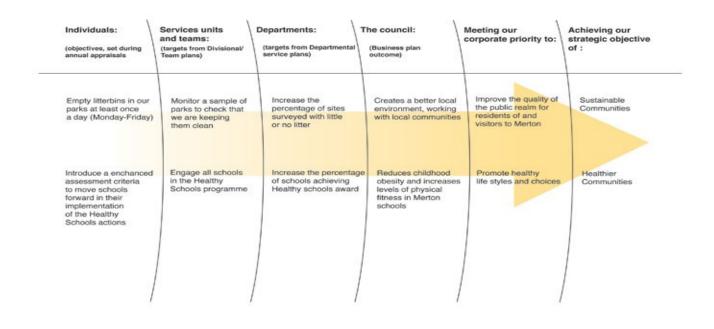
It is important that our services evolve to meet the needs of our residents. Having reviewed our performance we may find that we need to change what we are doing, or that we need to revise our ambitions and objectives so that we can continuously improve as an organisation.

To maximise the cycle's effectiveness we have an agreed timetable for the process which takes into account both performance and financial considerations. This timetable enables Councillors to agree priorities and allocate resources based on community views and needs, and accurate performance information. These priorities are translated into planned outcomes and performance targets to make sure that the right things get done.

Taking responsibility for results - how we go about doing it

Everyone has a responsibility to contribute towards improving Merton, working within and using the performance management framework. This ensures that measurable activities at individual, team and service levels translate into outcomes.

It is the responsibility of the owner of each performance measure to ensure that details of the measure are clearly defined. They must also ensure that adequate collection, recording and validation processes are in place to enable effective monitoring and reporting in line with the council's Data Quality Strategy.



Performance Management Systems and Collection Arrangements

Since June 2013, performance against service plan measures has been captured and reported via our Performance Management System Pentana (formerly known as Covalent).

On the first day of each month departmental performance leads are notified that performance data must be uploaded onto the system by a specified deadline.

Performance Monitoring reports are presented to CMT on the fourth Tuesday of every month, Cabinet receives quarterly reports and Full Council an annual report. In addition, a monthly performance dashboard is published on both the internet and intranet giving staff, Members, residents and the public access to up to date performance data detailing how the council is performing against its targets.

Roles and responsibilities

The roles and responsibilities are outlined below:

Individuals	All staff have a responsibility to deliver the tasks / actions which have been agreed in their appraisal, and to understand how their work contributes to team, departmental and council goals.
Managers	All managers have responsibility for supporting their staff through the appraisal process and regular reviews. They must also show commitment

	and accountability by leading through example. Managers should ensure that their team have regular meetings to share information, review progress of their divisional and team plans, develop ideas, identify areas for the next plan and agree the way forward on a variety of team and work issues. Managers should use these meetings to raise issues around corporate priorities, tell staff about developments within the department and the council, and to cascade information about performance to staff.
Heads of service	Heads of service report to Directors and are responsible for overseeing the performance of service units within their remit. They take a key role in the development and monitoring of their service plan at their DMT. They may also take on or contribute to wider corporate projects.
Departmental Management Teams (DMT's)	DMT's monitor their department's performance information and are responsible for taking action to deal with under-performance. DMT's make sure that every manager in the department knows and understands the planning cycle and performance management
Directors	Each Director is responsible for the performance of their department. They must make sure that appropriate reporting arrangements are in place with their DMT's to enable them to monitor performance. Directors demonstrate commitment to the performance management framework by leading its implementation within their department. They make sure their service plans are monitored at least every two months and regularly provide progress reports to the Chief Executive and appropriate Cabinet portfolio holder(s). Directors also have collective responsibility for corporate improvement as members of Corporate Management Team (CMT)
Corporate Management Team (CMT)	CMT is made up of the Chief Executive and Directors of the four departments. Its role is to focus on the 'big issues' facing the council and develop the organisation's strategic approach and service delivery. CMT reviews performance monthly and it can ask DMT's to review areas of concern and agree management action to address under-performance.
Cabinet and Elected Members	Ultimately, councillors are responsible for setting the direction of the Council and developing priorities. They do this by developing policy, setting strategic targets, monitoring progress, and agreeing the framework for continuous improvement.
Full Council	Members receive regular reports on progress against the strategic themes, including any relevant performance information and can use these meetings as an opportunity to ask Cabinet members questions about performance issues.
Overview and Scrutiny	Overview and Scrutiny panels have regular performance monitoring task groups to examine performance data, detect trends and identify key areas of concern. They are responsible for challenging Cabinet to ensure that they are fulfilling their responsibilities. If they have areas of concern then they can ask Cabinet members and officers to attend meetings to answer questions. If they have wider concerns about the performance of a service area then they could carry out a scrutiny review into a particular area.

Help and advice

If you require any guidance or advice with regards to Performance Management or have any queries please contact a member of the <u>Business Planning team</u>

Corporate Indicator Set

The Corporate Indicator set is a set of key measures from each of the four departments, which are monitored on a monthly basis by the Corporate Management Team (CMT). The corporate set for 2018/19 is shown in the table below together with the 2017/18 and 2018/19 performance targets.

Performance Indicators highlighted in Mauve are also London's Best Council 2020 indicators.

Corporate Indicator Set for 2018/19 – Monthly

Dept	Monthly PI Codes & Description	Polarity	2017/18 Target	2018/19 Target
Corporate Services	CRP 013 / SP 431 % of positive and neutral coverage tone	High	92%	92%
Corporate Services	CRP 014 / SP 426 % Ombudsman complaints answered in time	High	90%	90%
Corporate Services	CRP 018 / SP 154 % Council Tax collected	High	97.25%	97.25%
Corporate Services	CRP 036 / SP 155 % Business Rates collected	High	97.5%	97.5%
Corporate Services	CRP 041 / SP 192 % FOI requests dealt with in time	High	85%	85%
Environment & Regeneration	CRP 044 Parking services estimated revenue	High	16,184,190	16,884,190
Environment & Regeneration	CRP 045 / SP 118 Income (Development and Building Control)	High	2,110,000	2,110,000
Environment & Regeneration	CRP 048 / SP 455 % of sites surveyed on local street inspections for litter that are below standard	Low	8.5%	8%
Environment & Regeneration	CRP 051 / SP 114 % Major applications processed within 13 weeks	High	67%	67%
Environment & Regeneration	CRP 052 / SP 115 % of minor planning applications determined within 8 weeks	High	66%	67%
Environment & Regeneration	CRP 053 / SP 116 % of 'other' planning applications determined within 8 weeks (Development Control)	High	85%	80%
	CRP 054 / SP039 % People with 'long term' services receiving Self-Directed Support (SDS)	High	95%	95%
Community & Housing	CRP 056 / SP 054 No. of Carers receiving services and / or information and advice	High	1,000	1,010
Community & Housing	CRP 057 / SP274 % people receiving 'long term' community services	High	72%	72%

Dept	Monthly PI Codes & Description	Polarity	2017/18 Target	2018/19 Target
Community & Housing	CRP 059 / SP 008 No. of people accessing the library by borrowing an item or using a peoples network terminal at least once in the previous 12 months	High	56,000	56,000
Community & Housing	CRP 060 / SP 009 No. of visitors accessing the library service on line	High	210,000	220,000
Community & Housing	CRP 061 / SP 036 No. of households in temporary accommodation		230	230
Community & Housing	CRP 062 / SP 035 No. of homelessness preventions	High	450	450
Children, Schools & Families	CRP 64SP075MP030 % of children who become subject of a Child Protection Plan for a second or subsequent time	Low	16%	16%
Children, Schools & Families	CRP 69SP078MP052 % outcome of Ofsted Inspection schools rated Good or Outstanding	High	91%	91%
Corporate Services	CRP 080 / SP 413 No. of working days per FTE lost to sickness absence excluding schools	Low	7.5	7.5
Children, Schools & Families	CRP 081 / SP 415 % of Looked After Children (2.5 years or more) in same placement for 2 years	High	66%	65%
Corporate Services	CRP 085 / SP 410 % of on-line transactions (HB Claims)	High	62%	63%
Corporate Services	CRP 086 / SP 411 Time taken to process new Housing Benefit claims	Low	16 days	15 days
Corporate Services	CRP 087 / SP 412 Time taken to process Housing Benefit change of circumstances	Low	10 days	9 days
Children, Schools & Families	CRP 92SP467MP072 % 16-17 year olds Not in Education, Employment or Training (NEET)	Low	3.5%	3%
Environment & Regeneration	CRP 093 / SP 478 No. of refuse collections including recycling and kitchen waste missed per 100,000	Low	75	50
Environment & Regeneration	& CRP 094 / SP 485 No. of fly-tips reported in streets and		8,400	8,400
Community & Housing	CRP 095 / SP 486 No. of DToCs - Delayed Transfers of Care (delayed bed days) - Adult Social Care delays only	Low	N/A	Target due June 2018 (set by Better Care Fund)

Corporate Indicator Set for 2018/19 – Quarterly

Dept	Quarterly PI Codes & Description	Polarity	2017/18 Target	2018/19 Target
Corporate Services	CRP 037 / SP 352 % complaints progressed to stage 2	Low	9%	9%
Children, Schools & Families	CRP 066 / SP 290 % Looked After Children in external foster care placements	Low	42%	40%
Children, Schools & Families	CRP 068 / SP 084 % of Good or outstanding Ofsted inspections in children's centres	High	100%	100%
Corporate Services	CRP 074 / SP 221 No. of staff working from Civic Centre	High	1,400	1,200
Children, Schools & Families	CRP 077 / SP 374 No. of in-house foster carers recruited	High	15	15
Corporate Services	CRP 082 / SP 427 % FOI refusal notices which are not upheld at review stage	Low	4%	4%
Corporate Services	CRP 083 / SP 428 % Ombudsman complaints partially or fully upheld	Low	40%	40%
Children, Schools & Families	CRP 88SP404MP053 % New EHCP requests completed within 20 weeks	High	55%	55%

Corporate Indicator Set for 2018/19 – Annual

Dept	Annual PI Codes & Description	Polarity	2017/18 Target	2018/19 Target
Corporate Services	CRP 016 / SP 401 The level of CO2 emissions from the council's buildings (tonnes)	Low	7,740	7,434
Children, Schools & Families	CRP 073 / SP 109 % vacancies in reception year of primary school	Low	6	8
Children, Schools & Families	CRP 089 / SP 288 Secondary School Year 7 surplus places inc Academies	Low	5	5
Children, Schools & Families	CRP 090 / SP 433 Merton pupil average Attainment 8 score	High	53	51
Children, Schools & Families	CRP 091 / SP 434 Merton pupil average Progress 8 score	High	0.28	0.51

Section E

Service Planning

E. SERVICE PLANNING

Our proposed 21 Final Service Plans, and three Final Commissioning Plans for our commissioned services, are set out in the following pages.

The three Commissioning Plans are:

- Merton Adult Education
- Parks and Green Spaces
- Waste Management and Cleansing

Service Plans were developed by service departments during the 2018/22 Business Planning process. Second Draft Service Plans were considered by Cabinet on 11 December 2017 and incorporated into the Consultation Pack for scrutiny by the Overview and Scrutiny Commission and Panels during the January 2018 cycle of meetings.

The proposed Final Service Plans being presented here will be considered for approval by Council on 28 February 2018.

The service plan is designed to be a two page document. The first page summarises key resources, drivers, performance and budgets and the second page focuses on the outcomes and benefits of major projects.

Departmental managers were issued with guidance to clarify their understanding of the process and to ensure quality and consistency of submitted plans, and each department reviewed the appropriateness of their service plans during the process. An overview of this guidance is provided below:

Front Page

- Service description: Concise description of the service's key activities and how they might change over the next four years
- Anticipated demand: Details of the demands on the service
- Anticipated non-financial resources: Details of the key resources used to deliver the service
- Corporate strategies: The key strategies to which the service contributes
- Performance indicators: The key monthly, quarterly, or annual performance indicators for the service including their targets
- Budget information: Full details of previous, current and future years' budget, including future anticipated budgetary changes

Back page

Details of major projects and/or procurement being undertaken during 2018/19 including:

- Project timeframe
- Project description
- Major expected benefits of the project (consistent with the benefit categories used by the Merton Improvement Board)
- Risk assessment relating to the project's completion

Below are our Service Plans for 2018/22 in departmental order:

Children, Schools and Families	Community and Housing	Corporate Services	Environment and Regeneration
Children's Social Care	Adult Social Care	Business Improvement	Development & Building Control
Education	Housing Needs & Enabling	Corporate Governance	Future Merton & Traffic and Highways
	Libraries	Customer Services	Leisure & Cultural Development
	Merton Adult Education*	Human Resources	Parking and CCTV Services
	Public Health	Infrastructure & Transactions	Parks & Green Spaces*
		Resources	Property
		Shared Legal Services	Regulatory Services – Merton element only
			Safer Merton
			Transport
			Waste Management and Cleansing*

Index of Departmental Service and Commissioning Plans

*Commissioning Plan

Please click on the Service Plan above that you wish to view. To return to the previous page viewed use the 'ALT' and 'Left Arrow' keys at the same time

Children Schools & Families

	Children's Soc	ial Care & You	th Inclusion									Pla	nning Assum	nntions					The Corporate strategies your
	ty Neep: Cabine			vices			Anticipat	ed demand		2016	6/17		7/18	2018/	19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	service contributes to
	description of y							/th - Care leaver	rs	2			80			40-60			Looked after Children & Care Leavers Strate
Children's Social Care (CSC) deli			-		childron at		1 9	Child Protection		1			60			60			Safeguarding Children's Board Annual Pla
risk of harm, children in care, child	ldren with disabili	ties, care leave	rs & young offer	nders, as well as	s wider			-19 population		530		9	00			3,210			Children and Young People's Plan
services for families.						UASC - inc	creased numbe	rs and impact or	n resources	es 10		1	5			30-32			
CSC works within an integrated c Merton's Child & Young Person (0	context co-ordina	ting multi agend	y support to the	ose families at al	l levels of	An	ticipated non f	inancial resour	rces	2016	6/17	201	7/18	2018/	19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	
at any one time who have the gre	eatest needs in th	le borough acro	iss a range of ou	utcomes: safety,	well-being,	Staff (FTE s	ubject to chang	e as a result of	restructures)	20	09	2	16	219		212	212	212	
health, education & life chances.							Performan	ce indicator		Actual Pe	erformance (A) Performa	nce Target (T	T) Proposed Ta	rget (P)				Main impact if indicator no
Merton's CYP Well-being Model s services at the time they are need						(LBC2		highlighted in	purple)				• •	· ·	• • •	Polarity	Reporting cycle	Indicator type	met
most efficient use of resources &	CSC undertakes	a range of fam	ily support activ	ity to prevent ch	nildren	% single coord	annonto comp	lotod within oar						2020/21(P) 2	021/22(P)	High	Monthly	Business critical	Sofoguarding issues
entering either child protection or commitment to robust assessme						, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		leted within agre ation (national ta		91 26	90 27	93 26	93 26	+ +		Low	Monthly Quarterly	Quality	Safeguarding issues Safeguarding issues
going success of the model.		which require a	quality assuran					lan for 2nd or su		13	16	16	16	<u> </u>		Low	Monthly	Quality	Safeguarding issues
Merton has lower numbers of child	Idren subject to c	hild protection	plans in the care	e system than th	e majority of			aged 16-17		N/A	3.5	3	3			Low	Monthly	Outcome	Social exclusion
London Boroughs, as well as lowe therefore ensuring that we minimi							Number YJS fi	rst time entrants	3	64	50	50	50			Low	Monthly	Outcome	Social exclusion
strengths to enable them to care f				our farmies a p	Tornote ranniy	% LAC (2.5	years or over) ir	n same placeme	ent for 2 years	71	66	65	65			High	Monthly	Outcome	Safeguarding issues
Youth Inclusion provides a targete	ed service to sur	port vulnerable	vouna people 8	& their parents to	prevent			more placemer		16	12	11	10			Low	Monthly	Outcome	Social exclusion
offending & re-offending. It also s	supports the tran	sforming familie	es programme, h	helping targeted	families to get			dent agency FC		44	42	40	40			Low	Quarterly	Business critical	Increased costs
back into work, & improve the out leads on participation for CSF.	COMES IOF THEIF (muren by prév	enung reoffendi	ing of going into	uare. It also			foster carers rec ETE (17-21 ye		15 63	15 68	15 70	15 70	+		High High	Quarterly Quarterly	Quality Outcome	Increased costs Social Exclusion
Access to resources for looked af	fter children/exte	rnal placement	provision					ely safeguarding	,	63 N/A	84	84	84			High	Quarterly	Outcome	Social Exclusion Safeguarding issues
Recruitment of in house foster ca			F. 01.0011					d supervision (s3		N/A	30	30	30			High	Quarterly	Business critical	Safeguarding issues
								ouch (17-21 yea		N/A	N/A	90	90			High	Quarterly	Outcome	Social exclusion
						% of care lea	vers (aged 19-2	21) in suitable ad	ccommodation	N/A	91	91	91			High	Quarterly	Outcome	Safeguarding issues
		DEPART		ET AND RESO	URCES						:	2018/19 Ex	penditure					2018/19 Income	
Revenue £'000s	Final Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Forecast Variance	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget						Employee	s				
Nevenue 2 0003	2016/17	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18 P8	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22)					
Expenditure	23,239	26,242	23,185	5 2,540	24,385	24,707	24,769	24,921											
Employees	11,281	11,639	,			11,047	11,049	,						Premises					
Premises Transport	48 249						58 245												
Supplies & Services	1,045	1,119	678	3 209	669	679	689	699						Transport					
3rd party payments Transfer payments	8,318	10,841	,	,	9,495	i 10,131	10,177	,											Government grants
Support services	2,298	2,283	°	-	2,552	, v	2,552	÷				4		Supplies	& Services			N	
Depreciation	0	· · · · · ·	0) (0 0	0 0	0	0											Reimbursements
Revenue £'000s	Final Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Forecast Variance	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget						■3rd party	aumonto				Customer & client receipts
	2016/17	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18 P8	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22						= Sid party	Jaymeniis				/
ncome Government grants	1,806 1,110	2,211 1,330) 1,127		1,127 1,086												
Reimbursements	697	838	-		3 1,086	1	41	,						Transfer p	ayments				
Customer & client receipts		43	0	0 (237) C	0 0	0	0											
Reserves Capital Funded														Support s	ervices				
Council Funded Net Budget	21,432	24,030	22,197	7 2,10	5 23,257	23,580	23,642	23,793											
Demited Developed (1990)	Final Budget	Actual	Original	Forecast	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget								f mains budget et	a ahannaa		
Capital Budget £'000s	2016/17	2016/17	Budget 2017/18	Variance 2017/18 P8	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22							summary c	of major budget et	c. changes		
																2018/19			
	0	0	0) () (0	0	0								2019/20			
		-	-		-			-	Review of C	SF staffing	structure b	eneath ma	nagement le	level: £101,00	0 - Part of				
26,000									Further staf	f saving to b	oe identified	d across the	e departmer	nt: £150,000	CSF2016	-03			
									Reduced co	ost/offer thro	ough the na	tional centr	alised adop	ption initiative	£78,000 -	CSF 2016-02			
24,000 - ا				-												2020/21			
E,000														act Bond: £45					
4								South London Family Drug and Alcohol Court commissioning: £45,000 - CSF2017-06											
22,000 -																			
,																			
																2021/22			
20,000				-1															
20,000 2016	201	7 Budget	2018	2019	Actua	2020	2021												

			DETAILS OF MAJOR PROJECTS (INCLUDING PROCURE) Children's Social Ca				
			PROJECT DESCRIPTION	MAJOR PROJECT BENEFITS		Risk	
			PROJECT DESCRIPTION	MAJOR PROJECT BENEFITS	Likelihood	Impact	Score
Pro	oject 1	Project Title:	Well Being Model - CSC & CYPWB/TOM	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2016-17	Project Details:	The review of the well being model is now complete, the next phase is to embed agreed structure changes in CSC, our Early Help model and points of access. we will deliver the CSC and EH Tom programme through a range of projects and programmes including: recruitment and retention		4	3	12
End date	2019-20		strategy; restructuring of central teams; Flexible working; Care proceedings as outlined in the relevant TOM; rationalising access points; raising thresholds; increased targeting and practice.				
Pro	oject 2	Project Title:	Continuous Improvement and Inspection Readiness	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2013-14	Project Details:	Delivery of key priorities: Early Help, Think Family and Neglect. To improve data quality, filing & retention, case records & management oversight Embed SMART targets & strengthen reporting to provide improved and easily accessible information.To continually improve the day to day		4	3	12
End date	2018-19		management across our services, delivery of improvement plans and embedding our revised QA framework. Continue to utilise all data sources to inform best practice sources include; JTAI's,YJ,EY's,SEND, QA framework and Ofsted Action Plan.				
Pro	oject 3	Project Title:	MOSAIC (CYPWB & TOM) Phase 1 and 2.	Improved efficiency (savings)			
Start date	2013-14	Project Details:	Cross-cutting project to provide system for both CSF & C&H including financial aspects; the new system has full casework management capability to deal with statutory requirements, management information & reporting for both case management and inspection purposes. Implementation phase		3	3	9
End date	2018-19		will include extensive work to improve associated processes. Also interim project is delivering improvements re data quality & reporting in CF. Involves parts of Education Division dealing with casework. System also used by R&I & ART within CSP.				
Pro	oject 4	Project Title:	Workforce development	Improved staff skills and development			
Start date	2015-16	Project Details:	We will continue to work towards our ambition to be London's Best Council, as part of this aspiration all our managers are engaged in a differentiated leadership programme. Strong focus remains on our recruitment and retention strategy and to support this we have developed a 'Practice Model' which is now established. We have continued the development and delivery of Signs of Safety/Signs of Well Being and this is being rolled out across the department. We are supporting/complimenting this this		4	3	12
End date	2019-20		with a programme to deliver both Systemic Practice and Motivational Interviewing across the department. We have a clear time line for this programme with appropriate milestones to ensure we have a strong, highly skilled workforce. Our workforce strategy alongside our overarching practice model has been developed to support our transformation plan.				
Pro	oject 5	Project Title:	Innovation work streams	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2016-17		Regionalisation of Adoption. The government requires Local Authorities will establish regional arrangements for some elements of adoption services. Merton is part of the developing Pan London Approach approved by Cabinet (Sept 2016). The Social Impact Bond (SIB) will provide upfront social capital to deliver services, designed to keep young people out of care, using the Multi-Systemic (MST) and Functional Family Therapy (FFT) methodologies. The Council will repay the investors for their initial investment plus a return for the financial risks taken. 48 referrals to be provided within the first 3		3	2	6
End date	e 2019-20 Project Details:		years of the contract. Longer term savings to the council will be made through avoidance of care costsLeanne to provide narrative. The Family Drug and Alcohol Court (FDAC) is a specialist problem- solving court approach to improving outcomes for children involved in care proceedings. it offers an alternative way of supporting parents overcome the sunstance misuse, mental health and domestic abuse which have put their chidren at serious risk of harm. The Transforming Families (TF) is moving to the next phase in its Maturity Model development and is planning to bid as part the 'Earned Autonomy' initiative.				

			Education										Planning	Assumptio	ons				The Corporate strategies your
			et Member for					Anti	cipated deman	d	201	16/17					2020/21	2021/22	service contributes to
								Forecast in	crease in popula	ation 0-4									Children and Young People's Plan
	Enter a brief	description of y	our main activ	ities and objec	tives below														5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5
	Merton School Improvement	nt (MSI)																	
	 developing skills in planning 	; pupii & school , teaching, ass	essment, lead	ership & mana	igement										0.4				
	 working with schools to redistrengthening partnership working 	uce inequality 8	improve achi	evement for vu	Inerable group	s												+	
).		increased d	emana tor specia	a school places	(IOIAI ACTOSS All SCHOOIS)		20	4	HU .	100 m	Iore SEN places by 19-2	v	1	School Expansion Strategy
	building early help capacity i focus on safeguarding, early	n schools & set	tings, families prevention as	& the community well as direct	hity support for far	nilies					204	6/47	204	7/40	2019/10	2010/20	2020/24	2024/22	
	 implementing the requirement Specialist placement provision 	ents of the Child	Iren and Famil	lies Act ensurir	ng that families	are central	Cto#												
	Early Years Services ensur	e the supply of	good quality f	unded early eo	ducation provis	on for	Stall		change as a res	uit of restructures)						204	204	204	
	. delivering Children's Centre	services through	gh a locality m	odel with a foc	us on early he	p & targeted					Actual p	erformance	A) Performa	nce Target ((T) Proposed Target (P)	Polarity	Reporting cycle	Indicator type	Main impact if indicator no
	□working with the early years	sector to impro	ove quality, red	duce inequality	and improve o	outcomes for		(LBC2020 indica	ators highlighte	ed in purple)	2016/17(A)	2017/18(T)	2018/19(P)	2019/20(P	P) 2020/21(P) 2021/22(P)	, orang	noponing oyolo	indicator type	met
	Developing the work force to	families o deliver holistic	cally to vulnera	able families ar	nd young child	en		Merton pupil a	verage Attainm	ent 8 score	N/A	53	51	51	, , ,	High	Annual	Outcome	Reputational risk
	 Education Inclusion providing universal & target 	ed in house & c	ommissioned	services for YI	P & schools			Merton pupil /	Average Progres	ss 8 score	N/A	0.28	0.51	0.51		High	Annual	Outcome	Reputational risk
	 providing support to preven attendance developing alter 	t bullying, subst native educatio	ance misuse and ance misuse and ance misus and ance	& teenage preg enable YP to s	gnancy, to impi stav in ETE	ove	% outco	me of Ofsted sch	nool inspections	good or outstanding	91	91	91	91		High	Monthly	Outcome	Inspection outcomes
	 leading on the council's part improving attendance and reading 	tnership with the	e police & CAI	MHS for educa	ition						95.5	95.2	95.6	95.6		-			
	- My Futures Service							70 F	,										
	Pupil place planning, & school	ols admissions	agement																
	SEN Transport commissionin Policy Planning and Porto	ig imance	30				% 0												
	Service Planning, Performan	ce Information a	and Performar	nce Manageme	ent, Policy and				, ,			-	-		+ +				
		areeina local of	aild protection	nrocedures on	d for monitorin	a the							-		+				
	- is responsible for a	groonig local Cl	ma protection	procedures an		9 110	,o reautility								+ +				
	DEPARTMENTAL BUDGET AND	RESOURCES						,o oponu on ap			100				1 1				
	DEFAITMENTAL DODOET AND	ſ		Original	Forecast		I		_			2018	3/19 Expen	diture				2018/19 Income	
Example Hole	Revenue £'000s			Budget	Variance														
	Evmonditure			2011110															
					704										Employees				
Starting Line Control Contro <thcontrol< th=""></thcontrol<>					(043)										Premises				
					350														
					39										Transport				
Unit of the line line of the line of the line of the line of the line o		12,470	10,422			10,371	10,370	10,505							-0 " 00				Government grants
Normal 2003 Polity Polity Neuron Display													-		Supplies & Servi	ces			
Review Variation Nature Variation	Depreciation	146	146			308	308	308	308		-			-	3rd party pavme	nts			Reimbursements
Alter Alter <th< td=""><td>Revenue £'000s</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Budget</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>	Revenue £'000s						Budget												
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Image Image <th< td=""><td></td><td>2,727</td><td>2,906</td><td>2,962</td><td>215</td><td>2,796</td><td>2,796</td><td>2,841</td><td>2,841</td><td>· · · · ·</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Depreciation</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>		2,727	2,906	2,962	215	2,796	2,796	2,841	2,841	· · · · ·					Depreciation				
Circuit Funded 4 1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 4 7 6 5 6 6 6 6 7 6 7 6 7														<i>•</i>					
Capital Runger Cook Prof Runger 2019/07										1		_							
Capital Work	Council Funded Net Budget	41,162	40,414			49,073	49,093	49,167	49,287										
20/617 20/617 20/717 20/717 20/717 20/718<	Capital Budget £'000s	Final Budget				Budget										2018/19			
Primary Stocks 	,	2016/17	2016/17			2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22										
Secondary Seturities 7.447 3.622 7.068 6.392 2.62 Offer 463 494 494 138 106 100 100 100 100 100 10000 1000 10000	,				1,188				650	Review of non-staffin	g budgets a	across the o	lepartment:	£28,000 -	Part of CSF2017-01				
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60.00 50.00 30.000 20.00 2			,	. ,						Review of CSF staffin	na structure	beneath m	anagemen	t level: £10	00.000 - Part of CSF201				
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S 30,000 - 20,000 - 10,000 - 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 Budget															. ,				
20,000 - 10,000 - 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 Budget	000							Review schools trade offer, raise charges or consider ceasing services from 2020: £45,000 - Part of CSF2017-07											
20,000 - 10,000 - 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 Budget	^{تى} 30,000 -																		
10,000 - 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 Actual																			
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2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 Image: Comparison of the second																			
BudgetActual		20	17	2018	2019	1	2020	2021											
	·									1	231								

			DETAILS OF MAJOR PROJECTS (INCLUDING PROCUREMENT) - MAXIMUM OF 10 OVER THE FOUR YEAR PERIOD Education				
			PROJECT DESCRIPTION	MAJOR PROJECTS BENEFITS	Likelihood	Risk Impact	Score
Pr	oject 1	Project Title:	Well Being Model - CSC & CYPWB/TOM	Improved effectiveness		inpuor	00010
Start date	Project Details:		The review of the well being model is now complete, the next phase is to embed agreed structure changes in CSC, our Early Help model and points of access. we will deliver the CSC and EH Tom programme through a range of projects and programmes including: recruitment and retention strategy; restructuring of central teams; Flexible working ; Care proceedings as outlined in the relevant TOM; rationalising access points; raising thresholds; increased targeting and practice.		4	3	12
	oject 2	Project Title:	Improving pupil outcomes at KS2 & KS4 (Edn TOM) & School Improvement through partnership (Edn TOM)	Improved effectiveness			
Start date End date	2013-14 2018-19	Project Details:	Rigorous support and challenge for schools in RI or vulnerable to RI including implementation of Support and Challenge Groups. Training and briefings on Ofsted, assessment, curriculum and improving teaching. Maintenance of outstanding teacher courses for primary and secondary teachers. Ongoing support for all schools on the basis of the new School Improvement Strategy from Merton Education Partners. The development of strengthened school to school support through the School Improvement Steering Group, ongoing support for the Merton Education Partnership and brokerage of school to school support through Merton Leaders of Education, primary expert teachers and liaison with Teaching Schools. Partnership with schools on redefining LA functions as part of Education TOM.		2	3	6
Project 3	3	Project Title:	Transforming Early Years (EY's TOM)	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2013-14 2019-20	Project Details:	Securing supply of good quality sufficient number of funded early education places for 2, 3 and 4 year olds responding to national policy and the new national funding framework and Merton's local priorities to include new 30 hour offer and support for children with SEND. Deliver the reshaped Children's Centre and early help services and programmes in accordance with local service practice standards and evidence based practice. Continue to secure good and above outcomes for all directly managed Ofsted inspected services. Maximise opportunities for external funding through ongoing review of charging structures and use of buildings by external agencies. Develop an "e strategy" and associated action plan for early years transactional services. Continue to promote use of self serve and publicise the range of directories managed within the service in partnership with key stakeholders. (Directories of Local Services)		2	3	6
Pr	oject 4	Project Title:	Implementation of requirements of Children & Families Act (Edn TOM & CYPWB) & Education TOM/CYPWB Model & Personal Budgets (Education TOM/C+F Act)	Improved customer experience			
Start date End date	2013-14 2019-20	Project Details:	Continue to strengthen collaboration between parents forum and partner agencies. further strengthen the Education, Health & Care Plan, and widen the Local Offer. Preparation for adulthood pathways are being developed by ASC, CWD and SEN Teams. Procurement for an SEN recording and reporting system is in the first stage. Addressing new statutory duty for age 19-25 a joint commissioning group across Health and Social Care has been developed to strengthen the tri-parte panel to support and process cases within available funding streams. Develop and deliver the Education TOM & CYPWB Model across CSF Services. Progress further rollout of Personal Budgets for families of children subject to education, health and care plans. Work with SENDIS service to maintain focus of encouraging Personal Budgets for SEN travel assistance and support implementation of next phase of PBs for Short Breaks services.		3	3	9
Pr	oject 5	Project Title:	Development of Adolescent offer including My Futures (NEET's) & linked provision	Improved customer experience			
Start date	2013-14	Project Details:	Refocus ETE support and advice to ensure effective support and provision to SEN 16-25 years old.		2	3	6
End date	2018-19						
Pr	oject 6	Project Title:	Implementation of Secondary & Special School (SEN) Places Strategy (EducationTOM)	Infrastructure renewal			
Start date	2015-16	Project Details:	Continue liaison with the Education and Skills Funding Agency and Harris Federation and manage related projects to deliver the opening and permanent build for the new Harris Academy Wimbledon School, and implement any further secondary school expansion required to ensure the council provides sufficient secondary places to meet growing demand. Implement agreed expansions of Cricket Green and Perseid Special Schools to provide additional in-house SEN places in Merton, and complete a strategic needs assessment of SEN provision and, on the		4	3	12
End date	2018-19		basis of this evidence, consider further initiates to commission and provide cost effective SEN provision to meet rising demand.				
Pr	oject 7	Project Title:	Workforce development	Improved staff skills and development			
Start date	rt date 2015-16 Project Details:		We will continue to work towards our ambition to be London's Best Council, as part of this aspiration all our managers are engaged in a differentiated leadership programme. Strong focus remains on our recruitment and retention strategy and to support this we have developed a 'Practice Model' which is now established. We have continued the development and delivery of Signs of Safety/Signs of Well Being and this is being rolled out across the department. We are supporting/complimenting this this with a programme to deliver both Systemic Practice and		4	3	12
End date	2019-20		Motivational Interviewing across the department. We have a clear time line for this programme with appropriate milestones to ensure we have a strong, highly skilled workforce. Our workforce strategy alongside our overarching practice model has been developed to support our transformation plan.				

Community & Housing

Adult Social Care	Planning Assumptions										
Cllr Tobin Byers: Cabinet Member for Adult Social Care	Anticipated demand	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20						
Enter a brief description of your main activities and objectives below	No. of people requiring services	3307	3278	3252	3191						
	Deeple aged 95 90	075	050	005	045						

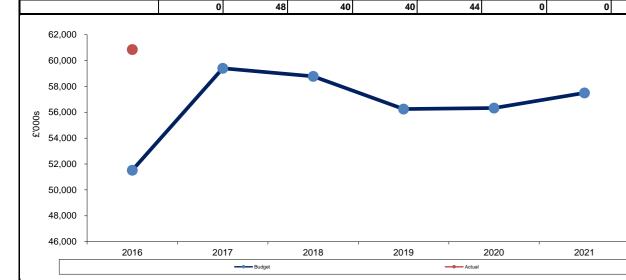
The Care Act 2014 is the legislation that underpins the statutory function of ASC; the Act came in to force on 1 April 2015. ASC works with people 18 and above and their carers who are in need of support. The Act sets a new national eligibility criteria to define eligibility for services. The Act gives new duties around safeguarding with a greater emphasis on protecting the most vulnerable people in our society from abuse or neglect. The Act also puts prevention at the heart of the work we undertake and we are well placed with our reablement team in fulfilling this duty.

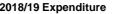
Our approach to the redesign of services is to keep the customer as independent as possible, for as long as possible in their own home. We aim to keep people in their communities with their friends and family network around them and out of institutionalised care or hospital. We aim to maximise people's independence with the use of equipment, telecare, reablement, utilising the voluntary sector to limit isolation and loneliness, working with CLCH and our partners in health to ensure that people's health needs are met keeping people healthy and out of hospital. We will work with our partners in health and the voluntary sector to integrate services where possible and limit duplication. We aim to complete our duties by putting the customer at the heart of the assessment and maximising and utilising their strengths to ensure that they are enabled to be as independent as possible with minimum, or no, support from the council.

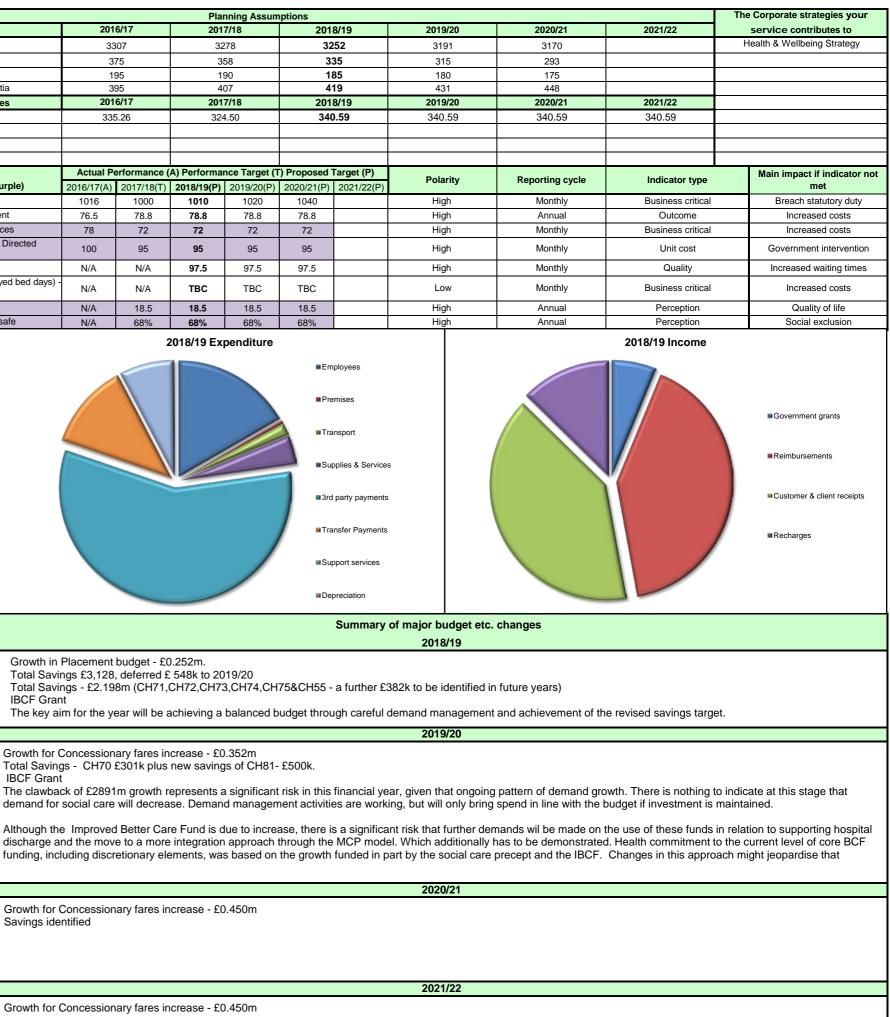
				in ing / ieeun				
Anticipated demand	201	6/17	201	7/18	201	8/19	2019/20	
No. of people requiring services	33	307	32	278	32	252	3191	
People aged 85-89	3	75	3	58	3	35	315	
People aged 95+	1	95	1	90	1	85	180	
No. of people aged 65+ with dementia	3	95	4	07	4	19	431	
Anticipated non financial resources	201	6/17	201	7/18	201	8/19	2019/20	
Staff (FTE)	33	5.26	324	4.50	340).59	340.59	
Performance indicator	Actual P	erformance (A) Performa	nce Target (1	F) Proposed [*]	Target (P)	Polarity	
(LBC2020 indicators highlighted in purple)	2016/17(A)	2017/18(T)	2018/19(P)	2019/20(P)	2020/21(P)	2021/22(P)	Polarity	
No of carers receiving a service	1016	1000	1010	1020	1040		High	
% Older people still at home following Reablement	76.5	78.8	78.8	78.8	78.8		High	
% People receiving 'long term' Community Services	78	72	72	72	72		High	
% people with 'long term' services receiving Self Directed Support	100	95	95	95	95		High	
% of MASCOT calls answered in 60 seconds	N/A	N/A	97.5	97.5	97.5		High	
No. of DToCs - Delayed Transfers of Care (delayed bed days) - Adult Social Care delays only	N/A	N/A	твс	TBC	TBC		Low	
Social care-related quality of life	N/A	18.5	18.5	18.5	18.5		High	
Proportion of people who use services who feel safe	N/A	68%	68%	68%	68%		High	

		DEPARIN	IENTAL BUDG	ET AND RESO	URCES			
Revenue £'000s	Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17	Original Budget 2017/18	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8	Budget 2018/19	Budget 2019/20	Budget 2020/21	Budget 2021/22
Expenditure	73,987	83,617	80,343	2,638	81,751	80,889	77,901	79,072
Employees	13,309	14,176	13,560	166	13,597	13,611	13,130	13,146
Premises	392	368	346	75	351	356	361	366
Transport	1,419	1,454	1,445	65	1,379	1,401	1,422	1,444
Supplies & Services	6,305	6,636	3,688	973	3,281	3,323	3,365	3,407
3rd party payments	36,189	44,528	45,828	2,406	46,992	45,597	42,569	43,203
Transfer Payments	9,773	9,758	9,514	(1,047)	9,857	10,307	10,758	11,209
Support services	6,501	6,600	5,885	-	6,183	6,183	6,184	6,185
Depreciation	98	98	78	-	111	111	111	111
Revenue £'000s	Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17	Original Budget 2017/18	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8	Budget 2018/19	Budget 2019/20	Budget 2020/21	Budget 2021/22
Income	22,465	22,763	20,943	(1,524)	22,974	24,634	21,575	21,576
Government grants	28	336	17	(331)	1,417	3,077	17	17
Reimbursements	9,024	8,827	9,203	(663)	9,410	9,410	9,410	9,410
Customer & client receipts	10,453	10,817	9,141	(531)	9,234	9,234	9,234	9,234
Recharges	2,960	2,783	2,582	-	2,913	2,913	2,914	2,915
Reserves		-	-	-				
110001100								
Capital Funded	-	-	-	-				

Capital Budget £'000s	Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17	Original Budget 2017/18	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8	Budget 2018/19	Budget 2019/20	Budget 2020/21	Budget 2021/22
ASC IT Equipment		48	40	40				
Telehealth					44			
	0	48	40	40	44	0	0	0







Growth in Placement budget - £0.252m.

IBCF Grant

Growth for Concessionary fares increase - £0.352m Total Savings - CH70 £301k plus new savings of CH81- £500k.

IBCF Grant

Growth for Concessionary fares increase - £0.450m Savings identified

Growth for Concessionary fares increase - £0.450m

235

			DETAILS OF MAJOR PROJECTS (INCLUDING PROCUREMENT) - MAXIMUM O Adult Social Care	OF 10 OVER THE FOUR YEAR PERIOD			
			PROJECT DESCRIPTION	MAJOR PROJECTS BENEFITS	Likelihood	Risk Impact	Score
Pro	oject 1	Project Title:	Assessment & Care Management Processes	Improved effectiveness	Likelinoou	IIIpact	30016
Start date	2017-18	Project Details:	Build on the implementation of MOSAIC to review and enhance day to day practice by all front line teams.		2	2	4
End date	2018-19						
Pro	oject 2	Project Title:	Front Door	Improved sustainability			
Start date	2018-19	Project Details:	Develop a new integrated 'front door; for Community & Housing that addresses the needs of adults outside of divisional silos, works with the voluntary sector and supports people to find solutions.		4	2	8
End date	2019-20						
Pro	oject 3	Project Title:	Integrated OP services	Improved efficiency (savings)			
Start date	2018-19	Project Details:	Seek to integrate services for older people that are physically frail or have mental health issues across health and social care, creating a one-stop service for the most vulnerable older people.		3	2	6
End date	2019-20						
Pro	oject 4	Project Title:	Mental Health	Improved efficiency (savings)			
Start date	2018-19	Project Details:	Undertake a fundamental review of adult mental health pathways and service arrangements, to ensure that our response meets our statutory duties and is financially sustainable.		3	2	6
End date	2018-19						
Pro	oject 5	Project Title:	Direct Provision	Improved efficiency (savings)			
Start date	2018-19	Project Details:	Review the offer of directly provided services to people with a learning disability to ensure that they are fit for purpose and meet the needs of older service users with an established pattern of support and younger		4	2	8
End date	2019-20		people coming through transition.				
Pro	oject 6	Project Title:	Transitions	Improved efficiency (savings)			
Start date	2018-19	Project Details:	Work closely with CSF and families to support young people coming into adulthood from an earlier stage, setting realistic expectations and creating a wider range of options to support the transition to maximum		3	3	9
End date	2019-20		independence. This will include developing transition specific services.				
Pro	oject 7	Project Title:	Complex needs & crisis	Improved efficiency (savings)			
Start date	2017-18	Project Details:	Develop a model and provision for complex needs, challenging behaviours and crisis for adults with a learning disability.		2	2	4
End date	2018-19						
Pro	oject 8	Project Title:	Supported Living opportunities	Improved customer experience			
Start date	2017-18	Project Details:	Work with partners and stakeholders to develop a framework for supported living for people with physical		2	3	6
End date	2018-19		and learning disabilities and mental health issues, to promote choice and independence.				
Pro	oject 9	Project Title:	Direct Provision	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2017-18	Project Details:	Implement new Mascot Telecare platform.		2	2	4
End date	2018-19						
Pro	ject 10	Project Title:	Commissioning	Improved efficiency (savings)			
Start date	2017-18	Project Details:	Develop an adults commissioning model following a peer review scheduled for February		3	2	6
End date	2018-19						

To full action products bysteen honelesses and avoid the us of the provide in the product of the strength action products by strengthange b		Housing Nee	eds and Enabli	ng Services							Pla	anning Assur	mptions				The Corporate strategies your
	Cllr Martin Whel	Iton: Cabinet Men	ber for Regen	eration, Enviro	nment & Housii	ng		Anticipate	ed demand	2016/17			•	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	service contributes to
							Housing advic	e, options, priva	ate tenants & landlord	Is advice 11000	1	1000	11250	11250	11250	11250	Homeless Placements Policy (Interim)
	To fulfil statutory housing	a functions to p	revent homel	essness and a	avoid the use	of		Housing regis	ster applicants	8100	9	600	10250	10900	11550		Homelessness Strategy
								Housing option	ons casework	1000	1	000	1350	1350	1350	1350	Housing Strategy
							Den	nand for tempor	rary accommodation	420	4	435	400	420	440	460	
							Ant	ticipated non fi	inancial resources	2016/17	20	17/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	
					mise the use o	of		Housing Need	ds Staff (FTE)	21.79	1	9.50	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	
	resources and deliver se	ervices that mini	mise costs to	the council.					(0)		1						
	The nurnose of this se	nvice is to						TOT	TALS	26.82	2	4.53	25.03	25.03	25.03	25.03	
			with statutory	housing law													
				nousing lan										Polarity	Reporting cycle	Indicator type	Main impact if indicator not
	- Plan for the future delive	very of housing	via general c	onformity with	the London H	lousing) 2019/20(P)) 2020/21(P) 2021/22(P)	,			
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			DEDART									1		l			
			DEPARI		-	UNCES				:	2018/19 Ex	penditure				2018/19 Income	
	Revenue £'000s																
		2016/17	2016/17			2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22				Employees				
	Expenditure	4,541	6,184			4,620	4,579										
	Employees	,			5		953	953	953				Promises				
	Premises Transport								42				=110111000				
Under Product Open Under P																	
Under Strater C <													Transport				
Right all column Colum Column Colum <th< td=""><td>3rd party payments</td><td>570</td><td>1,088</td><td>570</td><td>713</td><td>571</td><td>571</td><td>571</td><td>571</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>	3rd party payments	570	1,088	570	713	571	571	571	571								
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		292	2/0	204	0	293	293	293	293		-		_			N	
		Final Budget	Actual	Original	Forecast	Dudget	Budget	Budget	Budget				Transfer Payment	s			Customer & client receipts
Income 1 2 208 2001 2001 2011	Revenue £'000s																
	Incomo												3rd party paymen	ts			
		2,198	3,202	2,198	<u>(1,402)</u>				2,198								
State of the location 1/2	Reimbursements	2,020	2,725	2,020	(823)				2,020				-T. (D				
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Capital Budget FUND: Probability budget bit of	Council Funded Net Budget	2.343	2.982	2.220	249	2.207	2.245	2.283	2.322								
Under Loss Option Optin Opti		Einel Budget	Actual	Original	Forecast	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget								
Dealed Follow 1 Act 7 / 2 60/16 60/16 20 20 2010 2010/16	Capital Budget £'000s												Cummon	of major budget et	ahangaa		
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Service received new Homelessness reduction grant with new responsibilities in 2017/18 of £166k and expects to receive £144k in 2018/19 New housing coach employed in 2017/18, posts funded by DCLG and hosted by DE Kingston. New housing coach employed in 2017/18, posts funded by DCLG and hosted by DE Kingston. New housing coach employed in 2017/18, posts funded by DCLG and hosted by DE Kingston. New housing coach employed in 2017/18, posts funded by DCLG and hosted by DE Kingston. New housing coach employed in 2017/18, posts funded by DCLG and hosted by DE Kingston. New housing coach employed in 2017/18, posts funded by DCLG and hosted by DE Kingston. New housing coach employed in 2017/18, posts funded by DCLG and hosted by DE Kingston. New housing coach employed in 2017/18, posts funded by DCLG and hosted by DE Kingston. 2019/20 2010 2010 2010 2010 2010 2010 2010 2010	moruable ribusing Flojecis	/60	760	'	+										10/00		
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			DETAILS OF MAJOR PROJECTS (INCLUDING PROCUREMENT) - MAXIMUM OF 1 Housing Needs and Enabling Services				
			PROJECT DESCRIPTION	MAJOR PROJECTS BENEFITS		Risk	
					Likelihood	Impact	Score
Pro Start date	oject 1 2017-18	Project Title:	Homeless Reduction Act - Service Planning Prepare service for implementation of Homelessness Reduction Action in April 2018. This will include	Risk reduction and compliance	2	2	4
End date	2018-19	Project Details:	new processes, new IT, increased staffing capacity, training. Will also include internal and external stakeholders.				
Pro	oject 2	Project Title:	Service re-structure	Improved efficiency (savings)			
Start date	2016-17	Project Details:	Develop and implement a service re-structure to reflect the implementation of Homelessness Reduction Act and to meet savings targets		2	3	6
End date	2018-19						
Pro	oject 3	Project Title:	Public ProtectionTechnology Review	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2016-17 Project Details: Work with IT / E&R on re-procurement / replacement of M3PP.	Work with IT / E&R on re-procurement / replacement of M3PP.		2	1	2	
End date							
Pro	oject 4	Project Title:	Refreshed Housing Enforcement Policy	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2017-18	Project Details:	Refresh the policy to ensure the Council is acting fairly in dealing with housing conditions on both a		2	1	2
End date	2018-19		reactive and proactive basis.				
Pro	oject 5	Project Title:	EDRMS Workflow	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2016-17	Project Details:	Work with Corporate to implement EDRMS in Housing and then update workflow processes accordingly		2	2	4
End date	2018-19						
Pro	oject 6	Project Title:	Review and re-brand Floating Support	Improved efficiency (savings)			
Start date	2017-18	Project Details:	Re-brand floating support and supported housing to better fit the homelessness prevention agenda		2	1	2
End date	2018-19						
Pro	oject 7	Project Title:	TOM Re-fresh	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2017-18	Project Details:	Any actions arising from TOM Re-fresh in 2018.		2	2	4
End date	2018-19						
Pro	oject 8	Project Title:	Housing IT software re-procurement	Improved efficiency (savings)			
Start date	2018-19	Project Details:	Re-procure all IT Sofware solutions for Housing Needs (Homelesness, Temporary Accommodation &		2	2	4
End date	2020-21		Rent Accounts, Housing Register and Choice Based Lettings.)				

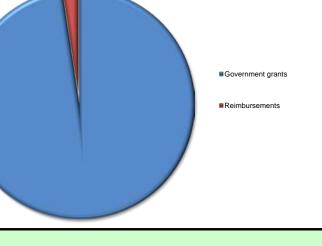
		Libraries										Plan	ning Assump	otions					The Corporate strategies your
Cllr Nic	k Draper: Cabine	t Member for C	Community & Cu	llture			Anticipat	ted demand		201	6/17	2017	/18	201	8/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	service contributes to
Enter a brief	f description of y	our main activi	ities and objectiv	ves below			Activ	e users		56,	000	56,0	000	56	,000	56,000	56,000	56,000	Customer Contact Strategy
The purpose of the service	e is to provide a	'comprehens	sive and efficie	ent' library se	rvice		Stoc	k issues		950	,000	950,	000	900	0,000	900,000	900,000	900,000	Children and Young People's Plan
addressing the 'needs of a	adults and child	en' according	g to the Public	Libraries and	d Museums		Registere	ed members		135	-	135,		13	5,000	135,000	135,000	135,000	Community Plan
Act 1964.			0				Visito	r figures		1,200	-	1,200	-		0,000	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,200,000	Equality Strategy
			6 11			An		financial resou	irces	201		2017			8/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	Health & Wellbeing Strategy
Local authorities have a st decide on how this is deliv		make provisio	on for a library	/ service but	may			f (FTE) ation (Libraries)		43		33.		-	1.35 7	31.35	31.35	31.35	Heritage Strategy Procurement Strategy
decide on now this is delive	vereu.							ent (PC's)			7 44	14		-	52	7 152	7 152	7 152	Volunteering Strategy
Certain aspects of the service	vice must be pr	ovided for fre	e:				Equipin				11		7	-	JZ	152	152	152	Workforce Strategy
							Performar	nce indicator		Actual	Performance	e (A) performan	ce target (T)	Proposed Ta	arget (P)				Main impact if indicator not
 Free lending of books Free access to information 	a n					(LBC2	020 indicators	highlighted in	n purple)	2016/17(A)	2017/18(T)	2018/19(P)		2020/21(P)		Polarity	Reporting cycle	Indicator type	met
- Free library membership						Number of	visitors access	sing the library s	service online	233,134	210,000	220,000	230,000	230,000	240,000	High	Monthly	Quality	Reduced uptake of service
The instally memberenip								ples network te		70,268	56,000	56,000	56,000	56,000	56,000	High	Monthly	Outcome	Reduced uptake of service
The Library Service aims t						% se	-	e for stock trans		96	97	97	97	98	98	High	Monthly	Business critical	Increased costs
responsive to the needs of								teers in libraries	;	336	220	230	230	230	230	High	Monthly	Business critical	Reduced service delivery
service in London whilst co levels.	continuing to acr	lieve some of	t the highest cu	ustomer satis	staction	Vioit		in Income /sical visits to lil	rorioo	£359,684	£346,000	£376,000	£376,000 1,200,000	£376,000 1,200,000	£376,000 1,200,000	High High	Monthly Monthly	Unit cost Quality	Increased costs Reduced service delivery
levels.								on (Libraries' ov		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	1,200,000 95%	95%	95%	95%	High	Annual	Perception	Reduced service derivery
						70 0031			in Survey)	D/A	IN/A	3378	3370	3370	3370	riigii	7411001		
													1		1				
		DEPARTN	MENTAL BUDGE	T AND RESOL	URCES	<u>ا</u>				•		2010/40 5	onditure			·	I	2018/19 Income	•
			Original	Forecast								2018/19 Exp	enalture					2018/19 Income	
Revenue £'000s	Final Budget	Actual 2016/17	Budget	Variance	Budget 2018/19	Budget 2019/20	Budget 2020/21	Budget 2021/22						■ Em	ployees				
	2016/17	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18 P8	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22						===	ployees				
Expenditure	3,364	3,269	9 3,051	41	3,195	3,223	3,251	3,27	в					- D-					
Employees	1,368			38	1									■ Pre	emises				
Premises Transport	494				445				4					_					
Supplies & Services	488	440	453					1	5					■ Tra	insport				
3rd party payments	22) 31				9										
Transfer payments Support services	688	0	0	0	-	v		2	7					■Su	pplies & Servie	ces			
Depreciation	301		1 301																Customer & client receipts
Revenue £'000s	Final Budget	Actual	Original	Forecast	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget						■3rd	l party paymer	nts			
Revenue 2 0005	2016/17	2016/17	Budget 2017/18	Variance 2017/18 P8	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22											
Income	461		6 390	(45)					5					🖬 Tra	insfer paymen	nts			
Government grants Reimbursements	0	-	-	-	, °	-	(0										
Customer & client receipts	348				-	-			5					■Su	pport services	;			
Recharges	0	0	°	0	, °	Ĵ	(·	D				/						
Reserves Capital Funded	0	0	0 0	0	, °	Ů	(, ,						■De	preciation				
Council Funded Net Budget	2,903	2,813	2,662	(4)	2,736	2,678	2,706	2,733	Ĩ.										
Capital Budget £'000s	Final Budget	Actual	Original	Forecast	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget							0				
Capital Budget £ 0005	2016/17	2016/17	Budget 2017/18	Variance 2017/18 P8	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22							Summary	of major budget etc	. changes		
Library Buildings		72)	200	350	D	-							2018/19			
Library IT					100				Total savin	as £78k. CH	168/69 of w	hich £48k was	deferred to	2019/20					
									Savings - L	_etting of spa	ace for coffe	ee shop franc	hise in librai	ries - £30k					
										0 1									
									4										
									-										
			+ +		+				-										
	0	72	2 799	799	100	200	350		0							2019/20			
								•	Savings C	H68/60 def	erred until 2	2019/20 -£48	k						
3,000 _										CH67 Merton			n.						
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εC			-						1										
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																2021/22			
									1										
2,500																			
2,500 2016	201	7	2018	2019	I	2020	2021												
		-Budget			Actual				1										
		~ [~]									39								
										_									

			DETAILS OF MAJOR PROJECTS (INCLUDING PROCUREMENT) - MAXIMUM OF Libraries	10 OVER THE FOUR YEAR PERIOD			
			PROJECT DESCRIPTION	MAJOR PROJECTS BENEFITS	Likelihood	Risk Impact	Score
Pro	oject 1	Project Title:	Partnership development	Improved customer experience	Likelillood	impact	30016
Start date	2015-16	Project Details	Continue to develop partnership approach to delivering services in libraries. Increase health		2	1	2
End date	2018-19		partnerships. Refine outcomes in partnership agreements.				
Pre	oject 2	Project Title:	Heritage Strategy	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2015-16	Project Details	Promote the Heritage Strategy and increase community participation in heritage activities. Continue to		3	1	3
End date	2019-20		draw in external funding and improve income streams.				
Pre	oject 3	Project Title:	London Libraries Consortium	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2015-16	Project Details	Implement actions in the LLC Strategy and procure a new library management system.		3	2	6
End date	2018-19	.,					
Pre	oject 4	Project Title:	Children & Young People's projects	Improved customer experience			
Start date	2013-14	Project Details	Embed the Schools and Libraries Membership schemes for primary and high schools. Embed		3	1	3
End date	2019-20	i lojoot Dotano	outcomes from 'My Library' project.				
Pre	oject 5	Project Title:	Customer consultation, marketing and promotion	Improved customer experience			
Start date	2016-17	Project Details	Undertake customer surveys to gain user views and consult on any significant changes to service delivery. Continue to develop e-marketing services and undertake promotional activities such as		2	1	2
End date	2020-21		Library Connect.				
Pro	oject 6	Project Title:	Income Generation	Improved efficiency (savings)			
Start date	2016-17	Project Details	Implement agreed savings from the rollout out of coffee shops in libraries and further develop income		3	2	6
End date	2019-20	.,	sources such as Merton Arts Space whilst identifying new opportunities.				
Pre	oject 7	Project Title:	Assisted digital support	Improved customer experience			
Start date	2013-14	Project Details	Increase volunteer numbers and skills in supporting customers with more complex IT needs. Support		2	2	4
End date	2018-19		national initiatives and the Customer Contact project.				
Pro	oject 8	Project Title:	Security services contract	Improved efficiency (savings)			
Start date	2015-16	Project Details	On-going monitoring of performance. Develop security guard services to play a more active role in		3	2	6
End date	2018-19		service transformation and to support with new lone working arrangements.				
Pro	oject 9	Project Title:	Library redevelopments	Improved customer experience			
Start date	2015-16	Project Details	Continue to develop the new Colliers Wood Library and maximise the use of space in existing		3	2	6
End date	2018-19		libraries. Work with other departments to identify new development opportunities.				

	oned Service dult Learning			•	of main activ	-						
Cllr Nick Draper Cabinet Me Service	mber for Con Providers:	nmunity & Cu	lture	wellbeing of	Borough of Mo our residents. d evidence bas	The service is	s delivered thr	ough a comr	lity and sus nissioning i	tainable adult learning in model, contracting service	order to improve the so to the best providers	cial, economic, health and in the field and by developing
	ames College vork London			The service	will continue to	o provide popu	ılar courses w	/hilst expand	ing provisio	n for families and enhanc	ing our range of maths,	English and employability courses.
				Plar	nning Assumpt	ions						The Corporate strategies the
Anticipated demand		2010	6/17	201	7/18	2018	3/19	2019	/20	2020/21	2021/22	service contributes to
Total number of learners		32	85	32	85	32	85	32	35	3285	3285	Culture and Sport Framework
Number of accredited learners	6	14	67	14	67	14	67	14	67	1467	1467	Employment and Skills Action Plan
Total number of enrolments		39	64	39	64	39	64	39	64	3964	3964	Special Educational Needs and Disabilities Strategy
												Medium Term Financial Strategy
Anticipated non financial resou	rces	2010	6/17	201	7/18	2018	3/19	2019	/20	2020/21	2021/22	Community Plan
Staff (Commissioning Team)		3.6	66	3.	.8	3.7	75	3.7	′ 5	3.75	3.75	Equality Strategy
Staff (LDD Curriculum manage	r)	1		1	1	(0		0	0	
South Thames College							esources to pro					
Groundwork London		Active	Dorformenes		Target (D) D		esources to pro	ovide service				
Performance indicator		2016/17(A)	I Performance (2017/18(T)	A) Performance 2018/19(P)	2019/20(P)	2020/21(P)	2021/22(P)	Pola	rity	Reporting cycle	Indicator type	Main impact if indicator not met
Number of enrolments per annu	ım	n/a	3964	3964	3964	3964	3964	Hig	h	Quarterly	Outcome	Reduced uptake of service
Number of new learners per ann (not registered as learners in previous	year)	n/a	50%	45%	40%	40%	40%	Hig		Quarterly	Outcome	Reduced uptake of service
Number of completers (% retention rate	,	n/a	93%	94%	95%	95%	95%	High		Annual	Outcome	Reduced service delivery
% overall success rate of accredited course % of end of course evaluations where teaching		n/a	85%	86%	88%	90%	90%	Hig		Annual	Outcome	Reduced uptake of service
is rated as good or above		n/a	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	High		Annual	Perception	Reduced service delivery
% of enrolments from deprived w	ards	n/a	27%	30%	32%	35%	35%	Hig		Quarterly	Quality	Reduced uptake of service
Average cost per learner		n/a	£247	£247	£247	£247	£247	Lo	W	Annual	Unit cost	Reduced uptake of service
		Financ	cial Informati	on						Additio	nal Expenditure Info	rmation
Revenue	Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17	Original Budget	Forecast Variance	Budget 2018/19	Budget 2019/20	Budget 2020/21	Budget 2021/22				
Expenditure	3,107	1,638	<u>2017/18</u> 1,411	2017/18 P8 (42)	1,415	1,416	1,417					
Old Service	2,062	910	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Contractor's Fee Employees (Commissioning Team)	660 112		1,038 184	<mark>(68)</mark> 6	1,038 308	1,038 308	1,038 308					
Employees (LDD Curriculum Manager)	63	45	123	(23)	0	0	0	0				
Support Service Other Costs	179 32		28 38	0 43	31 37	31 39	31 39					
	J2 Final Budget	Actual	Original	Forecast	Budget	Budget	Budget	40 Budget				
Revenue	2016/17	2016/17	Budget 2017/18	Variance 2017/18 P8	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22				
Income Adult Education Block Grant	3,133 2,312	1,173 1,080	1,381 1,347	(36) 0	1,380 1,346	1,380 1,346	1,380 1,346					
Adult Apprenticeships Grant	17	0	27	(23)	28	28	28					
Other Income Council Funded Net Budget	803	94 465	7 30	(13)	7 35	7	7 37	7				
Council Funded Net Budget	Final Budget 2016/17	465 Actual 2016/17	Original Budget 2017/18	(0) Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8	35 Budget 2018/19	36 Budget 2019/20	37 Budget 2020/21	37 Budget 2021/22				
						241						

			DETAILS OF MAJOR PROJECTS				
			Merton Adult Learning				
			PROJECT DESCRIPTION	MAJOR PROJECTS BENEFITS	Likelihood	Risk Impact	Score
Pro	oject 1	Project Title:	Improve Ofsted status	Improved effectiveness	Likelihood	impact	
Start date	2016-17	Project Details:	Implement agreed actions in Post Ofsted Improvement Action Plan (PIAP) ready for re-inspection with the view to achieving a 'Good' status		3	2	6
End date	2018-19						
Pro	oject 2	Project Title:	Embed employability, maths and English strands in courses where applicable	Economic outcomes			
Start date	2016-17	Project Details: Embed key threads around employability, maths and English into courses delivered by new pr	Embed key threads around employability, maths and English into courses delivered by new providers.		2	1	2
End date	2018-19						
Pro	oject 3	Project Title:	Develop new apprenticeschip scheme	Economic outcomes			
Start date	2016-17	Project Details:	Increase the number of apprenticeships in Merton working with local employers.		2	1	2
End date	2019-20						
Pro	oject 4	Project Title:	Expand provision in deprived areas of the borough and / or amongst deprived communities	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2016-17	Project Details:	Deliver a range of community and family learning initiatives in the borough to increase take up and		3	1	3
End date	2018-19		proactively market services to residents with the greatest needs.				
Pro	oject 5	Project Title:	Embed new evidence base and overhaul course provision	Improved customer experience			
Start date	2017-18	Project Details:	Make more effective usage of learner and community data to inform the future commissioning of adult		2	1	2
End date	2018-19	Tioject Details.	learning courses whilst retaining a healthy breadth of provision.				
Pro	oject 6	Project Title:	Embed new commissioning arrangements across all services	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2016-17	Project Details:	Undertake regular contract reviews and identify improvement plans to embed and improve the quality		3	2	6
End date	2019-20		of the new adult learning services				

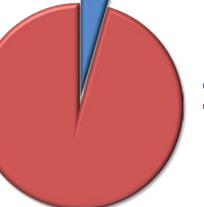
		ublic Health								0011	6/47		anning Assu	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0/40	0010/00	0000/04	0004/00	The Corporate strategies y
	Tobin Byers:Cabir						I	ed demand		2016		2017		-	8/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	Service contributes to
	of description of yo	our main activi	nies and objec	uves below	-			al health rice in mobilisation	April 2019	20,7		20,8			,007 BC	21,158 TBC	21,309 TBC	21,460	Sexual Health Strategy
Public Health services curre Services to improve heal		hat are the or	mmissioning	responsibility	fPH in I∆	, ,		6 of PH staff capac	•	467 Drugs/2 409		400 drugs/3		40	-	40%	40%	40%	Health & Wellbeing Strates
(including the following m	nandatory service	s: sexual heal				Gup		alth Checks		31		2,1			600	2600	1070	1070	
5 services, National Child		· J · · · /	and course!							Reception Co		Reception C			Cohort : 2541	Reception Cohort: 2,555	Reception Cohort: 2568		
Commissioning support f Health protection oversig			mana council;			Nati	onal Child Mea	surement Program	nme	Year 6 Coh		Year 6 Col			hort: 2,174	Year 6 Cohort: 2,229	Year Six Cohort: 2,285	Reception Cohort: 2,582 Year Six Cohort: 2,340	
Health intelligence includ						Health Vis	iting New Birth	Visits: estimated r	new births	324	46	32	22	31	176	3130	3085	3039	
	the law Notice of the	4h a					0					1						0000	
our vision for public heal Protect and improve physic					n Merton	An	ticipated non	financial resource	es	2016	6/17	2017	7/18	201	8/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	
throughout the life course							Staf	f (FTE)		15.	.93	16.	56	18	3.66	17.66	17.66	17.66	
East of the borough, with		nancial envelo	ope available.					Trainees)		2		2			2	2	2	2	
Fulfil our statutory PH du Contribute to Merton bec		est council in	2020			(1.802		nce indicator highlighted in pr	···mla)	<u> </u>		(A) Performa	2 (<u> </u>		Polarity	Reporting cycle	Indicator type	Main impact if indicator no
								00 pop. (excl. Chla	. ,	. ,		2018/19(P)	· · · · ·	. ,	2021/22(P)			-	
ur strategic objectives a	are:					•	2	5's)	•	N/A	1141.7	1234	1296	1361	1429	High	Annual	Output	Detrimental to public hea
bjective 1 : Service transfe ilson health and communi					ng and	% of people with		ig to STIs offered I	HIV test at first	N/A	80%	90%	95%	97%	97%	High	Annual	Outcome	
ansformation	ity campus as bia		agir wae nea			% of people v		ndance ting to STIs who ac	ccept offer of			-	0.50/	0.001	000/	Llink	Annual	0	Reduced quality of servi
insting 0: Each - Litter t		nto occurrent l		مط امد ماند	wallhairea		HIV test at f	irst attendance	-	N/A	73%	80%	85%	90%	90%	High	Annual	Outcome	
pjective 2: Embedding he relevant outcome across							I	of drug treatment (XI ,	N/A	9%	9.0%	9.0%	9.0%	9.0%	High	Quarterly	Outcome	Failure to meet PHOF ta
alth as marker for good g	overnment and a							on of alcohol treat		N/A	60%	60%	60%	60%	60%	High Low	Quarterly	Outcome Outcome	Increase prevalence of long
ion of best London cound	cil						•	nildren age 10 - 11 obesity between B		34%	34.7%	33%	32.5%	32%	31.50%		Annual		conditions
bjective 3: Strengthening	commissionina a	nd commissio	ning support -	- Develop publ	ic health		M	erton		N/A	9.2%	9.2%	8.0%	8.0%	7.7%	Low	Annual	Outcome	
rategic commissioning (er	nd-to-end) & publi	c health supp	ort to commiss	sioning for hea	Ith and	0		th Reviews within 14	,	96.2%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	High	Monthly	Outcome	Poor childhood outcome
ellbeing outcomes using a	a range of specific	purposefully	chosen collab	orative commis	ssioning	% participation		ild Measurement F children	Programme of	97.8%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	High	Annual	Outcome	Breach statutory duty
										I – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –		2010/40 5	n on -l!t.	I I	I			2040/40 1	
		DEPART	MENTAL BUDG	SET AND RESO	URCES							2018/19 Ex	penditure					2018/19 Income	
	Final Budget	Actual	Original	Forecast	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget							Employees				
enue £'000s	2016/17	2016/17	Budget	Variance 2017/18 P8	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22											
enditure	10,888	11,025	<u>2017/18</u> 10,948		10,107	8,796	8,796	8,796							Premises				
oyees	1,047	1,148	1,115		1,181	1,170	1,170												
ises	2	2	2		3	3													
sport blies & Services	7,868	2 7,918	2 3,194	(-)	2,406	2 1,643	1,643								Transport				
party payments	1,801	1,801	6,483			5,834	5,834												Government grants
nsfer payments	0	0	0	°	0	0	(·							Supplies & S	Convision			Ů
port services preciation	167	155 0	151	-	143	143	143								Supplies & S	Services			Reimbursements
	Final Budget	Actual	Original	Forecast	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget											- Keimbursements
venue £'000s	2016/17	2016/17	Budget	Variance	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22							3rd party pay	yments			
ome	11,219	11,356	2017/18 10,948	2017/18 P8 (114)	10,107	8,796	8,796		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·										
vernment grants	10,998	10,998	10,727	0	10,451	10,175	10,175	5 10,175							:				
imbursements stomer & client receipts	221	358	221		256	221	221								Transfer pay	rments			
charges	0	0	0	, i	0	0	(0 0											7
serves	0	0	0	0	-600	-1,600	-1,600					1			Support serv	vices			
pital Funded uncil Funded Net Budget	0 (331)	0 (331)	0	0	0	0	0	·											
v	Final Budget	Actual	Original	Forecast	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget											
bital Budget £'000s	2016/17	2016/17	Budget	Variance	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22							Summary	of major budget etc.	changes		
			2017/18	2017/18 P8												2018/19			
	1								For 2040/4	0 the rise for	opend are	t has here	oduced her	o further C	276k The 2 C		factored in the second	MTES The specific -	rant conditions are to area
																	actored in the council's		rant conditions are to ensu
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	, J	0	0	. 0	. 0	0	,	· · ·		nt will contin		ing forced in	2010/20 7		allocation in		ar reduction of COTCL-T		k Doogniaing the huder
50 ₁																			k. Recognising the budge protection outcomes. In c
																		6k in 2018/19 and £276	
0						•				5							-		
2016	201	7	2018	2019		2020	2021												
-50 -	/																		
																2020/04			
-100 -								-								2020/21			
																			an allocation from retained
-150 -																			end and expect to confirm
																			HE have recently started provide transparency of
-200 -	1															cribe and compare Pl		on an annuai Dasis ((Provide transparency of
	/								5going doi										
250	/																		
-250 -																			
								_											
-250 - -300 -																2021/22			
								-								2021/22			
-300 -											43					2021/22			



			DETAILS OF MAJOR PROJECTS (INCLUDING PROCUREMENT) - MAXIMUM OF 10 OVER THE FOUR YE Public Health	EAR PERIOD			
			PROJECT DESCRIPTION	MAJOR PROJECTS BENEFITS	Likelihood	Risk	Score
Pro	ject 1	Project Title:	East Merton Model of Health and Wellbeing/Wilson (TOM URN: PH 5)	Improved effectiveness	Likeimood	Impact	Score
Start date	2018-19		TOM TRANSFORMATION DELIVERY PLAN - EAST MERTON MODEL AND WILSON Public Health, Merton CCG and the East Merton GP Locality are working in partnership to develop and deliver the East Merton Model of Health and Wellbeing and Wilson health and community campus as blueprint for borough-wide health and care transformation. This is a major programme aimed at co-creating a model for East Merton, incorporating design of health and community campus, community engagement, better use of wider public sector estates and development of social investment funding models. There are some key programmes of work that sit under this, including Social Prescribing, and a Whole System Approach to Diabetes: SOCIAL PRESCRIBING: Social prescribing is part of the programme and a major component in the CCG's Primary Care Strategy and the development of the		3	3	9
End date	2021-22	Project Details:	model of multi-speciality community provider, strengthening relationships between primary care and the voluntary and community sector and services. WHOLE SYSTEM APPROACH TO DIABETES: Develop a whole systems approach to Diabetes, as agreed by the Health and Wellbeing Board in June 2017. This will be an exemplar for future work, is a pivotal opportunity as it connects the HWBB (as systems leaders) with health professionals, local place shapers (Clirs and GPs) and community 'connectors' to develop systems leadership and build a social movement to identify ideas and ways to tackle diabetes together. This will in turn inform the developing East Merton Model of Health and Wellbeing. PH Lead: Amy Potter				
Pro	ject 2	Project Title:	Embed Health and Wellbeing in all policies (TOM URN: PH2; PH3; PH4)	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2018-19	Project Details:	TOM TRANSFORMATION DELIVERY PLAN - HEALTH IN ALL POLICIES Embed "health in all policies" (HIAP)as a relevant outcome across the whole council business (and partners) incl establish health as marker for good government and as investment rather than expenditure; work in partnership with HR to deliver Healthy Workplace Programme; engage in growth and regeneration agenda,		2	2	4
End date	2020-21		including optimising health improvement through the planning process, working with Comms around advertising and sponsorship policy. Key priorities in this programme include implementation of the multi-agency Merton Child Healthy Weight Action Plan and delivery of the Merton Dementia Action Alliance, and development of the Local Plan. PH lead: Clarissa Larsen; Julia Groom; Amy Potter				
Pro	ject 3	Project Title:	Sexual Health Strategy and Integrated sexual health services (TOM URN: PH6)	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	te 2018-19 Project Details: TOM TRANSFORMATION DELIVERY PLAN - PH SERVICE DEVELOPMENT AND PROCUREMENT Development of a Sexual health strategy that takes a liefcourse approach and focuses on priorities for prevention; embedding and further developin sexual health services; and suport for vulnerable groups. Mobilisation of co-commissioned integrated sexual health services, with joined up Level 2 (Development of a Sexual health strategy that takes a liefcourse approach and focuses on priorities for prevention; embedding and further developing integrated		3	3	9
End date	2021-22		and Level 3 GUM services in a seamless provision. PH Lead: Julia Groom				
Pro	ject 4	Project Title:	Redesign of Adult substance misuse treatment services (drugs and alcohol) (TOM URN: PH6)	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2018-19		TOM TRANSFORMATION DELIVERY PLAN - PH SERVICE DEVELOPMENT AND PROCUREMENT Mobilise and embed the newly commissioned Integrated adult substance misuse service based on a preventative and recovery orientated model, working in		3	3	9
End date	2020-21	Project Details:	conjunction with CCG and other stakeholders. Deliver the outcomes identified within the comprehensive substance misuse prevention framework through the Substance Misuse Partnership Board (SMPB). PH Lead: Amy Potter				
Pro	ject 5	Project Title:	Development of collaborative commissioning approaches to adult services (TOM URN: PH7)	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2018-19		TOM TRANSFORMATION DELIVERY PLAN - COLLABORATIVE COMMISSIONING ARRANGEMENTS (ADULTS) Explore development of new cross-team and cross-organisational (PH, ASC and other parts of C&H, and CCG) strategic approaches including defining Core Offer to CCG, and identifying opportunities for long term joint commisioning. Particular priority areas include: - Mental Health pathways and substance misuse		2	2	4
End date	2018-19	Project Details:	 Falls prevention and strategic approach to active ageing Disability strategy Supported Housing Approach to healthy lifestyles services post 3/2019 (break clause in current commissioning) 			_	
Pro	ject 6	Project Title:	Development of integrated Children's Services (TOM URN: PH7)	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2016-17	Project Details:	TOM TRANSFORMATION DELIVERY PLAN - COLLABORATIVE COMMISSIONING ARRANGEMENTS (CYP) Lead transformation of the Community health services towards a Healthy Child 0-19 years service, embedding health visiting and school nursing locality teams;		2	3	6
End date	2018-19		develop a shared vision and development programme for closer integration of services including 0-19 Healthy Child and Children's Centres, to provide seamless care pathways for children and young people. Continue to develop a CYP joint commissioning function between PH, CSF and MCCG. PH Lead: Julia Groom				
Pro	ject 7	Project Title:	Joint Strategic Needs Assessment Plus/Intelligence Hub (TOM URN: PH11)	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2018-19	Project Details:	TOM TRANSFORMATION DELIVERY PLAN - JSNA PLUS/INTELLIGENCE HUB Develop a programmatic approach to public health intelligence covering: the JSNA analysis and support to strategy and commissioning decisions through a range of accessible outputs /products; Performance measurement and monitoring in support of continuous improvement of strategies and services in achieving		2	2	4
End date	2021-22		outcomes; and Information management including sharing /linkages of data across the council/CCG and through the development of a Merton Intelligence Hub. PH Lead: Amy Potter				

Corporate Services

							Planning Assum		ptions					The Corporate strategies your						
Business Improvement CIIr Mark Allison: Deputy Leader & Cabinet Member for Finance							Anticipated demand				2016/17		2017/18		8/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	service contributes to	
Enter a brief		Core IT Systems support and management (days)				5000		5720		5720		5720	5720	5720	Customer Contact Strategy					
Continuous Improvement a	Continuous improvement & Corporate Change (days)				88	80	8	880		80	660	440	440	IT Strategy and Implementation Plan						
- Support DMTs to embed a	anisation	Policy, Strategy & Partnerships				77	70	7	70	7	70	770	550	550	Information Management Strategy					
through the provision of tools, techniques, advice and support – including but not limited to Lean. - Ensure change is effectively planned for and managed across the organisation, embedding							Comms &	Engagement		1120		1120		8	80	880	880	880	Voluntary Sector Strategy	
change management princip	Ū														Equality Strategy					
 Drive and faciliate the Targ Quality assure the Improve 			inancial resour		201		2017/18		2018/19		2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	Community Plan						
and CMT.					,,		Staff - CI & CC (FTE & fixed term)				5.3		4.8		4.8	3.0	2.0	2.0	Communications Strategy	
Business Systems team wi	Staff - Policy, Strategy & Partnerships				4.8		4.8		1.8	4.8	3.8	3.8								
and associated implementati	Staff - Business Systems Team (FTE + projects)					6.5	28.7		28.7		26.2	26.2 26.2								
ensure a coordinated and pla technology, complying with the	Comms & Engagement				7.		7.0			5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5							
proactively provide advice ar	(1.00)		ce indicator					. .	P) Proposed Target (T)		Polarity	Reporting cycle	Indicator type	Main impact if indicator not						
the business to leverage inve	(LBC2		highlighted in	purple)	()		2018/19(P) 2019/20(P)					M dl		met						
The Policy, Strategy and Pa		,	availability		99.73%	99%	99%	99%	99%	99%	High	Monthly	Business critical	Reduced service delivery						
working, including the Mertor	n Partnership, ar	nd its annual (Conference. It	provides advic	e on	70		eutral coverage to unteers recruited		88.47%	92%	92%	92%	92%	92%	High High	Monthly Quarterly	Perception Outcome	Reputational risk Reduced customer service	
equalities and the Council's a Council's Prevent duties and	is the key liaiso	n point. It ma	inages the rela	tionship with th	e voluntarv				·	n/a	350	350	350	350	350	High	Annual	Perception	Reputational risk	
sector, leading on the Volunt	ary Sector and V	Volunteering S	Strategy and th	e Merton Comp	pact		• •	erent backgrounds	<u> </u>	93%	90	90	90	90	90	High	Annual	Perception	Reputational risk	
The Communications team	is responsible f	or promoting	and protecting	the reputation	of the			area a better place ned about council ser		76%	N/A	76	N/A	76	N/A	High	Annual	· · · ·	Reputational risk	
council by communicating wi	th Merton's key	stakeholders (using a range	of channels inc	luding			icil involves them in r		81% 62%	N/A	81	N/A	81	N/A	High	Annual	Perception Perception	Reputational risk	
media relations, My Merton,	social media, ca	mpaign marke	eting as well as	s corporate eve	ents.					02%	N/A	62	N/A	62	N/A	riigii	Annudi	гексерион		
																	+			
		DEDADT		SET AND RESO						1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
		DEPARTI	•	1	UNDED						2	018/19 Exp	penditure	Empl Empl	oyees			2018/19 Income		
Revenue £'000s	Final Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Forecast Variance	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget						· ·		1				
	2016/17	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18 P8	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22												
Expenditure	3,481	4,263	,		2,807	2,833		,						Prem	ises					
Employees	2,149	2,823	1,244	160	1,437	,	1	1,387												
Premises Transport	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0						= T						
Supplies & Services	1,011	1,107	1,693	(21)	1,068	1,093	1,119	1,144						■Trans	sport					
3rd party payments	0	.,	.,	(=-7	0	0	.,	0												
Support services	317	331	303	-	301	301	301	301						Supp	lies & Services				Customer & client receipts	
Depreciation			Original	Forecast													(V		Recharges	
Revenue £'000s	Final Budget	Actual	Budget	Variance	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget												
	2016/17	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18 P8	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22						■3rd p	arty payments					
Income	3,712	5,137	3,030	(204)	3,384	3,404	3,404	3,404												
Government grants Reimbursements	+ +	893												- 0						
Customer & client receipts	114	46		(179)	148	168	168	168						Supp	ort services					
Recharges	3,598	4,198	2,916	(25)	3,236	3,236	3,236	3,236												
Reserves Capital Funded						0								Depresentation	eciation					
Council Funded Net Budget	(231)	(874)	214	(67)	(577)	(571)	(596)	(570)												
		N= 1	Original	Forecast																
Capital Budget £'000s	Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17	Budget	Variance	Budget 2018/19	Budget 2019/20	Budget 2020/21	Budget 2021/22	Summary of major budget etc. changes											
	2010/17		2017/18	2017/18 P8												0040/40				
Customer Contact Programme		420			1,050			1,900								2018/19				
IT Systems Projects Social Care IT System		89 591			1,012 350			42		Rationalisa				oport for so	me systems	3k				
Social Cale IT System		291	396	563	350					Expiration of				04.01						
									CSREP 20	18-19 (13) N	VIAINTENANC	e and SUP	nd/Wandew	orth f20k						
									CSREP 2018-19 (14) M3 support to Richmond/Wandsworth £20k CSREP 2018-19 (15) Street Naming and Numbering Fees/Charges Review £15k											
									CSREP 20	18-19 (16) O	perating co	ost reductio	n £11k							
									1	. , -										
	0	1,100	1,809	2,685	2,412	250	0	1,942								2019/20				
		,	. ,	,	, , –			,		S14 M3 sup	port to Rich	mond/War	ndsworth fo	20k						
400 _									2010-13 0	S IT IND SUP		inionu/wal	NO WORT L							
200 -																				
0 2016	201	17	2018	2019	1	2020	2021													
	201			2013			2021									2020/21				
sooo -200 -									2018-19 C	S15 Policy a	& Partnersł	nips -reduce	e headcoun	nt £50k						
~		· · · · ·								-										
-400 -																				
-600 -																				
													_			2024/22				
000									-							2021/22				
-800 -																				
-1,000 」																				
		-Budget			-Actual															
		- Dadgor			- mordal					24	7									

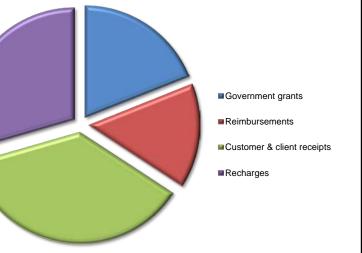


			DETAILS OF MAJOR PROJECTS (INCLUDING PROCUREMENT)				
			Business Improv	vement			
			PROJECT DESCRIPTION	MAJOR PROJECT BENEFIT			
					Likelihood	Impact	Score
Pro	oject 1	Project Title:	Customer Contact programme	Improved customer experience			
Start date	2013-14	Project Details:	Lead and deliver CC programme; to deliver improvements (technology and service redesign) set out in CC Strategy.	The programme is part of the move to a 21st Century organisation, with technology that supports a more comprehensive and cohesive service to customers and recognises the new, modern ways in which they wish to access services. Through channel shift and a reduction in avoidable contact/failure demand we	5	2	10
End date	2018-19			expect the programme to support and enable the achievement of savings and efficiencies within individual services.			
Pro	oject 2	Project Title:	Electronic document and records management system	Improved efficiency (savings)			
Start date	2013-14	Project Details:		EDRMS will enable flexible and remote working, more efficient and cost effective storage and retrieval of	5	2	10
End date	2018-19		Customer Contact.	documentation.			
Pro	oject 3	Project Title:	Social Care Information System - phase 2	Improved efficiency (savings)			
Start date	2018-19	Project Details:	Further enhancements and functionality to the Mosaic system.	A fit for purpose system that supports efficient business practices and care management now and into the	3	3	9
End date	2019-20			future			
Pro	oject 4	Project Title:	Strategic Partner Programme				
Start date	2017-18	Project Details:	Selecting new strategic partners from the voluntary sector to provide Information, Advice and Guidance plus support and advice to the sector as a whole. This will involve co-producing	Improved Information, Advice and Guidance will improve prevention/early intervention and defer the need for expensive acute interventions. As the range of public sector services reduce and thresholds are	3	2	6
End date	2018-19	Toject Details.	specifications with the voluntary sector and statutory partners. The new programme will start in April 2019.	raised, the voluntary sector is an increasingly important provider of services to residents. It is vital that there is support and advice to enable the sector to grow and adapt.			
Pro	oject 5	Project Title:	4Ps				
Start date	2017-18	Project Details:	Procure and implement M3LP and M3PP hosted environment through CCS framework and migrate all	Renewal of contract to comply with procurement regulations, migration to managed hosted (cloud) solution, precursor for provision of system for shared services with Wandsworth and Richmond and	2	2	4
End date	2018-19		content from current on-premise systems.	upgrade path to new product version Asure.			

Corporate Governance												The Corporate strategies your								
Cllr Mark Allison: Deputy Leader & Cabinet Member for Finance							Anticipated demand				6/17	Planning Assum 2017/18		2018/	19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	service contributes to	
Enter a brief description of your main activities and objectives below Residents								idents		205,722		207,410		209,421		210,452	212,658	214,740	Information Governance Policy	
Corporate Governance is made up of 5 core services: Officers										Ļ		ţ							Equality Strategy	
Information Governance - ma	nages complair	ote MP & Mom	bor onquirios	Freedom of In	formation		Cour	ncillors		60		60							Risk Management Strategy	
requests, ensuring organisation	onal compliance	e with Data Pro	otection Act ar	d the Transpa	rencv agenda.		Elec	ctions		2		1		1			1		Procurement Strategy	
including maintaining the Pub GDPR - General Data Protect			es the Local L	and Charges fu	unction.	An	Anticipated non financial resources				6/17	2017/		2018/		2019/20	2020/21	2021/22		
	.						Staff (FTE)				nvest&audit	28.9		28.9		28.9	28.9			
Democracy Services - mainta ensures council has robust de	ains independen	nt scrutiny funct	tion, support to	o Councillors a	ind Mayor &			Election		13		800		800		0	500	500		
	0	0						Canvas		15		150		150		150	150	150		
Electoral Services - Electoral Services carries out the statutory maintenance of the register of electors, administers elections and referendums and undertakes the work needed on boundary and (LBC2020 indicators highlighted in pu									urple)			-) Proposed Tai		Polarity	Reporting cycle	Indicator type	Main impact if indicator not met	
electoral reviews. The move	to a system of i	individual elected	oral registratio	on has provided	d new í			nented by agreed of	1 /	90% 90%		2018/19(P) 2019/20(P) 90% 90%		2020/21(P) 2021/22(P)		Lliah	Quarterly	Business critical	Increased fraud	
challenges to the way the UK work load.	's electoral offic	ces work and h	as resulted in	a significantly i	increased	Audi		ted against plan	uale	90%	90%	90%	90%	90% 90%		High High	Quarterly	Business critical	Increased fraud	
								dealt with in time		80%	85%	85%	85%	85%		High	Monthly	Perception	Reduced customer service	
Internal Audit and Investigations- Merton has joined the audit and fraud partnership with its neighbouring authorities. Internal Audit covered by SWLAP (South West London Audit Partnership) and Investigations covered by SWLFP (South West London Fraud Partnership) covering Merton, Kingston, Richmond, Sutton and Wandsworth). The service provides independent, objective appraisal of risk management, governance & internal control processes and fraud risks including planned & unplanned audits. Investigates allegations of poor control and conflicts of interest. Co- ardinates the Advanced Coverner Devices and fraud regime Destination.									2	6%	9%	9%	9%	9%		High	Quarterly	Perception	Reduced customer service	
and Investigations covered b	y SWLFP (Sou	th West Londo	on Fraud Partr	nership) coverir	ng Merton,		FOI requests -	dealt with in time		85%	85%	85%	85%	85%		High	Monthly	Perception	Reduced customer service	
appraisal of risk management	t, governance &	h). The service	e provides ind ol processes a	and fraud risks	including	Num	ber of suppleme	entary agendas iss	sued	24	20	18	16	14		Low	Quarterly	Perception	Government intervention	
planned & unplanned ăudits.	Investigates all	egations of poo	or control and	conflicts of inte	erest. Co-	% of coun	cillors who agre	ee scrutiny function	n effective	75	80	75	80	80		High	Annual	Perception	Poor decision making	
ordinates the Annual Governa practice/weak controls to mer	nbers. Investiga	ation of externa	al and internal	fraud.		Omb	udsman compla	aints answered in ti	time	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%		High	Monthly	Quality	Rework	
There is also the shared Lega	al service with the	he London Bor	ough of Richm	nond, Wandsw	orth, Sutton			ts partially or fully u		7%	40%	40%	40%	40%		Low	Quarterly	Perception	Government intervention	
and Kingston; this service has				.,	,			es not upheld at re		0%	4%	4%	4%	4%		Low	Quarterly	Perception	Government intervention	
						No. of new	w electors adde	d to the register of	felectors	N/A	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000		High	Annual	Perception	Reduced customer service	
		DEPART		GET AND RESO	DURCES						2	018/19 Expe	nditure					2018/19 Income		
Revenue £'000s	Final Budget	Actual	Original	Forecast Variance	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget					indital o							
	2016/17	2016/17	Budget 2017/18	2017/18 P8	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22						Employed	oyees					
Expenditure	3,588	3,728			i 3,142															
Employees	1,557	1,646	1,202		,															
Premises Transport	0	12 20		14		1	1	1						Prem	ises					
Supplies & Services	21 1,170	-			-	29 995														
3rd party payments	493	439	460) (22)	386	392	399	406	4					Trans	sport					
Support services	347	434	308	3 0	265	265	265	265							pon					
Depreciation	.		Original	Forecast				<u> </u>											Recharges	
Revenue £'000s	Final Budget	Actual	Budget	Variance	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget						Supp	lies & Service	es				
	2016/17	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18 P8	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22					1							
Income Government grants	2,535	2,672	1,776	6 (121)) 1,916	1,916	1,916	1,916							orth i novim ont					
Reimbursements	0													sia p	arty payment	5				
Customer & client receipts	202				227															
Recharges Reserves	2,333	2,470	1,574	1	1,689	1,689	1,689	1,689					/	Supp	ort services				P	
Capital Funded											-									
Council Funded Net Budget	1,053	1,056	1,268	3 (85)	1,226	1,208	1,240	1,271												
Consider Rudgest (1000a	Final Budget	Actual	Original	Forecast	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	2018/19											
Capital Budget £'000s	2016/17	2016/17	Budget 2017/18	Variance 2017/18 P8	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22												
			2011/10	2011/1010																
									CSD43 Sha	are FOI and	Informatio	n Governanc	e policy 1	0k						
									CS2015-16	Delete audi	tor post an	d fees £50k								
									CS2015-16 Delete auditor post and fees £50k CSREP 2018-19 (9) Reduction in running costs budgets £11k CSREP 2018-19 (11) Audit and investigations - Reduction in service £50k											
								ļ												
			· ·	<u> </u>	-								_			2019/20				
	0	0	1 0	'l 0	'l 0	0	0		0040 40 00					1 0551		2019/20				
1,500 -									2018-19 CS	13 Audit an	d investiga	tions - Reduc	tion in se	ervice £50k						
1,000																				
			-																	
1,000 - ഗ																2020/21				
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																2021/22				
0			00/0		1															
2016	20)17	2018	2019	1	2020	2021													
		-Budget			Actual					24	9									
										24	~									

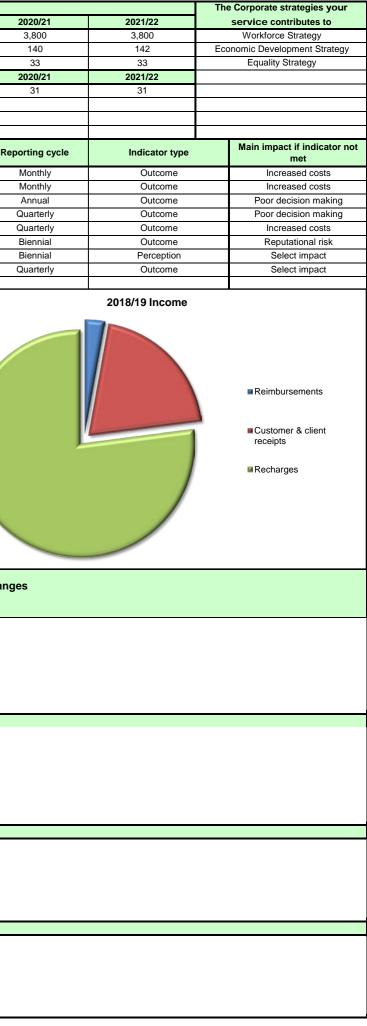
			DETAILS OF MAJOR PROJECTS (INCLUDING PROCUREMENT) - MAXIMUM OF	10 OVER THE FOUR YEAR PERIOD			
			Corporate Governance			Diala	
			PROJECT DESCRIPTION	MAJOR PROJECTS BENEFITS	Likelihood	Risk Impact	Score
Pro	oject 1	Project Title:	Support new intake of councillors	Improved customer experience			
Start date	2017-18	Project Details:	To prepare for and then support new intake of councillors following May 2018 council elections and support to councillors who are in new roles (Cabinet, Mayor, Committee chairs). To ensure a smooth introduction of any consequent changes to decision making structure or process. Project plan to		2	2	4
End date	2021-22		prepare for May 2018 to be drafted October 2017.				
Pro	oject 2	Project Title:	Efficiency programme in Mayor's Office	Improved efficiency (savings)			
Start date	2015-16	Project Details:	To monitor and review the impact of the Service Level Agreement in the Mayor's Office, particularly in relation to spend on drivers, and negotiate further changes as required to achieve manageable levels of activity and further reduction in spend. To maintain reduction in spend on petrol due to SLA and		3	1	3
End date	2018-19		purchase of hybrid car. To promote online event booking to save staff time and provide improved service for customers.				
Pro	oject 3	Project Title:	Committee report workflow	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2014-15	Project Details:	To improve workflow through implementation of features within new software system. Consolidate electronic submission of reports - 2015/16 rolled out to Cabinet and Council. Autumn 2017 rolled out		2	1	2
End date	2018-19		to scrutiny and Standards & General Purposes Committee. Team PI to be used and reported to DMTs from January 2018.				
Pro	oject 4	Project Title:	Scrutiny Improvement Programme	Improved customer experience			
Start date	2014-15	Project Details:	To continue to improve effectiveness and impact of the scrutiny function and to engage new councillors in scrutiny activities. Programme comprises objectives and actions agreed by the Overview		2	1	2
End date	31/03/2018 ??		and Scrutiny Commission each year when it receives the Annual Member Survey. Increase public involvement and use of external expert witnesses.				
Pro	oject 5	Project Title:	Creation of centralised Local Land Charges Register	Improved customer experience			
Start date	2014-15	Project Details:	Review of LLC service delivery; dependent on national directive		3	1	3
End date	2017-18 ??						
Pro	oject 6	Project Title:	2018/22 Administer statutory elections, referendums and ballots.	Risk reduction and compliance			
Start date	2018-19	Project Details:	Administer full borough council elections in 2018 and 2022, Mayor of London and London Assembly elections in 2020, and the next parliamentary General Election (currently scheduled for 2022)		3	3	9
End date	2021-22		together with any other referendums and ballots that may be required.				
Pro	oject 7	Project Title:	Work with Local Government Boundary Commission on planned Electoral Review of Merton	Infrastructure renewal			
Start date	2019-20	Project Details:	Work with Local Government Boundary Commission to produce proposals on new ward boundaries		3	2	6
End date	2020-21						
Pro	oject 8	Project Title:	General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)	Risk reduction and compliance			
Start date	2017-18	Project Details:	To ensure the council is prepared for 25 May 2018 when the new Data Protection Regulations come		4	3	12
End date	2018-19		into force, and to ensure compliance thereafter.				

	Customer Services											Pla	Inning Assu	Imptions					The Corporate strategies your
Cllr Mark	Allison: Deputy	Leader & Cabi	net Member fo	r Finance			Anticipat	ed demand		2016	6/17	201	7/18	20	18/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	service contributes to
Enter a brief	description of	your main activ	vities and obje	ctives below		Be	nefit/Council Ta	ax support claim	nants	15,4	100	14,	500	14	4,000	14,000	13,000	13,000	Channel migration
							Telepho	ne callers		500,	000	450	,000	40	0,000	375,000	350,000	350,000	Customer Contact Strategy
There are 5 core services:							Face to fac	ce customers		85,0	000	80,	000	70	0,000	65,000	60,000	55,000	Medium term Financial Strategy
Local Taxation - responsible	e for Council Ta	ax & Business	Rates collection	on and Debt Re	coverv		Council ta	x properties		83,5	500		000	85	5,000	85,500	86,000	86,500	
						An	ticipated non	inancial resou	irces	2016		201			18/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	
Housing Benefit - responsibility identification and prevention		ering housing	and council tax	c benefit schem	es &		Staff	(FTE)		14	3	14	42		141	137	137	137	
deminication and prevention	or fraud,																		
Merton Link - first point of co	ontact for most	council custor	ners & visitors	, through either	face to face														
or via telephone - also provid	de Translation a	services & Cor	ncessionary I r	avel Schemes;															
Registrars - responsible for	registration of b	oirths & deaths	, marriages &	civil partnership	os,			ce indicator						(T) Proposed		Polarity	Reporting cycle	Indicator type	Main impact if indicator not
citizenship ceremonies & nat	tionality service	s;	C C					highlighted in	,	()	()	2018/19(P)	2019/20(P)	2020/21(P)	2021/22(P)				met
Bailiffs - collection of outsta	nding worrente	in a abarad aa	nico hotwoon	Cutton & Morto	n for all	% of Merton E			ng & misc debt)	52%	58%	52%	52%	52%	52%	High	Monthly	Outcome	Loss of income
areas especially council tax			ivice between	Sullon & Merlo	in for all			ates collected		97.91%	97.50%	97.50%	97.50%	97.50%	97.50%	High	Monthly	Business critical	Loss of income
. ,								ax Collected		97.64%	97.25%	97.25%	97.25%	97.25%	97.25%	High	Monthly	Business critical	Loss of income
Front line service for Universal creations for universal creations of the services for universal creations of the service services for universal creations of the service serv								ct resolution		75%	75%	75%	75%	75%	75.00%	High	Monthly	Perception	Reduced customer service
anticipated that this new services							, ş	es, Civil Partners	. ,	535,193	425,000	440,000	450,000	460,000	460,000	High	Monthly	Business critical	Loss of income
details are vague due to the								actions (HB Cla	,	70%	62%	63%	64%	65%	66%	High	Monthly	Business critical	Reduced customer service
central government. It is also	o unclear how th							s Housing Bene		8 days	10 days	9 days	8 days	8 days	8 days	Low	Monthly	Business critical	Customer hardship
Benefit caseload and workload	ad				-	Time tak	en to process n	ew Housing Ber	nefit claims	15 days	16 days	15 days	14 days	14 days	13 days	Low	Monthly	Business critical	Customer hardship
					10050									1					
	DEPARTMENTAL BUDGET AND RESOURCES								-			2018/19 Ex	penditure	;				2018/19 Income	
Revenue £'000s	Final Budget	Actual	Original	Forecast	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	1										
10005	2016/17	2016/17	Budget 2017/18	Variance 2017/18 P8	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22											
Expenditure	9,160	9,429			8,990	8,792	8,817	8,841	1					■ Em	nployees				
Employees	5,234	-		2 304	5,103	4,947	,	4,947											
Premises	36	25	29	40	18	18	-	19	9					■ Pre	emises				
Transport Supplies & Services	78				111 1,067	112													
Supplies & Services 3rd party payments	1,466	,	,		1,067 438	1,018	,							Tra	ansport				
Transfer Payments	45			0	0	0	0	0	5										Government grants
Support services	2,148	2,134	2,343	3 0	2,253	2,253	2,253	2,253	3					Su	pplies & Services				
Depreciation	0		0						- 3					=00		·			Reimbursements
Revenue £'000s	Final Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Forecast Variance	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget						310	party payments				Customer & client receipts
	2016/17	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18 P8	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22							party payments				
Income	6,833	,			6,380	6,494								Tr	ansfer Payments				Recharges
Government grants	1,232				,	1,211	1,211							= 116	ansier i ayments				
Reimbursements Customer & client receipts	1,030 2,288				970 2,318	970 2,433	970 2,453	970						- 0	nnart anniana				
Recharges	2,283				1,880	1,880	1,880	1,880						∎ Su	pport services				
Reserves	· · · · ·								1		12								
Capital Funded	0.007			(0.70)	0.040				-										
Council Funded Net Budget	2,327	2,306	2,604	Forecast	2,610	2,298	2,302	2,311											
Capital Budget £'000s	Final Budget	Actual	Budget	Variance	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget							Summary o	of major budget etc	. changes		
	2016/17	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18 P8	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22									Ū		
Westminster Coroners Court					460											2018/19			
									CSD19 Co	mmunication	s staff savi	ings £49k							
									CSREP 20	18-19 (6) Re	duction in	running cos							
									CSREP 20	18-19 (7) Inc	rease in tra	anslations i	ncome £10	Ok					
				1					4										
				ļ					4										
									4										
	_	-	<u> </u>	-		-	-	-	<u> </u>							2019/20			
	0	0	'I C	0 0	460	0	0	1 0	4										
									CS2016-02	Restructure	of Housing	g Benefits s	ection due	e to roll out o	of Universal Cr	edit £66k			
2,650									CS2016 -0	5 Increase in 7 Cash Colle	come throl	ugn translat	10NS £15K						
2,600 -)							CS2016-0	6 Merton Lini		ICLION 230K	30k						
2,550 -										508 Increase				ervice £100k	(
2,550 -									2018-19 CS	S09 Reductio	n/rationalis	sation in rur	ning costs	s budgets a	cross multiple	budgets £35k			
2,500 -									2018-19 CS	S10 Revenue	s & Benefi	its - Reduct	ion in staff	ing £60k		5			
φ 2,450 -				\mathbf{N}												2020/21			
									0040 40 0	000 1	ta te e	Anner E. C.							
00 									2018-19 C	S08 Increase	e in income		icement Se	ervice £20k					
2,350 -									1										
2,300 -																			
2,250 -									1										
																2021/22			
2,200 -									2019 10 00	508 Increase	in income	from Enfor	comont Co						
2,150 -									2010-19 03		in income		Cement Of						
2 100																			
2,100 2016	20	17	2018	2019	I	2020	2021		1										
2010		-Budget	_010	2013			2021]	1										
					ACTL	iai			1										
										25	1								



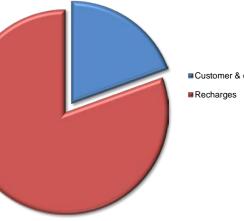
			DETAILS OF MAJOR PROJECTS (INCLUDING PROCUREMENT) - MAXIMUM OF Customer Services	10 OVER THE FOUR YEAR PERIOD			
			PROJECT DESCRIPTION	MAJOR PROJECT BENEFIT		Risk	
					Likelihood	Impact	Score
Pro	oject 1	Project Title:	Universal Credit Implementation	Economic outcomes			
Start date	2015-16	Project Details:	Implement the role out of UC in Merton and provide a support framework to assist claimants claim UC and receive budgeting advice. Process has been delayed by Central Government - All job centres in		2	1	2
End date	2019-20		Merton will implement UC for new claims by April 18				
Pro	oject 2	Project Title:	Implement an Outside Wedding Venue	Economic outcomes			
Start date	2013-14	Project Details:	Planning permission approved for outside wedding venue at Morden Park House.		2	2	4
End date	2018-19		Funding has been identified.				
Pro	oject 3	Project Title:	Council Tax support scheme	Economic outcomes			
Start date	2017-18	Project Details:	During 18/19 options for a revised scheme will be reviewed for Council decision and possible implementation for 19/20. Moving forward we will review our discretionary rate relief for		2	1	2
End date	2018-19	,	implementation in 2019/20				
Pro	oject 4	Project Title:	Review Debt Collection Processes	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2015-16	Project Details:	With the implementation of the new Financial management computer systems a review of the existing		2	1	2
End date	2018-19	Project Details.	debt collection processes will be undertaken as part of the system implementation.				
Pro	oject 5	Project Title:	Redesign of Merton Link	Improved customer experience			
Start date	2015-16	Project Details:	Implement the re-design of Merton Link area to improve the customer experience and increase self		2	1	2
End date	2018-19	Fiojeci Details:	service				

	Hu	ıman Resource	s									Plar	ning Assun	nptions			
	Allison: Deputy	Leader & Cabi	net Member for					ed demand		201	6/17		7/18		8/19	2019/20	
Enter a brief	description of	your main activ	vities and objec	tives below		Employees in	Merton for HR,		L&D, EAP etc.	,	400		200	,	000	3,800	
1) Support effective people	e managemen	t across the o	organisation t	nouah				o be appointed			60	-	50		40	145	
1) Support effective people development of a workford	ce strategy/TO	M people lay	er	nough			New Apprentice				33 6/17		33 7/18		33 8/19	33 2019/20	
2) Implement and maintair data, payroll, performance	n efficient HR t	transactions f	or recruitmen	t, induction, e	mployee		•	(FTE)	1005		35		35		31	31	
data, payroll, performance	e managemen	it, appraisal, l	earning and c	evelopment				. ,									
3) Provide HR advice and	consultancy s	upport across	s the Council														
4) Produce HR metrics, ar	nalyse people-	related proble	ems and take	appropriate a	actions						,				T (D)		
5) Produce HR strategies,						(LBC)	Performan 2020 indicators	ce indicator	nurnie)	2016/17(A)		(A) Performar 2018/19(P)			2021/22(P)	Polarity	Rep
management	policy namew	101K5 and 5y5		on enective p	eopie	(100)		nire (days)	pulpic)	91	90	2018/19(P) 90	90	90	90	Low	
6) Support and develop ca	apacity building	a in Members	;			No. of wor	king days lost to		iding schools	9.5	7.5	7.5	7	7	7	Low	
-,		5					% Appraisa	ls completed		96%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%	High	
								&D satisfaction		95%	83%	83%	90%	90%	90%	High	
							Apprentices (Gov			N/A	35	46	46	46	46	High	
							evel (%) of staff e would recomme			87% 90%	N/A N/A	87% 90%	N/A N/A	87% 90%	N/A N/A	High High	
						70 OF Stall WHO		signation rate	place to work	90% N/A	12%	12%	12%	12%	12%	Low	
							,	0			,.		,.				
	-	DEPART	MENTAL BUDG	ET AND RESO	URCES	1	1				:	2018/19 Exj	penditure				
Revenue £'000s	Final Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Forecast Variance	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget									
	2016/17	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18 P8	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22							Employees		
Expenditure	3,177	3,105	2,984	(149)	2,781	2,792	2,803	2,814									
Employees	2,252	2,065	2,027	(167)	1,859	1,862	1,865	1,868							Premises		
Premises Transport	47	35		(17) 0	48		49								1 10111363		
Supplies & Services	495	•	226	19	210	213	216	219									
3rd party payments Support services	0 381		290 398		294 368			307 368						•	Transport		
Depreciation	301	400	390		300	300	308	300									
Revenue £'000s	Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17	Original Budget 2017/18	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8	Budget 2018/19	Budget 2019/20	Budget 2020/21	Budget 2021/22							Supplies & S	ervices	
Income	3,333	2,900			2,781	2,782	2,782	2,781						/	Ord party pay	monto	
Government grants Reimbursements	79	70	79		79	79	79	79	· ·						3rd party pay	ments	
Customer & client receipts	391	368						560									
Recharges Reserves	2,863	2,462	2,315		2,143	2,143	2,143	2,143							Support servi	ces	
Capital Funded																	
Council Funded Net Budget	(156)	205	-	1	(0)	10	21	33									
Capital Budget £'000s	Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17	Original Budget 2017/18	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8	Budget 2018/19	Budget 2019/20	Budget 2020/21	Budget 2021/22							Summary	of major budge	t etc. change
																2018/19	
									CSREP 201	8-19 (12) F	Reduction i	n posts acro	oss the dep	artment £1	85k		
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								2019/20	
	0		. U	. 0	. 0	. U	. 0	U								2010/20	
250 -																	
150 -																	
100 - چ																2020/21	
8000 - 50 -		_					-										
							 [-Budget									
0 2016	20)17	2018	2019	1	2020	2021	Actual									
-50 -	20		2010	2013			2021										
-100 -																2021/22	
-150 -																	
-200																	



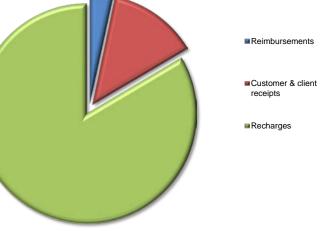
			DETAILS OF MAJOR PROJECTS (INCLUDING PROCUREMENT) - MAXIMUM O Human Resources	OF 10 OVER THE FOUR YEAR PERIOD			
			PROJECT DESCRIPTION	MAJOR PROJECT BENEFIT		Risk	
Dre	a ia at d	Project Title:	Workforce Strategy	Improved staff skills and development	Likelihood	Impact	Score
Start date	oject 1 2018-19	Project Details:	Deliver the 5 key strands of the Council's workforce strategy to support the wider TOM programme for	improved stan skins and development	3	3	9
End date	2020-21		organisational change				
Pro	oject 2	Project Title:	Establishment and workforce	Improved staff skills and development			
Start date	2017-18	Project Details:	Embed systems to maintain, monitor and control an accurate establishment and vacancy position		3	4	12
End date	2018-19		across the Council for both permanent and interim staff				
Pro	oject 3	Project Title:	Apprenticeships	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2017-18	Project Details:	Processes in place to increase the number of apprentices in schools and the organisation. Maximise		3	3	9
End date	2018-19		the use of the Levy				
Pro	oject 4	Project Title:	Review and retender key HR contracts	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2017-18	Project Details:	Commission Occupational Health, Agency contract, Schools SLAs and Recruitment system		3	3	9
End date	2018-19						
Pro	oject 5	Project Title:	Member Development	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2017-18	Project Details	Ensure induction and development activities are in place to enable them to undertake their role.		2	2	4
End date	2018-19	Project Details:					

	Infrastruc	ture and Transa	ctions									Plan	ning Assump	otions					The Corporate strategies your
Clir Mark A	Allison: Deputy I			Finance			Anticipat	ed demand		2016	6/17	201	<u> </u>	2018	8/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	service contributes to
Enter a brief o	description of y	our main activit	ies and object	ives below		Repairs & N	laintenance of C	Corporate Buildi	ings (Revenue)	740,	000	740,	,000	700	0,00	600,00	600,00	600,000	Civic Centre Accommodation Strategy
Infrastructure & Transactions	s Division (I&	r) is a support	service mad	e up of six fu	unctions			ice Calls		28,5		28,		27,		25,500	25,000	25,000	IT Strategy and Implementation Plan
which are:-							ealth & Safety S	, ,		10	-	10			00	100	100	100	Risk Management Strategy
IT Service Delivery - IT(SD) s							insactions reque			115,		85,0		80,0		80,000	80,000	80,000	Local Plan
desktop equipment and assoc	ciated software.	Fixed and mob	oile telecommi	inications, Sei	rvice Desk		er of Client Affair	9	0	25		25		25		250	250	250	Procurement Strategy
facilities, IT Disaster Recovery and data security.	and Business	Continuity arrar	ngements toge	erner with IT g	governance		urement Suppo	` I	; ,	45 2016	-	5 201	-	4 2018	2	42 2019/20	42 2020/21	42 2021/22	Workforce Strategy Medium Term Financial Strategy
\$						AI	nticipated non	(FTE)	Irces	32	-	32			5.5	33.5	33.5		Medium Term Financial Strategy
Facilities Management - FM p building repairs and maintenan								Services (FTE))	13			9		3.3	10.3	10.3	30.5 10.3	
conservation, cleaning, catering								Delivery (FTE))	30		2		2		27	27	27	
and soft FM services.								rvices (FTE)		5.						4	4	4	
Transactional Services - Inco							,	ial Affairs (FTE))	7	,			7		7	7	7	
Administration and Vendor Mai services provided to LBM. Rais	intenance. Ens	suring prompt a	and accurate p	ayment for al	I goods and	Com	mercial Service	s & Procuremer	nt (FTE)	5	5	ţ	5	ę	9	9	9	7	
received. Ensuring that Vendo	or Maintenance	database is co	ntrolled, accurate	ate and clear	nsed,		Mana	gement	()	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Providing training and support	for all users of	the systems re	equired for pay	ments or invo	icing		Performan	ce indicator		Actual Perfor	rmance Targe	et (A) Perform	nance Target	(T) Proposed	d Target (P)	Detector	Demostly works	In Proton tons	Main impact if indicator not
Safety Services - Provides He	ealth and Safet	y, Emergency P	Planning and E	usiness Conti	inuity	(LBC)	2020 indicators	highlighted in	n purple)	2016/17(A)	2017/18(T)	2018/19(P)	2019/20(P)	2020/21(P)	2021/22(P)	Polarity	Reporting cycle	Indicator type	met
services across the Council as						Custo	mer Satisfactior	n - IT incident re	esolution	95%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	High	Monthly	Outcome	Reduced customer service
Act 1974, The Management of Act 2004 and all sister regulation		fety At Work Re	egulations 199	9, The Civil C	ontingencies		irst time fix rate			83%	72%	75%	75%	75%	75%	High	Monthly	Outcome	Reduced service delivery
5						Health and S	, ,		mpleted on time	36	60	50	50	50	50	High	Quarterly	Outcome	Breach statutory duty
Client Financial Affairs - Act a capacity to make their own dec								xternal Fees		261,286	320,000	320,000	320,000	320,000	320,000	High	Quarterly	Output	Loss of income
are for issues involving the per	cisions or mana rson's property.	ige their own pe	ersonal financ s and health a	nd welfare wo	ese decisions orkina in		es paid within 30	,		91%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	High	Monthly	Business critical	Reduced service delivery
accordance with the statutory p	principles set o	ut in the Mental	Capacity Act	Code of Pract	tice to ensure		es paid within 30			95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	High	Monthly	Business critical	Reduced service delivery
that they act in the best interes	sis of the perso	n who lacks cap	bacity.			-	ber of staff wor	3		1,189	1,400	1,200	1,300	1,400	1,400	High	Quarterly	Outcome	Underused resource
Commercial Services & Proc	curement - Are	the strategic ce	entre of excell	ence for procu	urement and	· · ·	Maintenance r			34/66	30/70	30/70	30/70	30/70	30/70	High High	Annual Monthly	Outcome Outcome	Increased costs Reduced customer service
contract management, guidance Procurement Strategy, involver							w referrals proc Office voucher a		,	94%	93% 0	94% 0	95% 0	95%	95% 0	Low	Monthly	Outcome	Customer hardship
and commercial benefits, comp	pliance with EU	and UK procur					ncible spend pu			N/A	70%	85%	· ·	0	100%	High	Quarterly	Outcome	Reputational risk
best practice and ownership of	t the contracts i	egister.							luencible spend	N/A N/A	70%	85% 60%	95% 50%	100% 40%	40%	Low	Annual	Outcome	Increased costs
							hissions from co			6.924	7739.84	7434.32	50% 7128.8	40% 6914.94	6800	Low	Annual	Output	Environmental issues
		DEPARTM	ENTAL BUDG	ET AND RESO	URCES				1	0,021				0011101	0000			· · ·	
	Einel Derlauf	A	Original	Forecast	Destaut	Durlant	Durlant	Durlant	-		20	18/19 Expe	enditure					2018/19 Income	
Revenue £'000s	Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17	Budget	Variance	Budget 2018/19	Budget 2019/20	Budget 2020/21	Budget 2021/22						■E	mployees				
-			2017/18	2017/18 P8					4										
Expenditure	13,824	-	12,844			11,766		,						■P	remises				
Employees Premises	4,378		4,113 2,674				3,829												
Transport	2,000				,	,								■T	ransport				
Supplies & Services	3,183	2,790	2,655		/	,													
3rd party payments Transfer Payments	0	18	312	(112	98		101	103	3					■S	supplies & Ser	rvices			Customer & client receipts
Support services	1,423		911	()	0 876	0	876	87	6										Recharges
Depreciation	2,141		2,140		0 1,960									■3	rd party paym	nents			-
Bauanua Globoa	Final Budget	Actual	Original	Forecast	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	7										
Revenue £'000s	2016/17	2016/17	Budget 2017/18	Variance 2017/18 P8	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22						· · ·	ransfer Paym	ients			
Income	12,207	12,557	12,638			12,493	12,493	12,49	3						upport servic				
Government grants Reimbursements					40									✓ [№]	support servic	es			
Customer & client receipts	2,351	1,935	2,674	103	46 3 2,387				7						epreciation				
Recharges	9,856		9,964				9,870						1		oproblation				
Reserves					_				4										
Capital Funded Council Funded Net Budget	1,617	28	206	(100) (226)	(727)	(720)	(639											
			Original	Forecast					<i>"</i>										
Capital Budget £'000s	Final Budget	Actual	Budget	Variance	Budget 2018/19	Budget	Budget 2020/21	Budget							Summary	of major budget etc.	changes		
	2016/17	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18 P8		2019/20		2021/22											
Capital Building Works		558	733						-							2018/19			
Invest to Save		401	1,479		,				00112010	tion of two po		eferred by 6	months)						
IT Modernisation		903	2,268	,	,		1,060	970		gy savings £1			-	Distant					
Water / Fire Safety Works		183	447	44	7 350					Restructure Facilities Ma									
																atering contract £20k			
																and reduce frequency	of visits £15k		
					+				1	. /	·					. ,			
	C	2,045	4,927	4.90	2 4.045	1.880	2,010	1,92	0							2019/20			
		2,040	4,021	4,000	4,040	1,000	2,010	1,02			lettine true	(I.e			- C400li	2010/20			
2,000 _										Restructure					e £190K				
										ructure Print a									
1,500 -										S01 Revenue					£150k				
1,000									2018-19 C	S02 Reduction	n in the leve	l of building	repairs an	d maintena	nce underta	aken on the corporate			
									2018-19 C	S03 Adjust cu	rrent Local	Authority Lia	aison Office	er (LALO) a	rrangement	ts to require Assistant	Directors to undertake	e the duties as part of the	neir job description. £33k
1,000 - ø																			
8000 44 500 -																2020/21			
^ਘ 500 -									CS2015-03	Restructure	of Transacti	onal Servic	es team £5	0k					
										ructure Print a									
	•			1		· ·													
2016	201	7	2018	2019		2020	2021		1										
-500 -						-										2021/22			
																2021/22			
-1,000																			
										255	5								
	-	-Budget			Actual														
1									1										



			DETAILS OF MAJOR PROJECTS (INCLUDING PROCUREMENT) - MAXIMUM (Infrastructure and Transactions				
			PROJECT DESCRIPTION	MAJOR PROJECT BENEFIT	Likelihood	Risk Impact	Score
Pre	oject 1	Project Title:	Implementation of IT Strategy & Plan	Improved efficiency (savings)	Likeimood	Impact	Score
Start date	2016-17	Project Details:	Implementation of corporate IT Strategy & Plan which has been developed on the basis of information		3	2	6
End date	2018-19	.,	derived from departmental Target Operating Models.				
Pre	oject 2	Project Title:	Digital Archiving of existing paper records	Improved efficiency (savings)			
Start date	2014-15	Project Details:	Scanning of paper records into a digital format which will be prioritised in order to support the roll out of the Flexible Working Programme. This project also links directly to the Customer Contact programme which includes the implementation of a new Electronic Documents and Records Management System		1	1	1
End date	2018-19		(EDRMS).				
Pr	oject 3	Project Title:	Upgrading of IT Disaster Recovery Arrangements	Risk reduction and compliance			
Start date	2017-18	Project Details:	Complete works to improve disaster recovery arrangements for the Councils main IT systems and minimise any potential loss of service in the event of a major incident or IT equipment failure.		2	3	6
End date	2018-19		minimise any potential loss of service in the event of a major incident of the equipment failure.				
Pro	oject 4	Project Title:	Replacement of PABX Equipment	Risk reduction and compliance			
Start date	2017-18	Project Details:	Replace obsolete PABX and associated telephony equipment.		2	3	6
End date	2018-19						
Pro	oject 5	Project Title:	Implement New Procurement Service Delivery Model	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2016-17	Project Details:	Implement a new "Centre led" procurement operating model and embed catagory management across the Council.		4	2	8
End date	2018-19						
Pro	oject 6	Project Title:	Energy "Invest to Save" Initiatives	Improved efficiency (savings)			
Start date	2017-18	Project Details:	Completion of a range of projects across the councils entire portfolio of properties which will reduce energy consumption and associated CO2 emissions and that are designed to have a maximum		3	2	6
End date	2018-19		financial pay back of between 7 and 10 years.				
Pro	oject 7	Project Title:	Undertake 'Make/Buy/Share' reviews of key service provision	Improved efficiency (savings)			
Start date	2017-18	Project Details:	Review of current operational service delivery models to ensure that the Council is utilising the most		3	2	6
End date	2018-19		cost effective and efficient means of providing services to both internal and external customers.				
Pro	oject 8	Project Title:	Review Departmental Business Continuity/Disaster Recovery plans	Risk reduction and compliance			
Start date	2017-18	Project Details:	Undertake a review and refresh of the Councils Business Continuity and Disaster Recovery plans and		2	2	4
End date	2018-19		arrangements in order to ensure that they are robust and fit for purpose.				
Pro	oject 9	Project Title:	Upgrade to Office 365	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2018-19	Project Details:	Complete works to upgrade from current version of Microsoft Office to Office 365 and implement cloud		4	3	12
End date	2019-20		based services, including telephony.				

		Resources									Pla	anning Assu	mptions					The Corporate strategies your
Clir Mark	Allison: Deputy		net Member for	Finance			Anticipate	ed demand	20	16/17		7/18		8/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	service contributes to
	ef description of					Revenu		get Managers suppor		47/23		6/23		6/23	136/23	136/23	136/23	Medium Term Financial Strategy
Resources is made up of f	-				-			ganisations Supporte		50+		50+		50+	150+	150+	150+	Capital Strategy
•				a	~		,	ce & Risk Monitoring		10		10	-	10	10	10	10	Equality Strategy
Accountancy - manage fin and Members, production	nancial health of	of the council	through advic	e & support to	officers					10		10			10	10	10	Procurement Strategy
and reporting & monitoring	a. Over the next	four years w	e will transform	m by improvin	a use of	Ant	ticipated non f	financial resources	20	16/17	201	7/18	20	8/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	Risk Management Strategy
technology /reviewing proc						7	•	(FTE)		54.6		1.6		9.6	48.6	48.6	48.6	Treasury Management Strategy
Business planning - man	age Financial S	Strategy & Ca	nital Strategy/	Monitoring F	inancial			(rainees)		4		2		1	1	1	1	Voluntary Sector Strategy
Business planning - man Systems Liaison & Develo (PM) & Risk Management. risk & integrate financial, b	opment, Buşine	ss & Service	Planning, Per	formance Mar	agement									-				Corporate Asset Management Plan
risk & integrate financial, b	. The team facil	itate multi-yea	ar planning, ta mation, Over	the next four v	3, manage /ears we will		Performan	ce indicator	Actual	Performance	A) Performa	nce Target (T) Proposed	Target (P)				Main impact if indicator no
improve robustness of our performance management	systems & pro	ections, chall	enge services	to improve th	eir	(LBC20		highlighted in purp				2019/20(P)			Polarity	Reporting cycle	Indicator type	met
Team is also responsible f	t to facilitate tra	nsformation, (nent and mai	data quality ar	10 risk manage	ement. The			orecast (compared t		90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	High	Annual	Outcome	Poor decision making
legislation and best practic						,		Capital Forecast	91.5%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	High	Annual	Outcome	Poor decision making
Policy and strategy - coo	ordinate corpora	te strategy &	policy; ensure	effective & h	igh-guality			ents to Draft Account		0	0	0	0	0%	Low	Annual	Business critical	Reputational Risk
Policy and strategy - coo policy development across community sector; ensure	the council; pr	omote a posit	tive rélationsh	ip with the volu	untary and	A	ction plans in p	place for 'red' risks	100%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	High	Quarterly	Outcome	Poor decision making
cohesion policy; lead on ef	ffective partners	ship working l	by managing t	he local strate	gic		% of Loans	Paid on Time	N/A	92%	100%	100%	100%	100%	High	Quarterly	Business critical	Reputational risk
cohesion policy; lead on ef partnership, including lead Sustainable Community St	ling on the Stro	ngèr Commu	nities agenda	and delivery of	fthe	% of Clai	ms Responded	to within 5 Working	Days N/A	94%	95%	96%	96%	96%	High	Quarterly	Outcome	Reduced customer service
						Delivery a	against current	year MTFS savings	arget N/A	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	High	Quarterly	Business critical	Poor decision making
Treasury and pensions -	to manage the	Council's trea	asury (includin	ig the day to d	lay		-											
cashflow, banking and cas	sn), pension and	a insurance fu	unds and over	see the contra	ct for				- 1	1								
pensions auministration.					,				1	1								
		DEPART	MENTAL BUDGE	ET AND RESOU	RCES				•	1						1	0040/401	1
			Original	Forecast		1					2018/19 Ex	penditure					2018/19 Income	
Revenue £'000s	Final Budget	Actual	Budget	Variance	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget										
	2016/17	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18 P8	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22						Employees				
Expenditure	7,931	8,142	2 7,715	5 322	2 7,439	7,470	7,46	63 7,498										
Employees	3,387	3,524	1 3,229	286	3,054	3,024	3,02	3,024										Reimbursements
Premises	101	105	5 103	2	2 104			07 109						Premises				
Transport Supplies & Services	3,971	3,943	5 2 3 3,807	2 <u>2</u> 7 32	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2 3,805		<u>2 2</u> 95 3,827										
3rd party payments	157	157			109									Transport				Customer & client
Support services	313	408		0 ز	422			22 422										receipts
					'						' L				-			
Bovenue 6'000e	Final Budget	Actual	Original	Forecast	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget						Supplies & S	ervices			Recharges
Revenue £'000s	2016/17	2016/17	Budget 2017/18	Variance 2017/18 P8	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22									1	Recharges
Income	6,417	6,209			5,494	5,494	5,49	94 5,494						3rd party pay	ments			
Government grants								<i></i>										
Reimbursements	54	396		1 - 1	182									Support servi	200			
Customer & client receipts Recharges	726 5,637	775 5,038			3 725 4,587	725								Guppon servi	000			
rteonargeo	5,007	3,000	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	+	4,007	4,007	4,00	4,007		-								
Council Funded Net Budget	1,514	1,933			3 1,945	1,976	1,969	9 2,004										
Capital Budget £'000s	Final Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Forecast Variance	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget						Summary	of major budget et	c changes		
	2016/17	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18 P8	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22								g		
Financial Systems		538	3 18	18	,										2018/19			
ePayments			107	7 107			12	25 Sa	ings: Savings of f	100k will ma	de from fu	ther restruc	cturing of th	e service (C	SD27), and a further	£16k of increased inco	me (CSD20), Further re	eview of staffing budgets across
Invoice Scanning SCIS/FIS			41	1											udget (CS2015-11)			
Multi-Function Device			36			600		CS	REP 2018-19 (3) N	liscellaneou	s budgets v	ithin Resou	urces £13k		. /			
Acquisitions Budget		206	5,580	5,080	,				REP 2018-19 (4) R	echarges to	the pensio	n fund £128	3k					
Capital Bidding Fund				<u> </u>	1,186													
Housing Company			949		,													
	0	744	6,731	1 6,190	16,565	13,688	1,93	35 0										
2,500															0040/00			
															2019/20			
0.000						_		20	18-19 CS05 Reduc	tion in perm	anent staffi	ng £30k						
2,000 -																		
g 1,500 -																		
ର୍ଷ 1,500 - 💕 ୟୁ															2020/24			
							[┣				_			2020/21			
									8-19 CS06 Miscell				£17k					
1,000 -									8-19 CS07 Retend	er of insura	nce contrac	t £50k						
								, 1013EI										
500 -															0004/00			
															2021/22			
								20	8-19 CS07 Retend	er of insura	nce contrac	t £25k						
0 2016	201	7	2018	2019		020	2021	20	8-19 CS07 Retend	er of insura	nce contrac	t £25k						



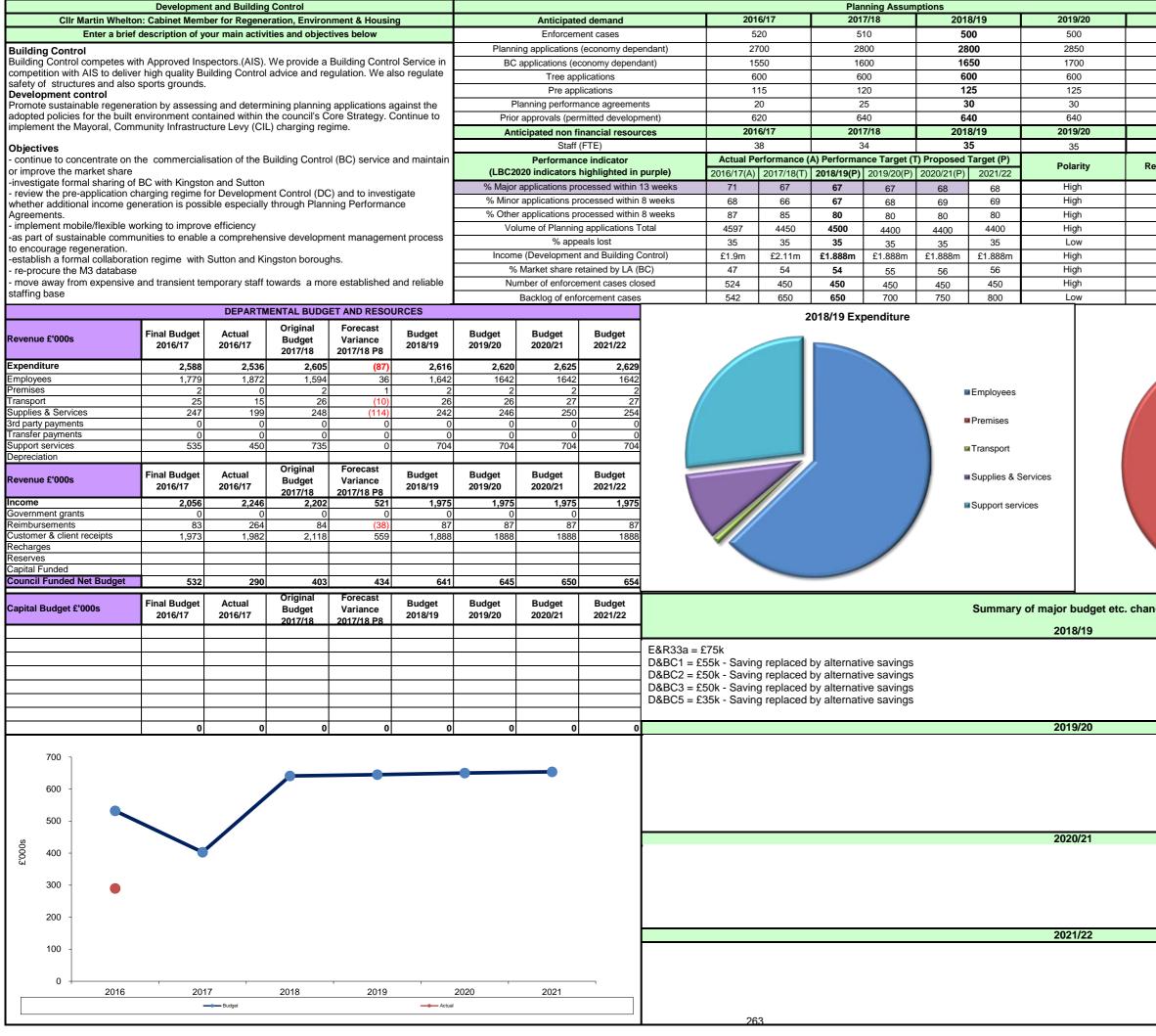
			DETAILS OF MAJOR PROJECTS (INCLUDING PROCUREMENT) - MAXIMUM OF 10 OVER THE FOUR YEAR PERIOD			
			Resource	S			
			PROJECT DESCRIPTION	MAJOR PROJECT BENEFIT	Likelihood	Risk Impact	Score
Pro	oject 1	Project Title:	Evaluation of future funding levels	Risk reduction and compliance	LIKEIIIOOU	Impact	Score
Start date End date	2017-18 2021-22	Project Details:	Analysis of all relevant information relating to local government finance. This will include details provided in annual Local Government Finance Settlements, Annual Budgets, Spending Reviews and other financial information published by the Government. This information is incorporated into the Council's MTFS and updated as part of annual Budget Setting Procedures. Modelling of the retained NNDR system will be undertaken along with sensitivity analysis.	Requires considerable horizon spotting activity a performance indicator would be developed comparing the estimated grant levels compared to those actually received.	2	3	6
Pro	oject 2	Project Title:	Financial systems re-engineering programme	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2013-14		Procurement of a single integrated financial system to replace the suite of products that are currently used to provide GL, AP, P2P & AR functions. This will involve a new chart of accounts and new ways of working, driving efficiencies throughout the organisation. The potential for joint working with				
End date	2018-19	Project Details:	neighbour boroughs is currently being investigated. The system went live on 06/02/17 and the accounts were closed using the new system. A post-implementation review has been completed with a system controls Internal Audit Review scheduled for 2018. A programme of development has been agreed and a permanent team of three people is being established within Business Planning to develop and maintain the system in accordance with legislation and best practice.	Lean reviews being undertaken on to areas of operation.	2	2	4
Pro	oject 3	Project Title:	Develop and implement whole life costing for capital projects	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2018-19	Project Details:	This project will be undertaken in four stages1) Develop a template to capture appropriate information2) Pilot the template on two selected schemes		3	2	6
End date	2019-20		 a) Amend the template b) Apply the temple to selected schemes 				
Pro	oject 4	Project Title:	Improve joint finance and business planning	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2016-17	Project Details:	The project requires the quarterly update of service plans scheduled to start with September 2017		2	2	4
End date	2018-19		information. Provision made this year to update financial information for Period 7 monitoring				
Pro	oject 5	Project Title:	Pilot Early closure of Accounts	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2015-16		2 years of early closing of accounts was undertaken in preparation of 17/18 when the early close deadlines apply. Work is currently underway to ensure the lessons learned from the 16/17 closedown process and		1	3	3
End date	2018-19	Project Details:	external auditors comment are addressed and changes implemented for 17/18. Additional resource has been allocated to the closing of accounts team.			5	3

	Share	ed Legal Servi	ces									Pla	nning Assun	nptions					The Corporate strategies your
Clir Mark /	Allison: Deputy	-		r Finance			Anticipat	ed demand		2016	/17		7/18		8/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	service contributes to
	description of y							ours for Merton		195	00	19,	,125	19	125	19,125	18,367	18,367	Contribute to all Corporate Strategies
							Chargeable ho	urs for Richmond		138	95		,828		828	13,828	13,828	13,828	
The service delivers least	advice suppo	ort and repro-	sentation to a	III services acr	oss the			nours for Sutton		198			,835		835	22,835	22,835	22,835	
The service delivers legal London Boroughs of Merto	on, Sutton, Ric	hmond, Wan	idsworth and	the Royal Bor	ough of	L	0	ours for Kingston	_	113			,329		329	11,329	11,329	11,329	
Kingston upon Thames, in and currently ,Sutton Hous The service also provides	cluding to arm	s length deliv	very vehicles	(Achieving for	r Children		•	rs for Wandsworth		N//			,487		487 222	22,487	22,487	22,487	
The service also provides	advice in relati	ion to the cor	nstitution and	decision mak	ing			r Achieving for Chi utton Housing Par		115			,222 516		516	11,222 2,516	11,222 2,516	11,222 2,516	
processes in all councils a	nd advice to m	iempers in re	elation to their	r roles.				financial resourc		2016			7/18		8/19	2,516	2,516	2,516	
						A		(FTE)		92.			8.3		8.3	108.3	107.3	107.3	
							Appre	entices		0			2		2	4	4	4	
							Performan	nce indicator) Proposed Ta		Polarity	Reporting cycle	Indicator type	Main impact if indicator not
							Ohaaraa	able barre								Llinh			met
							9	able hours for SLLP		82,005 N/A	103,722 £100,000	103,722 £100,000	102,736 £100,000	102,584 £100,000	102,584 £100,000	High High	Monthly Quarterly	Business critical Outcome	Loss of income Loss of income
						1st draft S10		ent to client dept w	ithin 10 davs	N/A N/A	£100,000 90%	£100,000 90%	£100,000 95%	95%	£100,000 95%	High	Quarterly	Perception	Reputational risk
							5	r of successful out	,	N/A	80%	80%	85%	85%	85%	High	Quarterly	Perception	Reputational risk
								vs within 20 workir		N/A	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	High	Quarterly	Perception	Breach statutory duty
													<u> </u>		<u> </u>			· · · · ·	
										T									
		DEDART														<u> </u>			
				GET AND RESO Forecast	1						2	018/19 Ex	penditure					2018/19 Income	
Revenue £'000s	Final Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Variance	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget											
	2016/17	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18 P8	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22											
Expenditure	5,083	8,362				,													
Employees Premises	4,464	5,300		4 179 5	6,047 5		5,997 5							_					
Transport	14	23	14		27	27	27	27						■ Emp	loyees				
Supplies & Services 3rd party payments	415	420		6 (40)	567	567	567	567						Prer	nises				
Support services	185			0	245	245	245	5 245		R				■ Trar	sport				
Depreciation			.	-															Customer & client receipts
Revenue £'000s	Final Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Forecast Variance	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget		1				■ Sup	olies & Servic	es			
	2016/17	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18 P8	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22						∎ 3rd	party payment	ts			
Income Government grants	5,082	8,311	6,759	9 (139)	6,892	6,892	6,892	6,892						- 0	oort condess				
Government grants Reimbursements	0	2,428	3					┼───┨						∎ Sup	port services				
Customer & client receipts	5,082			9 (139)	6,892	6,892	6,892	2 6,892					/						
Recharges Capital Funded	0		0	ע 		0	0	0				1							
Council Funded Net Budget	1	51	(20)) 0	(1)	(1)	(51)) (51)											
Conital Durlant (1000a	Final Budget	Actual	Original	Forecast	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget							C	, of motor budget of	a ahannaa		
Capital Budget £'000s	2016/17	2016/17	Budget 2017/18	Variance 2017/18 P8	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22							Summary	of major budget et	c. changes		
																2018/19			
										£41,000 Re									
										18-19 (10) SI				25k					
				1				<u> </u>											
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			1																
	0	0) (0 0	0	0	0) 0								2019/20			
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90 -																			
40 -																			
-10 - 2016	20	17	2018	2019		2020	2021												
						`		- F								2020/21			
so -60 - 0000 -34 -110						-	-	F	2019 10 00	212 01	aduction in	logol dara	and CEOL			2020/21			
ວ ິພິ -110 -									2018-19 03	S12 SLLp - re	eduction in	iegai dem	anu £50K						
-160 -																			
-210 -								Ŀ								0004/00			
																2021/22			
-260 -																			
-310																			
		Dud+			A	al													
		Budget			Actu	aı				259	9								



			DETAILS OF MAJOR PROJECTS (INCLUDING PROCUREMENT) - MAXIMUM O	F 10 OVER THE FOUR YEAR PERIOD			
			Shared Legal Services			B . 1	
			PROJECT DESCRIPTION	MAJOR PROJECTS BENEFITS	Likelihood	Risk Impact	Score
Pro	oject 1	Project Title:	Increase 3rd party income	Economic outcomes		impuot	00010
Start date	2018-19	Project Details:	To increase income from fees and charges of 3rd parties by £150k (£25k per council)		4	2	8
End date							
Pro	oject 2	Project Title:	Increase Productivity	Improved efficiency (savings)			
Start date	2018-19	Project Details:	To identify productivity improvements as a result of the implementation of workflows in debt, housing,		2	1	2
End date			property matters and prosecutions.				
Pro	oject 3	Project Title:	Future Model	Improved sustainability			
Start date	2018-19	Project Details:	Subject to Governance Board approval to obtain a licence from the Solicitors Regulatory Authority to		2	2	4
End date	2018-19		be an Alternative Business Structure				
Pro	oject 4	Project Title:	In House Advocates	Improved efficiency (savings)			
Start date	2018-19	Project Details:	The in house advocacy team to deliver £300k of savings on counsel expenditure on children's social		2	2	4
End date	date 2018-19		care matters across Merton, Sutton, AFC and Wandsworth				

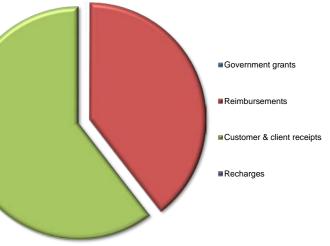
Environment & Regeneration



		The	e Corporate strategies your
2020/21	2021/22		service contributes to
500	500	Eco	onomic Development Strategy
2900	2900		erton Regeneration Strategy
1750	1750	Me	dium Term Financial Strategy
600	600		
125 30	125 30		
30 650	30 650		
2020/21	2021/22		
35	35		
Reporting cycle	Indicator type		Main impact if indicator not met
Monthly	Quality		Reduced customer service
Monthly	Quality		Reduced customer service
Monthly	Quality		Reduced customer service
Monthly Quarterly	Quality Perception		Reduced customer service Reputational risk
Monthly	Business critical		Loss of income
Monthly	Perception		Loss of income
Monthly	Quality		Reduced service delivery
Monthly	Output		Reduced service delivery
anges	2018/19 Income		Government grants Reimbursements

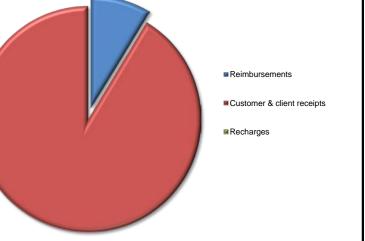
			DETAILS OF MAJOR PROJECTS (INCLUDING PROCUREMENT				
			Development and Bui	Iding Control		_	
			PROJECT DESCRIPTION	MAJOR PROJECT BENEFIT	Likelihood	Risk Impact	Score
Pro	oject 1	Project Title:	Commercialisation of Building Control	Improved efficiency (savings)			
Start date	2013-14	Project Details:	This is to ensure Building Control is more commercially aware in a more competitive market.	Additional income generation	6	2	12
End date	2018-19						
Pro	oject 2	Project Title:	Improving the development management processes	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2015-16	Project Details:	As part of sustainable communities to provide an end to end development management process to	Improve regeneration opportunities	2	2	4
End date	2018-19		deliver regeneration objectives.				
Pro	oject 3	Project Title:	developing eforms and M3 capability and e-payments	Improved customer experience			
Start date	2014-15	Project Details:	Enforcement eforms, BC eforms and DC e-payments	Channel shift	4	1	4
End date	2018-19	,					
Pro	oject 4	Project Title:	Lean review of pre-application process (part of TOM)	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2016-17	Project Details:	To ensure the process is efficient and robust from a customer perspective and to investigate any further income opportunities.	income generation opportunities	6	1	6
End date	2018-19						
Pro	oject 5	Project Title:	Re-procurement of M3 or equivalent IT system	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2014-15	Project Details:	Either M3 engage cloud based system or equivalent. Potentially shared with nearby authorities	savings through contract negotiation.	3	1	3
End date	2018-19						
Pro	oject 6	Project Title:	Further develop Planning Performance agreements potential	Economic outcomes			
Start date	2014-15 Project Details: Ensure cost neutral or better staffing levels to ensure this can be delivered	Regeneration certainty	1	2	2		
End date	2018-19						

	Future Merto	on & Traffic and	Highways									Pla	anning Assum	options				יד	he Corporate strategies your servic
Cllr Martin Whelton:			- · ·	nent & Housin	g		Anticipated	d demand		2016/	/17		7/18	2018	8/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	contributes to
			vities and objectiv				Popula			205,7	/22	207	' ,410	209,		210,452	212,658	214,740	Air Quality Action Plan
ture Merton is the council's lead	d on growth and	d strategic devel	elopment for the			Homes	(includes those		ruction)	86,00			,500	87,0	;	88,000	89,300	90,600	Climate Change Strategy
ng-term sustainability of the bord	rough. Everythin	ng we do is abo	out making Mertor	on a great place	∋ and		sinesses (includ			11,22		,	,070	12,9		13,500	14,000	14,500	Community Plan
nhancing the quality of life of our	residents.				Г	í	Electric Ve			200			50	30		350	400	500	Economic Development Strategy
he team plans and monitors the	delivery of new	housing in Mer	rton and supports	s the creation c	of new	Antic	cipated non fina		rces	2016/			7/18	2018		2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	Employment and Skills Action Plan
usinesses and jobs. We manage etwork of roads, footways, cyclev	the council's n	ighway & Stree	At Lighting contract	icts and ensure	, the borougn's		Staff (F			51	· <u> </u>	4	19	7:	2	72	72	62	Health & Wellbeing Strategy
		0 0				í				í <u> </u>		<u> </u>					· <u> </u>		Local Plan
he team also manage major towr nfrastructure projects such as Cro						<u>ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ</u>				í	,						·,		Local TfL Implementation Strategy
ntrastructure projects such as Cro the Mayor's London Plan and M			responsione ror a	Jelivering iooa.	Ily, Objectives	í				ſ							' <u> </u>		Merton Regeneration Strategy
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		5,			V		Performance			Actual Per	/formance (/	A) Performar	nce Target (T)) Proposed T	farget (P)	Belarity	Benerting cycle	Indicator type	Main impact if indicator not me
uture Merton contributes to the N ransport Partnership (SCTP), Ec							20 indicators hi	highlighted in	11,	2016/17(A)	2017/18(T)	2018/19(P)	2019/20(P)	2020/21(P)	2021/22(P)	Polarity	Reporting cycle	Indicator type	Main impact in indicator not in
roup. The team also services the	he Borough Plan	n Advisory Comr	nmittee (BPAC) an	and Design Revie	iew Panel		lew homes built (, ,	,	688	411	435	1328	1328	1328	High	Annual	Outcome	Loss of Government grant
ORP) and leads on South Londor	n Partnership's	Transport, Grov	wth & Skills board	ds.	/		public Electric V	0		N/A	30	30	49	125	150	High	Annual	Outcome	Reputational risk
ey service areas include:		: Otrota	- D	· · · · · Tr	. /		per of business p			N/A	10	10	10	10	10	High	Annual	Outcome	Reputational risk
egeneration, Placemaking, Strate ighways, Transport Planning, Ro ommunity Infrastructure Levy and	.egic Planning, r	Housing Strated	Jy, Economic De	evelopment, ira	affic &		light repairs (da	2	,	2	3	3	3	3	3	Low	Quarterly	Quality	Reduced customer service
ommunity Infrastructure Levy an	id the manager	nent of Vestry H	tall.	Jesign,	differin or and		emergency call o		,	100	98	98	98	98	98	High	Monthly	Business critical	Reduced customer service
ervice transformations identified obile working, increasing online						For	ootway & Carriag	o ,	on	N/A	95	95	95	95	95	High	Annual	Quality	Increased costs
obile working, increasing online of anagement asset records.	consultations a	nd interactive d	ligitisation and m	happing of high	way and traffic		Streetwork in	•		36	36	37	37	38	38	High	Quarterly	Quality	Increased costs
						Streetv	work permitting	, (% issued on	time)	99	98	98	98	98	98	High	Monthly	Output	Loss of income
		DEPARTM	IENTAL BUDGET	AND RESOUP	RCES				1		- /	2018/19 Ex	nenditure					2018/19 Income	
	Final Budget	Actual	Original	Forecast	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	1			.010/12	Anone	- 5					
evenue £'000s	2016/17	2016/17	Budget	Variance	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	1					i≡ ⊂ ii	mployees				
				2017/18 P8 (303)	14,905		14,891		.1										
mployees	15,080 2,594	15,114 2,710	19,805 2,378	(303) 103	,	7 -	14,891 2471							■Pr	remises				
remises	2,594	1,053		103 (9)	1,358														
ransport	132	132	135	(13)	110	112	114	4 116	š 🖉					A STr	ransport				Government grants
upplies & Services	3,153	3,176	2,222	(386)	2,556		2473		1 🖊					▲ - …	Insport				
rd party payments	396	423	1,285	- 2	644		683	3 702	4 🖉										A .
ransfer payments upport services	0 1,424	0	0		0	v	0 1200	0 0	.1 🛛					Su Su	upplies & Service	as /			Reimbursements
epreciation	6,334	6,334		0	6,567		6567		1 🔰							/			
I F	Final Budget	Actual	Original	Forecast	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	1 🔰						rd party payments	ts I			
Revenue £'000s	2016/17	Actual 2016/17	Budget	Variance	2018/19	2019/20	Budget 2020/21	2021/22	1 🛛 💟			A			1 party F=2	í '			Customer & client receipts
ncome				2017/18 P8					4 🔍 🔻							· · · · ·			
ncome Government grants	2,870 16	3,199 281		257 (1)		3,193	3,193 1	3 3,193 1 1	1 🔻					1 17	ransfer payments	ف			Recharges
Reimbursements	947	1,173		4	1,222	1322	1322	1 1322	.1										
Customer & client receipts	1,907	1,745	1,905	254					4					≣Su	upport services				
Recharges	0	0	497	0	- <u> </u>	· 0	0	/ 0	1						0.				
			· · ·		r+	، 	′	↓	4				1			1			
		t	·	1				1	•					= De	- stion	1			
Council Funded Net Budget	12,210	11,915	16,203	(46)	11,812	11,629	11,698	8 11,767	l					■Dŧ	epreciation				
Council Funded Net Budget		,		()			,		-					■Dŧ	epreciation				
Council Funded Net Budget	Final Budget	Actual	.,	()	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget						■ Di		of major budget e	to changes		
Council Funded Net Budget		Actual 2016/17	Original Budget 2017/18	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8	Budget 2018/19	Budget 2019/20	Budget 2020/21	Budget 2021/22						■D.			tc changes		
Council Funded Net Budget Capital Budget £'000s F Highway Maintenance	Final Budget	Actual 2016/17 5,192	Original Budget 2017/18 4,567	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8 4,567	Budget 2018/19 3,641	Budget 2019/20 3,127	Budget	Budget 2021/22						∎Di		of major budget er 2018/19	tc changes		
Council Funded Net Budget Capital Budget £'000s F Highway Maintenance Transport Improvement	Final Budget	Actual 2016/17	Original Budget 2017/18 4,567	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8	Budget 2018/19 3,641	Budget 2019/20 3,127	Budget 2020/21	Budget 2021/22		;5k)				∎Di			tc changes		
Council Funded Net Budget Capital Budget £'000s F Highway Maintenance Transport Improvement Regeneration	Final Budget	Actual 2016/17 5,192 1,172 3,254	Original Budget 2017/18 4,567 1,632 2,829	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8 4,567	Budget 2018/19 3,641 1,000	Budget 2019/20 3,127	Budget 2020/21	Budget 2021/22 7 3,127	ENV16 = (£6 ENV17 = (£3	235k)				∎ Di			tc changes		
Council Funded Net Budget Capital Budget £'000s Highway Maintenance Transport Improvement Regeneration	Final Budget	Actual 2016/17 5,192 1,172	Original Budget 2017/18 4,567 1,632 2,829	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8 4,567 1,606	Budget 2018/19 3,641 1,000 3,032	Budget 2019/20 3,127	Budget 2020/21 3,127	Budget 2021/22 7 3,127	ENV16 = (£6 ENV17 = (£3 E&R39 = £5	235k) 50k - Saving I	replaced b	vy alternativ	e savings	■ Di			tc changes		
Council Funded Net Budget Capital Budget £'000s F Highway Maintenance Transport Improvement Regeneration	Final Budget	Actual 2016/17 5,192 1,172 3,254	Original Budget 2017/18 4,567 1,632 2,829	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8 4,567 1,606 2,217	Budget 2018/19 3,641 1,000 3,032	Budget 2019/20 3,127	Budget 2020/21 3,127	Budget 2021/22 7 3,127	ENV16 = (£6 ENV17 = (£3	235k) 50k - Saving I	replaced b	y alternativ	e savings	∎D			tc changes		
Council Funded Net Budget Capital Budget £'000s F Highway Maintenance Transport Improvement Regeneration	Final Budget	Actual 2016/17 5,192 1,172 3,254	Original Budget 2017/18 4,567 1,632 2,829	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8 4,567 1,606 2,217	Budget 2018/19 3,641 1,000 3,032	Budget 2019/20 3,127	Budget 2020/21 3,127	Budget 2021/22 7 3,127	ENV16 = (£6 ENV17 = (£3 E&R39 = £5	235k) 50k - Saving I	replaced b	y alternativ	e savings	∎D			etc changes		
Council Funded Net Budget Capital Budget £'000s F Highway Maintenance Transport Improvement Regeneration	Final Budget	Actual 2016/17 5,192 1,172 3,254	Original Budget 2017/18 4,567 1,632 2,829	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8 4,567 1,606 2,217	Budget 2018/19 3,641 1,000 3,032	Budget 2019/20 3,127	Budget 2020/21 3,127	Budget 2021/22 7 3,127	ENV16 = (£6 ENV17 = (£3 E&R39 = £5	235k) 50k - Saving I	replaced b	y alternativ	e savings	∎D			etc changes		
Council Funded Net Budget Capital Budget £'000s F dighway Maintenance ransport Improvement Regeneration	Final Budget	Actual 2016/17 5,192 1,172 3,254	Original Budget 2017/18 4,567 1,632 2,829	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8 4,567 1,606 2,217	Budget 2018/19 3,641 1,000 3,032	Budget 2019/20 3,127	Budget 2020/21 3,127	Budget 2021/22 7 3,127	ENV16 = (£6 ENV17 = (£3 E&R39 = £5	235k) 50k - Saving I	replaced t	y alternativ	e savings	₩D		2018/19	etc changes		
Capital Budget £'000s F lighway Maintenance rransport Improvement tegeneration F	Final Budget	Actual 2016/17 5,192 1,172 3,254	Original Budget 2017/18 4,567 1,632 2,829	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8 4,567 1,606 2,217	Budget 2018/19 3,641 1,000 3,032	Budget 2019/20 3,127 3,301	Budget 2020/21 3,127	Budget 2021/22 7 3,127 0 35	ENV16 = (£6 ENV17 = (£3 E&R39 = £50 ERG1 (Grow	235k) 50k - Saving I	replaced t	y alternativ	e savings	#D			etc changes		
Capital Budget £'000s F Iighway Maintenance ransport Improvement tegeneration F	Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17 5,192 1,172 3,254 53	Original Budget 2017/18 4,567 1,632 2,829 12	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8 4,567 1,606 2,217 11	Budget 2018/19 3,641 1,000 3,032	Budget 2019/20 3,127 3,301	Budget 2020/21 3,127 1,000	Budget 2021/22 7 3,127 0 35	ENV16 = (£6 ENV17 = (£3 E&R39 = £50 ERG1 (Grow	235k) 50k - Saving wth) = £157k	replaced t	y alternativ	'e savings	#D		2018/19	etc changes		
Capital Budget £'000s F Iighway Maintenance ransport Improvement tegeneration F	Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17 5,192 1,172 3,254 53	Original Budget 2017/18 4,567 1,632 2,829 12	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8 4,567 1,606 2,217 11	Budget 2018/19 3,641 1,000 3,032	Budget 2019/20 3,127 3,301	Budget 2020/21 3,127 1,000	Budget 2021/22 7 3,127 0 35	ENV16 = (£6 ENV17 = (£3 E&R39 = £50 ERG1 (Grow	235k) 50k - Saving (wth) = £157k k)	k	y alternativ	'e savings	#D		2018/19	etc changes		
Capital Budget £'000s F Iighway Maintenance ransport Improvement tegeneration F	Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17 5,192 1,172 3,254 53	Original Budget 2017/18 4,567 1,632 2,829 12	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8 4,567 1,606 2,217 11	Budget 2018/19 3,641 1,000 3,032	Budget 2019/20 3,127 3,301	Budget 2020/21 3,127 1,000	Budget 2021/22 7 3,127 0 35	ENV16 = (£6 ENV17 = (£3 E&R39 = £50 ERG1 (Grow	235k) 50k - Saving (wth) = £157k k)	k	by alternativ	re savings			2018/19	etc changes		
Capital Budget £'000s F Capital Budget £'000s F Iighway Maintenance ransport Improvement Regeneration Dither F	Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17 5,192 1,172 3,254 53	Original Budget 2017/18 4,567 1,632 2,829 12	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8 4,567 1,606 2,217 11	Budget 2018/19 3,641 1,000 3,032	Budget 2019/20 3,127 3,301	Budget 2020/21 3,127 1,000	Budget 2021/22 7 3,127 0 35	ENV16 = (£6 ENV17 = (£3 E&R39 = £50 ERG1 (Grow	235k) 50k - Saving (wth) = £157k k)	k	by alternativ	'e savings	#D		2018/19	etc changes		
Capital Budget £'000s F Capital Budget £'000s F lighway Maintenance ransport Improvement tegeneration ther	Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17 5,192 1,172 3,254 53	Original Budget 2017/18 4,567 1,632 2,829 12	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8 4,567 1,606 2,217 11	Budget 2018/19 3,641 1,000 3,032	Budget 2019/20 3,127 3,301	Budget 2020/21 3,127 1,000	Budget 2021/22 7 3,127 0 35	ENV16 = (£6 ENV17 = (£3 E&R39 = £50 ERG1 (Grow	235k) 50k - Saving (wth) = £157k k)	k	by alternativ	'e savings			2018/19	etc changes		
Ouncil Funded Net Budget Capital Budget £'000s ighway Maintenance ransport Improvement egeneration ther 18,000 16,000	Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17 5,192 1,172 3,254 53	Original Budget 2017/18 4,567 1,632 2,829 12	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8 4,567 1,606 2,217 11	Budget 2018/19 3,641 1,000 3,032	Budget 2019/20 3,127 3,301	Budget 2020/21 3,127 1,000	Budget 2021/22 7 3,127 0 35	ENV16 = (£6 ENV17 = (£3 E&R39 = £50 ERG1 (Grow	235k) 50k - Saving (wth) = £157k k)	k	by alternativ	/e savings			2018/19	etc changes		
ighway Maintenance ransport Improvement egeneration ther	Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17 5,192 1,172 3,254 53	Original Budget 2017/18 4,567 1,632 2,829 12	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8 4,567 1,606 2,217 11	Budget 2018/19 3,641 1,000 3,032	Budget 2019/20 3,127 3,301	Budget 2020/21 3,127 1,000	Budget 2021/22 7 3,127 0 35	ENV16 = (£6 ENV17 = (£3 E&R39 = £50 ERG1 (Grow	235k) 50k - Saving (wth) = £157k k)	k	by alternativ	/e savings			2018/19	etc changes		
Capital Budget £'000s F Ighway Maintenance ransport Improvement tegeneration tther 18,000 16,000 14,000	Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17 5,192 1,172 3,254 53	Original Budget 2017/18 4,567 1,632 2,829 12	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8 4,567 1,606 2,217 11	Budget 2018/19 3,641 1,000 3,032	Budget 2019/20 3,127 3,301	Budget 2020/21 3,127 1,000	Budget 2021/22 7 3,127 0 35	ENV16 = (£6 ENV17 = (£3 E&R39 = £50 ERG1 (Grow	235k) 50k - Saving (wth) = £157k k)	k	by alternativ	/e savings			2018/19	etc changes		
Capital Budget £'000s Capital Budget £'000s ighway Maintenance ransport Improvement egeneration ther 18,000 16,000 -	Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17 5,192 1,172 3,254 53	Original Budget 2017/18 4,567 1,632 2,829 12	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8 4,567 1,606 2,217 11	Budget 2018/19 3,641 1,000 3,032	Budget 2019/20 3,127 3,301	Budget 2020/21 3,127 1,000	Budget 2021/22 7 3,127 0 35	ENV16 = (£6 ENV17 = (£3 E&R39 = £50 ERG1 (Grow	235k) 50k - Saving (wth) = £157k k)	k	by alternation	/e savings			2018/19	etc changes		
Capital Budget £'000s F Capital Budget £'000s F dighway Maintenance F ransport Improvement F Regeneration D Dther 16,000 16,000 - 14,000 - 12,000 -	Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17 5,192 1,172 3,254 53	Original Budget 2017/18 4,567 1,632 2,829 12	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8 4,567 1,606 2,217 11	Budget 2018/19 3,641 1,000 3,032	Budget 2019/20 3,127 3,301	Budget 2020/21 3,127 1,000	Budget 2021/22 7 3,127 0 35	ENV16 = (£6 ENV17 = (£3 E&R39 = £50 ERG1 (Grow	235k) 50k - Saving (wth) = £157k k)	k	by alternativ	/e savings			2018/19	etc changes		
Capital Budget £'000s F Capital Budget £'000s F dighway Maintenance F Transport Improvement F Regeneration F Dther F 18,000 F 16,000 F 14,000 F	Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17 5,192 1,172 3,254 53	Original Budget 2017/18 4,567 1,632 2,829 12	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8 4,567 1,606 2,217 11	Budget 2018/19 3,641 1,000 3,032	Budget 2019/20 3,127 3,301	Budget 2020/21 3,127 1,000	Budget 2021/22 7 3,127 0 35	ENV16 = (£6 ENV17 = (£3 E&R39 = £50 ERG1 (Grow	235k) 50k - Saving (wth) = £157k k)	k	by alternativ	/e savings			2018/19	etc changes		
Council Funded Net Budget Capital Budget £'000s F Highway Maintenance F Fransport Improvement F Regeneration F Dther F 18,000 16,000 14,000 11,000 10,000 -	Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17 5,192 1,172 3,254 53	Original Budget 2017/18 4,567 1,632 2,829 12	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8 4,567 1,606 2,217 11	Budget 2018/19 3,641 1,000 3,032	Budget 2019/20 3,127 3,301	Budget 2020/21 3,127 1,000	Budget 2021/22 7 3,127 0 35	ENV16 = (£6 ENV17 = (£3 E&R39 = £50 ERG1 (Grow	235k) 50k - Saving (wth) = £157k k)	k	by alternativ	/e savings			2018/19	etc changes		
Council Funded Net Budget Capital Budget £'000s F Highway Maintenance F Transport Improvement F Regeneration F Dther F 18,000 16,000 14,000 14,000 12,000 F	Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17 5,192 1,172 3,254 53	Original Budget 2017/18 4,567 1,632 2,829 12	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8 4,567 1,606 2,217 11	Budget 2018/19 3,641 1,000 3,032	Budget 2019/20 3,127 3,301	Budget 2020/21 3,127 1,000	Budget 2021/22 7 3,127 0 35	ENV16 = (£6 ENV17 = (£3 E&R39 = £50 ERG1 (Grow	235k) 50k - Saving (wth) = £157k k)	k	by alternativ	/e savings			2018/19	etc changes		
Council Funded Net Budget Capital Budget £'000s F Highway Maintenance F Transport Improvement F Regeneration Other 16,000 - 14,000 - 12,000 - 000 - 000 - 000 -	Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17 5,192 1,172 3,254 53	Original Budget 2017/18 4,567 1,632 2,829 12	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8 4,567 1,606 2,217 11	Budget 2018/19 3,641 1,000 3,032	Budget 2019/20 3,127 3,301	Budget 2020/21 3,127 1,000	Budget 2021/22 7 3,127 0 35	ENV16 = (£6 ENV17 = (£3 E&R39 = £50 ERG1 (Grow	235k) 50k - Saving (wth) = £157k k)	k	by alternativ	/e savings			2018/19	etc changes		
Council Funded Net Budget Capital Budget £'000s F Highway Maintenance Transport Improvement Regeneration Other 0 16,000 16,000 14,000 12,000 10,000 8,000 -	Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17 5,192 1,172 3,254 53	Original Budget 2017/18 4,567 1,632 2,829 12	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8 4,567 1,606 2,217 11	Budget 2018/19 3,641 1,000 3,032	Budget 2019/20 3,127 3,301	Budget 2020/21 3,127 1,000	Budget 2021/22 7 3,127 0 35	ENV16 = (£6 ENV17 = (£3 E&R39 = £50 ERG1 (Grow	235k) 50k - Saving (wth) = £157k k)	k	by alternativ	/e savings			2018/19 2019/20 2020/2021	etc changes		
Council Funded Net Budget Capital Budget £'000s F Highway Maintenance Transport Improvement Regeneration Other 0 16,000 16,000 14,000 12,000 10,000 8,000 -	Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17 5,192 1,172 3,254 53	Original Budget 2017/18 4,567 1,632 2,829 12	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8 4,567 1,606 2,217 11	Budget 2018/19 3,641 1,000 3,032	Budget 2019/20 3,127 3,301	Budget 2020/21 3,127 1,000	Budget 2021/22 7 3,127 0 35	ENV16 = (£6 ENV17 = (£3 E&R39 = £50 ERG1 (Grow	235k) 50k - Saving (wth) = £157k k)	k	by alternativ	/e savings			2018/19	etc changes		
Council Funded Net Budget Capital Budget £'000s F Highway Maintenance Transport Improvement Regeneration Other 0 16,000 16,000 - 14,000 - 8,000 - 6,000 - 4,000 -	Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17 5,192 1,172 3,254 53	Original Budget 2017/18 4,567 1,632 2,829 12	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8 4,567 1,606 2,217 11	Budget 2018/19 3,641 1,000 3,032	Budget 2019/20 3,127 3,301	Budget 2020/21 3,127 1,000	Budget 2021/22 7 3,127 0 35	ENV16 = (£6 ENV17 = (£3 E&R39 = £50 ERG1 (Grow	235k) 50k - Saving (wth) = £157k k)	k	by alternativ	/e savings			2018/19 2019/20 2020/2021	etc changes		
Council Funded Net Budget Capital Budget £'000s F Highway Maintenance Transport Improvement Regeneration Other 0 16,000 1 14,000 - 12,000 - 8,000 - 6,000 -	Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17 5,192 1,172 3,254 53	Original Budget 2017/18 4,567 1,632 2,829 12	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8 4,567 1,606 2,217 11	Budget 2018/19 3,641 1,000 3,032	Budget 2019/20 3,127 3,301	Budget 2020/21 3,127 1,000	Budget 2021/22 7 3,127 0 35	ENV16 = (£6 ENV17 = (£3 E&R39 = £50 ERG1 (Grow	235k) 50k - Saving (wth) = £157k k)	k	by alternativ	/e savings			2018/19 2019/20 2020/2021	etc changes		
Council Funded Net Budget Capital Budget £'000s F Highway Maintenance Transport Improvement Regeneration Other 0 16,000 16,000 - 14,000 - 8,000 - 6,000 - 4,000 -	Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17 5,192 1,172 3,254 53	Original Budget 2017/18 4,567 1,632 2,829 12	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8 4,567 1,606 2,217 11	Budget 2018/19 3,641 1,000 3,032	Budget 2019/20 3,127 3,301	Budget 2020/21 3,127 1,000	Budget 2021/22 7 3,127 0 35	ENV16 = (£6 ENV17 = (£3 E&R39 = £50 ERG1 (Grow	235k) 50k - Saving (wth) = £157k k)	k	by alternativ	/e savings			2018/19 2019/20 2020/2021	etc changes		
Council Funded Net Budget Capital Budget £'000s F Highway Maintenance F Transport Improvement Regeneration Other 0 18,000 1 16,000 - 14,000 - 10,000 - 8,000 - 6,000 - 4,000 - 2,000 - 0 -	Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17 5,192 1,172 3,254 53 9,671	Original Budget 2017/18 4,567 1,632 2,829 12 9,040	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8 4,567 1,606 2,217 11 8,401	Budget 2018/19 3,641 1,000 3,032 7,673	Budget 2019/20 3,127 3,301 6,428	Budget 2020/21 3,127 1,000 4,127	Budget 2021/22 7 3,127 0 35	ENV16 = (£6 ENV17 = (£3 E&R39 = £50 ERG1 (Grow	235k) 50k - Saving (wth) = £157k k)	k	by alternativ	/e savings			2018/19 2019/20 2020/2021	etc changes		
Ouncil Funded Net Budget Capital Budget £'000s F ighway Maintenance ransport Improvement egeneration ther 18,000 - 16,000 - 12,000 - 8,000 - 6,000 - 4,000 -	Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17 5,192 1,172 3,254 53 9,671 9,671	Original Budget 2017/18 4,567 1,632 2,829 12	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8 4,567 1,606 2,217 11 8,401	Budget 2018/19 3,641 1,000 3,032	Budget 2019/20 3,127 3,301	Budget 2020/21 3,127 1,000	Budget 2021/22 7 3,127 0 35	ENV16 = (£6 ENV17 = (£3 E&R39 = £50 ERG1 (Grow	235k) 50k - Saving (wth) = £157k k)	k	by alternativ	/e savings			2018/19 2019/20 2020/2021	etc changes		



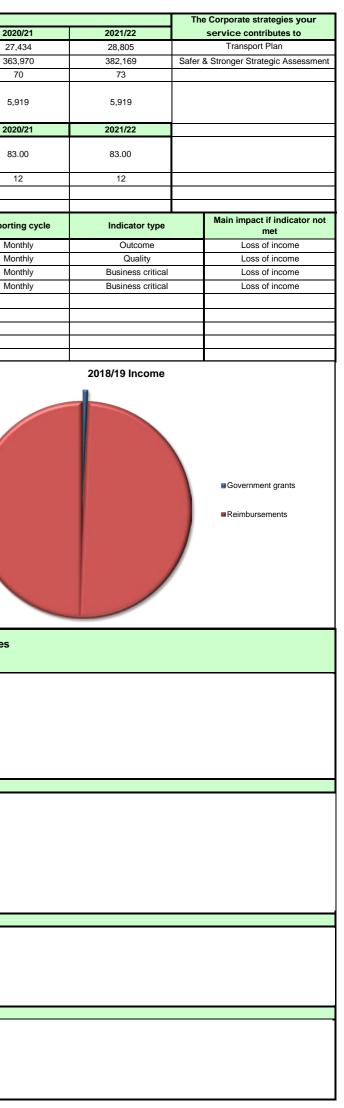
			DETAILS OF MAJOR PROJECTS (INCLUDING PROCUREMENT) - MAX Future Merton & Traffic and F				
			PROJECT DESCRIPTION	MAJOR PROJECT BENEFITS		Risk	
					Likelihood	Impact	Score
Pro	oject 1	Project Title:	Estate Regeneration	Infrastructure renewal			
Start date	2014-15	Project Details:	Working with Clarion Housing Group to deliver investment in new homes and the regeneration of High Path, Eastfields and Ravensbury estates. Supported by the preparation of a Local Plan (DPD) Also		3	2	6
End date	2024-25	,	working with Moat housing to coordinate investment in regenerating Pollards Hill.				
Pro	oject 2	Project Title:	Future Wimbledon & Crossrail 2	Economic outcomes			
Start date	2014-15	Project Details:	Identifiving the growth potential of Wimbledon as the premier business hub in South London. Explore investment and development opprtunities linked to Crossrail 2 and improving the quality of		3	4	12
End date	2022-23		architecure, design and placemaking. Conference (2013) Ideas Competition (2014) Masterplan linked to Crossrail 2 (2017/18)				
Pro	oject 3	Project Title:	Local Authority Property Company	Economic outcomes			
Start date	2016-17	Project Details:	Establish a Local Authority owned Property Company to develop sites to generate revenue income to		2	2	4
End date	2020-21		assist the MTFS				
Pro	oject 4	Project Title:	Morden Town Centre Regeneration	Economic outcomes			
Start date	2014-15	Project Details:	Growth, investment and intensification to support regeneration in Morden. Collaborative partnership with TFL Commercial Property to attract a development partner to Morden in 2019. New development		3	2	6
End date	2025-26		and investment in the streetscape and public realm from 2019-2022				
Pro	oject 5	Project Title:	Merton's New Local Plan 2020	Economic outcomes			
Start date	2017-18	Drojact Dataila:	Refreshing Merton's current Local Plan suite of docuemnts (Core Strategy 2011, Sites & Policies 2014) to form a new statutory Local Plan for 2020. The plan will guide new development,		3	2	6
End date	2020-21	Project Details:	infrastructure, growth areas, sustainability and design quality.				

	Leisure 8	Cultural Deve	lopment									Р	lanning Assur	mptions					The Corporate strategies your
Cllr Nic	ck Draper Cabin			Culture			Anticipate	ed demand		201	6/17		7/18		8/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	service contributes to
Enter a brief	f description of	your main activ	vities and obje	ctives below			Popu	lation		205	,722	207	,410	210),245	211,362	213,497	212,180	Asset Management Plan
Main Activities:						No. of Childr	en & Young Peop	le aged 8-17 in w	vest of borough	8,0	050	8,2	200	10	,755	11,054	11,459	11,487	Children & Young person's Plan
Build infrastructure to enable loc	al neonle to end	age in healthy liv	ing and lifestyle	changes throug	h increased	Pop	ulation of most of	disadvantaged	wards	127	-		,100	-),368	110,903	111,651	111,130	Cultural Strategy
involvement and participation in	sports, arts, cultu	iral and physical	activities and e	events, by workin	g with partners		Jsers of Merton			912			8,879		2,592	1,100,026	1,115,078	1,124,265	Community Plan
to increase the number, scope a	ind quality of facil	ities, programme	es, activities an	d events on offe	r	Ar	ticipated non f		rces	201		201			18/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	Open Spaces Strategy
Main Objectives:					=			(FTE)		13	3.6		.8 7	-	7.8 7	7.8	7.8	7.8	Social Inclusion Strategy Voluntary Sector Strategy
- Build a new Morden Leisure C	Centre & open it f	or public use bet	fore end of 201	8	-			nodation nteers		2			20		7 25	30	35	7 40	Voluntary Sector Strategy
 Negotiate contract changes w Demolish existing Morden Par 			re Centre & ma	ke contract savir	igs -			easonal			0		0		30	30	30	30	
 Develop and implement plans 	s to de-silt & mitig	ate flood risk at			-					Actua	al Performanc	e (A) Perform	ance Target (T) Proposed Ta	arget (P)				Main impact if indicator not
 Develop & deliver Merton's - L Commission works to determi 	London Borough	of Culture Bid (s ctive manageme	hould it be suce nt solution for th	cessful) he Watersports	-		Performan	ce indicator		2016/17(A)		2018/19(P)	2019/20(P)	1	2021/22	Polarity	Reporting cycle	Indicator type	met
Centre		0			-		ncome £ from N	lerton Active Pl	lus	57,252	60,000	45,000	46,000	47,000	48,000	High	Monthly	Business critical	Loss of income
 Implement the new approved Deliver the Commemorative V 				Centre]	I	ncome £ from W	atersports Cen	tre	340,733	397,000	365,000	370,000	375,000	380,000	High	Monthly	Business critical	Loss of income
- Deliver the council's support to	o the national 'Th	e Battle's Over	initiative		_	,	Fitness Centre F			103,003	106,000	104,000	106,120	108,546	109,626	High	Monthly	Output	Reduced uptake of service
 Commission culture, arts & sp Deliver core functionality in Ri 					-		dents rating faci			79	N/A	80	N/A	80	N/A	High	Biennial	Output	Reduced customer service
- Manage Leisure Centres cont	tract & New Wimb			ai i aikiig, etc.	-		mber of Users of			912,002	878,105	1,092,592	1,100,026	1,115,078	1,124,265	High	Monthly	Outcome	Reduced customer service
 Manage Polka & Attic Theatre Manage Morden Assembly Hattic 		معجم ا			=	lota	al Number of Us	Sers of Polka Tr	heatre	104,025	94,600	87,226	18,700	97,000	111,030	High	Quarterly	Output	Reduced uptake of service
- Develop and deliver projects a			o save principle	S	-														
					-												+		
· · · ·		DEPART	MENTAL BUD	GET AND RESO	URCES	I						2040/40 5	vnor diterre	1	1			2019/10 Income	
	Final Budget	1	Original	Forecast		Budget	Budget	Budget	1			2018/19 E	xpenditure					2018/19 Income	
Revenue £'000s	Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17	Budget	Variance	Budget 2018/19	Budget 2019/20	Budget 2020/21	Budget 2021/22	1						mployeee				
Expenditure			2017/18	2017/18 P8					,					■E	mployees				
Expenditure Employees	2,329 705	-			-	,	1,718 509	1,727											
Premises	277							298						■P	remises				
Transport	9	9	8	3 (2)	7	7	7	7	7										
Supplies & Services	456	438					233	237	7					■T	ransport				Reimbursements
3rd party payments Transfer Payments	0	0	94	(-)	54	56	57	58	5										
Support services	389	366	308	· ·	-	168	168	168	3					∎S	upplies & Service	6			Customer & client receipts
Depreciation	493	493		-	450	450	450	450	0										
Revenue £'000s	Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17	Original Budget 2017/18	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8	Budget 2018/19	Budget 2019/20	Budget 2020/21	Budget 2021/22						■3I	rd party payments				Recharges
Income	1,239	1,320			832	1,132	1,132	1,132	2					🔰 💵	ransfer Payments				
Government grants	0	•			70	70	70	70											
Reimbursements Customer & client receipts	148 733				72 760	72 1,060	1,060	72 1,060	-					■S	upport services				
Recharges	358					,	0	0	1		//								
Reserves									4					۳D	epreciation				
Capital Funded Council Funded Net Budget	1,090	1,000	1,071	1 (85)	897	607	586	595	-										
	Final Budget	Actual	Original	Forecast	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget									-		
Capital Budget £'000s	2016/17	2016/17	Budget 2017/18	Variance 2017/18 P8	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22							Summary of	major budget etc c	hanges		
Morden Leisure Centre		477	6,068		6,389	242										2018/19			
Wimbledon Park Lake de-silting			(0 0	107	1250			E&R1 = (£4)	k)									
Other		424	424	4 424	300			250											
									E&R4 = (£1)	ÚOK)									
									1										
									4										
								-								2010/20	1 1		
	0	901	6,492	2 6,492	6,796	1,742	250	250								2019/20			
									ENR10 = (£	300k)									
1,200									1										
									1										
									1										
1,000 -									1										
									1										
Ø 000																2020/21			
ດ 00 ເມ									E3 = (£30k)										
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2016	20	017 Budget	2018	2019	Actual	2020	2021		-										
		1	1	1		1	1		l										



			DETAILS OF MAJOR PROJECTS (INCLUDING PROCUREMENT Leisure & Cultural De					
			PROJECT DESCRIPTION	MAJOR PROJECT BENEFIT		Risk		
Dro	la at 1	Droject Titler	Morden Leisure Centre		Likelihood	Impact	Score	
Start date	oject 1 2014-15	Project Title: Project Details:	Deliver a new Morden Leisure Centre as a family friendly and community leisure centre to replace Morden Park Pools.	Improved customer experience Brand new leisure facility providing a modern and increased range of leisure facilities with a family friendly appeal. Delivered against the outcomes of a public consultation.	2	2	4	
End date	2019-20							
Pro	ject 2	Project Title:	Morden Park Pools	Risk reduction and compliance	-			
Start date	2018-19 2020-21	Project Details:	Decommission and demolish the existing Morden Park Pools and reinstate the land to fit in with the Morden Park landscape	Once the Morden Park Pools becomes disused and derelict it will be an increased risk to break-ins and unlawful use. It is a building which contains a number of hazardous which increase once not in use.	2	2	4	
	Project 3 Project Title: Leisure Centres Contract Economic outcomes							
1		r tojoot ritio.			-			
Start date	2017-18 Vary the Leisure Centre Contract to take account of the new Morden Leisure Centre and any other variations that might be appropriate at this time. E.g Contract Length; Changes linked to Canons HLF The new leisure centre will increase the income over expoenditure of the leisure centres operative will provide an increased income to the council.						2	
End date	2018-19		bid; etc.	will provide an increased income to the council.				
Pro	ject 4	Project Title:	Implement the Wimbledon Park Lake Flood Risk & De-silting Plans	Risk reduction and compliance				
Start date	2017-18	There are a number of requirements on the council to address flood risks of this reservoir. It is also a facility that has been silting up for 300 years. Works to the lake to address the silt issues and flood risks	4	3	12			
End date	2020-21	Project Details:	the lake. Procure and implement the solutions	will enhance our compliance for years to come.				
Pro	ject 5	Project Title:	Wimbledon Park Watersports and Outdoor Adventure Centre	Economic outcomes				
Start date	2018-19	Project Details:	Commission works to determine the most effective management solution for this service. Implement the solution.	This service has not yet been market tested to determine its efficiency and effectiveness within its own market, nor has it been evaluated for alternative business models. The outcomes of this work will	2	2	4	
End date	2020-21			address this and give clarity on the possible economic benefits				
Pro	ject 6	Project Title:	London Borough Of Culture - Merton	Improved customer experience				
Start date	2017-18	Project Details:	Deliver those elements of the London Borough of Culture Bid that are successful for Merton and in	This programme, if successful, will bring increased cultural activities primarly to the east of the borough,	2	2	4	
End date	2020-21	i reject Detaile.	partnership where appropriate across London	enhancing the lives of many of the community through culture.				
Pro	ject 7	Project Title:	WW1 Victoria Cross Commemorative Stone Laying	Improved reputation				
Start date	2018-19	Project Details:	Deliver an appropriate ceremony with key partners on the due date	Merton has had 2 recipients of the Victoria Cross in WW1. The first Commemorative Stone laying has already been completed and this year will see the second such ceremony, resulting in increased	2	2	4	
End date	2018-19	reputational significance for Merton						
Pro	ject 8	Project Title:	Wimbledon Park Watersports and Outdoor Adventure Centre	Infrastructure renewal				
Start date	2019-20	Project Details:	Develop proposals, gain approvals and funding for a new watersports centre. Construct new facility	The current Watersports and Outdoor Centre is becoming tired and deteriorating. If this service is to continue this facility will need to be replaced with a more economically and efficient structure that is fit for	3	1	3	
End date	2025-26		and demolish existing once completed.	purpose for the next generation.				

04 B -		g & CCTV Serv		9 Decl.'s			A	ted down			6/17		nning Assum		9/10	2040/00	20
	arrod: Cabinet N					Number of resi		ted demand	EQ/ growth		6/17	-	7/18		8/19	2019/20	
	f description of y				offic or the		dent permits iss				0041		699		883	26,128	27
he service is required to enf aintained and ensuring resi	dents and blue I	adge holders	have the abilit	y to park in bay	s they have		tors permits issu Z's based upon 5		o % growth		9,440 58		1,412 61		,132 64	346,639 67	36
permit or badge for. Surplus lated areas.								•	that as the CPZs			<u> </u>	- 1			07	
						increase the nu	mbers of permit	ts is likely to rer	nain constant as	I		5	919	5.9	919	5,919	5
bjectives enforce parking regulations	across the here	uah including	Controlled Ba	king Zonoo on	d hus lance	the growth is ba behaviour	alanced against	the change/red	uction in	I		J.,		3,3		0,010	
to implement measures to i	mprove traffic er	nforcement eff	ficiency, specif	fically the intro	duction of		nticipated non	financial reso	urces	201	6/17	201	7/18	201	8/19	2019/20	20
utomatic Number Plate Rec ill improve compliance and	ognition (ANPR)	cameras at l	ous lane and m	noving traffic lo	cations. This	Staff (FTE) The	e number of staff	f will remain cor	nstant as								
to maintain a survey of park	king needs, hour	s of operation	, the availabili	ty of parking sp	aces and the		he ANPR PCN's			93	3.27	83	8.57	83	.00	83.00	8
harging structure to monitor the borough 's pa	arking infractruc	turo to opeuro	that locations	subject to requ	laton	increase in CP.	Zs causing the s		ad to increase.					ļ .			
controls can be effectively e	nforced thus imp	proving compli	iance and ultim	ately congestion	on		Tra	ansport		1	12	1	12	1	2	12	
to take account in business																	
egislation allowing business ncrease in demand for parkir										Actual D	orformanco	(A) Porforma	noo Torgot () Proposed 1	Forgot (P)		
arking to introduce CPZ's.	ig spaces in exit	sung or 23 ar			ontrolled		Performa	nce indicator				2018/19(P)		2020/21(P)	2021/22	Polarity	Repor
- Vince Jonuany 2016 Dublia S		aara taami wh		tuio to rouiouu	the	% of	f parking permits	s issued within {	5-7 davs	94.5%	90%	95%	95%	95%	95%	High	M
Since January 2016 Public S operational structure, proces	sses and number	er of CCTV care	ameras through	ty is to review to hout the boroud	the ah with the		No of days per F			9.5	8	8	8	8	8	Low	M
aim of achieving efficiencies	without reducin	g the level of				Nur	nber of cases w	on at London Tr	ribunals	N/A	N/A	532	558	586	615	High	М
our partners, was amalgamat	ed with Parking	Services.				Percenta	ge of Public Spa	ace CCTV Cam	eras working	98	95%	98%	98%	98%	98%	High	М
										1		1	1				<u> </u>
									_								
		DEPART	MENTAL BUDG	SET AND RESO	URCES						2	2018/19 Exp	penditure				
Pavanua 6'000c	Final Budget	Actual	Budget	Forecast	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	1					∎Em	ployees		
Revenue £'000s	2016/17	2016/17	2017/18	Variance 2017/18 P8	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22									
Expenditure	6,060	6,195	6,043	1	6,479	6,499	6,517	6,537	7					■Pre	emises		
mployees	3,342	3,406	3,078	337	3,140	3,140	3,140	3,140	D								
Premises	619	625												Tra	ansport		
ransport Supplies & Services	98 544	138 585								/				- 116	insport		
Brd party payments	219	210													pplies & Services		
ransfer payments	0	0	0	0	C	0 0	0	(2 /					∎3u	pplies & Service:	>	
Support services Depreciation	1,126	1,119			1,586												10
				Forecast					-					■ 3rc	l party payments		
Revenue £'000s	Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17	Budget 2017/18	Variance	Budget 2018/19	Budget 2019/20	Budget 2020/21	Budget 2021/22									
ncome				2017/18 P8					. \					Tra	ansfer payments		
Government grants	17,311 0	16,010	16,302 0	(2,309)	16,966 0	5 17,066	17,066	17,066									
Reimbursements	117	77												■Su	pport services		
Customer & client receipts Recharges	17,194	15,933	16,184	(2,354)	16,848	16,948	16,948	16,948	3								
Reserves									-					■De	preciation		
Capital Funded]								
Council Funded Net Budget	(11,251)	(9,815)	(10,259)	(1,786)	(10,487)) (10,567)	(10,549)	(10,529)			_					
Capital Budget £'000s	Final Budget	Actual	Budget	Forecast Variance	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget							Summary o	f major budget e	tc. changes
	2016/17	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18 P8	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22									J
Parking Improvements		155				60										2018/19	
CCTV Investment		323	192	179					E&R7 = (£16								
	-								E&R10 = £80								
	+								ENV06 = £46 ENV07 = (£6		replaced by	y allemative	e savings				
	1								ENR2 = (£44)								
	-					1			ENR3 = (£17)								
									ALT1 = (£440	Ok)							
	0	478	192	179	C	60	0										
	· · ·							•								2019/20	
-9,000									ENR4 = (£10)0k)							
2016	20	17	2018	2019		2020	2021		(2.0	,011)							
-9,500 -																	
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รู -10,000 - ฉ																0000/01	
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-10,500 -						_											
						-	-										
11.000																	
-11,000 -																2021/22	
_																	
-11,500																	
-11,500																	
-11,500		Budget			Ac	tual				26	9						



			DETAILS OF MAJOR PROJECTS (INCLUDING PROCUREMENT) - Parking & CCTV Se				
			PROJECT DESCRIPTION	MAJOR PROJECT BENEFIT		Risk	
					Likelihood	Impact	Score
Р	roject 1	Project Title:	Review CEO Shift Patterns	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2017-18	Project Details:	Consult on the introduction of a more efficient shift patterns		2	1	2
End date	2018-19	i lojeet Details.					
P	Project 2	Project Title:	Review CCTV Shift Patterns	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2018-19	Project Details:	Consult on the introduction of a more efficient shift patterns		2	1	2
End date	2018-19	Toject Details.	Consult on the introduction of a more enclent shint patterns				
Р	Project 3	Project Title:	Procurement of a replacement PCN & Permit and FPN processing system	Improved efficiency (savings)			
Start date	2018-19	Project Details:	Procuring of a new PCN system which may be linked with Enforcement and Safer Merton		2	1	2
End date	e 2018-19 Project Details						

Commissioned Service

Parks & Green Spaces

Cllr Nick Draper Cabinet Member for Community & Culture

Service Provider: *i* dverde UK Ltd The service maintains and develops Merton's numerous parks & open spaces (more than 115 separate sites), including sports facilities (including pavilions), gardens, playgrounds (more than 40), the borough's highways verges, and the management of its cemetery and allotments services. The portfolio also includes support for, and the production of, a varied programme of outdoor events from small community to large commercial ones in parks, including the annual civic fireworks displays, Mitcham Carnival and elements of the Wimbledon (tennis) Championships. The service manages more than 50,000 Council-owned trees and several nature reserves. Greenspaces serves as the managing agent for Mitcham Common (for the Mitcham Common Conservators) and the Merton & Sutton Joint Cemetery (for the Merton & Sutton Joint Cemetery Board).

The grounds maintenance elements of the service are outsourced to *i*dverde UK Limited, overseen by the Greenspaces client team who, in addition, retain overall responsibility for policy, strategy & investment in parks & open spaces.

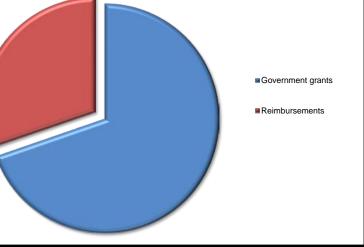
(LBC2020 indicators highlighted in purple)2016/17(A)2017/11% of residents (all service users) rating parks & green spaces good or very good7975Young peoples % satisfaction with parks & green spaces5674Number of Green Flag Awards55Number of outdoor event-days in parks171130Image: Second		Planning Assur	nptions						The Corporate strategies the
Attendance at major community outdoor events (No. of people) 55,000 Number of funerals at LBM cemeteries 215 Anticipated non financial resources 2016/17 Contractors Contractors Client-side team (Lot 2 contract, retained services & policies) N/A Performance indicator (LBC2020 indicators highlighted in purple) 2016/17(A) 2017/1/A % of residents (all service users) rating parks & green spaces good or very good 79 75 Young peoples % satisfaction with parks & green spaces 56 74 Number of outdoor event-days in parks 171 130 Explore 2016/17 2016/17 2016/17 Revenue £'000s Final Budget 2016/17 2016/17 2016/17 Supplies & Services 2,271 2,188 215 Premises 762 842 216/17 Supplies & Services 918 962 2016/17 2016/17 Support services 918 962 2016/17 2016/17 2016/17 Support services 918 962 2016/17 2016/17 2016/17	2	2017/18	2018	8/19	2019	9/20	2020/21	2021/22	service contributes to
Number of funerals at LBM cemeteries 215 Anticipated non financial resources 2016/17 Contractors 2016/17 Client-side team (Lot 2 contract, retained services & policies) N/A Performance indicator (LBC2020 indicators highlighted in purple) Performance indicator overy good Performance indicator (LBC2020 indicators highlighted in purple) % of residents (all service users) rating parks & green spaces good or very good 79 75 Young peoples % satisfaction with parks & green spaces 56 74 Number of outdoor event-days in parks 171 130 Expenditure 5.053 5.331 0 Expenditure 5.053 5.331 0 Transport 2.271 2.184 0 Origin Budget Transport 2.62 842 0 Origin Support services 9.18 0 0 0 Support services 9.18 9.62 0 0 0 Opereciation 332 332 332 332 332 Transport 2.016/17 2.016/17 2.016/17 2.016/17 2.016/17 Store and theat the operation		1%	19	%	19	%	1%	1%	Open Space Strategy
Anticipated non financial resources 2016/17 Contractors	(60,000	61,0	000	62,0	000	63,000	64,000	
Contractors N/A Performance indicator (LBC2020 indicators highlighted in purple) % of residents (all service users) rating parks & green spaces good or very good 79 75 Young peoples % satisfaction with parks & green spaces 56 74 Number of Green Flag Awards 5 5 Number of outdoor event-days in parks 171 130 Final Budget 2016/17 Origin Budget 2016/17 Revenue £'000s Final Budget 2016/17 Actual 2016/17 Origin Budget 2016/17 Spont 251 252 Spont 251 252 Support 251 252 Support services 918 962 217 Support services 918 962 2016/17 2017/1		220	24	10	26	60	260	260	
Contractors N/A Client-side team (Lot 2 contract, retained services & policies) N/A Performance indicator (LBC2020 indicators highlighted in purple) % of residents (all service users) rating parks & green spaces good or very good 79 75 Young peoples % satisfaction with parks & green spaces 56 74 Number of Green Flag Awards 5 5 Number of outdoor event-days in parks 171 130 Final Budget 2016/17 2016/17 Zuber 2016/17 2017/1 Final Budget 2016/17 2016/17 Budget 2016/17 2016/17 2016/17 Expenditure 5,053 5,331 1 Employees 2,271 2,188 1 Premises 762 842 1 Transfer payments 0 0 0 1 Support services 918 962 2 2 1 Support services 918 962 2 2 1 3 3 32 32 2									
Client-side team (Lot 2 contract, retained services & policies) N/A Performance indicator (LBC2020 indicators highlighted in purple) Performance indicator 2016/17(A) 2017/1: % of residents (all service users) rating parks & green spaces good or very good 79 75 Young peoples % satisfaction with parks & green spaces 56 74 Number of Green Flag Awards 5 5 Number of outdoor event-days in parks 171 130 Final Budget 2016/17 Cortain 2016/17 Expenditure 5,053 5,331 Final Budget 2016/17 Culo 1 Cortain and the services of the services 762 842 Final Budget 2016/17 Culo 40 2017/1 2,188 Premises 762 842 Transport 251 252 Supples & Services 918 962 O O Captreciation 332 </td <td>2</td> <td>2017/18</td> <td>2018</td> <td>8/19</td> <td>2019</td> <td>9/20</td> <td>2020/21</td> <td>2021/22</td> <td></td>	2	2017/18	2018	8/19	2019	9/20	2020/21	2021/22	
policies) N/A N/A Performance indicator (LBC2020 indicators highlighted in purple) % of residents (all service users) rating parks & green spaces good or very good 79 75 Young peoples % satisfaction with parks & green spaces 56 74 Number of Green Flag Awards 5 5 Number of outdoor event-days in parks 171 130 Final Budget 2016/17 2016/17 Revenue £'000s Final Budget 2016/17 Actual 2016/17 Origin Budget 2016/17 Stapplies & Services 762 842 0 Transfer payments 40 40 40 Final Budget 2016/17 2016/17 Size 32 Supplies & Services 918 962 962 Depreciation 332 332 332 Revenue £'000s Final Budget 2016/17 Actual 2016/17 Origin Budg 2017/1 Supplies & Services 918 962 962 Depreciation 332 332 332 Revenue £'000s Final Budget 2016/17 <td></td> <td></td> <td>Contrac</td> <td>t price and sch</td> <td>edule of rates</td> <td>3</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			Contrac	t price and sch	edule of rates	3			
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0 715	485 3	324 1,452	271 491	300	300				

			DETAILS OF MAJOR P				
			Parks & Green S	ipaces I		Risk	
			PROJECT DESCRIPTION	MAJOR PROJECTS BENEFITS	Likelihood	-	Score
Pro	ject 1	Project Title:	Greenspaces TOM	Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2017-18	Project Details:	Production & implementation of Target Operating Model for Greenspaces	Various benefits & enhancements across a range of services & themes	3	2	6
End date	2018-19 ject 2	Project Title:	Greenspaces Commercialisation	Improved efficiency (savings)			
Start date	2017-18			Diversifying the outdoor events portfolio, including new commercial events to increase income. Working	3	2	6
End date	2018-19	Project Details:	Increased commecialisation across a range of Greenspaces services	with our new grounds maintenance service provider, idverde, to increase income for the service, especially from sport & recreational activities		-	
Pro	ject 3	Project Title:	Canons House & Rec Restoration	Improved customer experience			
Start date	2017-18	Project Details:	Delivery of Lottery-funded Canons Restoration Project	Multi-million pound investment project to restore, conserve & improve recreational opportunities at Canons Recreation Ground & Canons House.	3	2	6
End date	2018-19						
Pro	ject 4	Project Title:	Morley Park	Improved customer experience			
Start date	2017-18	Project Details:	Transfer, opening & establishment of Morley Park	Opening & development of a brand new public open space in West Wimbledon, comprising informal recreational areas, nature conservation features & sports facilities	3	2	6
End date	2018-19						
Pro	ject 5	Project Title:	Phase C, Lot 2 Contract	Improved reputation			
Start date	2017-18	Project Details:	Embedding new systems & processes and ensuring quality & performance standards in relation to	Working with our grounds maintenance contractor, idverde, to maintain & improve green spaces &	3	2	6
End date	2018-19	Project Details.	Phase C, Lot 2 grounds maintenance contract	recreational services at a lower cost			
Pro	ject 6	Project Title:	Re-use of Parks Assets	Improved efficiency (savings)			
Start date	2017-18				3	2	6
End date	2018-19 Project Details: Re-use of surplus & redundant parks facilities: pavilions, yards & mess rooms and other parks facilities: pavilions, yards & mess rooms and pavilities: pavilions, yards & mess rooms and pavilities: p		Re-use of surplus & redundant parks facilities: pavilions, yards & mess rooms and other parks assets	Increased income & preservation of some existing parks assets	3	۷	Ū
Pro	ject 7	Project Title:	Review of Arboricultural Services	Improved efficiency (savings)			
Start date	2017-18	Project Details:	Review & reconfiguration of current arboricultural service provisions & polices in order to drive efficiency	Improved service integration, policy clarification & consolidation & improved operational efficiency	3	2	6
End date	2018-19						

			Property									Plan	ning Assum	otions				The Corporate strategies your
	Clir Mark A	llison: Deputy		net Member fo	r Finance			Anticipate	ed demand		2016/17		<u> </u>		2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	service contributes to
							Т								Not known	Not known	Not known	Corporate Asset Management Plan
		-		-								1	В		8	8		Economic Development Strategy
		-	-								21	3	5	36	44	31		Medium Term Financial Strategy
	to maintain an accurate record of valuations to support the council	or the property a	assets of the co ction 151)	uncil and to prov	vide asset		Th	e number of cor	mmercial prope	rties	394	3	94		394		394	
	To manage the councils investm	ent portfolio to r	maximise incom				An			rces								
	ensure that it has the accommod	lation necessary	y to support its s	services at a sta	ndard it can affo	rd. d the		Staff	(FTE)		4.85	4.	60	4.60	4.60	4.60	4.60	
	Integrated Project Team to delive	er a programm	e of property sa	les to maximise	capital receipts.													
	Community Right to Bid -to man	age applications	s for community	assets to be list	ted and claims fo	or	L											
		t of property as	sets as required	by transparence	v agenda under	Localism Act												
	2011.TOM will lead to increased	efficiency the p	ossibility of acti	ng for other auth	norities on specia	alisms and		Performan	ce indicator			,	• • • •	• • • •	Polarity	Reporting cycle	Indicator type	Main impact if indicator no
	most significantly driving econon	nic development	t and regeneration	ion through clos	er working with F	Tuture	96. \/r	concurate of p	rop ownod by a						Low		Outcomo	Loss of income
	menton. This may impact on the	unning of sales a	and capital rece	ipis.				, ,										Loss of income
			durith Discretes a	(O			70 Debt											Breach statutory duty
					VICES			7,0001 1	aldalono	107	100	100	100	100 100		, united	Duoinooo onnoai	
	 critically examine operational p 				necessary to													
		etting vacant or	operty															
	 provide timely advice to inform 	regeneration p	rojects									1						1
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			DETAILS OF MAJOR PROJECTS (INCLUDING PROCUREMENT) Property	- MAXIMUM OF 10 OVER THE FOUR YEAR PERIOD			
			PROJECT DESCRIPTION	MAJOR PROJECT BENEFIT	Likelihood	Risk Impact	Score
Pre	oject 1	Project Title:	New secondary school	Infrastructure renewal			
Start date	2016-17	Project Details:	Land acquisition and granting of new leases.		2	2	4
End date	2019-20	Fioject Details.					

	Regulatory Ser	vices - Merton	element only									Planr	ning Assump	otions					The Corporate strategies your
	Coraper: Cabine		,	Culture			Anticipat	ed demand		2016	6/17	2017	• ·		8/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	service contributes to
Clir Ross Ga	arrod: Cabinet M	ember for Stre	et Cleanliness	s & Parking			Total number	1		179	90	180	03	18	316	1829	1829	1829	Air Quality Action Plan
A brief description of your ma	ain activities an	d objectives:					Total number of		ts	599		611			234	6357	6357	6357	Climate Change Strategy
Provide statutory environment	al boolth tradin	a standarda a	ad liconcina fu	inations agross	those		Licence/perm	nit applications		189	90	190	00	19	900	1900	1900	1900	Merton Regeneration Strategy
councils that make up the Reg													14.0		0/40	001010-	0000/01	0004/05	Medium Term Financial Strategy
LB Wandsworth).		·		,		An	ticipated non		rces	2016		2017			8/19	2019/20 40.75	2020/21	2021/22 40.75	
Deliver savings and efficiencie	as by:						Staff (FT	E) (Merton)		39.4	48	39.4	48	40	.75	40.75	40.75	40.75	
Deliver savings and eniciencie	35 Dy.									Actual P	erformance	(A) Performan	ce Target (T) Proposed 1	arget(P)				Main impact if indicator not
reducing overhea	ads						Performan	ce indicator				2018/19(P)				Polarity	Reporting cycle	Indicator type	met
 generating addition 	onal income					% ser	vice requests re	plied in 5 work	ing days	95	96	97	98	98	98	High	Monthly	Perception	Reduced customer service
							Income gener	ation by EHTSI	-	£392,026	£345,000	£524,380	£400,000	£410,000	£420,000	High	Monthly	Outcome	Loss of income
 attracting new but 	isiness								emises inspected		98	99	100	100	100	High	Annual	Business critical	Government intervention
 rationalising ICT 	systems						b. of underage s			103	100	105	110	110	110	High	Annual	Business critical	Anti social behaviour
Transforms the same is a law							verage amount	-	es in the Borough	N/A	40	40	40	40	40	Low	Annual	Outcome	Political risk
Transform the service by:						Nitrgen Dioxide		lational Levels	s in the bolough	N/A	N/A	0/50	0/50	0/50	0/50	Low	Quarterly	Outcome	Political risk
demand manage	ment						average amou			24	40	40	40	40	40	Low	Annual	Outcome	Political risk
a atroomlining husi						Number of li	cence application	ons determined	within 28 days	96.75%	95%	97%	98%	99%	100%	High	Quarterly	Business critical	Reputational risk
 streamlining busi 	ness hincesses					%	of food premis	es rated 2 or be	low	9.65%	15%	10%	9%	8%	7%	Low	Quarterly	Outcome	Reputational risk
 implementing ner 	w ways of worki	ng																	
		DEDADT		GET AND RESO									1	I		1		I	
			Original	Forecast	1						2	2018/19 Expe	enditure					2018/19 Income	
Revenue £'000s	Final Budget	Actual 2016/17	Budget	Variance	Budget 2018/19	Budget 2019/20	Budget 2020/21	Budget 2021/22											
	2016/17		2017/18	2017/18 P8										■ Emj	oloyees				
Expenditure	2,866	2,782	3,009				2,956	2,959											
Employees Premises	2,034	1,948 2	2,026		2,070	2,070	2,070	2,070						■ Pre	nises				
Transport	56	51	47	(1)	44		46												
Supplies & Services	253	331			59		61							- 7					
3rd party payments Transfer payments	11	0	95 0		107		109							■ Trai	nsport				Government grants
Support services	512	450	•	-	670	°	670	670	i i										
														■ Sup	plies & Services			_	Reimbursements
Revenue £'000s	Final Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Forecast Variance	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	1										
	2016/17	2016/17	2017/18	2017/18 P8	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22						■ 3rd	party payments				
Income	1,561	1,572			1,730	1,890	1,955	2,030					1						
Government grants Reimbursements	0 1,137	1,199	0 1,132	0 0 2 (15)	0	0 1306	0 1306	0 1306						Tra	nsfer payments				
Customer & client receipts	424	372			,		649	724						■ IId	isiei payments				·
Recharges																			
Reserves Capital Funded														Sup 🖬 Sup	port services				
Council Funded Net Budget	1,305	1,210	1,403	182	1,220	1,063	1,001	929											
	Final Budget	Actual	Original	Forecast	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget											
Capital Budget £'000s	2016/17	2016/17	Budget 2017/18	Variance 2017/18 P8	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22							Summary of	major budget etc.	cnanges		
			2017/10	2017/1010												2018/19			
									ENV08 = (£4	40k)									
									ENV09 = (£	50k)									
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	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								2019/20			
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0		17	2019	0040	1	2020	2024												
2016	20		2018	2019		2020	2021												
		-Budget			-Actu	al				27	5								
									-		-								



			DETAILS OF MAJOR PROJECTS (INCLUDING PROCUREMENT) - MAXIMUM OF 10 OVER THE F Regulatory Services - Merton element only	OUR YEAR PERIOD			
			PROJECT DESCRIPTION	MAJOR PROJECT BENEFITS		Risk	-
					Likelihood	Impact	Score
Pro	oject 1	Project Title:	Procurement of a new ICT case management system	Improved efficiency (savings)			
Start date	2016-17	Project Details:	Contribution to the ICT led procurement of a new computer system for E&R and potential joint procurement with Richmond and		2	1	2
End date			Wandsworth				
Pro	oject 2	Project Title:	Design and implement a joint Merton/Richmond budget	Economic outcomes			
Start date	2015-16	Project Details:	Design and implement a joint revenue (income & expenditure) budget on a to be determined costs apportionment model		2	1	2
End date	2018-19	rioject Details.	Design and implement a joint revenue (moome & expenditore) budget on a to be determined costs apportionment model				

Old Matrix Dec Column Matrix			Safer Merton									Pla	nning Assur	nptions					The Corporate strategies your
	Cllr Edith Macauley:			ty Safety, Enga	agement & Equa	alities		Anticipat	ed demand	201	16/17				8/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	service contributes to
					<u> </u>		Nu	mber of new, ad	tionable, ASB cases	3	60	4	00	4	100	400	350	350	Safer & Stronger Strategic Assessment
	Safer Merton delivers the cour	ncil's statutory C	ommunity Safe	ty Partnershin	function to tack	e crime		Pop	ulation	205	5,722	207	,410	20	9,421	210,452	212,658	214,740	Violence Against Women and Girls Strateg
	and disorder. The team consis	sts of eight office	rs working acro	oss several the	mes:	e chine	No. Multi A	gency Risk Asses	sment cases (domestic abuse)	-	-				,	170			Children and Young People's Plan
								<u> </u>	(,	-		-		!					Community Cohesion Strategy
				king action ago	inct paraetrotor	_		,											
	3) Managing and delivering a	borough wide Ne	eighbourhood V	Vatch program	me	5		•											Safeguarding Children's Board Annua
	4) Delivering the partnerships	analytical function	ons					ordan	(: :=)										
					mo and ASP														
	b) Manaing and delivering the	Home Onice pli		Shor related chi	The and ASD														
	The service also ensures that	MOPACs Police	and Crime pla	in priorities are	delivered and w	vill be				Actual P	erformance	(A) Performa	nce Target (T) Proposed	Target (P)				Main impact if indicator not
								Performan	ce indicator			()	<u> </u>	<u>, i</u>	,	Polarity	Reporting cycle	Indicator type	
							Multi Ageno	v Risk Assess	nent cases - domestic abuse					()	()	High	Monthly	Business critical	
	funded workers.	e service retains	strategic overs	ight and comm		I AO	, and the second s									-	,		Reduced enforcement
								· · · · · ·	ě					1			,		Reduced enforcement
	Safer Merton forms part of and	d is managed thr	ough the coun	cil's Public Prot	tection division v	vhich		,		-	1				12		,	,	Anti social behaviour
	statutory and non statutory pa	irtners. The statu	tory duty for Sa	afer Merton cor	nsists of the follo	ouner owina:						-					,		Community engagement
	 A duty to establish a crime 	and disorder par	tnership and de	eliver an annua	al partnership pla	an			•	_						•			Anti social behaviour
										19/1	19/1	0070	5070	0070	5073				
	and effective manner		a unougn evide	ence nasea ang	aryucai wurk in a	a unicity													
			DEBVBT			URCES	-			1	1		1	1	I	1	1		
			DEFARI				1	1				2018/19 Ex	penditure					2018/19 Income	
	Revenue £'000s			-															
		2016/17	2016/17			2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22					2	Employees				
	Expenditure	756	647		1	684	686	690	692										
	Employees														Promisos				
applied 2000 202 202 101	Premises	1	0	0	0 0	3	3	3	3						101111585				
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	Support services	140	116	119	0 0	-	-	156	156						Supplies & Service				Government grants
	Depreciation													-	Supplies & Servic	.=-5			
		Final Budget	Actual	-		Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget										
	Revenue £'000s			-											Brd party paymen	ts			
wording first grade in the starting for the start is and the starting for the starting for the	Income	76	108			76	76	76											
									76						Fransfer navmen	is l			
$\frac{1}{2000} \frac{1}{1000} \frac{1}{200} \frac{1}{200} \frac{1}{200} \frac{1}{200} \frac{1}{200} \frac{1}{200} \frac{1}{2000} \frac{1}$	Reimbursements	0	81	0) (113)			C	0										
Convert Funded NR Budget 6 80 5 90 5 60 6 40 6 40 6 10 6	Customer & client receipts										6								
Image: Special Budget Excess Find Budget Actual Budget Budget Budget Summary of major Summary of major Budget Summary of major Budget Summary of major Budget Control Control Control Control Control Budget Budget Budget Summary of major Budget etc. changes Control C	8														Support services				
Special Budget 2006 Pill Budget 201677 Budget 201677 Budget 201678 Budget 20178	Council Funded Net Budget	680	539	568	3 (42)	608	610	614	616		_								
Applie dougle two 2019/17		Final Budget	Actual	-		Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget						•	. .			
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			DETAILS OF MAJOR PROJECTS (INCLUDING PROCUREMENT) Safer Merto				
						Risk	
			PROJECT DESCRIPTION	MAJOR PROJECT BENEFITS	Likelihood	Impact	Score
Pro	oject 1	Project Title:	Merton says NO MORE	Improved customer experience			
Start date	2017-18		Building on the success of the UK SAYS NO MORE launch in September 2016, where Merton was the second London borough to launch the campaign to condemn Domestic Violence and Sexual Violence, the Community Safety Partnership wish to roll the programme out across other strands of key	Improved victim awareness, increased profile for Merton as a pro-active borough in addressing crime and	2	2	4
End date	2021-22		business. This will ensure that Merton's residents and businesses are fully aware of the Community Safety Partnership's commitment to tackling a range of issues affecting our residents	ASB and associated reputational benefits across London			
Pro	oject 2	Project Title:	DVA commissioning	Improved customer experience			
Start date	2016-17		To bring together the two contracts for Independent Domestic Violence Advocates (IDVAs) and Mertons Refuge provision together to recommission. The recommission will be under a 3+1+1 term	Improved victim journey, improved outcomes for families, improved safety and an improved reputation for	2	3	6
End date	2018-19		seeing a rise in investment from across the directorates of CSF, C&H and E&R. This work will improve the victims journey ensuring that the victims recieve the right support, at the right time	merton as a borough whom delivers good quality service to victims			
Pro	oject 3	Project Title:	ECINS procurement	Improved efficiency (savings)			
Start date	2017-18		Procurement of a new risk and information management system to improve safety for vulnerable people with partners from across all sectors coming together to share information and safeguard. Commissioned for use by safer merton and the YOT in CSF initially this software, which is cloud	By utilising infromation/intelligence in a more direct and real time environment we can identify a range	3	2	6
End date	2018-19		based, will deliver real time benefits to the public purse as we work to support, safeguard and/or enforce against some of our most complex and in need residents	outcomes which, when met, will reduce risk of crime, ASB, risk of exploitation, missing etc			

Other Nutley Cale Description of Nutley Nutle		Transport -	Passenger Fl	eet Service									Pla	anning Assu	mptions					The Corporate strategies your
	Cllr Martin Whel		U		onment & Housi	ng					201	6/17				18/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	
	Enter a bri	ief description of	your main act	ivities and obje	ctives below		CSI	F Passenger Jo	ourneys - In-Ho	ouse	70,	000	70	,000	70),000	70,000	70,000	70,000	Children and Young People's Plan
	To provide effective Home house fleet of buses and	e to School and assorted vehicle	Vulnerable es	Adults transp	oort service, u	sing the in-	C&I	H Passenger Jo	ourneys - In-Ho	ouse	70,	000	70	,000	70),000	70,000	70,000	70,000	Special Educational Needs and Disabilities Strategy
				se training to a	all council staf	fand														
					an council stal	anu				irces									2021/22	
																			44.04	
								518	all		0	1	40	5.35	4	4.84	44.84	44.84	44.84	
								Performanc	e indicator								Polarity	Reporting cycle	Indicator type	Main impact if indicator not
															1		-			
							Ave	rage % passen	ger vehicles in	n use						_				Reduced customer service
												85	ļ		85	85	-			Reduced customer service
							Si	ckness - avera	ge days per F	TE	14.35	11	10.5	9.5	8	8	Low	Monthly	Unit cost	Increased costs
																-	+			
			DEPART	MENTAL BUDG	SET AND RESO	JRCES													2042/42 /	
	Revenue f'000s	Final Budget	Actual	Original	Forecast	Budget	Budget						2018/19 Ex	penditure					2018/19 Income	
	Nevenue 2 000S					2018/19	2019/20								Er	nployees				
	Expenditure			6 8,608	8 3:				2 4,387]										
	Employees Premises			,			,								■ Pr	emises				
	Transport																			
	Supplies & Services	91	112	2 66	6 (6) 63									aT 🛛	ansport				
Appendix Services Ap	3rd party payments				· · · · · ·		, 0	0	0 0											Government grants
															■Su	pplies & Serv	ices			
	Depreciation								386											
Bit Market Franklike Bit Marke	Revenue £'000s			Budget	Variance										■ 3rd	d party payme	ents			Reimbursements
	Income														_ ∎Tr	ansfer pavme	nts			
Linder & Expert Linder	Government grants	0	. (0 (0 (4,100	4,100	4,100	1						anoror paymo				
Stort Apple	Reimbursements														Su	ipport service	s		1	
Stepsing Image: Stepsing and S		9,013	9,69	7 8,006	6 72	2 4,003	4,003	4,003	4,003						=00					
Addit under a version of the Budget of the B	Reserves													/	■ De	preciation				
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Important 2016/17 2016/17 2017/16 2019/19 2019/20 2021/22 Constrained and strained a																				
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VPS Ventiles Tracking 42 100 173 Image: Constraint of the second s	Fleet Vehicles		348			3 542	2 300	300	300	•							2018/19			
Ubget 27 40 40 40 40 40 Ubget 0 41 40 40 40 Ubget 0 417 414 433 588 340 Ubget 0 117 2019 2020 2021 Ubget 0 2019 2020 2021 2021 Ubget 0 0 2019 2020 2021	GPS Vehicle Tracking										30k)									
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	L]		27	9								

			DETAILS OF MAJOR PROJECTS (INCLUDING PROCUREMENT Transport - Passenger							
	PROJECT DESCRIPTION MAJOR PROJECT BENEFIT									
Pro	oject 1	Project Title:	Review of Fleet provision (Vehicles)	Select one major benefit						
Start date	2017-18	Project Details:	Review of the full retained fleet and the future provision of vehicles.	Finacial savings from reduced fleet through shared vehicles	3	2	6			
End date	2018-19	Froject Details.		r macial savings nom reduced liet through shared vehicles						

Commissioned Service

Waste Management and Cleansing

Cllr Ross Garrod Cabinet Member for Street Cleanliness & Parking

Cllr Martin Whelton Cabinet Member for Regeneration, Environment &

Housing

Service Providers:

Veolia UK Ltd

Viridor Waste Management

Kingdom Ltd (Environmental Protection)

Noah's Ark (Stray Dogs / Enforcement)

The London Borough of Merton is committed to managing the provision of high quality and sustainable waste management and cleansing services to residents, businesses and those passing through the borough. The service ambition is to maintain a clean, green and safe environment that meet the standards of London's Best Council.

These services are delivered through a combination of commissioned services and in-house engagement and enforcement activities.

The key objectives of the service are:

To fulfil the council's statutory responsibilities and duties with respect to waste management, street cleaning, waste enforcement and the management of stray animals.

To provide value for money services that meet the needs of the community

To provide a safe and supportive environment for our community and all employees engaged in delivering services. To promote and encourage sustainable waste management activities, maximising resource efficiency and securing value from all waste streams as far as practicably possible

			P	Planning Assun	nptions					
Anticipated demand	201	6/17	201	7/18	201	8/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	
Housing Properties	83	,500	84	,000	85,	000	86,000	86,500	86,500	
Kilometres of Roads	3	75	375		3	75	375	375	375	
Population	205,722		207	7,410	209	,421	210,452	212,658	214,740	
Total household waste tonnage	71	,000	71	,000	71,	000	71,000	71,000	71,000	
Anticipated non financial resources	201	6/17	201	7/18	201	8/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	
Clienting and Commissioning Team	6	.69	6	.69	3.	19	3.19	3.19	3.19	
Community Engagement and Enforcement		9		9		9	9	9	9	
SLWP		0		4		2	2	2	2	
Client Neighbourhood team		0	1	.5	2	.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	
Veolia UK Ltd								•	•	
Viridor	1				Contro	ct price and sch	adula of rates			
Kingdom Ltd	1									
Noah's Ark	1									
Performance indicator (LBC2020 indicators highlighted in purple)	Actu 2016/17(A)	al Performance	e (A) Performa 2018/19(P)	2019/20(P)	Proposed Tar	get (P) 2021/22(P)	Polarity	Reporting cycle	Indicator type	Main impact if indicator not me
% Residents satisfied with street cleanliness	53	57	57	58	60	2021/22(1)	High	Annual	Perception	Reputational risk
% Sites surveyed below standard for litter	9	8.5	8	6	4		Low	Monthly	Perception	Reputational risk
% Sites surveyed below standard for Detritus	12	13	10	9	7		Low	Quarterly	Perception	Reputational risk
% Sites surveyed below standard for graffiti	5.2	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0		Low	Quarterly	Perception	Reputational risk
% Sites surveyed below standard for weeds	7.79	12	11	10	9		Low	Quarterly	Perception	Reputational risk
No. of fly tips in streets and parks recorded by contractor	N/A	8400	8400	8400	8400		Low	Monthly	Outcome	Reputational risk
% of fly tips removed within 24 hours	N/A	90%	90%	95%	95%		High	Monthly	Outcome	Reputational risk
% Sites surveyed below standard for flyposting	1	1	1	1	1		Low	Quarterly	Perception	Reputational risk
% of FPNs issued that have been paid	73%	68%	70%	70%	70%		High	Monthly	Output	Loss of income
% Household waste recycled	36	42	46	48	50		High	Monthly	Business critical	Reputational risk
% Residents satisfied with refuse collection	69	72	73	74	75		High	Annual	Perception	Reputational risk
Residual waste kg per household pa	567.47	540	500	475	435		Low	Monthly	Outcome	Increased costs
% Municipal solid waste landfilled	57	59	65%	10%	5%		Low	Monthly	Outcome	Increased costs
Number of missed bins per 100,000	N/A	75	50	40	30		Low	Monthly	Outcome	Reduced customer service
Total waste arising per household Kg	887	910	910	910	910		Low	Monthly	Outcome	Reputational risk

			Financial Info	ormation - W	aste Mana	gement and (Cleansing				Additional Expendent	liture Inform	ation	
Revenue £'000	ls		Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17	Original Budget 2017/18	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8	Budget 2018/19	Budget 2019/20	Budget 2020/21	Budget 2021/22	<u>2018/19</u> E&R20 = 2k E&R21 = £30k			
Expenditure			20,750	21,353	21,353 15,457 279 15,672 15,634 15,842 16,049 ENV31 = (£9k)					ENV31 = (£9k)				
Employees			7,597	8,033	1,042	37	823	823	823	823	ENV35 = (£150k)			
Premises			452		397		338	343	347	352	$ENR6 = (£200k)^{2}$			
Fransport			1,940		26		298	298	299	299	$ERG2 = \pounds65k$			
Supplies & Serv			1,531	1,521	316		6,154	6,158	6,163	6,168				
rd party payme			5,806		12,723		7,032	6,985	7,183	7,380	<u>2019/20</u>			
ransfer payme			2	0	2	(=/	0	0	0	0	ENR9 = (£200k)			
Support service	ès		2,828	2,720	366		406	406	406	406	EV08 = (£250k)			
Depreciation			594	594	585		621	621	621	621	ERG2 = £35k			
evenue £'000s come			Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17	Original Budget 2017/18	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8	Budget 2018/19	Budget 2019/20	Budget 2020/21	Budget 2021/22	E2 = (£30k)			
ncome			3,497	3,983	956	(20)	1,373	1,573	1,573	1,573				
Bovernment gra			0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0				
Reimbursement			406		455		360	360	360	360				
Customer & clie	ent receipts		2,348		501	(28)	1,013	1,213	1,213	1,213				
Recharges			743	688	0		0	0	0					
eserves														
apital Funded														
Council Funde	ed Net Budget		17,253	17,370	14,501 Original		14,299	9 14,061	1 14,269					
apital Budget	t £'000s		Final Budget 2016/17	Actual 2016/17	Original Budget 2017/18	Forecast Variance 2017/18 P8	Budget 2018/19	Budget 2019/20	Budget 2020/21	Budget 2021/22				
Vaste Bins			2,674 2 316 972 972 2,670											
leet Vehicles														
Other				113 113										
			0	316	1,085	1,085	5,344	0	0	0				
							DET							
								ALS OF MAS	OR PROJECTS					
			PROJE	ECT DESCRIPT	ION						Major Projects Benefits		Ris	k
												Likelihood	Impact	Score
Proj	ject 1	Proj	ect Title:			llection Service	-	-			Improved effectiveness	-		
Start date	2016-17	Proje	ct Details:			rough wide wast vheelie bins per l			Optimised o	collection serv	ices delivering significant financial / environmental	5	2	10
End date	2018-19	-			fre	quency of collect	ion.				savings			
-	ject 2	Proj	ect Title:		Energy R	ecovery Facility	(Filase B)				Improved effectiveness			
Start date	2012-13													
End date	2018-19	Projec	ct Details:	Working alongside SLWP and Viridor to design, build and operate an Energy Recover Facility which will remain in the ownership of Viridor in which it will disposal of the SLWP boroughs muniicipal waste. Key dates a. Key Facility Planned Works Commencement Date 31st August 2015 b. Key Facility Planned Service Commencement Date 31st August 2018 c. Key facility Expiry Date 31st August 2043					Environmen	ital benefits fr	om diverting waste from landfill, sustainable waste management	3	2	6

SECTION F MEDIUM TERM **FINANCIAL STRATEGY SAVINGS** 2018-22

SUMMARY: Savings in the MTFS 2018-22

Department	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Corporate Services	1,416	2,834	3,095	3,135
Children, Schools and Families	489	918	1,068	1,068
Environment and Regeneration	1,358	2,588	2,683	2,758
Community and Housing	2,198	3,585 9,925	4,685	4,685

CORPORATE SERVICES SAVINGS BY YEAR

			Baseline				
Ref	Service	Description of Saving	Budget	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
		ş	14/15	£000	£000	£000	£000
			£000				
CSD19	Communications	My Merton and staff reductions - Delete 1 FTE -	256	49			
Tatal Osman		Communication Asisstant		10			
	ication Services Savings		535	49	0	0	0
CSD20	Resources	Increased income		16			
CSD27	Resources	Further Restructuring	2,391	100			
Total: Resource	es Savings		2,932	116	0	0	0
	Services Savings 2015/16			165	0	0	0
CS2015-01		Reduction in IT support/maintenance contracts	616	3			
	Business Improvement						
000045.00							
CS2015-02	Business Improvement	Expiration of salary protection	1124	16			
CS2015-03		Restructure of Transactional Services team	475	100			
032013-03	Transactional Services	Restructure of Transactional Services team	4/3	100			
CS2015-05	D		0005				
	Resources	Staffing Costs and income budgets	2985	216			
CS2015-06	Corporate governance - audit	delete auditor post and fees		50			
Total Corporate	service Services Savings 2016/17 Cabin	net October 2015		385	0	0	0
1&T 04	Safety Services & Emergency	Restructure of Safety Services & Emergency Planning	226	303	U	0	U
101 04	Planning	team.	220	50			
I&T 05	Facilities Management -	Savings achieved through the installation of various energy	2,900	465			
	Energy 'Invest to Save'	saving initiatives and subsequent reduction in the	,				
	Initiatives	consumption of gas, electricity and water. (Subject to					
		agreed investment of £3.3M)					
	Resources - Policy	Reduction in corporate grants budget	c. £750	19			
	Corporate Governance -	Staff savings (to be identified)		41			
	Further Staffing Savings						
Total Corporate	across the division Services Savings 2016/17 Cabin	net December 2015		555	0	0	0
Total Corporate	Further rationalisation of HR	Reduction of HR business partner (HRBP's) posts	543	130	U	U	U
	Services	Reduction of HR business partner (HRBF S) posis	545	130			
CS51	HR Transactions - including COT	HR Support - centralisation	265	90			
CS49	Human Resources - Business			140			
	Partners	Further consolidation of HR advisory work	585				
CSD28	Human Resources	COT review	425	38			
CSD29	Human Resources	Recruitment and DBS review	425	50			
Total Corporate	Services Savings 2016/17 Repla	ace/Amend Cabinet October 2015		448	0	0	0
CSD7	Infrastructure &	Restructure Post & Print section and delete 2 FTE	382	-	-	-	
	Transactions	posts.					
CSD43		Share FOI and information governance policy with	322	0			
	Corporate Governance	another Council.	022	Ŭ			
	Service Implication	Reduction in management capacity		10			
Total Corporate		ace/Amend Cabinet December 2015		10			
	3						
Total Corporate	Services Savings 2016/17 Repla	ace/Amend Oct./Dec. 2015		458	0	0	0
er porate	ge _or or ricpli			-105		J	U
Total Corporate	Services Savings 2016/17		I	1,398	0	0	0
i otal corporate	,	Delete two in house trainers pasts		1,398	U	U	U
CS71	Infrastructure &	Delete two in house trainers posts		40			
0875	Transactions	Review of COT team		43			
CS75	Human Resources	Review of COT team		58			
CSD2	Infrastructure &	Energy Savings (Subject to agreed investment of					
	Transactions	£1.5M)		150			
CSD7	Infrastructure &	Restructure Post & Print section and delete 2 FTE					
	Transactions	posts.		47			
CSD30	Human Resources	Schools COT support (delivery of schools buy-back service).Removal of dedicated COT support for schools					
		,		152		1	
		Deview of helence check menomenent		450			
Replacement	Corporate Services Savings Cabinet Octo	Review of balance sheet management		-450 0	0	0	0

CORPORATE SERVICES SAVINGS BY YEAR

Ref	Service	Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 14/15 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000
CS2016 -02	Revenues and Benefits	Restructure of Housing Benefits section due to roll out of					
CS2016 -03	Democracy Consistent	Universal Credit		0	66		
CS2016 -03	Democracy Services Customers Services	Supplies and services Increase income through Registrars service		0	0		
CS2016 -04	Customers Services	Increase income through translations		0	15		
CS2016 -06	Customers Services	Merton Link - efficiency savings		30	0		
CS2016 -07	Customers Services	Cash Collection Reduction		0	30		
CS2016 -08	Infrastructure & Transactions/Facilities Management	Potential income derived from letting two floors of vacant office space within the Civic centre to external/partner organisations.		0	190		
Total Corporate	Services New Savings 2017/18			30	301	0	0
		ects Savings & Replacements b/f		1,593	301	0	0
-							
CS48	Human Resources	Reduction of HR business partner (HRBP's) posts		(130)			
CS51	Human Resources	HR Transactions - including COT		(90)			
CS49 CSD28	Human Resources Human Resources	Further consolidation of HR advisory work COT review		(140)			
CSD28 CSD29	Human Resources Human Resources	COT review Recruitment and DBS review		(38) (50)			
CS2015-05	Resources	Resources - Staffing Costs and income budgets		(141)			
CSD30	Human Resources	Schools COT support (delivery of schools buy-back		(152)			
CS70	Infrastructure & Transactions	service) Apply a £3 administrative charge to customers requesting		(35)			
CS75	Human Resources	a hard copy paper invoice Review of COT team staffing in light of potential for 4-		(58)			
CSD43	Corporate Governance	borough shared service opportunities Share FOI and information governance policy with another		(40)			
CSD42	Business Improvement	Council. Restructure functions delete 1 AD and other elements of		(70)			
	Business Improvement	management Staffing support savings		(13)			
Total Corporate	Services Unachievable Savings			(13)	0	0	0
				(001)			
(1)	Infrastructure &Transactions Infrastructure &Transactions	Facilities Management - Renegotiation of income generated through the corporate catering contract Facilities Management - Review the specification on the corporate cleaning contract and reduce frequency of visits		20 15			
CSREP 2018-19 (3)	Resources	Miscellaneous budgets within Resources		13			
CSREP 2018-19 (4)	Resources	Recharges to pension fund		128			·
	Revenues and Benefits	Council tax and business rates credits		220			
	Customer services	Reduction in running costs budgets		9			
	Customer services	Translation services - increase in income		10			·
CSREP 2018-19 (8)	Corporate	Dividend from CHAS 2013 Limited		215			
CSREP 2018-19 (9)	Corporate Governance	Reduction in running costs budgets		11			
CSREP 2018-19 (10)	Corporate Governance	SLLp - Increase in legal income		25			
CSREP 2018-19 (11)	Corporate Governance	Audit and investigations		50			
CSREP 2018-19 (12)	Human Resources	Reduction in posts across the department		185			
	Business Improvement	Business Systems - Maintenance and Support reduction		10			
	Business Improvement	Business Systems - M3 support to Richmond/Wandsworth		20			
CSREP 2018-19 (15)	Business Improvement	Business Systems - Street Naming and Numbering Fees/Charges Review		15			
CSREP 2018-19 (16)	Business Improvement	Management - Operating cost reduction		11			
. ,	Services Replacement Savings	Cabinet December 2017		957	0	0	0
CSD7	Infrastructure & Transactions	Transactional Services - Restructure Post & Print section and delete 2 FTE posts.		(47)	23	24	
CS2015-03	Infrastructure & Transactions	Transactional Services - Restructure of Transactional Services team		(100)	50	50	
CS2016 -06	Customers Services	Merton Link - efficiency savings		(30)	30	_	
	Services Deferred Savings Cab	Inet December 2017		(177)	103	74	0

CORPORATE SERVICES SAVINGS BY YEAR

Ref	Service	Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 14/15 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000
2018-19 CS01	Infrastructure & Transactions	IT Service Delivery - Revenue Saving associated with current MFD contract			150		
2018-19 CS02	Infrastructure & Transactions	Facilities Management - Reduction in the level of building repairs and maintenance undertaken on the corporate buildings			100		
2018-19 CS03	Infrastructure & Transactions	Facilities Management - Adjust current Local Authority Liaison Officer (LALO) arrangements to require Assistant Directors to undertake the duties as part of their job description.			33		
2018-19 CS04	Infrastructure & Transactions	Facilities Management - Delete or full cost recovery of one post within FM			36		
2018-19 CS05	Resources	Reduction in permanent staffing			30		
2018-19 CS06	Resources	Miscellaneous budgets within Resources			0	17	
2018-19 CS07	Resources	Retender of insurance contract				50	25
2018-19 CS08	Revenues and Benefits	Increase in income from Enforcement Service			100	20	15
2018-19 CS09	Customer Contact	Reduction/rationalisation in running costs budgets across multiple budgets			35		
2018-19 CS10	Revenues and Benefits	Reduction in staffing			60		
2018-19 CS11	Corporate Services	Restructure of management across Corporate Services			400		
2018-19 CS12	Corporate Governance	SLLp - reduction in legal demand				50	
2018-19 CS13	Corporate Governance	Audit and investigations			50		
2018-19 CS14	Business Improvement	Business Systems - M3 support to Richmond/Wandsworth			20		
2018-19 CS15	Business Improvement	Policy & Partnerships - Reduce headcount from 4.6 to 3.6				50	
Total Corporate	Services New Savings Cabine	December 2017		0	1,014	187	40
	Services in MTFS 2018-22			1,416	1,418	261	40
Total Corporate	Services in MTFS 2018-22 (cur	nulative)		1,416	2,834	3,095	3,135

P a n e I	Ref	Descript	tion of Saving	Baseline Budget 14/15 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability (L/M/H)	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact (L/M/H)	Type of Saving (see key)
	CSD19	<u>Division</u> Description	<u>Communications</u> My Merton and staff reductions - Delete 1 FTE - Communication Asisstant	256	49	М	М	SS1
		Service Implication						
		Staffing Implications						
		Business Plan implications						
		Impact on other departments						
		Equalities Implications						
Total C	Communicat	ion Services Savings	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		49			
		Division	Resources					
	CSD20	Description	Increased income		16	L	L	SI1
		Service Implication	None Directly					
		Staffing Implications	None					
		Business Plan implications	Consistent with Business Plan					
		Impact on other departments	None					
		Equalities Implications	None					

P a n e I	Ref	Descript	ion of Saving	Baseline Budget 14/15 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability (L/M/H)	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact (L/M/H)	Type of Saving (see key)
		Division	Resources					
	CSD27	Description	Further Restructuring	2,391	100	н	н	SS2
		Service Implication	Reduction in level of departmental support					
		Staffing Implications	TBD but in the order of 2 to 4 posts					
		Business Plan implications	Deliverables will need to be revised to accommodate this					
		Impact on other departments	Reduction in the level of support as core central legal responsibilities will have to form an increasing proportion of the work carried out.					
		Equalities Implications	The reduction will be carried out in a manner that is consistent with the council's equalities policies.					
Total: F	Resources S	avings	·		116			•
		Total - Corporate Services			165			

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
		<u>Service</u>	Business Improvement							
	CS2015-01	Description	Reduction in IT support/maintenance contracts	616		0	3	L	L	SP1
		Service Implication	Rationalisation of IT systems, removal of support for some							
		Staffing Implications	None							
		Business Plan implications	In line with IT Strategy							
		Impact on other	Requires procurement support/advice. May affect support							
		departments	arrangements and require more controlled investment through TDA.							
		Equalities	None							
		Implications	None							
		TOM Implications								
		<u>Service</u>	Business Improvement							
	CS2015-02	Description	Expiration of salary protection	1124			16	L	L	SS2
		Service Implication	None							
		Staffing Implications	None							
		Business Plan implications	None							
		Impact on other departments	None							
		-	None							
		TOM Implications	None							
Total		<u>+</u>			0	0	19		ł	

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
O&S	CS2015-03	Service Implication	Transactional Services Restructure of Transactional Services team Will increase the time taken to process payments and requests for new vendors to be set up on the financial system.	475			100	L	М	SS2
		Business Plan implications Impact on other	Up to 3 FTE posts deleted through voluntary/compulsory redundancy from an establishment of 13.3. Existing BP targets will need to be revised to align with reduced resources Will increase the time taken to process payments and requests for new vendors to be set up on the financial system.							
		Equalities Implications TOM Implications	TBA To be determined as the potential benefits of both the new financial and Social Care Information systems are currently unknown.							
Total					0	0	100			

SECTION: Customer Services

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 15/16 £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
		Service	Programme Management							
		Description	Increase in Registrars income							
O&S	CS2015-04	Service Implication	Achieveable through increase in service provision within	-102		25		L	L	SI2
			existing resource.							
		Staffing Implications	None							
		Business Plan	None							
		implications								
		Impact on other	None							
		departments								
			None							
		Implications								
		TOM Implications	None							
Total					0	25	0			

Efficiency improvements will be delayed

Implications

TOM Implications

		Corporate Servic	.69	-				-	-	-
Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type o Saving (see ke
SECT	ION: Reso	urces - Policy						-	-	
Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 15/16 £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	
Fotal					0	0	0			-
SECT	ION: Reso	urces								
Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 15/16 £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type o Saving (see ke
		Business Plan implications Impact on other departments	Replacement Saving The delay in tendering for a new financial system means that planned staffing savings may not be fully achieved in the next financial year. Every effort will be made to maximise they proportion of the saving delivered. To the extent that it cannot be delivered it will be replaced with sold service income and running cost budgets. Efficiency improvements will be delayed Delay in reduction in staff numbers Efficiency improvements will be delayed Delay in wider roll out of self service None					L	L	SS2

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
		Service	Staffing Costs and income budgets							
	CS2015-05	Description	There will be a further review of staffing budgets. This will extend	2985			216	L	L	SS2
			across the entire division, Business planning, Accountancy and the							
			remaining business partners. The proposed staffing savings would							
			reduce the net establishment from from 48.9 FTE to 38.7. (NB the							
			major corporate services restructuring had already reduced the							
			establishment by c.14 posts).A contribution from any income budgets not used above will be sought to mitigate the impact							
			budgets not used above will be sought to mitigate the impact							
		Service Implication	This will require a substantial increase in the move to self help by							
			departmental managers and will focus the remaining function on							
			the core statutory duties of the s.151 officer							
		Staffing Implications	3 to 4 posts will need to be deleted							
		Business Plan	It is consistent with the streamlining proposed in the business plan							
		implications								
		Impact on other	This will require a substantial increase in the move to self help by							
		departments	departmental managers							
		Equalities	The down sizing will be managed in line with the corporate							
		Implications	managing of change policies							
		TOM Implications	The change is consistent with TOM themes of process							
			improvement and streamlining							
otal					0	0	216			

SECTION: Corporate Governance

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 15/16 £000	2016/17 £000		2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis - Deliverability	Reputational	Type of Saving (see key)
			Corporate governance - audit service							
			delete auditor post and fees				50	L	L	SS2
		Service Implication	reduced audit resource							
		Staffing Implications	1 possible redundancy							
		Business Plan	none							
		implications								
		Impact on other	None							
		departments								
			None							
		Implications								
Total					0	0	50			

Business Plan implications

Impact on other departments

Equalities Implications TOM Implications

Total

Total

Staffing Implications None

None

None

None

None

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
SECT	ION: Chief	Executive's Offi	ice							
Panel	Ref		Description of Saving		2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Reputational	Type of Saving (see key)
	CS2015-07	-	Running Costs Reduction in running cost budgets A small reduction in the services that can be purchased			28		L	L	SNS2

0

0

28

53

0

385

Panel		F	Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 14/15 £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis - Deliverability	Risk Analysis - Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
		<u>Service</u>	Business Improvement							
		•	Staffing support savings	200		13		L	L	SS2
		Service Implication	None							
			affing Implications 0.5 FTE reduction within division. This is a shared resource with the Resources Division. The saving will actually be delivered by reduction in running costs within Resources and the consolodatrion of the 2x0.5 staffing budgets within resources.							
		Business Plan implications	In line with IT Strategy							
		Impact on other departments	None							
		Equalities None Implications								
		TOM Implications None								
Total	otal			0	13	0				

Panel R	Ref	Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 14/15 £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis - Deliverability	Risk Analysis - Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
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Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 15/16	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis - Deliverability	Risk Analysis - Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
		Service	Safety Services & Emergency Planning							
O&S	I&T 04	Description	Restructure of Safety Services & Emergency Planning team.	226		18	30	L	н	SS2
			Still to be fully evaluated at this stage but likely to have an impact on the councils ability to complete statutory inspections within required timescales. Up to 2 FTE posts deleted through voluntary/compulsory redundancy from an estabilshment of 5.5.							
		Business Plan implications	Existing BP targets will need to be revised to align with reduced resources							
		Impact on other departments	The provision of specialist health and safety advice and support that is currently available to council departments and LA schools							
		Equalities Implications	тва							
		TOM Implications	ТВА							
		Service	Facilities Management - Energy 'Invest to Save' Initiatives							
O&S	I&T 05	Description	Savings achieved through the installation of various energy saving initiatives and subsequent reduction in the consumption of gas, electricity and water. (Subject to agreed investment of £3.3M)	2,900			465	L	L	SNS1
		Service Implications	None							
		Business Plan implications	Will contribute towards improving performance in respect to Business Plan targets for the reduction of CO2 emissions from the Councils buildings and infrastructure.							
		Impact on other	None							
		departments Equalities	None							
		Implications								
		TOM Implications	ТВА							
Total						18	495			<u> </u>

		Entre Gerperate								
Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 14/15 £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis - Deliverability	Risk Analysis - Reputational Impact	
Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 14/15 £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis - Deliverability	Risk Analysis - Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
		Service Staffing Costs Description Reduction in corporate grants budget Service Implication A small reduction in the services that can be purchased from the 3rd Sector Staffing Implications None Business Plan None Implications None Equalities The process will need to be managed to ensure that it is carried out with due regard for equalities issues TOM Implications None significant		c. £750			19	м	м	SNS2
			None significant							
Total	•	• •			0	0	19		•	•
Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 14/15 £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis - Deliverability	Risk Analysis - Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
		Division Corporate Governance - Further Staffing Savings across the division Description Staff savings (to be identified) Service Implications Staff savings (to be identified) Staffing Implications Implications Business Plan implications Implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications					41	М	М	SS2

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 14/15 £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis - Deliverability	Risk Analysis - Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
		Division	Corporate governance - audit services							
		Description	delete 2 auditor posts,0.6 assessor post			73		L	М	SS2
		Service Implication								
		Staffing Implications	1 possible redundancy							
		Business Plan	reduced assurance							
		implications								
		Impact on other	reduced assurance							
		departments								
		Equalities	none							
		Implications								
Total				0	73	41	J			
								7		
Total	Total				0	104	555	J		

DEPARTMENT: CORPORATE SERVICES SAVINGS - BUDGET PROCESS 2016-20 DEFERRED SAVING

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverabi lity	Risk Analysis Reputatio nal Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
O&S	CS48	<u>Service</u>	Further rationalisation of HR Services					High	High	SS1
		Description	Reduction of HR business partner (HRBP's) posts	(130)		130				
		Service Implication	High risk to HR BP support to departments at time of change							
		Staffing Implications	Approximately two/three HR BP's at risk							
		Business Plan implications	Risk of supporting departments through change from PVR and other programmes							
		Impact on other departments	Will diminish HR support to customers on change management, employee relations,							
		Equalities Implications	Will impact women in the division as a high number of HR employees are female							
O&S	CS51	Service	HR Transactions - including COT	(90)		90		Medium	High	SS1
		Description	HR Support - centralisation							
		Service Implication	More self service							
		Staffing Implications	Reduction in staff numbers							
		Business Plan implications	HR transactions review part of long-term HR business plans							
		Impact on other departments	resistance to change							
		Equalities Implications	Will impact women in the division as a high number of HR employees are female							

DEPARTMENT: CORPORATE SERVICES OPTIONS: 2016-2020 DEFERRED SAVING

F	Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000			Type of Saving (see key)
			Service	Human Resources - Business Partners						
()&SC	CS49	Description	Further consolidation of HR advisory work	(140)		140	High	High	SS2
			Service Implication							
			Staffing Implications	Delete X4 advisor posts						
			Business Plan implications							
			Impact on other departments	Some reduction in capacity to support depts but mitigated by the introduction of iTrent						
			Equalities Implications	Significant loss of capacity may affect service provision. Selection of staff for redudancy needs careful handling and EIA						

DEPARTMENT: CORPORATE SERVICES SAVINGS - BUDGET PROCESS 2016-20 DEFERRED SAVING

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	Risk Analysis - Deliverabi lity	Risk Analysis - Reputatio nal Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
		Division	Human Resources							
	CSD28	Description	COT review	(38)		38		М	М	SS2
		Service Implication	Reduced business support							
		Staffing Implications	Reduced staffing levels							
		Business Plan implications	Less transactional support							
		Impact on other departments	Less transactional support							
		Equalities Implications	Proposals affect a female workforce							
		Division	Human Resources							
	CSD29	Description	Recruitment and DBS review	(50)		50		М	М	SS1
		Service Implication	Reduction in HR managerial support							
		Staffing Implications	Reduction in staffing							
		Business Plan implications	Reduction in transactional support							
		Impact on other departments	Reduction in transactional support							
		Equalities Implications	Impacts on a largely female workforce							
	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	
			Net Change: Human Resources	(448)	0	448	0			
	I	1			1	1		1	1	
			Net	(448)	0	448	0			

BUSINESS PLAN 2016-20

PROPOSED DEFERRAL OF SAVING

DEPARTMENT: CORPORATE SERVICES SAVINGS - BUDGET PROCESS 2015/16

P a n e I	Ref	Origi	nal Saving	Baseline Budget 14/15 £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability (L/M/H)	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact (L/M/H)	Type of Saving (see key)
		Division	Infrastructure & Transactions							
O&S	CSD7	Description	Restructure Post & Print section and delete 2 FTE posts.	382	47			L	L	SS2
		Service Implication Staffing Implications	The reduction in resources will increase the time taken to process both incoming and outgoing items of post, which may become critical during peak periods such as Council Tax billing. Delete 2 FTE posts which will result in two staff redundancies.							
		Business Plan implications	None							
		Impact on other departments	Reduction in current level of service may impact some time critical processes.							
		Equalities Implications	None							

P a n e I	Ref	Proposed Change to	o Saving CSD07 (2015/16)	Baseline Budget 14/15 £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability (L/M/H)	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact (L/M/H)	Type of Saving (see key)
		Division	Infrastructure & Transactions							
O&S	CSD7	Description	Restructure Post & Print section and delete 2 FTE	382	(47)	47		L	L	SS2
			posts.							
		Service Implication	The reduction in resources will increase the time taken							
			to process both incoming and outgoing items of post,							
			which may become critical during peak periods such as							
			Council Tax billing.							
			Delete 2 FTE posts which will result in two staff							
			redundancies.							
		Business Plan implications	None							
		Impact on other departments	Reduction in current level of service may impact some							
			time critical processes.							
		Equalities Implications	None							

PROPOSED DEFERRAL OF SAVING

P a n e I	Ref	De	escription of Saving	Baseline Budget 14/15 £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability (L/M/H)	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact (L/M/H)	Type of Saving (see key)
	CSD43	Division Description Service Implication	<u>Corporate Governance</u> Share FOI and information governance policy with another Council. Reduction in management capacity	322	40	10	0	н	L	SS1
		Staffing Implications Business Plan implications	loss of 1FTE none							
		Impact on other departments Equalities Implications	reduction in capacity none							
P a n e I	Ref	De	escription of Saving	Baseline Budget 14/15 £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability (L/M/H)	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact (L/M/H)	Type of Saving (see key)
	CSD43	Division Description	Corporate Governance Share FOI and information governance policy with another Council.	322	(40)	40	0	н	L	SS1
		Service Implication Staffing Implications	Reduction in management capacity loss of 1FTE			(10)	10			
		Business Plan implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications	none reduction in capacity none							
			Net Change Net Change		(40)	30		3		

CORPORATE SERVICES SAVINGS - Original Savings

Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget £000	2017/18 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
CS71	Description Service Implication Staffing Implications Business Plan implications Impact on other departments	Infrastructure & Transactions Delete two in house trainers posts None 2 posts None None		85	Low	Low	SS2
 	Equalities Implications	Human Resources					
CS75	Description Service Implication Staffing Implications Business Plan implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications	Review of COT team staffing in light of potential for 4- borough shared service opportunities Aims to improve efficiencies and economies of scale through a wider partnership approach Likely to be x1 FTE reduction arising from staffing review Need to ensure service standards are maintained Need to ensure that service standards are maintained in light of staffing reductions Given the profile of the workforce is mainly female this will have an equality impact	506	58	Μ	Μ	SS1

CORPORATE SERVICES SAVINGS - Original Savings

Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget £000	2017/18 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
		Infrastructure & Transactions					
CSD2	Description	Energy Savings (Subject to agreed investment of £1.5M)		150	М	L	SNS1
	Service Implication	None					
	Staffing Implications	None					
	Business Plan implications	Will contribute towards improving performance in respect to business plan targets for the reduction of CO2 emissions from the Councils buildings.					
	Impact on other departments	None					
	Equalities Implications	None					

CORPORATE SERVICES SAVINGS - Original Savings

Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget £000	2017/18 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	<u>Division</u>	Infrastructure & Transactions					
CSD7	Description	Restructure Post & Print section and delete 2 FTE posts.	382	47	L	L	SS2
	Service	The reduction in resources will increase the time taken					
	Implication	to process both incoming and outgoing items of post,					
		which may become critical during peak periods such as					
		Council Tax billing.					
	Staffing	Delete 2 FTE posts which will result in two staff					
	Implications	redundancies.					
	Business Plan	None					
	implications						
	Impact on other	Reduction in current level of service may impact some					
	departments	time critical processes.					
	Equalities	None					
	Implications						-
00000	Division	Human Resources Schools COT support (delivery of schools buy-back service)	105	450			
CSD30	Description		425	152	Н	н	SS2
	Service	Removal of dedicated COT support for schools					
	Implication	Post reductions					
	Staffing	Fost reductions					
	Implications	No dedicated COT service					
	Business Plan	No dedicated COT Service					
	implications	No dedicated COT service					
	Impact on other						
	departments Equalities	Impacts on female workforce					
	•						
	Implications Total			492			

CORPORATE SERVICES SAVINGS - Replacement Savings

Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
CS71	Description Service Implication Staffing Implications Business Plan implications Impact on other departments Equalities	Infrastructure & Transactions Delete two in house trainers posts None 2 posts None None None		(42)	(43)	Low	Low	SS2
	Implications Description	Human Resources Review of COT team	506		(58)	M	М	SS1
	Service Implication Staffing Implications Business Plan implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications	Aims to improve efficiencies and economies of scale through a wider partnership approach Likely to be x1 FTE reduction arising from staffing review Need to ensure service standards are maintained Need to ensure that service standards are maintained in light of staffing reductions Given the profile of the workforce is mainly female this will have an equality impact						

CORPORATE SERVICES SAVINGS - Replacement Savings

Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
CSD2	Description	Infrastructure & Transactions Energy Savings (Subject to agreed investment of £1.5M)			(150)	М	L	SNS1
	Service Implication	None						
	Staffing Implications	None						
	Business Plan implications	Will contribute towards improving performance in respect to business plan targets for the reduction of CO2 emissions from the Councils buildings.						
	Impact on other departments	None						
	Equalities Implications	None						
CSD7	<u>Division</u> Description	Infrastructure & Transactions Restructure Post & Print section and delete 2 FTE posts.	382		(47)	L	L	SS2
	Service Implication	The reduction in resources will increase the time taken to process both incoming and outgoing items of post, which may become critical during peak periods such as Council Tax billing.						
	Staffing	Delete 2 FTE posts which will result in two staff						
	Implications	redundancies.						
	Business Plan	None						
	implications							
	Impact on other	Reduction in current level of service may impact some						
	departments	time critical processes.						
	Equalities	None						
	Implications							

CORPORATE SERVICES SAVINGS - Replacement Savings

Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
CSD30	Division Description Service Implication Staffing	Human Resources Schools COT support (delivery of schools buy-back service) Removal of dedicated COT support for schools Post reductions	425		(152)	н	н	SS2
	Implications Business Plan implications Impact on other departments	No dedicated COT service No dedicated COT service						
	Equalities Implications	Impacts on female workforce						
Replacement	Description Service Implication	Review of balance sheet management None		(450)	450	М	L	SNS1
	Staffing Implications Business Plan implications	None To offset savings deferred to 2018/19						
	Impact on other departments Equalities	None						
	Implications TOTAL			(492)	0			
	ORIGINAL SAVINGS			492	0			
	NET CHANGE			0	0			

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 16/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20	£000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
OSC	CS2016 -01	Service/Section	Insurance								
		Description	Reduction in contribution to self insurance fund.								
		Service Implication	Reduction in fund limit recommended by the authority's	870	100			0	L	L	SNS2
			actuaries.								
		Staffing Implications	None								
		Business Plan	None								
		implications									
		Impact on other	None								
		departments									
		Equalities	None								
		Implications									
		TOM Implications	None								

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 16/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
		Service/Section	Revenues and Benefits							
OSC	CS2016 -02		Restructure of Housing Benefits section due to roll out of Universal Credit	1282			60	6 M	м	SS2
			Universal Credit roll out started for all claimants in SM4 in March 2016 and full roll out for new claims for the whole borough will be completed during 2017/18. This roll out will result in reduced caseload for Housing Benefit claims. The timeframe for the migration of remaining Housing Benefit claims is unknown at this stage							
			Reduction in 2 FTE - (possible redundancies) To be managed through agreed procedures							
		Business Plan implications	None							
		Impact on other departments	None							
		Equalities Implications	Could impact on vulnerable and less well off in the community although responsibility for helping with housing costs for the majority of working age claimants will be with the DWP and no longer the council.							
		TOM Implications	The full implementation of Universal Credit and its impact are not yet fully known.							

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 16/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £	000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
OSC		Service/Section	Democracy Services								
	CS2016 -03	Description	Supplies and services								
			Proposed reduction in supplies and services budget, partly due to lower petrol and service costs following purchase of hybrid mayoral car and a reduction in printing costs for committee agendas		50			0	L	L	SNS1
		Staffing Implications	None								
		Business Plan implications	Saving is consistent with business plan objectives to reduce number of suplementary agendas and reduce printing costs								
		departments	None								
		Equalities Implications	None								
		•	Consistent with shift away from print towards on-line publication								
osc		Service/Section	Customers Services								
	CS2016 -04	Description	Increase income through Registrars service	-88	15			0	М	L	SI2
		Service Implication	Promotions to expand take up and introduction of new Home Office services								
		Staffing Implications	None								
		Business Plan implications	In line with business plan								
			No impact								
		Equalities Implications	No impact								
		TOM Implications	In line with TOM								

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 16/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £	000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
OSC		Service/Section	Customers Services								
	CS2016 -05	Description	Increase income through translations	-67				15	м	L	SI2
			Change to staffing structure to increase efficiency and support expanded take up								
		Staffing Implications									
		Business Plan implications	In line with business plan								
		Impact on other departments	None								
		Equalities Implications	EIA will be required as part of organisational change process								
		TOM Implications	In line with TOM								
OSC		Service/Section	Customers Services								
	CS2016 -06	Description	Merton Link - efficiency savings	613		30		0	м	Μ	SNS1
			Efficiencies to reduce cost of service associated with expansion of service and introduction of new technology								
		Staffing Implications	None								
		Business Plan implications	In line with business plan								
		Impact on other departments	None								
		Equalities	None								
		Implications TOM Implications	In line with TOM								

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 16/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20	£000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
OSC		Service/Section	Customers Services								
	CS2016 -07	Description	Cash Collection Reduction	123				30	М	м	SP2
		Service Implication	Contract negotiation to reduce cash collection following introduction and roll-out of cashless parking								
		Staffing Implications	None								
		Business Plan implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications TOM Implications	None Reduction of parking collections following the roll-out of cashless parking None None								

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 16/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20	£000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
OSC	CS2016 -08	Service/Section	Infrastructure & Transactions/Facilities Management		90			190	М	L	SI2
		-	Potential income derived from letting two floors of vacant office space within the Civic centre to external/partner organisations.								
		-	None as the arrangements will be supported using existing resources within the restructured FM team								
		Staffing Implications	None.								
		Business Plan implications	None								
		Impact on other departments	New arrangements should improve outcomes for residents through a more integrated and efficient approach to the delivery of services that will be bought about through the co- location of health teams with Community & Housing and Children, Schools & Families.								
		Implications	None None as this is an agreed objective within the Corporate Services TOM impementation plan.								
	•		Total Corporate Service	es Savings	255	30		301		-	
	Income - incr	ease in current level of	charges ision of existing service/new service	<u>Panel</u> OSC							
SS2 SNS1 SNS2 SP1 SP2 SG1	Staffing: redu Non - Staffing Non - Staffing Procurement Procurement Grants: Existi	ction in costs due to de g: reduction in costs due g: reduction in costs due / Third Party arrangeme / Third Party arrangeme ng service funded by ne	letion/reduction in service to efficiency to deletion/reduction in service ents - efficiency ents - deletion/reduction in service	SPROP			Reductior	n in Pr	operty related co	sts	

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving		2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverabi lity	Risk Analysis Reputatio nal Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
O&S	CS48	Service	Further rationalisation of HR Services			High	High	SS1
		Description	Reduction of HR business partner (HRBP's) posts		130			
		Service Implication	High risk to HR BP support to departments at time of change					
		Staffing Implications	Approximately two/three HR BP's at risk					
		Business Plan	Risk of supporting departments through change from PVR and other					
		implications	programmes					
		Impact on other	Will diminish HR support to customers on change management, employee					
		departments	relations,					
		Equalities	Will impact women in the division as a high number of HR employees are					
		Implications	female					
O&S	CS51	<u>Service</u>	HR Transactions - including COT		90	Medium	High	SS1
		Description	HR Support - centralisation					
		Service	More self service					
		Implication						
		Staffing	Reduction in staff numbers					
		Implications						
1		Business Plan						
		implications						
1		Impact on other	resistance to change					
		departments						
1		Equalities	Will impact women in the division as a high number of HR employees are					
		Implications	female					

Panel	Ref	Description of Saving		2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverabi lity	Risk Analysis Reputatio nal Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
		Service	Human Resources - Business Partners				
O&SC	CS49	Description	Further consolidation of HR advisory work	140	High	High	SS2
		Service Implication Staffing Implications Business Plan implications	Delete X4 advisor posts				
		Impact on other	Some reduction in capacity to support depts but mitigated by the introduction of				
		departments	iTrent				
		Equalities Implications	Significant loss of capacity may affect service provision. Selection of staff for redudancy needs careful handling and EIA				
		Division	Human Resources				
	CSD28	Description	COT review	38	м	м	SS2
		Service Implication	Reduced business support				
		Staffing Implications	Reduced staffing levels				
		Business Plan implications	Less transactional support				
		Impact on other departments	Less transactional support				
		Equalities Implications	Proposals affect a female workforce				

Panel	Ref	Description of Saving		2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverabi lity	Risk Analysis Reputatio nal Impact	Type of Saving (see key)	
		Division	Human Resources					
	CSD29	Description	Recruitment and DBS review	50	М	М	SS1	
		Service Implication	Reduction in HR managerial support					
		Staffing Implications	Reduction in staffing					
		Business Plan implications	Reduction in transactional support					
		Impact on other departments	Reduction in transactional support					
		Equalities Implications	Impacts on a largely female workforce					
		Service	Resources - Staffing Costs and income budgets					
		Service Description	There will be a further review of staffing budgets. This will extend across the entire division, Business planning, Accountancy and the remaining business partners. The proposed staffing savings would reduce the net establishment from from 48.9 FTE to 38.7. (NB the major corporate services restructuring had already reduced the establishment by c.14 posts). A contribution from any income budgets not used above will be sought to mitigate the impact	141	м	м	SS1	Part of £216k achieved
		Service Implication	This will require a substantial increase in the move to self help by departmental managers and will focus the remaining function on the core statutory duties of the s.151 officer					
		Staffing Implications	3 to 4 posts will need to be deleted					
		Business Plan implications	It is consistent with the streamlining proposed in the business plan					
		Impact on other departments	This will require a substantial increase in the move to self help by departmental managers					
			The down sizing will be managed in line with the corporate managing of change policies					
		TOM Implications	The change is consistent with TOM themes of process improvement and streamlining					

Panel	Ref	Description of Saving				Risk Analysis Deliverabi lity	Risk Analysis Reputatio nal Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
		Division	Human Resources					
	CSD30	Decemption	Schools COT support (delivery of schools buy-back service)		152	н	н	SS2
			Removal of dedicated COT support for schools					
		Implication						
		otannig	Post reductions					
		Implications						
		Busiliess I luli	No dedicated COT service					
		implications						
		Impact on other departments	No dedicated COT service					
		Equalities	Impacts on female workforce					
		Implications						
		Infrastructure &	Transactions					
O&S	CS70	Description	Apply a £3 administrative chargeto customers requesting a hard copy		35			SI2
			paper invoice for services administered by Transactional Services team.			L	н	
		Service Implication	None					
			None					
		Implications						
		Business Plan	None					
		implications						
		Impact on other	None					
		departments						
		aspartinonto						
		Equalities	None					
		Implications						

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverabi lity	Risk Analysis Reputatio nal Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	CS75	Service	Review of COT team staffing in light of potential for 4-borough shared service opportunities Aims to improve efficiencies and economies of scale through a wider partnership approach	58	м	м	SS1
		Staffing Implications	Likely to be x1 FTE reduction arising from staffing review Need to ensure service standards are maintained				
			Need to ensure that service standards are maintained in light of staffing reductions				
			Given the profile of the workforce is mainly female this will have an equality impact				
	CSD43	Division	Corporate Governance Share FOI and information governance policy with another Council.	40	н	L	SS1
		Implication	Reduction in management capacity				
		Implications Business Plan	loss of 1FTE none				
		implications Impact on other departments	reduction in capacity				
		Equalities Implications	none				

Unachievable savings to be replaced

Ref		Description of Saving		2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverabi lity	Risk Analysis Reputatio nal Impact	Type of Saving (see key)	
CSD42	<u>Division</u> Description	Business Improvement Restructure functions delete 1 AD and other elements of management		70	Μ	М	SS1	Part of £170k achieved
	Service Implication							
	Staffing Implications	TBC - rationalisation of functions will be sought						
	Business Plan implications	Widen support responsibilities within the Business Systems Team						
	Impact on other departments							
	•	None						
	•			13	L	L	551	
		None						
		0.5 FTF reduction within division. This is a shared resource with the Resources						
	Implications	Division. The saving will actually be delivered by a reduction in running costs						
	Business Plan	In line with IT Strategy						
	implications							
	•	None						
		News						
	•	INONE						
		None						
	CSD42	CSD42 Description Service Implication Staffing Implications Business Plan implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications Service Description Service Implication Staffing Implications Staffing Implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications	CSD42 Description Restructure functions delete 1 AD and other elements of management Service Seeks to achieve economies of scale with minimal impact on services through centralisation Staffing TBC - rationalisation of functions will be sought Implications Business Plan implications Impact on other departments Migrates technical support arrangements to CS. May offer some dept savings. Equalities None Implications Staffing support savings Service None Implications Staffing support savings Service None Implications Staffing support savings Service None Implications 0.5 FTE reduction within division. This is a shared resource with the Resources Division. The saving will actually be delivered by a reduction in running costs within Resources. Business Plan implications In line with IT Strategy Impact on other departments None Implications In line with IT Strategy Impact on other departments None	CSD42 Description Restructure functions delete 1 AD and other elements of management Service Implication Staffing Implications Seeks to achieve economies of scale with minimal impact on services through centralisation Staffing Implications TBC - rationalisation of functions will be sought Implications Widen support responsibilities within the Business Systems Team Impact on other departments Migrates technical support arrangements to CS. May offer some dept savings. Equalities Implications None Service Description Staffing Implications None Staffing Implications 0.5 FTE reduction within division. This is a shared resource with the Resources Division. The saving will actually be delivered by a reduction in running costs within Resources. In line with IT Strategy Implications Business Plan implications In line with IT Strategy Implications Implications None Implications None Implications In line with IT Strategy Implications None None Implications None Implications None	CSD42 Description Restructure functions delete 1 AD and other elements of management 70 Service Implication Staffing Implications Seeks to achieve economies of scale with minimal impact on services Implication Seeks to achieve economies of scale with minimal impact on services Implications Seeks to achieve economies of scale with minimal impact on services Implications TBC - rationalisation of functions will be sought Implications Implication Implication<	Division Business Improvement Restructure functions delete 1 AD and other elements of management 70 M Service Seeks to achieve economies of scale with minimal impact on services Implication Seeks to achieve economies of scale with minimal impact on services Implications TBC - rationalisation TBC - rationalisation TBC - rationalisation Staffing TBC - rationalisation of functions will be sought Implications Widen support responsibilities within the Business Systems Team Impact on other Impact on other Implications Implication Implication	Division Business Improvement To Impact CSD42 Description Restructure functions delete 1 AD and other elements of management 70 M M Service Seeks to achieve economies of scale with minimal impact on services through centralisation TBC - rationalisation of functions will be sought Implications Implications Implications Subiness Plan Widen support responsibilities within the Business Systems Team Implications Implications Implications Impact on other Migrates technical support arrangements to CS. May offer some dept departments Savings. Implications Implications Service None Business Improvement 13 L L Service None None Implication Implication Implication Business Plan 0.5 FTE reduction within division. This is a shared resource with the Resources lin line with IT Strategy In line with IT Strategy In line with IT Strategy Implications In wone None None Implication Implication Business Plan None None None Implication In line with IT Strategy Implications None None	Division CSD42 Division Description Business Improvement Restructure functions delete 1 AD and other elements of management 70 M M SS1 Service Implication Staffing Implications Seeks to achieve economies of scale with minimal impact on services Implication Staffing TBC - rationalisation of functions will be sought Implications Implication Implication Implication Implication Business Plan Implications Widen support responsibilities within the Business Systems Team Implications Implications Implications Impact on other departments Migrates technical support arrangements to CS. May offer some dept savings. Implications Implications Implications Service None Business Improvement Implications Implications Implications Implications Service None Business Improvement Implications Implications Implications Implications Implications Business Plan Implications 0.5 FTE reduction within division. This is a shared resource with the Resources Implications Implications in the consoldatrion of the 2x0.5 staffing budgets within resources. Implications Implications Implications Implications Implication in the with IT Strategy

Unachievable savings to be replaced

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Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 17/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
OSC	CSREP 2018-19 (1)	Service/Section	Infrastructure & Transactions - Facilities Management							
		Description	Renegotiation of income generated through the corporate catering contract		20			L	L	SP1
		Service Implication	None							
		Staffing Implications	None							
		Business Plan implications	None							
		Impact on other departments	None							
		Equalities Implications	None							
		TOM Implications	None							
OSC	CSREP 2018-19 (2)	Service/Section	Infrastructure & Transactions - Facilities Management							
		Description	Review the specification on the corporate cleaning contract and reduce frequency of visits		15			М	м	SP2
		Service Implication	Reduction in the frequency of cleaning is likely to result in a gradual deterioration in the overall cleanliness of the corporate buildings							
		Staffing Implications	None							
		Business Plan implications	None							
		Impact on other departments	Yes and also on users of the buildings.							
		Equalities Implications	None							
		TOM Implications	None							

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 17/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	CSREP 2018-19 (3)	Service/Section	Resources							
		Description	Miscellaneous budgets within Resources		13			L	L	SNS2
		Service Implication	None							
		Staffing Implications	None							
		Business Plan implications	None							
		Impact on other departments	None							
		Equalities Implications	None							
		TOM Implications	None							
	CSREP 2018-19 (4)	Service/Section	Resources							
		Description	Recharges to pension fund		128			L	L	SNS1
		Service Implication	Procurement saving with no effect on service						_	••
		Staffing Implications	None							
		Business Plan implications								
		Impact on other	None							
		departments								
		Equalities Implications	None							
		TOM Implications	None							
		Service/Section	Revenues and Benefits							0
		Description	Council tax and business rates credits		220			L	L	SNS2
		Service Implication Staffing Implications	None None							
		Business Plan implications								
		Impact on other	None							
		departments	News							
		Equalities Implications	None							
		TOM Implications	None							

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 17/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	CSREP 2018-19 (6)		Customer services							
			Reduction in running costs budgets		9			L	L	SNS2
			None							
			None							
		Business Plan implications	None							
		Impact on other	None							
		departments								
		Equalities Implications	None							
		TOM Implications	None							
	CSREP 2018-19 (7)	Service/Section	Translation services							
		Description	Increase in income		10		10	М	М	SI2
		Service Implication	None							
		Staffing Implications	None							
		Business Plan implications	None							
		Impact on other	None							
		departments								
			None							
			None							
	CSREP 2018-19 (8)		Corporate							
		Description	Dividend from CHAS 2013 Limited		215		0	L	L	SI2
		Service Implication	None							
		Staffing Implications	None							
		Business Plan implications	None							
		Impact on other	None							
		departments								
		Equalities Implications	None							
			None							

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 17/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
		Service/Section	Corporate Governance							
		Description	Reduction in running costs budgets		11			L	L	SNS2
		Service Implication	None							
		Staffing Implications	None							
		Business Plan implications	None							
		Impact on other	None							
		departments								
		Equalities Implications	None							
		TOM Implications	None							
	CSREP 2018-19 (10)	Service/Section	Corporate Governance							
		Description	SLLp - Increase in legal income		25			L	L	SI2
		Service Implication	None							
		Staffing Implications	None							
		Business Plan implications	None							
		Impact on other	None							
		departments								
		Equalities Implications	None							
		TOM Implications	None							
	CSREP 2018-19 (11)	Service/Section	Corporate Governance							
		Description	Audit and investigations		50			М	L	SNS2
		Service Implication	Reduction in service days							
		Staffing Implications	None							
		Business Plan implications	Reduce audit capacity.							
		Impact on other departments	None							
			None							
		TOM Implications								

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 17/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
		Description Service Implication Staffing Implications Business Plan implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications	Human Resources Reduction in posts across the department Reallocation of work. Reduction in overall HR staffing levels Delivering to plan and SLAs by introducing new ways of working Reduction of attendance at meetings Due to nature of the workforce a larger portion of women than men affected by the proposal None identified		185			L	L	SNS2
		TOM Implications Service/Section Description Service Implication Staffing Implications Business Plan implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications TOM Implications	Business Improvement - Business Systems Maintenance and Support reduction Reduction in payments to third party providers for maintnenace and support - will only be achieved through decommissioning services and/or systems. There is some risk attached to this saving as timescales and costs for these types of service are difficult to anticipate and plan for. None		10			н	L	SP2

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 17/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	CSREP 2018-19 (14)	Service/Section	Business Improvement - Business Systems							
		Description Service Implication Staffing Implications	M3 support to Richmond/Wandsworth Procurement is underway to refresh the system (M3) for managing manage Planning Applications, Building Control Applications and Land Charges Searches. The exercise is shared with the boroughs of Richmond and Wandsworth and it is envisaged that system support will be provided by Merton. Merton proposes to levy a charge to these boroughs for this support and absorb the additional work into the existing establishment, exploiting efficiencies and economies of scale. The relevant officers within the team will be deployed on		20			м	L	SI2
			system support across several boroughs. No reductions are proposed.							
		Business Plan implications	The work programme of the team will need to be tightly managed to ensure the additional demand is efficiently managed within the existin work arrangements and establishment.							
		Impact on other	No impact on other departments is envisaged.							
		departments Equalities Implications TOM Implications	None envisaged. In line with TOM.							

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 17/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	CSREP 2018-19 (15)	Service/Section	Business Improvement - Business Systems							
		Description	Street Naming and Numbering Fees/Charges Review		15	`		м	L	SI1
		Service Implication	An increase in fees and charges associated with this service that brings them into line with neighbouring boroughs. This will seek to ensure that the council charges appropriately, particularly for larger scale developments.							
		Staffing Implications	None							
		Business Plan implications	In line with business plan.							
		Impact on other	None expected.							
		departments								
		Equalities Implications	None expected.							
		TOM Implications	In line with TOM.							
	CSREP 2018-19 (16)	Service/Section	Business Improvement - Management							
		Description	Operating cost reduction		11					SNS1
		Service Implication	Reduction in purchasing of stationery and use of					-	-	ono i
			postage/mobile phones etc. to reduce operating costs.							
		Staffing Implications	None.							
		Business Plan implications								
		Impact on other	None							
		departments								
		Equalities Implications	None							
		TOM Implications	In line with TOM							

Total Replacement Savings	957

CORPORATE SERVICES SAVINGS - Deferred Savings

Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	<u>Division</u>	Infrastructure & Transactions							
CSD7	Description	Restructure Post & Print section and delete 2 FTE posts.	382	(47)	23	24	L	L	SS2
		The reduction in resources will increase the time taken to process both incoming and outgoing items of post, which may become critical during peak periods such as Council Tax billing.							
	Staffing Implications	Delete 2 FTE posts which will result in two staff redundancies.							
	Business Plan implications	None							
	Impact on other departments	Reduction in current level of service may impact some time critical processes.							
	Equalities Implications	None							
CS2015-03	Service Description	Transactional Services Restructure of Transactional Services team	475	(100)	50	50	L	м	SS2
032015-03	Description		475	(100)	50	50	L	141	332
		Will increase the time taken to process payments and requests for new vendors to be set up on the financial system.							
	•	Up to 3 FTE posts deleted through voluntary/compulsory							
	Implications Business Plan	redundancy from an establishment of 13.3. Existing BP targets will need to be revised to align with reduced							
	implications	resources							
		Will increase the time taken to process payments and requests for new vendors to be set up on the financial system.							
	Equalities Implications	ТВА							
	TOM Implications	To be determined as the potential benefits of both the new financial and Social Care Information systems are currently unknown.							

CORPORATE SERVICES SAVINGS - Deferred Savings

Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	Service/Section	Customers Services							
CS2016 -06	Description	Merton Link - efficiency savings	613	(30)	30		М	м	SNS1
	•	Efficiencies to reduce cost of service associated with expansion of service and introduction of new technology							
	Staffing	None							
	Implications Business Plan implications	In line with business plan							
		None							
		None							
	TOM Implications In line with TOM								
-		TOTAL		(177)	103	74			•

Savings Type

- SS2 Staffing: reduction in costs due to deletion/reduction in service
- SNS1 Non Staffing: reduction in costs due to efficiency
- SNS2 Non Staffing: reduction in costs due to deletion/reduction in service
- SP1 Procurement / Third Party arrangements efficiency
- SP2 Procurement / Third Party arrangements deletion/reduction in service
- SG1 Grants: Existing service funded by new grant
- SG2 Grants: Improved Efficiency of existing service currently funded by unringfenced grant
- SPROP Reduction in Property related costs
- SI1 Income increase in current level of charges
- SI2 Income increase arising from expansion of existing service/new service

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 17/18 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	2018-19 CS01	Service/Section	Infrastructure & Transactions - IT Service Delivery					L	L	SP1
		Description	Revenue Saving associated with current MFD contract		150					
		Service Implication	None							
		Staffing Implications	None							
		Business Plan implications	None							
		Impact on other departments	None							
		-	None							
		-	None							
	2018-19 CS02	Service/Section	Infrastructure & Transactions - Facilities Management							
		Description	Reduction in the level of building repairs and maintenance undertaken on the corporate buildings		100			н	Μ	SPROP
		Service Implication	The level of routine repairs, general maintenance works and							
		Staffing Implications	None							
		Business Plan implications	None							
		Impact on other departments	Yes and users of the buildings.							
			None							
		TOM Implications	May have some impact in terms of the overall condition of the Councils propoerty portfolio and backlo maintenance requirements.							

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving		2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	2018-19 CS03	Service/Section	Infrastructure & Transactions - Facilities Management							
			Adjust current Local Authority Liaison Officer (LALO) arrangements to require Assistant Directors to undertake the	33	33					SNS1
		Service Implication	duties as part of their job description.					L	L	
		Staffing Implications	None Removal of allowance to staff. Duties to be included in job decription of Assistant Directors							
		Business Plan implications	None							
		Impact on other departments Equalities	t on other ments Will be Assistant Directors across all departments.							
		TOM Implications	None							
			None							

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 17/18 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	2018-19 CS04	Service/Section	Infrastructure & Transactions - Facilities Management							
		Description	Delete or full cost recovery of one post within FM	630	36			L	М	SS2
			Possible if deletion of post							
		Staffing Implications	Possible1FTE							
		Business Plan								
ľ			None ber Schools							
ľ			ther Schools							
ľ		departments								
ľ		Equalities								
ľ			None							
ľ		TOM Implications								
			None							
	2018-19 CS05	Service/Section	Resources							
		Description	Reduction in permanent staffing		30			н	м	SS2
ľ			Efficiencies of new financial system when fully embedded							
ľ			should minimise effect on service							
		Staffing Implications	1 FTE							
		Business Plan	None							
		implications								
l			Increase in self service							
l		departments	N Louis -							
l			None							
		Implications TOM Implications	None							

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 17/18 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	2018-19 CS06	Service/Section	Resources							
		Description Service Implication	Miscellaneous budgets within Resources None		0	17		L	L	SNS2
		Staffing Implications	None							
		Business Plan implications	None							
			None							
1		departments								
		Equalities	None							
		Implications TOM Implications	None							
	2018-19 CS07		Resources							
			Retender of insurance contract			50	25	L	L	SP1
		Service Implication	Procurement saving with no effect on service							
		Staffing Implications	None							
		Business Plan implications	None							
			None							
		departments Equalities	None							
		Implications TOM Implications	None							

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 17/18 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	2018-19 CS08	Service/Section	Revenues and Benefits							
		Service Implication	Increase in income from Enforcement Service Increase in number of warrants received from ANPR contriventions		100	20	15	L	L	SI2
		Staffing Implications								
		implications	None Increase in income for E & R							
		Implications	None							
	2018-19 CS09	TOM Implications Service/Section	Customer Contact							
			Reduction/rationalisation in running costs budgets across multiple budgets		35			L	L	SNS1
		Service Implication	None							
		Staffing Implications	None							
		Business Plan implications	s Plan None							
		-	on other None nents							
			ties None							
			None							

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 17/18 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	2018-19 CS10	Service/Section	Revenues and Benefits							
		Description Service Implication	Reduction in staffing Review of staffing structure within the section taking into account impact of universal credit, business rates retention, collection rates for all debt and welfare benefits.		60			L	Μ	SS2
		Staffing Implications	Approximately 2.0 FTE reduction							
		departments Equalities Implications TOM Implications	Plan ons o other Will be reviewed depending on review nts ons ications							
	2018-19 CS11	Service/Section	Corporate Services							
		Description Service Implication	Restructure of management across Corporate Services Will impact significantly on level of support/service offered		400			М	Μ	SS2
		Staffing Implications	5-6 FTE senior managers							
		implications	ions Will require increase in self service and potential loss in customer satisfaction							
		Equalities Implications TOM Implications	None s							

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 17/18 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	2018-19 CS12	Service/Section	Corporate Governance							
		Description Service Implication	SLLp - reduction in legal demand Reduction in legal chargeable hours			50		н	М	SS2
		Staffing Implications	Possible 1 lawyer							
		Business Plan implications Impact on other	ns other ts							
		departments Equalities Implications TOM Implications	None							
	2018-19 CS13	Service/Section	Corporate Governance							
		Description Service Implication	Audit and investigations Reduction in service days		50			м	М	SNS2
		Staffing Implications	Shared service							
		Business Plan implications Impact on other departments	Reduce audit capacity and resource for criminal and civil enforcement None							
		Equalities Implications TOM Implications	ns None							

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 17/18 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	2018-19 CS14	Service/Section	Business Improvement - Business Systems							
		Description Service Implication			20			м	L	SI2
		Staffing Implications	ications existing establishment, exploiting efficiencies and economies of scale. The relevant officers within the team will be deployed on system support across several boroughs. No reductions are							
		Business Plan implications	Plan proposed. The work programme of the team will need to be tightly							
		Impact on other departments Equalities Implications TOM Implications	n otherNo impact on other departments is envisaged.entsNone envisaged; a full EI will be undertaken.onsNone envisaged; a full EI will be undertaken.							

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving		2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	2018-19 CS15	Service/Section	Business Improvement - Policy & Partnerships	248		50		М	М	SS2
		Description Service Implication	Reduce headcount from 4.6 to 3.6 Some of the following services would need to cease - CMT administration, support for Merton Partnership, development and implementation of the Strategic Partner Programme, Merton Intelligence Hub and our strategy around the use of data. The service will explore the introduction of generic working.							
		Staffing Implications								
		Business Plan implications Impact on other departments	See service implications The PSP team delivers support services that tend to support corporate cross cutting projects and there the impact of staff cuts would impact in terms of the projects/support that would							
		Equalities Implications TOM Implications	cease. These are likely since staff are affected. Partnership working, objectives around improved use of data and objectives to improve preventative services within the VCS.							

Proposed Savings

1,014 187 40

CHILDREN, SCHOOLS AND FAMILIES SAVINGS BY YEAR

Ref	Service	Description of Saving	Baseline Budget £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000
CSF2015- 03	Schools	Increased income from schools and/or reduced LA service offer to schools.	Income (1,489)	200			
CSF2015- 04	Commissioning, Strategy and Performance	Commissioning rationalisation.	203	60			
CSF2015- 05	Commissioning, Strategy and Performance	Property and contracts service review.	451	55			
CSF2015- 06	Cross Cutting	Data review & centralisation.	377				
Total Chil	dren, Schools and Families Savings Cabinet	October 2015	T	315	0	0	0
CSF2015- 09	Cross Cutting	Review of CSF staffing structure beneath management level.	1,049	201			
	dren, Schools and Families Savings Cabinet			201	0	0	0
Total Chil	dren, Schools and Families Savings 2016/17			516	0	0	0
			2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	
Total Child	dren, Schools and Families Full Year Effect of		516	0	0	0	

CHILDREN, SCHOOLS AND FAMILIES SAVINGS BY YEAR

Ref	Service	Description of Saving	Baseline Budget £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000
2017/18							
	Cabinet 12 October 2016						
CSF2015- 05	Commissioning, Strategy and Performance	Property and contracts service review.		(55)			
CSF2015- 06	Cross Cutting	Data review & centralisation.					
CSF2015- 09	Cross Cutting	Review of CSF staffing structure beneath management level.		(201)			
CSF2015- 05	Commissioning, Strategy and Performance	Schools organisation and contracts service review.		0			
CSF2015- 06	Cross Cutting	Data review & centralisation.		40			
CSF2015- 09	Cross Cutting	Review of CSF staffing structure beneath management level.		189	201		
CSF2016- 01	Cross Cutting	Deletion of Assistant Director, Service Manager and half an admin support posts as part of phased restructure of the department.		0	0		
Total Child	dren, Schools & Families Savings Cabinet Oct			(27)	201	0	0
	Cabinet 12 December 2016	NEW SAVINGS 2017/18 Budget Process					
CSF2016- 02	Children Social Care & Youth Inclusion	Reduced costs/offer through the national centralised adoption initiative		0	78		
CSF2016- 03	Cross Cutting	Further staff savings to be identified across the department.		0	150		
Total Child	dren, Schools & Families New Savings 2017/18			0	228	0	0
rotal office					220		
	dren, Schools & Families Savings 2017-21			489	429	0	0
Total Child	dren, Schools & Families Savings 2017-21 (cur	nulative)		489	918	918	918
2018/19							
2010/19							
06	Cross Cutting	Data review & centralisation.	377	(40)			
CSF2015- 09	Cross Cutting	Review of CSF staffing structure beneath management level.	1049	(189)			
	dren, Schools & Families Unachievable Saving			(229)	0	0	0
CSF2017- 01	Cross Cutting	Review of non-staffing budgets across the department	824	106			
CSF2017- 02	Cross Cutting	Reduction in business support unit staff	141	33			
CSF2017- 03	Children Social Care	Delivery of preventative services through the Social Impact Bond	6793	45			
CSF2017- 04	Children Social Care	South London Family Drug and Alcohol Court commissioning	6793	45			
Total Child	dren, Schools & Families Replacement Saving	s 2018/19		229	0	0	0
CSF2017- 05	Children Social Care	Delivery of preventative services through the Social Impact Bond	6793			45	
CSF2017- 06	Children Social Care	South London Family Drug and Alcohol Court commissioning	6793			45	
CSF2017- 07	Education	Review schools trade offer, raise charges or consider ceasing services from 2020.	1381			60	
	dren, Schools & Families New Savings 2018/19	•	1331	0	0	150	0
	dren, Schools & Families Savings 2018-22			489	429	150	0
Total Child	dren, Schools & Families Savings 2018-22 (cur	nulative)		489	918	1,068	1,068

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving			2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
C&YP		Description Service Implication	Schools Increased income from schools and/or reduced LA service offer to schools. This saving is in addition to the 400k saving from 2016-17. All CSF SLAs with schools will be reviewed to ensure i) full cost recovery; ii) LBM charges are in line with other providers. We will agree with schools priorities for the use of the retained DSG to support delivery of statutory minimum services to C&YP and will only offer enhanced services at cost. We will also examine further opportunities to trade with schools. If schools are unwilling/unable to pay for core and enhanced services this will result in c10 posts deleted across the department over 2 years. Should funding not be secured there will be implications for service volumes and outcomes. Possible impact on child protection services if service reductions result in escalations from schools and others. We will use the Council's agreed HR policies and procedures for restructuring and will complete EAs. Education and Social Care services for C&YP will be reduced with higher thresholds for access. The department will be reorganised to reflect downsizing as well as flexible working and the introduction of the SCIS. This saving is in line with TOM direction of travel to focus delivery on the council's statutory duties.	Income (1,489) Retained budgets 18,553		200	200	Medium	Medium	SI1 or SS2

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 15/16 £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
C&YP	CSF2015-04	<u>Service</u>	Commissioning, Strategy and Performance							
		Description	Commissioning rationalisation.	203			60	Medium	Low	SS1
		Service Implication Staffing Implications	As a result of savings in commissioned services already agreed, and work with CCG and Public Health partners to rationalise commissioning, the department will need fewer commissioners. 1 FTE post reduction from a total of 2.44FTE.							
		Business Plan implications	s result from fewer and more targeted commissioned services.							
		Impact on other departments Equalities Implications TOM Implications	CSF will need to work with Public Health to maintain appropriate commissioning capacity. We will use the Council's agreed HR policies and procedures for restructuring and will complete EAs. The TOM refresh will include an increased focus on delivering the restructure as well as flexible working and the introduction of the SCIS. The rationalisation of commissioning capacity will be achieved through improved partnership with Public Health and CCG colleagues.							
C&YP	CSF2015-05	Service	Commissioning, Strategy and Performance							
		Description	Property and contracts service review.	451			55	Medium	Medium	SS1
		Service Implication	There will be a lower volume of capital works to expand school provision by 2018-19 enabling a reduction in project management capacity.					incarain		
		Staffing Implications	1 FTE project manager post ot of 3.							
		Business Plan implications Impact on other	on other None specific							
		departments								
		Equalities Implications	- · · ·							
		TOM Implications	The TOM refresh will include an increased focus on delivering the restructure as well as flexible working/SCIS. This proposal is in line with TOM drive to increase efficiency and value via ensuring functions operate with minimum capacity needed. 344							

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 15/16 £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
C&YP	CSF2015-06	<u>Service</u>	Cross Cutting							
		Description	Data review & centralisation.	377		40		Medium	Low	SS2
			This saving will be achieved through i) centralising the residual data/performance monitoring capacity currently dispersed across operational divisions and ii) prioritising work to deliver statutory requirements only. 1 FTE staffing of overall pool of 8 posts.							
		implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications TOM Implications	None We will focus on statutory returns which may impact on requests from other departments. We will use the Council's agreed HR policies and procedures for restructuring. An EA will be developed for the service change staffing proposals. The TOM refresh will include an increased focus on delivering the restructure as well as flexible working and the introduction of the SCIS. This saving is in line with TOM direction of travel to focus on statutory responsibilities and organisation layer strategy.							
Total					0	240	315		1	

<u>Saving</u>	gs Type	Panel	
SS1	Staffing: reduction in costs due to efficiency		
SS2	Staffing: reduction in costs due to deletion/reduction in service	C&YP	Children & Young People
SNS1	Non - Staffing: reduction in costs due to efficiency	O&S	Overview & Scrutiny
SNS2	Non - Staffing: reduction in costs due to deletion/reduction in service	нс&ор	Healthier Communities & Older People
SP1	Procurement / Third Party arrangements - efficiency	SC	Sustainable Communities
SG1	Grants: Existing service funded by new grant		

SG1Grants: Existing service funded by new grantSG2Grants: Improved Efficiency of existing service currently funded by unringfenced grant

SPROP Reduction in Property related costs

SI1 Income - increase in current level of charges

SI2 Income - increase arising from expansion of existing service/new service

Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 15/16 £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key
CSF2015-09	<u>Service</u>	Cross Cutting							
	Description	Review of CSF staffing structure beneath management	1,049		189	201	Medium	Low	SS2
	Service Implication	Deliver for September 2017 so estimated full year effect of \pounds 390k split over two years. With changes to the structure of the department, the implementation of SCIS and a focus on minimal education and social care core functions we will							
	Staffing Implications	Expect a reduction of 13 posts from a total of 268FTE.							
	implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications	functions. A smaller workforce will reduce our ability to work on cross cutting issues and new developments. We will use the Council's agreed HR policies and procedures for restructuring. An EA will be developed for the service							
		the restructure as well as flexible working and the introduction							
		CSF2015-09 Service Description Service Implications Staffing Implications Business Plan implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications TOM Implications	CSF2015-09Service DescriptionCross CuttingService ImplicationReview of CSF staffing structure beneath management level.Service ImplicationDeliver for September 2017 so estimated full year effect of £390k split over two years. With changes to the structure of the department, the implementation of SCIS and a focus on minimal education and social care core functions we will redesign our workforce across the smaller department.Staffing ImplicationsExpect a reduction of 13 posts from a total of 268FTE.Business Plan implications Impact on other departments EqualitiesWe will prioritise our core statutory education and social care functions.We will use the Council's agreed HR policies and procedures for restructuring. An EA will be developed for the service change staffing proposals.Me will include an increased focus on delivering the restructure as well as flexible working and the introduction of the SCIS. The CSF workforce needs to be more highly	RefDescription of SavingBudget 15/16 2000CSF2015-09ServiceReview of CSF staffing structure beneath management level. Deliver for September 2017 so estimated full year effect of £390k split over two years. With changes to the structure of the department, the implementation of SCIS and a focus on minimal education and social care core functions we will redesign our workforce across the smaller department.1,049Staffing ImplicationsExpect a reduction of 13 posts from a total of 268FTE.1Business Plan implicationsWe will prioritise our core statutory education and social care functions. Impact on other departmentsWe will prioritise our core statutory education and social care functions. Impact on other departmentsMe will prioritise our core statutory education and social care functions. The TOM refresh will include an increased focus on delivering the restructure as well as flexible working and the introduction of the SCIS. The CSF workforce needs to be more highly	RefBudget 15/16 2010/17Description of SavingBudget 15/16 20002016/17 2000CSF2015-09ServiceReview of CSF staffing structure beneath management level.1,049Service ImplicationDeliver for September 2017 so estimated full year effect of £390k split over two years. With changes to the structure of the department, the implementation of SCIS and a focus on minimal education and social care core functions we will redesign our workforce across the smaller department.1,049Staffing ImplicationsExpect a reduction of 13 posts from a total of 268FTE.ImplicationsImplicationsBusiness Plan implicationsWe will prioritise our core statutory education and social care functions.ImplicationsImplicationsImpact on other departments EqualitiesA smaller workforce will reduce our ability to work on cross for restructuring. An EA will be developed for the service change staffing proposals.We will use the Council's agreed HR policies and procedures for restructuring. An EA will be developed for the service change staffing proposals.He TOM refresh will include an increased focus on delivering the restructure as well as flexible working and the introduction of the SCIS. The CSF workforce needs to be more highlyBudget 2016/17	RefBudget 15/16 20002016/17 20002017/18 2000CSF2015-09ServiceReview of CSF staffing structure beneath management level.1,0491,049189Service ImplicationDeliver for September 2017 so estimated full year effect of £390k split over two years. With changes to the structure of the department, the implementation of SCIS and a focus on minimal education and social care core functions we will redesign our workforce across the smaller department.1,049148Staffing ImplicationsExpect a reduction of 13 posts from a total of 268FTE.148148Business Plan implicationsWe will prioritise our core statutory education and social care functions.148148We will use the Council's agreed HR policies and procedures for restructuring. An EA will be developed for the service change staffing proposals.148148TOM ImplicationsThe TOM refresh will include an increased focus on delivering the restructure as well as flexible working and the introduction of the SCIS. The CSF workforce needs to be more highly148148	RefBudget t 20002016/17 £0002017/18 £0002018/19 £000CSF2015-00ServiceNerviceCross Cutting Description1,0491,049189Service ImplicationDeliver for September 2017 so estimated full year effect of £390k split over two years. With changes to the structure of the department, the implementation of SCIS and a focus on minimal education and social care core functions we will redesign our workforce across the smaller department.1,049189189Staffing ImplicationsExpect a reduction of 13 posts from a total of 268FTE.Ise a smaller werk on cross cutting issues and new developments.Ise a smaller will reduce our ability to work on cross cutting issues and new developments.Ise a smaller werk on cross cutting issues and new developments.Ise a smaller work on cross cutting issues and new developments.Ise a smaller work on cross cutting issues and new developments.Ise a smaller work on cross cutting issues and new developments.Ise a smaller work on cross cutting issues and new developments.Ise a smaller work on cross cutting issues and new developments.Ise a smaller work on cross cutting issues and new developments.Ise a smaller work on cross cutting issues and new developments.Ise a smaller work on cross change staffing proposals.Ise a smaller work on cross change staffing proposals.Ise a smaller work increased focus on delivering the restructure as well as flexible working and the introduction of the SCIS. The CSF workforce needs to be more highlyIse a staffing include the introduction of the SCIS. The CSF workforce needs to be more highlyIse a staffing include the introduction of the SCIS.	RefDescription of SavingBudget 15/16 £0002016/17 £0002018/19 £000Risk Analysis DeliverabilityCSF2015-09Service DescriptionReview of CSF staffing structure beneath management level.1,049189201MediumService ImplicationDeliver for September 2017 so estimated full year effect of £390k split over two years. With changes to the structure of the department, the implementation of SCIS and a focus on minimal education and social care core functions we will redesign our workforce across the smaller department.1,049189201MediumStaffing ImplicationsExpect a reduction of 13 posts from a total of 268FTE.Issues Plan (functions.We will prioritise our core statutory education and social care functions.Issues and new developments. We will use the Council's agreed HR policies and procedures for restructuring. An EA will be developed for the service change staffing proposals. The TOM refresh will include an increased focus on delivering the restructure as well as flexible working and the introduction of the SCIS. The CSF workforce needs to be more highly2016/172017/182018/19Risk Analysis Deliver abilityTOM ImplicationsFormationFormationFormationFormationFormationFormationFormationFormationTom ImplicationsThe COM refresh will include an increased focus on delivering the restructure as well as flexible working and the introduction of the SCIS. The CSF workforce needs to be more highlyExpect a formationFormationFormationFormationTom ImplicationsThe Components. The COM refresh will inclu	RefBudget 15/162016/17 20002018/19 2000Risk Analysis Risk Analysis Reputational ImpactCSF2015-09ServiceCross Cutting Review of CSF staffing structure beneath management level. Deliver for September 2017 so estimated full year effect of E390k split over two years. With changes to the structure of the department, the implementation of SCIS and a focus on minimal education and social care core functions we will redesign our workforce across the smaller department.1,049189201MediumLowStaffing ImplicationsExpect a reduction of 13 posts from a total of 268FTE. Impact on other A smaller workforce will reduce our ability to work on cross departments1,049IsoIsoIsoIsoIsoIsoIsoImpact on other departmentsAsseller workforce will reduce our ability to work on cross cutting issues and new developments. Equalities TOM ImplicationsWe will prioritise our core statutory education and procedures for restructuring. An EA will be developed for the service change staffing proposals. The TOM refresh will include an increased focus on delivering of the SCIS. The CSF workforce needs to be more highlyIsoIsoIsoIsoIsoIsoTOM ImplicationsThe TOM refresh will include an increased focus on delivering of the SCIS. The CSF workforce needs to be more highlyIso <td< td=""></td<>

DEPARTMENT: CHILDREN, SCHOOLS AND FAMILIES - SAVINGS TO BE REPLACED

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact
C&YP	CSF2015-05	<u>Service</u>	Commissioning, Strategy and Performance							
		Description	Property and contracts service review.	451		55			Medium	Medium
C&YP	CSF2015-06	<u>Service</u>	Cross Cutting							
		Description	Data review & centralisation.	377	40				Medium	Low
C&YP	CSF2015-09	Service	Cross Cutting							
		Description	Review of CSF staffing structure beneath management	1,049	189	201			Medium	Low
			level.							
Total C	al Children, Schools and Families Savings					256	0	0		

DEPARTMENT: CHILDREN, SCHOOLS AND FAMILIES - REPLACEMENT SAVINGS

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 16/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact
C&YP	CSF2015-05		Commissioning, Strategy and Performance							
			Schools organisation and contracts service review.	451	65				Medium	Medium
		Service Implication	There will be a lower volume of capital works to expand							
			school provision and fewer contracts to manage enabling a							
			reduction in project and contract management capacity.							
		Staffing Implications	1 FTE project manager post out of 3.							
		Business Plan	None specific							
		implications								
		Impact on other	None specific							
		departments								
		Equalities Implications	We will use the Council's agreed HR policies and procedures							
			for restructuring and will complete EAs.							
		TOM Implications	The TOM refresh includes an increased focus on delivering							
			the restructure as well as flexible working/SCIS. This							
			proposal is in line with TOM drive to increase efficiency and							
			value via ensuring functions operate with minimum capacity							
			needed.							

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 16/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact
C&YP	CSF2015-06	<u>Service</u>	Cross Cutting							
		Description	Data review & centralisation.	377		40			Medium	Medium
		Service Implication Staffing Implications Business Plan implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications TOM Implications	This saving will be achieved through i) centralising the residual data/performance monitoring capacity currently dispersed across operational divisions and ii) prioritising work to deliver statutory requirements only. Reduced capacity will impact on the deliverability of increased inspection burdons which is why the risk score for this saving has been revised. 1 FTE staffing of overall pool of 8 posts. None We will focus on statutory returns which may impact on requests from other departments. We will use the Council's agreed HR policies and procedures for restructuring. An EA will be developed for the service change staffing proposals. The TOM refresh includes an increased focus on delivering the restructure as well as flexible working and the introduction of the SCIS. This saving is in line with TOM direction of travel to focus on statutory responsibilities and organisation layer strategy. Delivery of a functioning MOSAIC product is key to delivering this saving.							

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 16/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact
C&YP	CSF2015-09	<u>Service</u>	Cross Cutting							
		•	Review of CSF staffing structure beneath management	1,049		189	201		High	Medium
		Service Implication Staffing Implications	level. Deliver for September 2018 so estimated full year effect of £390k split over two years. With changes to the structure of the department, the implementation of SCIS and a focus on minimal education and social care core functions we will redesign our workforce across the smaller department. We have reviewed our workforce folowing our stratagy to reduce agency cost and changes to team management positions. Due to less experianced staff and increased inspection burdens, we revised the risk score for this saving.							
		implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications TOM Implications	We will prioritise our core statutory education and social care functions. A smaller workforce will reduce our ability to work on cross cutting issues and new developments. We will use the Council's agreed HR policies and procedures for restructuring. An EA will be developed for the service change staffing proposals. The TOM refresh includes an increased focus on delivering the restructure as well as flexible working and the introduction of the SCIS. The CSF workforce needs to be more highly skilled and flexible. Delivery of a functioning MOSAIC product is key to delivering this saving.							

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 16/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact
C&YP	CSF2016-01		Cross Cutting							
		Description	Deletion of Assistant Director, Service Manager and half	1,509	224				High	Medium
			an admin support posts as part of phased restructure of							
			the department.							
		Service Implication	The refocusing of our EY Service, minimal Youth offer and							
			reduced commissioning budgets alongside our introduction							
			of a department-wide case work system provide the							
			imperatives to restructure the department. A phased							
			approach across two years is proposed to enable a managed							
			transition to a significantly downsized department.							
		Staffing Implications	2.5 FTE post reductions out of an establishment of 18 FTE in							
			the Senior Leadership Team and 30+ wider management							
			posts across CSF.							
		Business Plan	We will prioritise our core statutory education and social care							
		implications	functions however there will likely be reductions in volume							
			and outcomes.							
		Impact on other	A smaller management team will reduce our ability to work							
		departments	on cross cutting issues and new developments. This will							
			have an impact on management support for partnership							
			working.							
			We will use the Council's agreed HR policies and procedures							
			for restructuring. A single EIA will be developed for the							
			service change staffing proposals.							
		TOM Implications	The TOM refresh will include an increased focus on							
			delivering the restructure. The continued focus on LEAN							
			processes and disciplined performance management will be							
			critical. There are inter-dependencies to potential national							
			policy development with regard to Adoption, Youth Justice							
			and the Council's education duties which will impact on the							
			deliverability of this saving.							
Total C	hildren, Schoo	ols and Families Savings			289	229	201	0		
						(07)	204		004	I
					60	(27)	201	0	234	

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 16/17 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
C&YP	CSF2016-02	<u>Service</u>	Children Social Care & Youth Inclusion							
			Reduced costs/offer through the national centralised	509		78		High	High	SP1
		Service Implication	adoption initiative It is anticipated that the regional centralisation of adoption services will deliver savings through a larger commissioning base and the benefit of economies of scale.							
			Some staff may TUPE into the regional arrangements but this will not be known until later in the project							
		Business Plan implications								
		Impact on other departments	Will be implications with pressures on other CSF services							
		Equalities	We will need to ensure the new arrangements maintain the							
		Implications	improvement of the adoption process and post adoption							
			support to maintain and improve outcomes for this group of							
			vulnerable children and young people. We will use the							
			Council's agreed HR policies and procedures for							
			restructuring and will complete EAs.							
		TOM Implications	In line with CSF TOM							

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 16/17 £000		2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
C&YP	CSF2016-03	<u>Service</u>	Cross Cutting								
		Description	Further staff savings to be identified across the department.	811			150		High	High	SS2
		Service Implication	This is likely to impact on managing safe service and failing to meet regulatory requirements								
			3-6 staff - we will follow our usual HR processes								
		Business Plan implications									
		Impact on other departments	These reductions will place additional burdens on universal targeted and specialist services								
		Equalities Implications	The majority of CSF's General Fund staff are delivering services for highly vulnerable children and young people. We								
			will use the Council's agreed HR policies and procedures for restructuring and will complete EAs.								
		TOM Implications	The TOM sets out an approach to prioritisation but this level of saving will impact on those already most at risk and								
			vulnerable young people at the top end of our Well Being Model								
Total					0	0	228	0			

<u>Saving</u>	<u>is Type</u>	Panel	
SS1	Staffing: reduction in costs due to efficiency		
SS2	Staffing: reduction in costs due to deletion/reduction in service	C&YP	Children & Young People
SNS1	Non - Staffing: reduction in costs due to efficiency	O&S	Overview & Scrutiny
SNS2	Non - Staffing: reduction in costs due to deletion/reduction in service	HC&OP	Healthier Communities & Older People
SP1	Procurement / Third Party arrangements - efficiency	SC	Sustainable Communities
SG1	Grants: Existing service funded by new grant		
SG2	Grants: Improved Efficiency of existing service currently funded by unringfenced grant		

SPROP Reduction in Property related costs

SI1 Income - increase in current level of charges

SI2 Income - increase arising from expansion of existing service/new service

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact
C&YP	CSF2015-06	<u>Service</u>	Cross Cutting							
		Description	Data review & centralisation.	377	40				Medium	Medium
		Service Implication Staffing Implications Business Plan implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications TOM Implications	This saving will be achieved through i) centralising the residual data/performance monitoring capacity currently dispersed across operational divisions and ii) prioritising work to deliver statutory requirements only. Reduced capacity will impact on the deliverability of increased inspection burdens which is why the risk score for this saving has been revised. 1 FTE staffing of overall pool of 8 posts. None We will focus on statutory returns which may impact on requests from other departments. We will use the Council's agreed HR policies and procedures for restructuring. An EA will be developed for the service change staffing proposals. The TOM refresh includes an increased focus on delivering the restructure as well as flexible working and the introduction of the SCIS. This saving is in line with TOM direction layer strategy. Delivery of a functioning							

DEPARTMENT: CHILDREN, SCHOOLS AND FAMILIES - SAVINGS TO BE REPLACED

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact
C&YP	CSF2015-09	<u>Service</u>	Cross Cutting							
		•	Review of CSF staffing structure beneath management level.	1,049	189				High	Medium
		Service Implication	Deliver for September 2018 so estimated full year effect of £390k split over two years. With changes to the structure of the department, the implementation of SCIS and a focus on minimal education and social care core functions we will redesign our workforce across the smaller department. We have reviewed our workforce following our strategy to reduce agency cost and changes to team management positions. Due to less experienced staff and increased inspection burdens, we revised the risk score for this saving.							
		Business Plan implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications TOM Implications	Expect a reduction of 13 posts from a total of 65FTE. We will prioritise our core statutory education and social care functions. A smaller workforce will reduce our ability to work on cross cutting issues and new developments. We will use the Council's agreed HR policies and procedures for restructuring. An EA will be developed for the service change staffing proposals. The TOM refresh includes an increased focus on delivering							
Total Cl	nildren. Schoo		the restructure as well as flexible working and the introduction of the SCIS. The CSF workforce needs to be more highly skilled and flexible. Delivery of a functioning MOSAIC product is key to delivering this saving.		229	0	0	0		

DEPARTMENT: CHILDREN, SCHOOLS AND FAMILIES - SAVINGS TO BE REPLACED

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 17/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact
C&YP		<u>Service</u>	Cross Cutting							
		Description	Review of non-staffing budgets across the department	824	106				Low	Low
			Further reduction in commissioning budgets due to the							
			combining of contracts realising some savings and from reduced support budgets following service redesigns.							
		Staffing Implications	None							
		Business Plan	No specific Implications							
		implications								
			None.							
		departments								
			We will continue to prioritise commissioning according to							
			need, vulnerability and risks.							
		TOM Implications	Savings in line with Merton's Child and Young Person well- being model procurement approach. Resources will be							
			allocated according to need.							
C&YP	CSF2017-02	Service	Cross Cutting							
			Reduction in business support unit staff	141	33				Low	Low
		-	Reduction in administration support following the	141					LOW	LOW
			departmental DMT restructure.							
			Reduction of 1 posts from a total of 4 FTE.							
			No specific Implications							
		implications								
		Impact on other	None							
		departments								
			We will use the Council's agreed HR policies and procedures							
			for restructuring. An EA will be developed for the service							
			change staffing proposals.							
		TOM Implications	This follows on from the departmental TOM DMT restructure.							

DEPARTMENT: CHILDREN, SCHOOLS AND FAMILIES - REPLACEMENT SAVINGS

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 17/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact
C&YP	CSF2017-03	Service	Children Social Care							
		-	Delivery of preventative services through the Social Impact Bond	6,793	45				Medium	Medium
		Service Implication	The LA will buy into the Pan-London Care Impact Partnership for the provision of a Social Impact Bond (SIB) to deliver services designed to work with families to keep young people out of care using the well established Multi-Systemic (MST) and Functional Family Therapy (FFT)							
		Staffing Implications	methodologies. None No specific Implications							
		implications Impact on other departments	None							
		Equalities Implications	This is a service for some of our most vulnerable children and young people.							
		•	This is in line with the CSF TOM and our Child and Young Person well-being model approach.							
C&YP	CSF2017-04		Children Social Care							
		-	South London Family Drug and Alcohol Court	6,793	45				Medium	Medium
		Service Implication	commissioning Enable children to stay at home safely, thereby reducing cost of care proceeding and care placements							
			None							
			No specific Implications							
		-	Potential impact on legal department.							
		Equalities Implications	This is a service for some of our most vulnerable children and young people.							
		TOM Implications	This is in line with the CSF TOM and our Child and Young Person well-being model approach.							
Total Ch	ildren, School	229	0	0	0					

DEPARTMENT: CHILDREN, SCHOOLS AND FAMILIES - REPLACEMENT SAVINGS

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 17/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
C&YP	CSF2017-05	<u>Service</u>	Children Social Care								
		Description	Delivery of preventative services through the Social	6,793			45		High	Medium	SNS1
			Impact Bond								
		Service Implication	The LA will buy into the Pan-London Care Impact Partnership								
			for the provision of a Social Impact Bond (SIB) to deliver services designed to work with families to								
			keep young people out of care using the well established								
			Multi-Systemic (MST) and Functional Family Therapy (FFT)								
			methodologies. This work takes place in the context of a								
			rising population with increasing complex needs.								
		Staffing Implications	None								
		Business Plan	No specific Implications								
		implications	News								
		Impact on other departments	None								
		Equalities	This is a service for some of our most vulnerable children								
		Implications	and young people.								
		TOM Implications	This is in line with the CSF TOM and our Child and Young								
			Person well-being model approach.								
C&YP	CSF2017-06	<u>Service</u>	Children Social Care								
		Description	South London Family Drug and Alcohol Court commissioning	6,793			45		High	Medium	SNS1
		Service Implication	Enable children to return home safely, thereby reducing cost								
			of care placements. This work takes place in the context of a								
			rising population with increasing complex needs.								
		Staffing Implications	None								
		Business Plan	No specific Implications								
		implications									
		Impact on other	Potential impact on legal department.								
		departments Equalities	This is a service for some of our most vulnerable children								
		Implications	and young people.								
		TOM Implications	This is in line with the CSF TOM and our Child and Young								
			Person well-being model approach.								

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 17/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
C&YP	CSF2017-07	Service	Education								
		Description	Review schools trade offer, raise charges or consider	1,381			60		Medium	Medium	SS2
			ceasing services from 2020.								
		Service Implication	All CSF SLAs as well as de-delegated services with schools								
			will be reviewed to ensure i) full cost recovery; ii) LBM								
			charges are in line with other providers. We will also examine								
		Staffing Implications	further opportunities to trade with schools.								
		Starting implications	If schools are unwilling/unable to pay for core and enhanced services this will result in approximately 2 posts deleted.								
			services this will result in approximately 2 posts deleted.								
		Business Plan	Should funding not be secured there will be implications for								
		implications	service volumes and outcomes.								
		Impact on other	Possible impact on child protection services if service								
		departments	reductions result in escalations from schools and others.								
		Equalities	We will use the Council's agreed HR policies and procedures								
		Implications	for restructuring and will complete EAs.								
		TOM Implications	Education and Social Care services for C&YP will be reduced								
			with higher thresholds for access. The department will								
			continue to be reorganised to reflect downsizing. This saving								
			is in line with TOM direction of travel to focus delivery on the								
Total			council's statutory duties.		0	0	150	0			
	OF Toward Couris				0	0					
	SF Target Savin	-				0	3,328	132			
-	-	part of replacement say	vings				0				
(Shortfa	all)/Surplus				0	0	(3,178)	(132)			
Savings	з Туре			Panel							
SS1		in costs due to efficiency									
SS2	U U		osts due to elletion/reduction in service				& Young I	People			
SNS1	0	uction in costs due to efficienc		C&YP O&S		Overview	-	-			
SNS2	0	uction in costs due to deletion		HC&OP				•	er People		
~~~~	2		in costs due to deletion/reduction in service HC&OP Healthier Communities & Older People								

 SP1
 Procurement / Third Party arrangements - efficiency

 SG1
 Grants: Existing service funded by new grant

SG2 Grants: Improved Efficiency of existing service currently funded by unringfenced grant

SPROP Reduction in Property related costs

SI1 Income - increase in current level of charges

SI2 Income - increase arising from expansion of existing service/new service

SC

Sustainable Communities

### ENVIRONMENT AND REGENERATION SAVINGS SUMMARY BY YEAR

Ref	Service	Description of Saving	Baseline Budget £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000
E&R1	Leisure & Culture Development Team	Arts Development - further reduce Polka Theatre core grant	74	4			
E&R2	Leisure & Culture Development Team	Water sports Centre - Additional income from new business - Marine College & educational activities.	(367)	5			
E&R3	Team	Various Budgets - Reduction in supplies & services &/or increased income over expenditure	175				
E&R4	Leisure & Culture	Morden Leisure Centre	233	100			
E&R5	Property Management	Team transformation and asset review	270				
E&R6	Property Management	Reduced costs incurred as a result of sub-leasing Stouthall until 2024. In summary the Council is saving £38k p.a. for three years, and thereafter £57k p.a. as the rent repayment begins.	139	18			
E&R7	Parking Services	Due to additional requests from residents, the budget will be adjusted to reflect the demand for and ongoing expansion of Controlled Parking Zone coverage in the borough. CPZs are only implemented where a majority of residents ask for them and there will be a corresponding increase in PCN fines and permits. There is greater certainty in earlier years where we know of CPZs that are being requested and consulted upon.	(7,176)	163			
E&R8	Parking Services	In response to residents concerns about traffic congestion, enforcement of moving traffic contraventions, following the Imolementation of ANPR.	(5,446)	(500)			
E&R20	Waste Services	To contribute to a cleaner borough, enforcement of litter dropping under EPA/ ASB legislation with FPN fines for contraventions. This follows on from the Pilot private enforcement and in advance of any decisions on future procurement. Litter dropping by residents remains a significant issue and a big factor in the level of cleanliness on	(242)	(2)			
0		our streets .	l	(212)		0	-
Sub-total	Environment and Regeneratio	in Savings		(212)	0	0	0
Total Env	rironment and Regeneration Sa	avings 2015/16		(212)	0	0	0
ENV07	Parking Services	Reduction in supplies & services/third party payment budgets.	571	60			
ENV08	Regulatory Services	Funding of EH FTE by public health subsidy. As agreed between DPH and Head of PP.	190	40			
ENV09	Regulatory Services	Investigate potential commercial opportunities to generate income such as: Trading Standards business advice; contaminated land / acoustic assessment consultancy for developers; processing licensing applications for other LAs; Licensing pre-application service; Shared service seminars.	N/A	50			
ENV14	Property Management	Increase in income from rent reviews of c60 properties.	(4,022)	100			
ENV16	Traffic & Highways	Further reductions in the highways maintenance contract costs following reprocurement. Part year effect in 17/18 due to contract start date mid year.	650	65			
ENV17	Traffic & Highways	Reduction in reactive works budget	650	35			
ENV18	Greenspaces	Increased income from events in parks	231	100			
ENV20	Development & Building Control	Increased income from building control services.	935	35			
ENV31	Waste Operations	Commencing charging schools for recyclable waste (17/18) and food waste (18/19) collection	N/A	9			
ENV32	Transport Services:	Review of Business Support requirements	311	30			
Sub-total	<b>Environment and Regeneratio</b>	n Savings Cabinet October 2015		524	0	0	0
ENV34	Drenerty Mencereret	Increased income from the new an and the set	(4.000)				
	Property Management	Increased income from the non-operational portfolio. Undertaken through a the review of the rent reviews timetabled as part of existing leases.	(4,022)	40			
ENV35	Waste Operations	Efficiency measures to reduce domestic residual waste rounds by 1 crew following analysis of waste volumes and spread across week	2,568	150			
ENV37	Transport: Workshops	develop business opportunities to market Tacho Centre to external third parties	N/A	35			
Sub-total	Environment and Regeneratio	n Savings Cabinet December 2015		225	0	0	0
Total Env	vironment and Regeneration Sa	avings 2016/17		749	0	0	0

### ENVIRONMENT AND REGENERATION SAVINGS SUMMARY BY YEAR

Ref	Service	Description of Saving	Baseline Budget £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000
				2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
Total Env	vironment and Regeneration F	ull Year Effect of Savings Brought Forward		£000 537	£000 0	£000 0	£000 0
	•						
	Cabinet 12 December 2016						
EV08	Waste disposal	Increased recycling rate by 3% following the introduction of service changes proposed as part of the Phase C Lot 1					
		contract.			250		
		Sub-total: changes in Waste Disposal		0	250	0	0
D&BC7	Building and Development Control	Shared service collaboration with Kingston/Sutton		50			
D&BC8	Building and Development Control	Review of service through shared service discussions		274			
		Sub-total: changes in Building & Development Control		324			
		Net Change in Savings - Cabinet December 2016		324	250	0	0
ENR1	Regulatory Services	Further expansion of the shared service.					
				0	100		J
ENR2 ENR3	Parking & CCTV Services Parking & CCTV Services	Pay & Display Bays (On and off street) Increase the cost of existing Town Centre Season Tickets in		44	0		
	-	Morden, Mitcham and Wimbledon.		17	0		
ENR4	Parking & CCTV Services	Charge local business' for monitoring of their CCTV		0	100		
ENR5	Transport Services	Delete 1 Senior Management post		76	0		
ENR6	Waste Services	Wider Department restructure		200	0		
ENR7	Transport Services	Shared Fleet services function with LB Sutton		10	0		
ENR8	Property Mangement	Increased income from rent reviews		150	0		
ENR9	Waste disposal	Increase level of Enforcement activities of internal team ensuring the operational service is cost neutral		0	200		
Total Env	ironment & Regeneration New	/ Savings 2017/18		497	400	0	0
Total Env	ironment & Regeneration Sav	inas 2017-21		1,358	650	0	0
	ironment & Regeneration Sav			1,358	2,008	2,008	2,008
E&R10	Parking Services	Back office reorganisation		(80)			J
E&R21	Waste Services	HRRC Site operations procured to external provider. Contractual savings.		(30)			
E&R33a	Building and Development Control	Increase in income from commercialisation of services		(75)			
E&R39	Traffic & Highways	Pre-application income. This is in addition to any previous pre-app savings proposal.		(50)			
D&BC1	Building and Development Control	Fast track of householder planning applications		(55)			
D&BC2	Building and Development Control	Growth in PPA and Pre-app income		(50)			
D&BC3	Building and Development Control	Commercialisation of building control		(50)			
D&BC5	Building and Development Control	Eliminate the Planning Duty service (both face to face and dedicated phone line)		(35)			
D&BC6	Building and Development	Stop sending consultation letters on applications and erect site notices only		(10)			ļ
ENV06 ENV18	Parking Services	Reduction in transport related budgets		(46)			
ENV18 ENV20	Greenspaces Building and Development	Increased income from events in parks Increased income from building control services.		(100) (35)			
D&BC7	Control Building and Development Control	Shared service collaboration with Kingston/Sutton		(50)			
D&BC8	Building and Development Control	Review of service through shared service discussions		(274)			
T-4-1 F				10.10			
I otal Env	ironment & Regeneration Una	cnievable Savings 2018/19		(940)	0	0	0

### ENVIRONMENT AND REGENERATION SAVINGS SUMMARY BY YEAR

Ref	Service	Description of Saving	Baseline Budget £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000
	Parking Services - ORIGINALLY A GROWTH ITEM	In response to residents concerns about traffic congestion, enforcement of moving traffic contraventions, following the Implementation of ANPR.		500			
	Parking Services/Regulatory Services Partnership	The further development of the emissions based charging policy by way of increased charges applicable to resident/business permits		440			
<b>Total Envi</b>	ronment & Regeneration Unac	hievable Savings 2018/19	0	940	0	0	0
ENR10	Leisure & Culture	Two year extension of the GLL contract	573		300		
E1	Regulatory Services Partnership	Investigate potential commercial opportunities to generate income	0		60	65	75
E2	Waste Services	Thermal Treatment of wood waste from HRRC	302		30		
E3	Leisure & Culture Development Team	Polka Theatre Grant Reduction	64		0	30	
E4	Sustainable Communities	Income from Merantun Development Limited for services provided to the company by LBM	0		100		
E5	Greenspaces	Letting of remaining vacant facilities in Greenspaces	513		50		
E6	Greenspaces	Increased tenancy income in Greenspaces	513		40		
				-			
Total Envi	ronment & Regeneration New	Savings 2018/19	1,965	0	580	95	75
	ronment & Regeneration Savir			1,358	1,230	95	75
Total Envi	ronment & Regeneration Savir	ngs 2018-22 (Cumulative)		1,358	2,588	2,683	2,758

Ref	Service	Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 14/15 £000		2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
E&R1	Leisure & Culture	Arts Development - further reduce Polka Theatre core grant	74	5	5	4	L	L	SNS2
E&R2	Leisure & Culture Development Team	Water sports Centre - Additional income from new business - Marine College & educational activities.	(367)	10	10	5	М	L	SI2
E&R3	Leisure & Culture Development Team	Various Budgets - Reduction in supplies & services &/or increased income over expenditure	175		16		L	L	SNS1
E&R4	Leisure & Culture	Morden Leisure Centre	233			100	L	L	SP1
E&R5	Property Management	Team transformation and asset review	270		82		М	L	SS2 & SI1
E&R6	Property Management	Reduced costs incurred as a result of sub-leasing Stouthall until 2024. In summary the Council is saving £38k p.a. for three years, and thereafter £57k p.a. as the rent repayment begins.	139	39		18	L	L	SPROP
E&R7	Parking Services	Due to additional requests from residents, the budget will be adjusted to reflect the demand for and ongoing expansion of Controlled Parking Zone coverage in the borough. CPZs are only implemented where a majority of residents ask for them and there will be a corresponding increase in PCN fines and permits. There is greater certainty in earlier years where we know of CPZs that are being requested and consulted upon.	(7,176)	260	163	163	Μ	L	SI2 & SNS1
E&R8	Parking Services	In response to residents concerns about traffic congestion, enforcement of moving traffic contraventions, following the Implementation of ANPR.	(5,446)	1,700	(1,540)	(500)	М	Н	SI2
E&R20	Waste Services	To contribute to a cleaner borough, enforcement of litter dropping under EPA/ ASB legislation with FPN fines for contraventions. This follows on from the Pilot private enforcement and in advance of any decisions on future procurement. Litter dropping by residents remains a significant issue and a big factor in the level of cleanliness on our streets.	(242)	20	(3)	(2)	L	L	SI2
Total Env	I Environment and Regeneration Savings				810	(212)			·

DEPARTMENT: ENVIRONMENT AND REGENERATION SAVING	S - BUDGET PROCESS 2016/17
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Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 15/16 £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
		Service/Section	Senior Management & Support							
		Description	Reduce the level of PA support to Heads of Service by 0.6fte.	95		19		Low	Low	SS2
		Service Implication	None							
		Staffing Implications	Reduction of 0.6fte [of 2.6fte]							
		Business Plan	None							
		implications								
		Impact on other	None							
		departments								
		Equalities	None							
		Implications								
		TOM Implications								
		-	service costs							
	ENV02	Service/Section	Parking Services (CEO team)							
		Description	Review the current structure, shift patterns and hours of operation with the	1,311		190		Medium	Medium	SS2
			intention of moving toward a two shift arrangement based on 5 days on/2							
			days off.							
		Service Implication	Better deployment of enforcement resources.							
		Staffing Implications	Deletion of 5 FTE's [of 35fte] whilst retaining existing capacity in CEO hours							
		Stanny inplications	per annum to achieve same outcomes							
		Business Plan	No impact on business plan - allows same outputs with fewer staff							
		implications								
		Impact on other	None							
		departments								
		Equalities	Will require consultation but no immediate equalities implications							
		Implications								
		TOM Implications	This review is mentioned in the TOM but is not referred to in any budgetary							
			forecast . This is consistent with direction of travel in TOM							
	ENV03	Service/Section	Parking Services (CEO team)							
		Description	Reduction number of team leader posts from 4 to 3	1,311		45		Low	Medium	SS2
		Service Implication	Reduced overall management							
		Staffing Implications	Loss of 1 team leaders post [of 4fte}							
		Business Plan	Potential drop in compliance rates.							
		implications								
		Impact on other	None							
		departments								
		Equalities	None							
		Implications								
		TOM Implications	Consistent with direction of travel in reducing management overheads .							

<b>DEPARTMENT: ENVIRONMENT AND REGENERATION SAVINGS - BUD</b>	GET PROCESS 2016/17
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Panel	Ref		Description of Saving		2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	ENV04	Description Service Implication Staffing Implications Business Plan implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications TOM Implications	criptionImproved management of traffic flows/congestion and availability of parking space through Increase compliance based on detailed analysis of existing and projected compliance levels and deployment of resources based upon future projections of population growth , expansion of CPZs where a majority of local residents have asked for this, and areas of potential non-compliance. Improvement in overall enforcement strategyvice ImplicationsNone projected at this stage.iness Plan lications act on other alitiesNoneNone licationsNonelications alitiesNone			250		Medium	Medium	SI2
	ENV05	Service/Section Description Service Implication Staffing Implications Business Plan implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications	Parking Services Review the back office structure based upon the anticipated tailing off of ANPR activity and the movement of CCTV into parking services. Could impact upon the level of service provided To be assessed but could mean the deletion of 2 management posts [of 10fte] Reduction in the costs of 2 posts None None Consistent with TOM direction of travel in reducing back office costs	1,189		70		Medium	Medium	SS2

DEP	ARTME	NT: ENVIRONMENT	AND REGENERAT	<b>ON SAVINGS</b>	- BUDGET PRO	CESS 2	016/17

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 15/16 £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	ENV06		Parking Services			10				0104
		Description Service Implication	Reduction in transport related budgets May result in slight reduction in quality of some areas of service, particularly	140		46		Low	Low	SNS1
			in respect of civil enforcement							
			some changes in staff travel arrangements to ensure on site as effectively							
			and efficiently as possible.							
		Business Plan	None							
		implications	N 1							
		Impact on other								
		departments Equalities								
		Implications								
			consistent with TOM direction of travel							
	ENV07	Service/Section								
		Description	Reduction in supplies & services/third party payment budgets.	571			60	Low	Low	SNS1
		Service Implication	May result in slight reduction in quality of some areas of service.							
		Staffing Implications	None							
		Business Plan	None							
		implications								
			None							
		departments								
			None							
		Implications	consistent with TOM direction of travel							
	ENV08	TOM Implications Service/Section	consistent with TOM direction of travel Regulatory Services							
		Description	Funding of EH FTE by public health subsidy. As agreed between DPH and	190			40	Medium	Medium	SG1
			Head of PP.				-			
		Service Implication	None							
		Staffing Implications	One FTE funded by Public Health							
			Not known at this stage							
		•	None							
			Not known at this stage							
		Implications								
		TOM Implications	Not known at this stage							

Panel	Ref			Baseline Budget 15/16 £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
		Service/Section Description	<b>Regulatory Services</b> Investigate potential commercial opportunities to generate income such as: Trading Standards business advice; contaminated land / acoustic assessment consultancy for developers; processing licensing applications for other LAs; Licensing pre-application service; Shared service seminars.	N/A		50	50	Medium	Low	S12
		Service Implication	To avoid a potential conflict of interest, we will need to create a bespoke team, from existing resources, based on commercial principles that is separate and distinct from the enforcement function.							
		Staffing Implications	Diversion of existing staff to resource the new team will impact in the short term on enforcement capability but as the service grows it will become self- financing							
		Business Plan	Increase in income							
		implications								
		Impact on other	None							
		departments Equalities	None							
		Implications	THOME							
		TOM Implications	Consistent with drive to increase commercialisation in TOM generally							
	ENV10	Service/Section	Regulatory Services							
		Description	Reduction in Transport/Supplies and Services budget through greater efficiency	123		10		Low	Low	SNS1
		Service Implication	May result in slight reduction in quality of some areas of service							
		Staffing Implications	None							
		Business Plan	None							
		implications Impact on other	None							
		departments								
		Equalities	None							
		Implications								
		TOM Implications	consistent with TOM direction of travel							

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving		2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
		Service/Section Description	Leisure & Culture Outsource leisure and sports activities - commissioning of the arts and sports development to an external organisation to replace the in-house provision.	589		59		Low	Low	SP1
		Service Implication	Potential reduction in the scope of the service							
		Staffing Implications	Loss of 3 ftes [of 12.6fte]							
		Business Plan implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications TOM Implications	None Potential loss of departmental support on corporate projects None, objectives would be maintained within the scope of the commissioning brief. In line with the TOM outcomes							
	ENV12	Service/Section Description Service Implication	Leisure & Culture Loss of head of section/amalgamated with head of Greenspaces None; the post would cover the duties of the head of the greenspaces team and the leisure and culture development roles within the more contract management focus of the head of greenspaces role following the procurement of Lot 2 of the Phase C contract.	158		70		Low	Low	SS2
		Staffing Implications	Loss of 1 fte [of 2fte]							
		Business Plan implications	None							
		Impact on other departments Equalities Implications	None							
		TOM Implications	Linked to the outsourcing of the greenspaces functions within their TOM.							

<b>DEPARTMENT: ENVIRONMENT AND REGENERATION SAVINGS -</b>	- BUDGET PROCESS 2016/17
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Panel	Ref		Description of Saving		2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	ENV13	Service/Section	Leisure & Culture							
			Staff savings through the reorganisation of the back office through channel shift from phone and face to face contact.	336		70		Low	Low	SS1
			The introduction of the customer contact centre will reduce the need for							
			phone and face to face contact with customers, reducing the need for office							
			based customer agents.							
		Staffing Implications	Reduction of 3 fte [of 9.6fte]							
		Business Plan	None							
		implications								
			None							
		departments	None							
		Equalities Implications	None							
			consistent with TOM direction of travel							
	ENV14		Property Management							
			Increase in income from rent reviews of c60 properties.	(4,022)			100	Medium	Low	SI2
		Service Implication	none - would be within existing resources							
		Staffing Implications	Part of the current team's core work.							
		Business Plan	In line with the TOM outcomes							
		implications								
			None							
		departments	None							
			None							
		Implications TOM Implications	consistent with TOM direction of travel							

<b>DEPARTMENT: ENVIRONMENT AND REGENERATION SAVINGS - E</b>	BUDGET PROCESS 2016/17
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Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 15/16 £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
		Description Service Implication	<b>Traffic &amp; Highways</b> Reduction in street lighting energy and maintenance costs. Would require Capital investment of c£400k, which forms part of the current capital programme - Investment in LED lights in lamp Colum stock most capable of delivering savings Would require additional specialist staffing resource - costs contained within	884		148		Low	Low	SNS1
		Staffing Implications	the business case that is being prepared. None							
			In line with the TOM outcomes None							
		Implications	None consistent with TOM direction of travel							
	ENV16	Service/Section Description	<b>Traffic &amp; Highways</b> Further reductions in the highways maintenance contract costs following reprocurement. Part year effect in 17/18 due to contract start date mid year.	650		65	65	Medium	Medium	SP2
		Service Implication	none - anticipated service standards at present at lower cost or scaling back through changes in specification / competitive dialogue to ensure cost savings							
		Staffing Implications								
		Business Plan implications Impact on other departments Equalities	will almost certainly require specification / service standard changes to deliver required savings levels None None							
		Implications TOM Implications	consistent with TOM direction of travel in maximising procurement savings .							

<b>DEPARTMENT: ENVIRONMENT AND REGENERATION SAVINGS - E</b>	BUDGET PROCESS 2016/17
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Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 15/16 £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
			<b>Traffic &amp; Highways</b> Reduction in reactive works budget Reduction in carriageway and footpath reactive maintenance with possible increase in insurance claims. None	650		30	35	Low	Medium	SNS2
		implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications	Reduction in response times and possibly intervention threshold. Increase in corporate services insurance workload None consistent with TOM direction of travel							
		Service/Section Description Service Implication Staffing Implications Business Plan implications	Greenspaces Increased income from events in parks Increased income through a broader range of commercial opportunities - over and above those previously agreed. Some unquantified extra resource likely to be required, linked to the business case for each initiative. In line with the TOM outcomes None	231		100	100	Medium	Medium	SI2
		departments Equalities Implications	None In line with the TOM direction of travel							

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 15/16 £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	ENV19	Service/Section Description	<b>Greenspaces</b> Planned re-distribution of North East Surrey Crematorium funds to be used to offset costs associated with the running of the Council's cemeteries. This is expected to be min £80k from 17/18 and for min 8 years . Unringfenced .	N/A		90		Low	Low	SNS1
		Service Implication	None							
		Staffing Implications	None							
		implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications	None None No TOM implications							
	ENV20	Service/Section	Development & Building Control							
			Increased income from building control services. Increased income through a broader range of commercial opportunities - over and above those previously agreed. None	935		35	35	Medium	Low	SI2
		Business Plan implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications TOM Implications	In line with the TOM outcomes None None In line with the TOM outcomes however care will be needed to ensure there is no duplication of commercial income counting.							
	ENV21	Service/Section Description Service Implication Staffing Implications	Greenspaces Reduction in the grant to Wandle Valley Parks Trust Impact on the core operating budget of the Wandle Valley Parks Trust. None	12		6		Low	Medium	SG2
		Business Plan implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications TOM Implications	None None None Consistent with TOM direction of travel							

Panel	Ref		E Description of Saving		2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
		Description Service Implication	<b>Greenspaces</b> Reduction in grant to Mitcham Common Conservators. May result in reduction in grant from LB Croydon and Sutton; would be offset by the income generation of the Conservators through their assets.	48		24		Low	Medium	SG2
		Staffing Implications	None							
		Business Plan implications	None							
		Impact on other departments	None							
		Equalities	None							
		Implications TOM Implications	Consistent with TOM direction of travel							
		Description Service Implication	<b>Greenspaces</b> Further savings from the phase C procurement of Lot 2. Anticipated additional savings through the commercial dialogue that will take place as part of the phase C procurement of Lot 2.	3,648		160		Medium	Medium	SP1
			None; in line with current procurement process							
		implications	None; in line with current procurement process							
		departments Equalities	None							
		Implications TOM Implications	Consistent with TOM direction of travel							

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving			2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
		Description	<b>Future Merton</b> Cease subscription to Urban London and Future London Leaders from service budgets and prioritise the use of corporate training and development budgets to pay for these activities that provide considerable professional development courses and represent very good value for money.	18		10		Low	Low	SNS2
		Service Implication	None							
		Staffing Implications	None							
		implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications	None Would require corporate learning and development to prioritise these training opportunities. None Consistent with TOM direction of travel							
		Description Service Implication	Waste Department restructure of the waste section Moving from a support function towards a commercialised commissioning and clienting service post Phase C contract award equivalent of c5fte [of 13.19fte] across all levels of staff	514		191		Low	Medium	SS2
		Business Plan implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications TOM Implications	To be assessed following contract award and SLWP clienting requirements TBC TBC Consistent with TOM direction of travel							

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 15/16 £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	ENV26	Service/Section	Waste Operations: waste collection							
		Service Implication	Re-balancing of rounds Reduced overtime payments and additional staff requirements for current heavy collection. Will impact on days of collection for some residents across	2,568		20		Medium	Medium	SNS1
			the Borough. Heavy Days (Thursday and Friday) Reduction in overtime and agency usage							
		Business Plan								
		implications								
		Impact on other								
		departments	TD 0							
		•	TBC							
		Implications	Operations with TOM dimensions of travel							
			Consistent with TOM direction of travel Waste Services							
			Remove free provision of food waste liners	137		66		Low	Medium	SNS2
		-	Potential reduction in participations levels	157		00		LOW	Wediam	01102
		Staffing Implications	None							
			Potential reduction in recycling / composting performance.							
		implications Impact on other	None							
		departments								
		-	To be completed							
		Implications	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
		-	Consistent with TOM direction of travel							

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 15/16 £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	ENV28		Waste Services: waste disposal					_	_	
		Description	Divert gully waste and mechanical Street sweepings from landfill through pre- treatment and recycling	4,360		37		Low	Low	SP1
		Service Implication	None( assumes tipping at Garth Rd WTS)							
		Staffing Implications	None							
		Business Plan implications	Increase in waste diversion							
			None - procurement will be required							
		departments								
		Equalities Implications	None							
			Consistent with TOM direction of travel							
	ENV29		Waste Services: recyclate income							
		Description	Realign budget to reflect actual income achieved through sale of textiles	N/A		20		Low	Low	SP1
		Service Implication	None							
		Staffing Implications	None							
		Business Plan	None							
		implications Impact on other	None							
		departments Equalities	None							
		Implications								
		TOM Implications	Consistent with TOM direction of travel							
			Waste Services: Garden waste service							
		Description	Increase annual subscription fees by £5 p.a.	(329)		30		Low	High	SI1
		Service Implication	Possible reduction in subscriptions							
		Staffing Implications	None							
		Business Plan	Potential reduction in recycling / composting performance.							
		implications	Nene							
		Impact on other departments	None							
		Equalities	To be undertaken							
		Implications								
		TOM Implications	Consistent with TOM direction of travel							

DEPARTM	ENT: ENVIRONMENT	AND REGENERATION SAVI	NGS - BUDGET PRO	CESS 20	016/17

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 15/16 £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
		Description	Waste Operations Commencing charging schools for recyclable waste (17/18) and food waste (18/19) collection Possible loss of contracts to private sector	N/A		102	9	Low	Medium	SI1
		Staffing Implications	None							
		implications	Potential impact on overall waste diversion tbc							
		Equalities Implications TOM Implications	to be completed Consistent with TOM direction of travel							
			ervice/Section         Transport Services:           escription         Review of Business Support requirements				30	L	L	SS2
		Staffing Implications	Reduction of 1 fte [of 8.33fte]							
		Business Plan         implications         Impact on other       Saving would result in a reduction in client budgets.         departments         Equalities         Implications								
	TOM Implications Consistent with TOM direction of travel Total Environment and Regeneration Savings						524			

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 14/15 £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	ENV33	Service/Section	Parking Services							
		Description	Development of emissions based charging policy for resident/business permits recognising the damage particulary from diesel engined motor vehicles	N/A		250		Medium	High	SI1
		Service Implication	Will have no impact on service - same volume of permits will still be issued but greater variety . Links with DVLA will provide info							
		Staffing Implications	Initially resource intensive to develop policy, but there after little impact expected.							
		Business Plan implications	Will encourage cleaner air quality and contribute to public health agenda							
		Impact on other departments	Potential impact initially on EH (P) team during development of policy.							
		Equalities	None anticipated as vehicle emissions has no known correlation with							
		Implications TOM Implications	equalities groups This has not previously been explored in TOM work and is completely new							
			area of service development which has been brought forward in light of air quality management issues across London.							
	ENV34	Service/Section	Property Management							
		Description	Increased income from the non-operational portfolio. Undertaken through a	(4,022)		8	40	Low	Low	SI1
			the review of the rent reviews timetabled as part of existing leases.							
		Service Implication	Capital investment would be required folowing the completion of the non-							
			operational estate asset review (summer 2015) to determine properties and							
			land interests that would increase in rental income through capital investment.							
			There is currently monies contained within the capital programme - any							
			further investment would require individual business cases to be approved for further caputal investment.							
		Staffing Implications	Part of the current team's core work.							
		Business Plan	None							
		mplications								
		departments	mpact on other None							
		Equalities	-							
		Implications								
		TOM Implications	consistent with TOM direction of travel							

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 14/15 £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
		Service/Section Description Service Implication	Waste Operations Efficiency measures to reduce domestic residual waste rounds by 1 crew following analysis of waste volumes and spread across week There may be a requirement to change the waste presentation policy, where residents will be permitted to present waste on the pavement rather than with	2,568			150	High	High	SNS1
		Staffing Implications	in their property boundary on the day of collection only. Reduction of 4 FTE [ though this saving would be taken as part of Phase C procurement if timetable goes to plan]							
		Business Plan implications Impact on other departments	None Transport							
		Equalities Implications	None anticipated							
		Service Implication	Waste Services: Neighbourhood recycling Review and removal of NRCs Reduction in outlets for residents to recycle domestic waste. Reducing ongoing maintenance, cleaning and fly tp removal requirements None	4,360		50		Medium	High	SNS2
		implications Impact on other departments	Potential reduction in recycling performance partly mitigated by potential reduction in fly-tips at some of these sites None							
		Implications	lications							

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving			2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	ENV37		Transport: Workshops							
			develop business opportunities to market Tacho Centre to external third	N/A			35	Medium	Low	SI2
			parties							
		•	Will need to ensure capacity is available to avoid conflict with in-house							
			requirements							
		Staffing Implications	None							
		Business Plan	None though this would be part of Phase C and external contractor work if							
			procurement goes to timetable.							
		-	Saving would result in a reduction in client charges / budgets .							
	departments									
		-	None anticipated							
		Implications								
		TOM Implications	Consistent with TOM direction of travel							
			on Savings	0	308	225				

# **Previously Agreed Saving**

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
2015/18		Service/Section Description	Waste disposal Increased recycling rate by 3% following education and communications activity funded by WCSS. This will be driven by the incentivisation and education programme due to commence in March 2014.	250			Medium	Medium	SNS1
		Service Implication	None						
		Staffing Implications	None						
		Business Plan	None						
		implications Impact on other	None						
		departments							
		Equalities Implications	None						
		TOM Implications	None						

# **Deferred Savings proposal**

# **DEPARTMENT: ENVIRONMENT AND REGENERATION SAVINGS - BUDGET PROCESS**

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving				Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
SC	EV08	Service/Section Description	Waste disposal Increased recycling rate by 3% following the introduction of service changes proposed as part of the Phase C Lot 1 contract. It is expected that the introduction of alternate weekly collections of residual waste will drive up recycling activity and increase participation in the food waste service (which will continue as a weekly collection service)			250	Medium	Medium	SNS1
		Service Implication Staffing Implications Business Plan implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications TOM Implications	None None Improved recycling performance None The phase C procurement is reflected in the TOM as is the drive to increase and maximise recycling opportunities through the contract.						

#### Savings Type

- SI1 Income increase in current level of charges
- SI2 Income increase arising from expansion of existing service/new service
- **SS1** Staffing: reduction in costs due to efficiency
- **SS2** Staffing: reduction in costs due to deletion/reduction in service
- SNS1 Non Staffing: reduction in costs due to efficiency
- SNS2 Non Staffing: reduction in costs due to deletion/reduction in service
- SP1 Procurement / Third Party arrangements efficiency
- SP2 Procurement / Third Party arrangements deletion/reduction in service
- **SG1** Grants: Existing service funded by new grant
- SG2 Grants: Improved Efficiency of existing service currently funded by unringfenced grant
- **SPROP** Reduction in Property related costs

# Previously Agreed Savings

Budget Process	Ref		Description of Saving	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
2015/18	D&BC	Service/Section	Building & Development Control						
		Description	Review of service through shared service discussions with		500				
			neighbouring boroughs - delaying the imlemntation of the		569		Medium	Medium	SS2
		Service Implication	2016/17 savings to 2017/18. To be determined through shared service discussions						
		Service implication	To be determined through shared service discussions						
		Staffing Implications	To be determined through shared service discussions						
		Business Plan	To be determined through shared service discussions						
		implications	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
		Impact on other	None.						
		departments							
		Equalities	None.						
		Implications							
		TOM Implications	In line with the TOM.						

Budget Process	Ref		Description of Saving	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
<u>Alternat</u>	tive Sa	avings Propos	als						
SC		Description	<b>Building and Development Control</b> Fast track of householder planning applications New processes to be implemented and securely embedded		55		Low	Low	SI2
			None. Sufficient staff will have to be retained to service the concept. Failure to deliver properly and the service will not be used thereby eliminating the income generation.						
		implications	Increased income						
		departments	None						
		Implications	None In line with TOM proposals						
SC		Service/Section Description	<b>Building and Development Control</b> Growth in PPA and Pre-app income Responsiveness to service requests should not change.		50		Medium	Low	SI2
			As the service/income improves extra staffing will be needed and funded from a proportion of that extra income.						
		implications	Increased income						
		departments	Future Merton could also need to adjust staffing accordingly						
		Implications	none In line with TOM proposals						

Budget Process	Ref		Description of Saving	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
SC			Building and Development Control		50				010
			Commercialisation of building control This has so far proven difficult mainly due to recruitment		50		High	Low	SI2
		•	issues						
			Will need an invest to save with any additional staff funded						
		<b>-</b> .	by some of the increased income generation						
		Business Plan	Increased income						
		implications							
		-	None . Expanded team could better support other internal						
			users						
		Equalities Implications	None						
			Integral part of the TOM for BC						
SC			Building and Development Control						
			Deletion of 1 FTE (manager or deputy)		45		Low	High	SS2
			25% reduction in investigation capability. New processes					5	
		-	required to reduce the need for investigations.						
		Staffing Implications	reduction of 1 FTE						
			New performance measures will need to be agreed						
		implications	Deduced connect for joint enforcement investigations						
		Impact on other departments	Reduced support for joint enforcement investigations						
			none						
		Implications							
			New eforms and investigation criteria will need to be						
			embedded in accordance with the TOM						

Budget Process	Ref		Description of Saving	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
SC	D&BC5	Description	Building and Development Control Eliminate the Planning Duty service (both face to face and dedicated phone line)		35		Low	High	SS2
		Service Implication	Callers will still try to contact officers by other means in any event, so there will have to be a clear understanding and agreed supported message that such calls will not be dealt with. Web site self service improvements will be required						
		Staffing Implications	Reduce by 1FTE						
		Business Plan implications	none						
		Impact on other departments	Less assistance for pre app enquiries (unless charged)						
		Equalities Implications	reduced assistance for all residents in understanding the planning process						
		TOM Implications	Reduced customer care, contrary to the general aims of TOM						
SC	D&BC6	Service/Section Description	Building and Development Control Stop sending consultation letters on applications and erect site notices only		10		Low	Medium	SNS2
		Service Implication	Site notices will be mandatory so failsafe system to be devised						
		Staffing Implications	none						
		Business Plan implications	None						
		Impact on other departments	none						
		Equalities Implications	Those without web site connections will find it difficult to search for application details						
		TOM Implications	None						

Budget Process	Ref		Description of Saving	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
SC	D&BC7	Service/Section Description Service Implication	Building and Development Control Shared service collaboration with Kingston/Sutton Combined analysis of service delivery should result in further additional income streams from PPA's and Pre-apps and more efficient working practices across the service			50	Low	Low	SI2
		Business Plan implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications	Additional service demand may need more staff. Efficiencies should result in less staff. Increased income, PPA's and pre apps None						
SC	D&BC8	TOM Implications Service/Section Description Service Implication	Significant progress on one of the main TOM strategies <b>Building and Development Control</b> Review of service through shared service discussions To be determined through shared service discussions			274	High	Medium	SI1; SI2; SS1; SS2;SNS1; SNS2
			To be determined through shared service discussions To be determined through shared service discussions						
		implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications TOM Implications	None. None. In line with the TOM.						
			TOTAL NET	0	245 324	324 (324)			

	Budget Process	Ref	Description of Saving	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
5	<u>Savings Typ</u>	e							
ę	SI1	Income -	increase in current level of charges						
ę	SI2	Income -	increase arising from expansion of existing service/new service						
Ş	SS1	Staffing:	reduction in costs due to efficiency						
Ş	SS2	Staffing:	reduction in costs due to deletion/reduction in service						
ę	SNS1	Non - Sta	affing: reduction in costs due to efficiency						
ę	SNS2	Non - Sta	affing: reduction in costs due to deletion/reduction in service						
ę	SP1	Procuren	nent / Third Party arrangements - efficiency						
ę	SP2	Procurement / Third Party arrangements - deletion/reduction in service							
ę	SG1	Grants: Existing service funded by new grant							
9	SG2	Grants: I	mproved Efficiency of existing service currently funded by unringfenced grant						

**SPROP** Reduction in Property related costs

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 16/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
SC	ENR1	Service/Section Description	Regulatory Services Further expansion of the shared service.				100	Med	Low	SI2; SS1; SNS1
		Service Implication	This is a new business development associated with new partners over and above those we are already in discussion with joining the RSP							
		Staffing Implications	TBC							
		Business Plan implications	In line with TOM aspirations							
		Impact on other	Potential increased demand on support services during set							
		departments Equalities	up period None							
		Implications TOM Implications	In line with TOM aspirations							
SC	ENR2	Service/Section	Parking & CCTV Services							
		Description Service Implication	Pay & Display Bays (On and off street) This proposal involves the introduction of a charge for			44	0	Low	High	SI1
		Service implication	something that is provided for free at the moment. Currently							
			we make provision for motor cycle and Blue Badge holders							
			to park for free in pay and display bays both on and off street.							
		Staffing Implications	None							
		Business Plan	None							
		implications Impact on other departments	None							
		Equalities	This will have a negative implication for persons who are							
		Implications TOM Implications	RDP. Would not be consistent with overall aspiration of improved							
			service to customers.							

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 16/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
SC	ENR3		Parking & CCTV Services		10	47	•			010
		Description	Increase the cost of existing Town Centre Season Tickets in Morden, Mitcham and Wimbledon.		16	17	0	Low	Med	SI2
		Service Implication	None							
			Modest implications related to administration and enforcement associated with permits.							
			None							
		implications	N I							
			None							
		departments Equalities	None							
		Implications								
			Broadly consistent with TOM							
SC	ENR4		Parking & CCTV Services							
			Charge local business' for monitoring of their CCTV				100	Med	Low	SI2
		Service Implication	Expanded CCTV service							
		Staffing Implications	May require additional CCTV monitoring staff. The figure of							
		Duralina a Dian	100k is net of any "invest to save" cost.							
		Business Plan implications	Expansion of service							
		-	None							
		departments								
		-	None							
		Implications								
			Consistent with TOM objective of growing the CCTV service							
			and developing it's commercial offer.							

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 16/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
SC	ENR5	Service/Section Description Service Implication	Transport Services Delete 1 Senior Management post			76	0	Med	Low	SS2
		Staffing Implications	reduction of 1 fte							
		Business Plan implications	None							
		-	dependant on new clienting structure in 'Public Space,							
			Contracting and commissioning dept							
		Equalities	NONE							
		Implications								
	ENR6		dependant on outcome of Fleet Review							
SC	ENKO	Service/Section	Waste Services			200	•	Lliath	Low	660
		-	Wider Department restructure Moving from a support function towards a commercialised			200	0	High	Low	SS2
			commissioning and clienting service across the wider Public							
			Space and Commissioning / Contract management team.							
			Equivalent of a reduction of c5 -6FTE across a range of grades							
		Business Plan	To be assessed following service changes and mobilisation							
		implications	of Phase C contracts.							
		Impact on other	ТВС							
		departments								
		Equalities	TBC							
		Implications								
		TOM Implications	Consistent with TOM direction of travel							

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 16/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
SC	ENR7	Service/Section Description Service Implication	Transport Services Shared Fleet services function with LB Sutton Additional administration for c40 vehicles			10	0	Med	Low	SI2
		Staffing Implications	None							
		Business Plan	None							
		implications								
		· ·	None							
		departments	Nene							
		Equalities Implications	None							
		TOM Implications	This proposal is set out in the Council's Transport TOM and							
			accords with maximising income from third parties.							
SC	ENR8	Service/Section	Property Mangement							
		Description	Increased income from rent reviews			150	0	Med	Low	SI1
		Service Implication	None							
		Staffing Implications	Increased workload managed within existing staff team							
		Business Plan implications	Increased income from existing assets							
			Increased legal and corporate finance input							
		departments								
			None							
		Implications								
		TOM Implications	In line with TOM proposals							

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 16/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
SC	ENR9	Service/Section	Waste disposal							
		Description	Increase level of Enforcement activities of internal team ensuring the operational service is cost neutral				200	High	Low	SNS1
		Service Implication	None							
		Staffing Implications	Skills Gap - Reduced level of engagement shifting focus to enforcement activities							
		Business Plan	Reduces level of engagement / inspections							
		implications								
		Impact on other	ICT - Upgrade to the current system may be required, as well							
		departments	as mobile devices for staff.							
		Equalities	None							
		Implications								
		TOM Implications	None							
			Total Environment and Regeneration	on Savings	16	497	400			

#### Savings Type

- **SI1** Income increase in current level of charges
- SI2 Income increase arising from expansion of existing service/new service
- **SS1** Staffing: reduction in costs due to efficiency
- SS2 Staffing: reduction in costs due to deletion/reduction in service
- SNS1 Non Staffing: reduction in costs due to efficiency
- SNS2 Non Staffing: reduction in costs due to deletion/reduction in service
- **SP1** Procurement / Third Party arrangements efficiency
- SP2 Procurement / Third Party arrangements deletion/reduction in service
- **SG1** Grants: Existing service funded by new grant
- SG2 Grants: Improved Efficiency of existing service currently funded by unringfenced grant
- **SPROP** Reduction in Property related costs

- Panel
- C&YPChildren & Young PeopleCCCorporate Capacity
- HC&OP Healthier Communities & Older People SC Sustainable Communities

# CABINET OCTOBER 2017 Previously Agreed Savings

### DEPARTMENT: ENVIRONMENT AND REGENERATION SAVINGS

Ref		Description of Saving	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
E&R10	Service/Section	Parking Services						
	Description	Back office reorganisation	80			Low	Low	SS1
	Service Implication	Review the current back office structure						
	Staffing Implications	Reduction in staff						
	Business Plan	Improve efficiencies by reducing revenue expenditure						
	Impact on other	None						
	Equalities Implications	None						
E&R21	Service/Section	Waste Services						
	Description	HRRC Site operations procured to external provider. Contractual savings.	30			Low	Low	SP1
	Service Implication	None - Continuation of externalised service - current procurement in						
		progress						
	Staffing Implications	TUPE and impact on transfer station.						
	Business Plan	None						
	Impact on other	None						
	Equalities Implications	None						
E&R33a	Service/Section	D&BC Various Budgets - Increase in income from commercialisation						
		of services						
	Description	Increase in commercial income across a range of budgets following	75			High	Low	SI1/SI2
		recruitment of commercial sales manager from 15/16. This includes events						
		in parks / commercial waste / leisure/ building control and other income						
		streams to be developed						
	Service Implication	Will work closely with Business managers in EandR and across Council						
	Staffing Implications	2 year Fixed term contract due to commence early 2015 funded from						
		Transformation budgets alongside Marketing Manager.						
ĺ	Business Plan	Consistent with transformation Plan						
	Impact on other	Will work with other income generating staff across the council						
	Equalities Implications	None anticipated						
E&R39	Service/Section	Traffic & Highways						
	Description	Pre-application income. This is in addition to any previous pre-app savings	50			Med	Med	SI2
		proposal.						
	Service Implication	Charging for pre-application services inputted from the T&H service as part						
		of the pre application service.						
	Staffing Implications	Delivered within existing resources						
	Business Plan	Increased income						
	Impact on other	Will require close liaison with DC/BC team						
	Equalities Implications	None						

Ref		Description of Saving	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
D&BC1	Service/Section	Building and Development Control Fast track of householder planning applications		55		Low	Low	SI2
	Description Service Implication	New processes to be implemented and securely embedded		55		LOW	LOW	512
	Staffing Implications	None. Sufficient staff will have to be retained to service the concept. Failure						
	etaning implications	to deliver properly and the service will not be used thereby eliminating the						
		income generation.						
	Business Plan	Increased income						
	implications							
	Impact on other	None						
	departments							
	Equalities Implications	None						
<b>B B B B B B B B B B</b>	TOM Implications	In line with TOM proposals						
D&BC2	Service/Section	Building and Development Control						010
	Description	Growth in PPA and Pre-app income		50		Med	Low	SI2
	Service Implication Staffing Implications	Responsiveness to service requests should not change. As the service/income improves extra staffing will be needed and funded						
	Starting implications	from a proportion of that extra income.						
	Business Plan	Increased income						
	implications							
	Impact on other	Future Merton could also need to adjust staffing accordingly						
	departments							
	Equalities Implications	none						
	TOM Implications	In line with TOM proposals						
D&BC3	Service/Section	Building and Development Control						
	Description	Commercialisation of building control		50		High	Low	SI2
	Service Implication	This has so far proven difficult mainly due to recruitment issues						
	Staffing Implications	Will need an invest to save with any additional staff funded by some of the						
	During a Disc	increased income generation						
	Business Plan	Increased income						
	implications	None . Expanded team could better support other internal users						
	Impact on other departments							
	Equalities Implications	None						
	TOM Implications	Integral part of the TOM for BC						
					1		1	1

Ref		Description of Saving	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type o Saving (see ke
D&BC5	Service/Section	Building and Development Control						
	Description	Eliminate the Planning Duty service (both face to face and dedicated phone		35		Low	High	SS2
		line)						
	Service Implication	Callers will still try to contact officers by other means in any event, so there						
		will have to be a clear understanding and agreed supported message that						
		such calls will not be dealt with. Web site self service improvements will be						
	Ctoffin a laun linetion o	required						
	Staffing Implications	Reduce by 1FTE						
	Business Plan	none						
	implications Impact on other	Less assistance for pre app enquiries (unless charged)						
	•	Less assistance for pre app enquines (unless charged)						
	departments Equalities Implications	reduced assistance for all residents in understanding the planning process						
	Equanties implications							
	TOM Implications	Reduced customer care, contrary to the general aims of TOM						
D&BC6	Service/Section	Building and Development Control						
	Description	Stop sending consultation letters on applications and erect site notices only		10		Low	Med	SNS
	Decemption					2011	incu	0.10
	Service Implication	Site notices will be mandatory so failsafe system to be devised						
	Staffing Implications	none						
	Business Plan	None						
	implications							
	Impact on other	none						
	departments							
	Equalities Implications	Those without web site connections will find it difficult to search for						
		application details						
	TOM Implications	None						
ENV06	Service/Section	Parking Services						
	Description	Reduction in transport related budgets		46		Low	Low	SNS
	Service Implication	May result in slight reduction in quality of some areas of service, particularly						
		in respect of civil enforcement						
	Staffing Implications	some changes in staff travel arrangements to ensure on site as effectively						
	gp	and efficiently as possible.						
	Business Plan	None						
	implications							
	Impact on other	None						
	departments							
	Equalities Implications	None						
	TOM Implications	consistent with TOM direction of travel						

Ref		Description of Saving	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
ENV18	Service/Section	Greenspaces						1000 11077
	Description	Increased income from events in parks		100		Med	Med	SI2
	Service Implication	Increased income through a broader range of commercial opportunities - over and above those previously agreed.						
	Staffing Implications	Some unquantified extra resource likely to be required, linked to the business case for each initiative.						
	Business Plan	In line with the TOM outcomes						
	implications							
	Impact on other	None						
	departments							
	Equalities Implications	None						
	TOM Implications	In line with the TOM direction of travel						
ENV20	Service/Section	Development & Building Control						
	Description	Increased income from building control services.		35		Med	Low	SI2
	Service Implication	Increased income through a broader range of commercial opportunities - over and above those previously agreed.						
	Staffing Implications	None						
	Business Plan	In line with the TOM outcomes						
	implications							
	Impact on other	None						
	departments							
	Equalities Implications	None						
	TOM Implications	In line with the TOM outcomes however care will be needed to ensure there						
		is no duplication of commercial income counting.						
D&BC7	Service/Section	Building and Development Control						
	Description	Shared service collaboration with Kingston/Sutton			50	Low	Low	SI2
	Service Implication	Combined analysis of service delivery should result in further additional						
		income streams from PPA's and Pre-apps and more efficient working						
		practices across the service						
	Staffing Implications	Additional service demand may need more staff. Efficiencies should result in less staff.						
	Business Plan	Increased income, PPA's and pre apps						
	implications							
	Impact on other	None						
	departments							
	Equalities Implications	None						
	TOM Implications	Significant progress on one of the main TOM strategies						

Ref		Description of Saving		2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	Service/Section Description Service Implication Staffing Implications Business Plan implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications TOM Implications	Building and Development Control         Review of service through shared service discussions         To be determined through shared service discussions         To be determined through shared service discussions         To be determined through shared service discussions         None.         None.         In line with the TOM.				274	High	Med	SI1; SI2; SS1; SS2;SNS 1: SNS2
			TOTAL	235	381	324			
		с	Cumulative Total	235	616	940			

Ref		Description of Saving	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
Swap	Saving							
E&R8	Service/Section	Parking Services - ORIGINALLY A GROWTH ITEM						
	Description	In response to residents concerns about traffic congestion, enforcement of moving traffic contraventions, following the Implementation of ANPR.			500	Med	High	SI2
	Service Implication	Improvement of traffic enforcement efficiency and compliance by motorists						
	Staffing Implications	Expansion of FTEs in PCN processing and Debt Registration teams by up to 100%						
	Business Plan implications	Increase in fines from PCNs and expenditure and a need for more accommodation						
	Impact on other departments	Corporate Services: increasing accommodation will require Facilities input along with support from Business Improvement and IT infrastructure						
	Equalities Implications	None						
<u>Altern</u>	ative Saving							
ALT1	Service/Section	Parking Services/Regulatory Services Partnership						
	Description	The further development of the emissions based charging policy by way of increased charges applicable to resident/business permits as a means of continuing to tackle the significant and ongoing issue of poor air quality in the borough.			440	Med	Med	SI2
	Service Implication	Will have no impact on service although the permit issuing system will need to be capable of accommodating changes to the price/variety of permits.						
	Staffing Implications	None						
	Business Plan implications	Will underpin the key aims and objectives of the emerging Air Quality Action Plan deisgned to encourage cleaner air quality and and change in motorist behaviour.						
	Impact on other departments	Will require continues close liaison between Parking and EH (P) team to monitor the effectiveness of this proposal as a means of tackling poor air quality.						
	Equalities Implications	None anticipated as vehicle emissions has no known correlation with equalities groups						
	TOM Implications	Both service area TOMS (Parking & RSP) are committed to takling traffic congestion and improving air quality. The propsal is entirely consistent with these aims.						
	·	·	0	0	940		•	

## CABINET OCTOBER 2017: NEW SAVINGS PROPOSAL DEPARTMENT: ENVIRONMENT AND REGENERATION SAVINGS - BUDGET PROCESS 2018/19

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving		2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
SC	ENR10	Service/Section	ce/Section Leisure & Culture							
		Description	Two year extension of the GLL contract	573			300	Med	Low	SP1
		-	Extend continuity of service provision with same contractor for 2 further years.							
		Staffing Implications	None							
		implications	, ,							
		departments	Procurement and legal - as re-procurement delayed by 2 years; Children, Schools and Families - continuity of service provision by current contractor for 2 further years - school curriculum swimming, etc.							
		•	Continuity of service maintained with existing contractual arrangements.							
		•	Contract change creating efficiencies. Key officer across council will be involved in the detail of the changes to ensure delivery.							

### Savings Type

- **SI1** Income increase in current level of charges
- SI2 Income increase arising from expansion of existing service/new service
- SS1 Staffing: reduction in costs due to efficiency
- SS2 Staffing: reduction in costs due to deletion/reduction in service
- SNS1 Non Staffing: reduction in costs due to efficiency
- SNS2 Non Staffing: reduction in costs due to deletion/reduction in service
- **SP1** Procurement / Third Party arrangements efficiency
- SP2 Procurement / Third Party arrangements deletion/reduction in service
- **SG1** Grants: Existing service funded by new grant
- SG2 Grants: Improved Efficiency of existing service currently funded by unringfenced grant

#### Panel

- **C&YP** Children & Young People
- **CC** Corporate Capacity
- HC&OP Healthier Communities & Older People
- **SC** Sustainable Communities

## DEPARTMENT: ENVIRONMENT AND REGENERATION SAVINGS - BUDGET PROCESS 2018/19

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 17/18 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
SC	E1	Service/Section	Regulatory Services Partnership							
		Description	Investigate potential commercial opportunities to generate income from provision of business advice. This follows on from the expansion of the RSP to include Wandsworth from November 2017, and increased resilience.	0	60	65	75	Med	Low	SI2
		Service Implication	delivery.							
		Staffing Implications	<b>ng Implications</b> Developing new areas of business will need careful consideration of deployment of existing resources.							
		Business Plan implications	consistent with Business Plan objectives							
		Impact on other departments	ct on otherNone, but will need to consider potential impact on partnerrtmentsboroughs.							
		Equalities Implications	None.							
		TOM Implications	Consistent with objective of making service more commercially driven.							
SC	E2	Service/Section	Waste Services							
		Description Service Implication	Thermal Treatment of wood waste from HRRC Reduced recycling rate at HRRC down by c26%	302	30			Med	Med	SP2
		Staffing Implications	None							
		Business Plan implications	Change in focus to measure diversion from Landfill compared to recycling performance							
		Impact on other departments	South London waste Partnership will need to be consulted							
		Equalities Implications	ualities None							
		TOM Implications	Negative impact on recycling performance.							

<b>DEPARTMENT: ENVIRONMENT AND REGENERATION SAVINGS - B</b>	UDGET PROCESS 2018/19
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Panel	Ref		Description of Saving		2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
SC	E3	Service/Section	Leisure & Culture Development Team							
		Description Service Implication				30		Low	Low	SG2
		Staffing Implications	None							
		Business Plan implications	, 5							
		mpact on otherOther departments will still be able to commission serviceslepartmentsfrom Polka, as they do currently.iqualitiesNonemplicationsNoneOM ImplicationsNone								

## DEPARTMENT: ENVIRONMENT AND REGENERATION SAVINGS - BUDGET PROCESS 2018/19

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving		2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
SC	E4	Service/Section	Sustainable Communities							
		Description	Income from Merantun Development Limited for services provided to the company by LBM None	0	100			Low	Med	SP1
		Service Implication	none							
		Staffing Implications	None							
		Business Plan implications	lications							
		Impact on other	act on other Increased work for finance and procurement teams delivered							
		departments								
		Equalities Implications	None							
		TOM Implications	In line with TOM objectives							
SC	E5	Service/Section	Greenspaces							
		Description	Letting of remaining vacant facilities in Greenspaces	513	50			Low	Low	SI2
		Service Implication	None							
		Staffing Implications	None							
		Business Plan implications	Consistent with Business Plan objectives							
		Impact on other departments	None insignificant							
		Equalities Implications	None							
		TOM Implications	Integral to Greenspaces TOM							

## **DEPARTMENT: ENVIRONMENT AND REGENERATION SAVINGS - BUDGET PROCESS 2018/19**

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving		2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
SC	E6	Service/Section	Greenspaces							
		Description	Increased tenancy income in Greenspaces	513	40			Med	Low	SI1
		Service Implication	None							
		Staffing Implications	None							
		Business Plan implications	······································							
		Impact on other departments	None insignificant							
		Equalities	None							
		Implications								
		TOM Implications	Integral to Greenspaces TOM							
	Total Environment and Regeneration Savings			280	95	75			1	

#### Savings Type

- SI1 Income increase in current level of charges
- SI2 Income increase arising from expansion of existing service/new service
- **SS1** Staffing: reduction in costs due to efficiency
- **SS2** Staffing: reduction in costs due to deletion/reduction in service
- SNS1 Non Staffing: reduction in costs due to efficiency
- SNS2 Non Staffing: reduction in costs due to deletion/reduction in service
- SP1 Procurement / Third Party arrangements efficiency
- SP2 Procurement / Third Party arrangements deletion/reduction in service
- **SG1** Grants: Existing service funded by new grant
- SG2 Grants: Improved Efficiency of existing service currently funded by unringfenced grant
- **SPROP** Reduction in Property related costs

#### Panel

- C&YP Children & Young People
- CC Corporate Capacity
- HC&OP Healthier Communities & Older People
- SC Sustainable Communities

### COMMUNITY AND HOUSING SAVINGS BY YEAR

Ref	Service	Description of Saving	Baseline Budget £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000
CH20	Access and Assessment Employees	Staff Savings - 12 FTE to be deleted in 2016/17, 12 FTE in 17/18, 12 FTE in 18/19 - These savings will come from across Access and Assessment, covering all service areas.	6,200	483			
CH36	Single homeless contracts (YMCA, Spear, Grenfell)	Reduce funding for contracts within the Supporting People area which support single homeless people	734	200			
CH39	Extra Care Sheltered Housing	A review of, and reduction in, the extra care sheltered housing provision.	753	450			
Total Adu	ult Social Care Savings			1,133	0	0	0
CH43	Housing Needs and Enablement Service and Environmental Health Housing	Further Staff reductions. This will represent a reduction in staff from any areas of the HNES & EHH.	1,102	62			
Total Hou	using General Fund Savings			62	0	0	0
Total Cor	mmunity & Housing Savings 2015/16			1,195	0	0	0

2016/17

Ref	Service	Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 2015/16 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000
CH54	Adult Social Care Access, Assessment & Commissioning Staffing	Further staff reductions circa 4 FTEs in AA&C as processes improve and service user numbers reduce. FTE's affected will be 4 out remaining FTE's of 151-156.	£5,286	150			
CH55	Adult Social Care Access, Assessment & Commissioning 3rd Party Payments	Less 3rd party payments through "Promoting Independence" throughout the assessment, support planning and review process and across all client groups. Aim to reduce Res Care by £650k and Dom Care by £337k.	£33,798	987			
CH56	Description	Introduce a coffee shop franchise across 6 libraries	£0	30			
CH57	Housing Needs	Staff reduction in Housing Services	£929	118			

Total Cor	mmunity & Housing Savings			1,285	0	0	0
CH20	Adult Social Care	Staff reductions in Assessment and Commissioning teams. (Bring forward staff savings proposals from 2017/18 & 2018/19)		(200)			
Total Cor	nmunity & Housing Savings Replacement	s October Cabinet 2015		(200)	0	0	0
		Deduce menoment each through "Inight					
CH65	Adult Social Care	Reduce management costs through "Joint Posts" in a shared service arrangement with a nearby LA/NHS Org.	£5,031	400			
CH66	Adult Social Care	Look at opportunities for shared services for in- house services	£3,886	400			
CH67	Library & Heritage	Shared Management Structure	£1,074	0			
CH68	Library & Heritage	Completion of Shared Library & Heritage Service Management Structure with another borough - £25k	£1,074	25			
CH69	Library & Heritage	Full rationalisation of staffing structures and building usage with another borough (phase 2) – Sum to be agreed	£1,074	23			
Total Cor	mmunity & Housing Savings Replacement	s December Cabinet 2015		848	0	0	0

	Cabinet 12 December 2016	NEW SAVINGS 2017/18 Budget Process				
CH70	Home Care	With additional investment into the service we plan a full implementation of new Home Care contracts in second full year, transferring all legacy spot placements and incentivising providers to reduce packages of care.	0	301		
	Library & Heritage	Merton Arts Space income	0	38		
otal Co	ommunity & Housing New Savings 2017/1	18	0	339	0	

Total Community & Housing Savings 2016/17 1,933 0 0 0

### COMMUNITY AND HOUSING SAVINGS BY YEAR

Ref	Service	Description of Saving	Baseline Budget £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000
Total Cor	nmunity & Housing New Savings 2017-21 (cu	nulative)		3,128	3,467	3,467	3,467
2018/19	1						
CH54/	Access, Assessment and Commissioning	Reduced capacity to monitor quality within	8,063	(433)	0	0	0
CH20	Staffing	provider services and /or to undertake assessments and reviews	0,003	(455)	Ŭ	0	Ū
CH39	Extra Care Sheltered Housing	A review of, and reduction in, the extra care sheltered housing provision.	1,572	(330)	0	0	0
CH65	Shared Service Arrangement	Reduce management costs through "Joint Posts" in a shared service arrangement with a nearby LA/NHS Org.	5,031	(300)	0	0	0
CH66	Direct Provision	Look at opportunities for shared services for in- house services	3,886	(400)	0	0	
Total Cor	nmunity & Housing Unachievable Savings 207	18/19		(1,463)	0	0	0
CH71	Adult Social Care: Access & Assessment	Transport: moving commissioned taxis to direct payments. Service users can purchase taxi journeys more cheaply than the council.	182	50	0	0	0
CH72	Adult Social Care: Direct provision	Reviewing transport arrangements for in-house units, linking transport more directly to the provision and removing from the transport pool.	1,087	100	0	0	0
CH73	Adult Mental health	Staffing	1,478	100	0	0	0
CH74	Adult Social Care	Income maximisation - The implementation of the MOSAIC social care system has identified the scope to improve the identification of service users	(10,583)	231	0	0	0
CH75	Public Health	Public Health: health related services in other budgets	10,727	600	0	0	0
Total Cor	nmunity & Housing Replacement Savings 201	8/19		1,081	0	0	0
CH54 & CH20	Access Assessment and Commissioning staffing	Reduced staffing in social work and commissioning teams	8,063	(183)	183	0	
CH57	Housing Needs	Staff reduction in Housing Services	1,011	(118)	118	0	
CH65	Shared Service Arrangement	Reduced staffing through sharing services with neighbouring boroughs		(100)	100	0	
CH39	Extra Care Sheltered Housing	Reduction in staff for in-house unit and in contract value for commissioned unit, resulting in less support hours for residents.	1,572	(99)	99	0	
CH 68 and 69	Libraries	Shared services savings not achievable		(48)	48	0	
	nmunity & Housing Deferred Savings 2018/19			(548)	548	0	0
CH81	Public Health	Main PH services have just been redesigned and re-commissioned. The team has just been restructured with reduction in senior staff and broadening of roles for joint commissioning.			500	0	
CH82	ASC - Access & Assessment - Older People's social care (mental health)	Creating a fully integrated Older People's services, combining OP social work teams, OPMH teams with community health services to create a 'one stop shop' for supporting the most vulnerable older people,				600	
CH83	Older People's social care (mental health)	A reduction in mental health management and	1,200			500	
Total Cor	nmunity & Housing New Savings 2018/19	front line posts		0	500	1,100	0
	nmunity & Housing Savings 2018-22			2,198	1,387	1,100	0
Total Cor	nmunity & Housing Savings 2018-22 (cumulat	ive)		2,198	3,585	4,685	4,685

Ref	Service	Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 2015/16 £000	2015/16 £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000
CH19	Placements Income	Realignment of Placements Income Budgets . Client and CCG contribution income budgets are currently under-stated and will be adjusted to meet this income savings target.	(11,666)	220	0	0	0
CH20	Access and Assessment Employees	Staff Savings - 12 FTE to be deleted in 2016/17, 12 FTE in 17/18, 12 FTE in 18/19 - These savings will come from across Access and Assessment, covering all service areas.	6,200	0	511	500	483
CH21	Direct Provision Employees	Staff Savings - 11 FTE to be deleted	1,706	0	274	0	0
CH22	Commissioning Employees	Staff Savings - 4 FTE to be deleted	996	0	156	0	0
CH23	Directorate	Staff Savings - 0.46 FTE to be deleted	657	0	21	0	0
CH24	Learning Disabilities - High Cost Packages	Review of High Cost Packages using the progression model	1,618	0	100	0	0
CH25	Learning Disabilities - Medium Cost Packages	Review of Medium Cost Support Packages (£400 - £1,500 per week) using the progression model	7,019	0	400	0	0
CH26	Learning Disabilities - Direct Payments	Review of all Direct Payments in Learning Disabilities using the progression model.	704	0	£50	£0	£0
CH27	Mental Health - Care Packages	Review of support packages within all areas of Mental Health services.	1,554	0	76	0	0
CH28	Older People - Home Care	Review of Home Care within support packages	4,455	0	387	0	0
CH29	Older People - Managing Crisis	Managing crisis (including hospital discharge) admissions to residential care.	5,267	0	125	0	0
CH30	Older People - Direct Payments	Review of Direct Payments support packages	2,338	0	345	0	0
CH31	Physical Disabilities - Direct Payments	Review of all Direct Payments for clients with physical disabilities using the progression model.	1,414	0	134	0	0
CH32	Physical Disabilities - Home Care	Review of Home Care within support packages	595	0	48	0	0
CH33	Physical Disabilities - High Cost Packages	Review of PD Residential and 1-1 packages	856	0	60	0	0
CH34	Substance Misuse Placements	Actively manage throughput in residential rehab placements	128	0	6	0	0
CH35	CSF Supporting People contracts	We would reduce funding for contracts within the Supporting People area which support vulnerable young people	162	0	0	100	0
CH36	Single homeless contracts (YMCA, Spear, Grenfell)	Reduce funding for contracts within the Supporting People area which support single homeless people	734	0	0	56	200
CH37	Direct Provision	Residential and supported living management - staff reductions	1,266	0	0	200	

Ref	Service	Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 2015/16 £000	2015/16 £000	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000
CH38		Placements budget reductions - An overall reduction in the placements budget of about 2% (NB: other savings from specific elements of the placements budget are listed above)	34,392	0	17	720	0
CH39	Extra Care Sheltered Housing	A review of, and reduction in, the extra care sheltered housing provision.	753	0	0	0	450
<b>Total A</b>	dult Social Care Savings			220	2,710	1,576	1,133
CH40	Housing Strategy	Housing Strategy officer - deletion of 1 FTE	94	0	43	0	0
CH41	Environmental Health Housing	Environmental health Technical officer deletion of 1 FTE	218	0	33	0	0
CH42	Housing Options	Housing options adviser deletion of 1.5 FTE	543	0	53	0	0
CH43	Housing Needs and Enablement Service and Environmental Health Housing	Further Staff reductions. This will represent a reduction in staff from any areas of the HNES & EHH.	1,102	0	0	100	62
Total H	ousing General Fund Savings				129	100	62
CH44	Library & Heritage Service	Deletion of all administrative support	59	0	26	0	0
CH45	Library & Heritage Service	Reduction in activities programme	2	0	2	0	0
CH46	Library & Heritage Service	Withdrawal from annual CIPFA public library user survey (PLUS)	3	0	3	0	0
CH47	Library & Heritage Service	Reduction in volunteering contract	38	0	20	0	0
CH48	Library & Heritage Service	Reduction in media fund	239	0	45	0	0
CH49	Library & Heritage Service	Additional staff savings	1,070	0	0	38	0
CH50	Library & Heritage Service	Deletion of Projects & Procurement Manager post	184	0	0	22	0
Total Li	ibraries Savings				96	60	-
<b>T</b> ( ) A				220	2.025	4 700	4 405

Total Community & Housing Savings

220 2,935 1,736 1,195

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 15/16	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
Adult S	Social (	Care								
		Service	NHS Income							
HC&OP	CH51		Negotiate extra NHS funding for extra costs of Hospital Discharges - Circa £150k on packages, £50k on staff.	(£2,596)	£200	£0	0	н	L	SI2
			This funds the increased volume of work to assess people and arrange packages of support for them.							
		Staffing Implications	Need to work efficiently and effectively to undertake the higher volume of work.							
		Business Plan implications	This support to ensure prompt discharge is consistent with the business plan commitment to support independence.							
		departments	None.							
		Equalities Implications	None.							
		-	None. This plan achieves a better alignment between funding levels and increased activity levels.							
		Service	Supporting People Contracts							
HC&OP	CH52	Service Implication	Review of remaining Supporting People Expenditure as much of it is a discretionary spending area. Reduced housing related support for vulnerable people by 17% in cost terms. This affects the numbers we could support and the range of support we could provide. In turn this would reduce the housing options available to vulnerable people.	£1,772	£O	£300	0	н	н	SP2
		Staffing Implications	None.							
		Business Plan implications Impact on other departments	The risk is that this could increase pressure on the Housing Needs budget. There is a potential internal pressure within the department on the Housing Needs and Enabling Service							
		Equalities Implications	There is an equalities implication in terms of service users. An EA would be undertaken and where appropriate work will be done to mitigate the impact.							
		TOM Implications	None. This is consistent with he commitment in the TOM to "Review the spectrum of the accommodation offer for all types of supported living incl. shared lives for all age groups."							

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 15/16	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
		Service	Voluntary Sector Grants							
HC&OP	CH53	Description	Use funds from Public Health to fund the prevention strategy which is currently funded from grants.	£839	£0	£600	0	М	М	SG1
		•	None as the prevention activity will continue to be funded, albeit from a different source.							
		Staffing Implications	None.							
		implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications	None, as the commitment to prevention remains in place and is funded albeit from a different source. Increased pressure on the Public Health (PH) Budget as funds directed from public health will no longer be available to fund other PH activities. The precise equalities implications on service users will depend on the impact of public health activities no longer funded. An EA will be undertaken and when this is known and a mitigation plan will be prepared.							
			None. This is consistent with he commitment in the TOM to "Continue the Ageing Well Prevention Programme, but with less funding from the Council."							

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 15/16	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
HC&OP	CH54	-	Access, Assessment and Commissioning Staffing Further staff reductions circa 4 FTEs in AA&C as processes improve and service user numbers reduce. FTE's affected will be 4 out remaining FTE's of 151-156. Reduced capacity to monitor quality within provider services and /or to undertake assessments and reviews i.e. there is a direct implication on the ability to effectively safeguard/assess/support/ promote independence.	£5,286	£0	£0	£150	н	м	SS2
			Redundancies - Some staff would be subject to redundancy Possible impact on our statutory duties under the Care Act 2014. We would attempt to mitigate this by investigating alternative models for quality and performance monitoring and of assessment and care management.							
		departments	None - main impact is on service users, carers and providers As staff and service delivery are affected there is an equalities implication. A detailed EA would be undertaken at the time of any restructure. In addition, part of the monitoring role relates to monitoring the ability of provider services to meet the needs of the diverse population and thus meeting our equalities duty. This may be impacted.							
			Processes will need to improve so lower staff resources are able to undertake the necessary volumes of work. existing TOM commitments to flexible and mobile working and to improve assessment and care management processes ensure this is feasible.							

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 15/16	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
HC&OP		Service Description	Assessment & Commissioning 3rd Party Payments Less 3rd party payments through "Promoting Independence" throughout the assessment, support planning and review process and across all client groups. Aim to reduce Res Care by £650k and Dom Care by £337k.	£33,798	£0	£0	£987	н	Н	SNS2
		-	We anticipate this being a further reduction of circa 3% across all support packages although this will be targeted. The exact areas of reduction would be based on the previous work looking at specific areas to be delivered in advance of 2018/19. Overall service users will experience a reduced volume of service							
		Staffing Implications	Staff would be needed to conduct reviews and support plans . Staff will also need additional training, to ensure these reviews are done consistently							
		-	We would continue to follow the appropriate model of promoting independence for the client group. None. There is an equalities implication in terms of service users. An EA would be undertaken and where appropriate work will be done to mitigate the impact.							
		TOM Implications	None. This is consistent with the TOM commitment to use review processes to "Promote an explicit hierarchy of support offered in order to promote self-support and independence.							
			Sub-total Adult Social Care Options		£200	£900	£1,137			
sc		<u>Service</u> Description Service Implication Staffing Implications	Library & Heritage Service Introduce a coffee shop franchise across 6 libraries Allocated space within certain libraries will be let to a coffee shop franchise to provide refreshments in libraries for customers.	£0	0	0	30	М	L	SI2
			Supports improving income generation identified in Service Plan and providing additional services in libraries. None identified. None identified. Additional capacity constraints in order to manage procurement process but will							
Total Lit	braries		be managed within existing resources. Reduction in library circulation space.		0	0	30			

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 15/16	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
		Service	Housing Needs							
SC		Description	Staff reduction in Housing Services	929	0	50	118	Н	н	SS2
		Service Implication	This makes service delivery very challenging, but will seek to preserve a							
			greater number of front-line staff engaged with service delivery. The main							
		<b>.</b>	impact will be upon supervisory and other management roles.							
		Staffing Implications	Deletion of 1.0 post (2017/18) out of remaining 24.03 FTE's and Deletion of 2.0							
			posts and Re-evaluation of 1.0 post (2018/19) out of remaining 21.53 FTE's.							
			Redundancy costs to the council and increased workloads for remaining staff							
		Business Plan	The business plan implication would ensure no further loss of front line staff							
		implications	with a corresponding ability to continue statutory housing act functions which							
		Implications	include: Homelessness Prevention, Private Sector tenants rights and							
			enforcement. The additional reductions in staffing (in addition to those							
			identified in 2016/17) would be limited to management and supervisor posts.							
			Whilst this will be increasingly challenging for the remaining management and							
			staff, it is anticipated that the business will continue to be delivered with some							
			adjustments made as necessary.							
		Impact on other	This will have an impact on children's and adult's social care							
		departments								
		Equalities	BME communities are over represented in homeless episodes. However, all							
		Implications	groups will be affected by the reduction in front line housing services.							
		TOM Implications	This is consistent with the exisiting TOM							
Total He	ousing I	Needs			0	50	118			
Total C8	H Savir	ngs Proposals			200	950	1,285	2,435		

## COMMUNITY AND HOUSING DEPARTMENT REPLACEMENT FOR PREVIOUSLY AGREED SAVINGS

<b>Original S</b>	avings			Revised	Savings					
Ref		Description of Saving	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverabi lity	Risk Analysis Reputatio nal Impact	Type of Saving (see key)	New Ref
CH20	Description	Adult Social Care Staff reductions in Assessment and Commissioning teams. (Bring forward staff savings proposals from 2017/18 & 2018/19)	(700)	500	200	0	н	м	SS2	CH58
2015/16	Service Implications	There is a risk that customers will get a reduced and/or delayed service eg longer waiting times. This will be mitigated as part of service transformation plan ss part of the Service Transformation plans within the TOM. The intention is to deliver efficient processes and build on and establish the promoting independence approach.								
	Staffing Implications	Reduction of 18-23 FTE posts is the replacement saving (Note additional 12 FTE's in Access and Assessment team £511K were previously agreed for 2016/17 savings - Ref CH20 & 4 FTE's £156k in Commissioning team Ref CH22). FTE's affected will be 34-39 out of total 190 FTE's.								
	Business Plan Implications	In line with the TOM								
	Impact on other departments	Redundancy costs and HR, Equalities and project management support								
	Equalities Implications	See overall EA								
СНЗ	Description	Staffing reductions in Direct Provisions	(100)	100	0	0	н	м	SS2	CH59
2014/15	Service Implications	Bringing forward management changes planned for 2017/18. Reduction of 2 management posts. This will enable service to retain as many front line carer posts as possible within a reduced service offer. (Note additional 11 FTE's in Direct Provision £274k were previously agreed for 2016/17 savings - Ref CH21). Therefore FTE's affected will be 13 out of total 144.37 FTE's.								
	Staffing Implications	Reduction of 2 management posts								
	Business Plan Implications	In line with TOM								
	Impact on other departments	Redundancy costs								
I	Equalities Implications	See overall EA								

## COMMUNITY AND HOUSING DEPARTMENT REPLACEMENT FOR PREVIOUSLY AGREED SAVINGS

Original Sa	avings			Revised	Savings					
Ref		Description of Saving	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverabi lity	Risk Analysis Reputatio nal Impact	Type of Saving (see key)	New Ref
CH38	Description	CONTRACTS - South Thames Crossroads Caring for Carers	(294)	0	0	0	M	Н	SP1	CH60
2015/16	Service Implications	Decommission the crossroads service for carers. Replace with domiciliary care service/ Direct Payment offer and commissioned holistic carers support service from voluntary sector.								
	Staffing Implications	None								
	Business Plan Implications	In line with TOM and ASC commissioning and procurement plan								
	Impact on other departments	None								
	Equalities Implications	See EA								
CH1	Description	CONTRACTS - Meals on Wheels (Sodexo)	(153)	0	0	0	м	Н	SP1	CH61
2015/16	Service Implications	Decommissioning service and embed support within community, neighbourhood and voluntary support infrastructure								
	Staffing Implications	None								
	Business Plan Implications	In line with TOM and ASC commissioning and procurement plan								
	Impact on other departments	None								
	Equalities Implications	See EA								
CH01	Description	CONTRACTS - Supported accommodation mental health -Family Mosiac (Waldemar Road)	(106)	0	0	0	L	м	SP1	CH62
2013/14	Service Implications	Decommission service as a result of Provider notice to cease service in Merton								
	Staffing Implications	None								
	Business Plan Implications	In line with TOM and ASC commissioning and procurement plan								
	Impact on other departments	None								
	Equalities Implications	See EA								

## COMMUNITY AND HOUSING DEPARTMENT REPLACEMENT FOR PREVIOUSLY AGREED SAVINGS

<b>Original S</b>	avings			Revised	Savings					
Ref		Description of Saving	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverabi lity	Risk Analysis Reputatio nal Impact	Type of Saving (see key)	New Ref
CH02	Description	CONTRACTS - day support Imagine Independence	(84)	0	0	0	м	н	SP1	CH63
2013/14	Service Implications	Decommission service and recommission cost effective peer led day opportunities for people with mental health								
	Staffing Implications	None								
	Business Plan Implications	In line with TOM								
	Impact on other departments	None								
	Equalities Implications	See EA								
	Description	Staffing savings- Directorate. This position is now funded from Public Health budget and no longer required.	(30)	0	0	0	L	L	SS2	CH64
	Service Implications	None								
	Staffing Implications	None								
	Business Plan Implications	None								
	Impact on other departments	None								
	Equalities Implications	See EA								
	mmunity and Housing Replaceme		(1,467)	600		0				
-	mmunity and Housing Deleted Sa		<u>1,645</u> 178		0	0				
Net Shortf	ortfall: Community and Housing Savings			600	200	0				

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 15/16	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
Adult S	Social (	Care								
HC&OP	CH65	Service Implication	Shared Service Arrangement Reduce management costs through "Joint Posts" in a shared service arrangement with a nearby LA/NHS Org. This opens up new possibilities for partnership working and economies of scale. It may lead to less strategic management capacity.	£5,031	£0	£0	£400	н	L	SS2
			Possible redundancies.							
		departments Equalities	This is consistent with aims to promote partnership working with other local authorities and integration with the NHS. Access to senior ASC Managers may be harder where cross cutting work is under consideration. As staff would be at risk there is an equalities implication. A detailed EA would be undertaken at the time of any restructure. In addition, part of the monitoring role relates to monitoring the ability of provider services to meet the needs of the diverse population and thus meeting our equalities							
		TOM Implications	duty. This may be impacted. This is a significant potential change to the "Organisation" Layer of the TOM.							
HC&OP	CH66	Service Description	Direct Provision Look at opportunities for shared services for in-house services	£3,886	0	£0	£400	н	н	SPROP/S NS1
		•	The services would continue but would possibly be rationalised across the							
		Staffing Implications	Organisation. Even if TUPE applies staff will need to adapt to a new organisational form and potentially terms and conditions of work could change over time.							
		Business Plan implications Impact on other departments	None. Minor only. Little will change except other departments will need to learn to interact formally with a separate legal entity or shared service.							
			These changes impact on staff. A detailed EA would be undertaken at the time of any restructure. There is also an equalities implication in terms of service users. An EA would be undertaken and where appropriate work will be done to mitigate the impact.							
		TOM Implications	This is a significant change to the "Organisation" Layer of the TOM, but the services delivered would remain essentially the same.							
		Su	ub-total Adult Social Care Options		£0	£0	£800			

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 15/16	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
Library	& Herita	<u>ge Service</u>								
sc	СН67	<u>Service</u> Description	Library & Heritage Service Shared Management Structure	£1,074	0	130	0	н	м	SS1
		Service Implication	This proposal would mean the merger of management teams across two boroughs. It would achieve savings that would not be achievable by continuing to run as a single authority. The saving will also enable some resilience and a level of capacity to be able to undertake key projects. The shared service structure should have minimal impact on the frontline and the customer experience.							
		Staffing Implications	There will be staffing reductions in the new structure that could lead to some redundancies along with some cultural change. TUPE will apply to some staff.							
		Business Plan implications	None.							
		Impact on other departments	Access to Library & Heritage Service managers may be more limited.							
		Equalities Implications	These changes impact on staff. A detailed EA would be undertaken at the time of the reorganisation.							
		TOM Implications	Identified as a key action within the new Library & Heritage Service TOM.							
SC	CH68	Description	Completion of Shared Library & Heritage Service Management Structure with another borough - £25k	£1,074	0	0	25	Н	М	SS2
		Service Implication	A Transformation Manager post has been included in the proposed management structure for a period of 2 years. It will enable full integration between services and will programme manage the proposed changes and ensure that new arrangements are in place whilst identifying other potential efficiency savings.							
		Staffing Implications	It will affect 1 FTE post that will be recruited on a fixed term basis.							
		Business Plan implications	None.							
		Impact on other departments	None.							
		Equalities Implications	None.							
		TOM Implications	Identified within the new Library & Heritage Service TOM.							

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 15/16	2016/17 £000	2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
SC	CH69	Service Implication	<b>Full rationalisation of staffing structures and building usage with</b> <b>another borough (phase 2) – Sum to be agreed</b> The saving should enable some resilience and a level of capacity to be able to undertake key projects. The shared service structure should have minimal impact on the frontline and the customer experience.	£1,074	0	0	23	Н	м	SS2
		Staffing Implications	These changes may impact on staff.							
		implications Impact on other departments Equalities	None. Access to Library & Heritage Service managers may be more limited. These changes impact on staff. A detailed EA would be undertaken at the time of the reorganisation.							
		TOM Implications	Identified as a key action within the new Library & Heritage Service TOM.							
Total (L	.ibraries				0	130	48			
Total H	ousing I	leeds			0	0	0			
		ngs Proposals			0	130	848	978		

Panel	Ref	Notes		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 16/17	2019/20 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
Adult So	ocial Ca								-
			Service	Placements					
IC&OP	CH70		Description Service Implication Staffing Implications	Home Care With additional investment into the service we plan a full implementation of new Home Care contracts in second full year, transferring all legacy spot placements and incentivising providers to reduce packages of care. n/a		£301	н	L	SP1
			Business Plan implications	n/a					
			Impact on other departments Equalities Implications	n/a The care workforce is predominantly female and with some providers may have a significant number of BME staff who would be subject to transfer of employment to an employer not of their choice. n/a					
			Service	total Adult Social Care Options		£301			
			Description	Merton Arts Space income		2301			
IC&OP		19/20	Service Implication Staffing Implications Business Plan implications Impact on other departments	Proposal to deliver income generation for the new Merton Arts Space venue in Wimbledon Library Emphasis on existing staff to be more commercially savvy to draw in additional funds Supports objectives to improve income generation None identified		£38	Н	м	SI2
			Equalities Implications	Merton Arts Space is a new multi-use arts and cultural space based in Wimbledon Library. The project has been funded by Arts Council England with aims to increase access to arts and cultural opportunities through libraries. The requirement to draw additional income in will mean that there is less of a balance between community and commercial bookings. Current contract end July 2017 and it is expected to create similar arrangement like Wimbletech					
			TOM Implications	The figures included in this savings proposal cannot be fully quantified until a full year of activities has taken place (the space has only been open for 4 months). Savings are indicative at this stage until further analysis is completed					
	L	<u> </u>	Service	Sub-total Libraries Options		38			
otal Co	mmunity	y & Housing 2019/20				339			
otal Bala otal C&F otal C&F	ince out I Saving	standing 2017/18-Librarie js Proposal 2019/20 s Proposals	95			27 312 339 0			

#### DEPARTMENT: COMMUNITY AND HOUSING SAVINGS - SAVINGS TO BE REPLACED

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
HC&OP	CH54/ CH20	Service	Access, Assessment and Commissioning Staffing								
		Description	Reduced capacity to monitor quality within provider services and /or to undertake assessments and reviews i.e. there is a direct implication on the ability to effectively safeguard/assess/support/ promote independence.	8,063	433	0	0	0	High	Medium	SS2
		Service Implication Staffing Implications	Given the previous reduction in staffing, this saving is no longer achievable without significant detriment to the safety and quality of service Possible impact on our statutory duties under the Care Act 2014. We would attempt to mitigate this by investigating alternative models for quality and performance monitoring and of assessment and care management.								
		Business Plan implications	The service would struggle to meet its plans								
		Impact on other departments	As staff and service delivery are affected there is an equalities implication. A detailed EA would be undertaken at the time of any restructure. In addition, part of the monitoring role relates to monitoring the ability of provider services to meet the needs of the diverse population and thus meeting our equalities duty. This may be impacted.								
		Equalities Implications	Processes will need to improve so lower staff resources are able to undertake the necessary volumes of work. existing TOM commitments to flexible and mobile working and to improve assessment and care management processes ensure this is feasible.								
		Service	Extra Care Sheltered Housing								
нс&ор	CH39	Description	A review of, and reduction in, the extra care sheltered housing provision.	1,572	330	0	0	0	High	High	SP2 / SS2
		Service Implication	The full original savings target would leave the services unsustainable given the level of care need these units are now supporting.								
		Staffing Implications	There would be potential redundancies within the in-house provision								
		Business Plan implications	This provision is currently an alternative to residential care. After reviewing the contract the support we would continue to offer would be focused on those who meet our eligibility criteria.								
		Impact on other departments	None								
		Equalities Implications	There is an equalities implication in terms of service users. An EA would be undertaken and where appropriate work will be done to mitigate the impact.								
HC&OP	CH65	Service Description	Shared Service Arrangement Reduce management costs through "Joint Posts" in a shared service arrangement with a nearby LA/NHS Org.	£5,031	300	0	0	0	High	High	SS2
		Service Implication Staffing Implications Business Plan implications	Opportunities for shared services have not emerged as hoped. Possible redundancies. This is consistent with aims to promote partnership working with other local authorities and integration with the NHS.								
		Impact on other departments									
		Equalities Implications	As staff would be at risk there is an equalities implication. A detailed EA would be undertaken at the time of any restructure. In addition, part of the monitoring role relates to monitoring the ability of provider services to meet the needs of the diverse population and thus meeting our equalities duty. This may be impacted.								
HC&OP	CH66	Service	Direct Provision	1							

#### DEPARTMENT: COMMUNITY AND HOUSING SAVINGS - SAVINGS TO BE REPLACED

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
		Description	Look at opportunities for shared services for in-house services	£3,886	400	0	0	0	High	High	SS2
		Service Implication	Opportunities for shared services have not emerged as hoped.								
		Staffing Implications	Even if TUPE applies staff will need to adapt to a new organisational form and potentially terms and conditions of work could change over time.								
		Business Plan implications	None.								
		Impact on other departments	Minor only. Little will change except other departments will need to learn to interact formally with a separate legal entity or shared service.								
		Equalities Implications	These changes impact on staff. A detailed EA would be undertaken at the time of any restructure. There is also an equalities implication in terms of service users. An EA would be undertaken and where appropriate work will be done to mitigate the impact.								
			TOTAL SAVINGS TO BE REPLACED		1,463	0	0	0		•	

#### Savings Type

SS2 Staffing: reduction in costs due to deletion/reduction in service

- SNS1 Non Staffing: reduction in costs due to efficiency
- SNS2 Non Staffing: reduction in costs due to deletion/reduction in service
- SP1 Procurement / Third Party arrangements efficiency
- SP2 Procurement / Third Party arrangements deletion/reduction in service
- SG1 Grants: Existing service funded by new grant
- SG2 Grants: Improved Efficiency of existing service currently funded by unringfenced grant
- SPROP Reduction in Property related costs

SI1 Income - increase in current level of charges

SI2 Income - increase arising from expansion of existing service/new service

#### DEPARTMENT: Community & Housing 2018/19- REPLACEMENT SAVINGS

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 17/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
		Service/Section	Adult Social Care: Access & Assessment	100							-
	CH71	Description	Transport: moving commissioned taxis to direct payments. Service users can purchase taxi journeys more cheaply than the council.	182	50	0	0	0	Medium	Medium	SNS1
		Service Implication	Service users will receive the same transport levels, but delivered differently and								
			will have more choice of taxi provider								
		Staffing Implications	nil								
		Business Plan implications	nil								
		Impact on other departments	nil								
		Equalities Implications	nil								
		TOM Implications	nil								
		Service/Section Description	Adult Social Care: Direct provision Reviewing transport arrangements for in-house units, linking transport more directly	1.087	100			0	High	Medium	SNS1/2
	011/2	Description	to the provision and removing from the transport pool.	1,007	100	U		U	nigri	weatum	31131/2
		Service Implication									
			Transport arrangements for day centre users may change. Those who can travel								
			by other means may no longer be offered council transport. The arrangements for								
			others may change. Day centres will have more flexibility in the use of vehicles								
		Staffing Implications	tbc								
		Business Plan implications									
		Impact on other departments	This will impact on E&R as C&H want to withdraw from the transport pool and manage vehicles from each unit.								
		Equalities Implications	Day centre users have a learning disability.								
		TOM Implications	This is a substantial project that will impact on the refresh of the C&H and E&R TOMs								
		Service/Section	Adult Mental health								
		Description	Staffing	1,478	100	0	0	0	Medium	Medium	SS2
		Service Implication	A review of management and staffing levels of the AMH team in line with the								
			reductions carried out in the rest of ASC.								
		Staffing Implications Business Plan implications	A reductions in staffing to be achieved by decreased use of agency staff Nil								
		Impact on other departments	Nil								
		Equalities Implications	Mental health service users may receive a less responsive service.								
		TOM Implications	The positioning of AMH and OPMH services needs to be reviewed in the refreshed TOM								

#### DEPARTMENT: Community & Housing 2018/19- REPLACEMENT SAVINGS

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget 17/18 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	2021/22 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
	CH74	Service/Section Description Service Implication Staffing Implications Business Plan implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications	Adult Social Care Income maximisation The implementation of the MOSAIC social care system has identified the scope to improve the identification of service users who should contribute to the costs of their care and assess them sooner, thus increasing client income. Assessed as a 3% improvement less cost of additional staffing The savings is net of increased staff costs of £90k Staffing and income budgets will need to be adjusted This may increase the workload of the corporate transactions team	-10,583	231	0	0	0	Medium	Low	SI1
		TOM Implications	Income maximisation needs to be addressed in the refreshed TOM								
	CH75	Service/Section Description Service Implication Staffing Implications Business Plan implications Impact on other departments Equalities Implications TOM Implications	Public Health           Public Health: health related services in other budgets           There will be reduced activity in non-statutory and lower priority programmes           Nil           nil           By its nature Public Health focuses on those with poorer heath outcomes, and they might receive a lower level of interventions           The impact of the ending of ring-fenced Public Health grant needs to be addressed in the refreshed TOM	10,727	600	0	0	0	High	Medium	SNS1
			TOTAL REPLACEMENT SAVINGS		1,081	0	0	0			
			NET EFFECT OF REPLACEMENT SAVINGS		382	0	0	0			

#### Savings Type

SS2 Staffing: reduction in costs due to deletion/reduction in service

SNS1 Non - Staffing: reduction in costs due to efficiency

SNS2 Non - Staffing: reduction in costs due to deletion/reduction in service

SP1 Procurement / Third Party arrangements - efficiency

SP2 Procurement / Third Party arrangements - deletion/reduction in service

SG1 Grants: Existing service funded by new grant

SG2 Grants: Improved Efficiency of existing service currently funded by unringfenced grant

SPROP Reduction in Property related costs

SI1 Income - increase in current level of charges

SI2 Income - increase arising from expansion of existing service/new service

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget	2018/19 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Type of Saving (see key)
HC&OP		Service Description	Access Assessment and Commissioning staffing Reduced staffing in social work and commissioning teams								
			Original staff savings (£433k) less alternatives (taxis £50k, transport £100k and MH staff £100k)	8,063	183	(183)	183	0	High	Medium	SS2
		Service Implication	Reduction in the ability to carry out assessments and reviews, social work support, safeguarding activities, DOLs responsibilities and financial assessments.								
		Staffing Implications	Redundancies - Some staff would be subject to redundancy								
		Business Plan implications	This will have an impact on the department's ability to meet it's statutory duties. Conceivable implications include longer waiting lists, delays in assessments and other support and a potential reduction in reviews which may in turn impact our finances. Work will be done to mitigate this impact.								
		Impact on other departments	The primary impact is on service users and partners, such as the NHS.								
		Equalities Implications	These changes impact on staff. A detailed EA would be undertaken at the time of any restructure. There is also an equalities implication in terms of service users. An EA would be undertaken and where appropriate work will be done to mitigate the impact.								

Panel	Ref		Description of Saving	Baseline Budget	2018/19 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Type of Saving (see key)
sc	CH57	Service Implication	Housing Needs Staff reduction in Housing Services Original staff savings in Housing were identified as unachievable but no alternatives were identified at that time This makes service delivery very challenging, but will seek to preserve a greater number of front-line staff engaged with service	1011	118	(118)	118	0	High	High	SS2
		Staffing Implications	delivery. The main impact will be upon supervisory and other management roles. Deletion of 1.0 post (2017/18) and Deletion of 2.0 posts and Re- evaluation of 1.0 post (2018/19). Redundancy costs to the council and increased workloads for remaining staff								
			The business plan implication would ensure no further loss of front line staff with a corresponding ability to continue statutory housing act functions which include: Homelessness Prevention, Private Sector tenants rights and enforcement. The additional reductions in staffing (in addition to those identified in 2016/17) would be limited to management and supervisor posts. Whilst this will be increasingly challenging for the remaining management and staff, it is anticipated that the business will continue to be delivered with some adjustments made as necessary.								
		Implications	This will have an impact on children's and adult's social care BME communities are over represented in homeless episodes. However, all groups will be affected by the reduction in front line housing services.								
		TOM Implications	This is consistent with the exisiting TOM								

Panel	Ref	Description of Saving		Baseline Budget	2018/19 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Type of Saving (see key)
	CH65	Service Description	Shared Service Arrangement Reduced staffing through sharing services with neighbouring boroughs Original savings (£800k) less £100k still achievable and £600k alternatives saving		100	(100)	100	0	High	High	SS2
		Service Implication	This opens up new possibilities for partnership working and economies of scale. It may lead to less strategic management capacity.								
		Staffing Implications	Possible redundancies.								
		Business Plan implications Impact on other	This is consistent with aims to promote partnership working with other local authorities and integration with the NHS.								
	departments         Equalities         As staff would be at risk there is an equalities implication. A         Implications         As staff would be undertaken at the time of any restructure.         In addition, part of the monitoring role relates to monitoring the ability of provider services to meet the needs of the diverse population and thus meeting our equalities duty. This may be impacted.										
		TOM Implications									
НС&ОР	CH39	<u>Service</u> Description	Extra Care Sheltered Housing Reduction in staff for in-house unit and in contract value for commissioned unit, resulting in less support hours for residents.								
		Service Implication	This would lead to a reduction in the extra support provided through the extra care sheltered housing block contracts and in house service.	1,572	99	(99)	99	0	High	High	SP2
		Staffing Implications	There would be potential redundancies within the in-house								
		Business Plan implications	provision This provision is currently an alternative to residential care. After reviewing the contract the support we would continue to offer would be focused on those who meet our eligibility criteria.								
	Impact on other departments EqualitiesNoneThere is an equalities implication in terms of service users. An EA would be undertaken and where appropriate work will be done to mitigate the impact.										

Panel	Ref	Description of Saving			2018/19 £000	2018/19 £000	2019/20 £000	2020/21 £000	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Risk Analysis Deliverability	
HC&OP	CH 68 and 69	Service	Service Libraries								
		Description	cription Shared services savings not achievable				48	0	High	High	SS2
			Completion of Shared Library & Heritage Service Management Structure with another borough - £25k								
		Staffing Implications	These changes may impact on staff.								
		Business Plan implications	None.								
		Impact on other       Access to Library & Heritage Service managers may be more         departments       limited.         Equalities       None.         Implications       Implications									
		TOM Implications	Identified as a key action within the new Library & Heritage Service TOM.								
	Total Savings				548	(548)	548				

## **DEPARTMENT:** Community and Housing 2019/20- New Savings

Panel	Ref	Notes		Baseline Budget 17/18	2019/20 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)				
Adult \$	dult Social Care											
			Service	Public Health					<u> </u>			
7/18	CH81		Description	Public Health								
		The ring fenced Public Health Grant ends in March 2020, when funding becomes part of	Service Implication	Main PH services have just been redesigned and re-commissioned according to PH TOM signed off March 17. An ongoing review of the range and scope of PH services commissioned.		500	High	High	SP1			
		the Business Rate funding settlement. It is not known what will happen to mandation of PH services and what 100% BBR will mean for the funding of the		The team has just been restructured with reduction in senior staff and broadening of roles for joint commissioning (across the council with C&H and CSF and with the CCG); there is little scope in further team reduction but scope for efficiency through further development of joint commissioning roles.		-						
		council as a whole. The review of PH funding will have to take into consideration its impact on	implications	Any substantial change in PH services is likely to impact on service provision in C&H and CSF; change of staff would reduce commissioning capacity for C&H and CSF.								
		other services.		Public Health focusses on population health improvement as well as reduction of health inequalities. People with the poorest health outcomes may receive less help.								
			Equalities Implications	Public Health focusses on people with the poorest health outcomes, so they may receive less or different help.								
			TOM Implications	The PH TOM was developed out of sync with the rest of the council and was signed off only in March 17.								
Fotal C	Commur	nity & Housing 2019/20				500						

## **DEPARTMENT:** Community and Housing New Savings

Panel	Ref	ENT: Community and F	Description of Saving			2020/21 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
Adult	Social	Care	-						
			Service	ASC - Access & Assessment					
17/18		Savings on this scale, after a decade of making savings, are not deliverable by merely slicing back provision or cutting staffing. A more fundamental review of what Merton offers and delivers is necessary. There is an opportunity to make efficiencies and to improve the offer by integrating health and social care for older people with physical and mental health needs.	Staffing Implications Business Plan implications Impact on other departments	Older People's social care (mental health) Creating a fully integrated Older People's services, combining OP social work teams, OPMH teams with community health services to create a 'one stop shop' for supporting the most vulnerable older people, removing the barriers between health and social care. Integrating support for physical and mental health isues. This will make it easier for the most unwell and most frail to access the support they need, and for us to respond in the most effective ways, and thus maximising any potential for recovery of independence. Creating integrated teams will mean changing roles, locations and ways of working. Any Staff reductions will be in management posts It may require a pooled budget The integrated service will require a host organisation. The choice of the host will affect the demand on corporate services		500	High High	High High	SNS2 SS1
			Equalities Implications	This will impact on the council's response to vulnerable older people, most of whom either have a disability or a mental impairment.					
			TOM Implications	The TOM will need to be refreshed to reflect an integrated model					
			Services	Adult Mental Health					
17/18	CH83	Adult mental health has been protected from many of the savings rounds in the past, reflecting the historic gap between demand and supply.	Description Service Implication Staffing Implications	Adult Mental Health A fundamental review of adult mental health services and staffing to ensure that we meet our duties under the Care Act in the most cost effective ways A reduction in mental health management and front line posts	1200	500	Medium	High	SS1
		With this level of savings, this protection is no longer viable and we will need to look to reduce out offer to what the Care Act requires	Business Plan implications Impact on other Equalities Implications TOM Implications	reduction in offer By the nature of the service, these savings will impact on people with mental ill health reduction in offer					

### **DEPARTMENT:** Community and Housing New Savings

Panel	Ref	Notes		Description of Saving E		Description of Saving		2020/21 £000	Risk Analysis Deliverability	Risk Analysis Reputational Impact	Type of Saving (see key)
			Service	Public Health							
17/18	CH84		Description	Public Health							
		The ring fenced Public Health Grant ends in March 2020, when funding becomes part of	•	Main PH services have just been redesigned and re-commissioned according to PH TOM signed off March 17. An ongoing review of the range and scope of PH services commissioned.		500	High	High	SP1		
		the Business Rate funding settlement. It is not known what will happen to mandation of PH services and what 100% BBR will mean for the funding of the council as a whole. The review		The team has just been restructured with reduction in senior staff and broadening of roles for joint commissioning (across the council with C&H and CSF and with the CCG); there is little scope in further team reduction but scope for efficiency through further development of joint commissioning roles.		-	THIS IS THE SAME SAVING AS CH81 SO DO NOT DOUBLE COUNT				
		take a substatement and the taxes and and	implications	Any substantial change in PH services is likely to impact on service provision in C&H and CSF; change of staff would reduce commissioning capacity for C&H and CSF.			ocont				
			departments	Public Health focusses on population health improvement as well as reduction of health inequalities. People with the poorest health outcomes may receive less help.							
			-	Public Health focusses on people with the poorest health outcomes, so they may receive less or different help.							
			-	The PH TOM was developed out of sync with the rest of the council and was signed off only in March 17.							
Total C	Commun	ity & Housing 2020/21				1,600					

# SECTION G REVENUE ESTIMATES 2018-19

		MMARY			
FULL TIME EQUIVALENTS				2017/18	2018/19
Total FTE Staff				1,739.4	1,753.6
SERVICE AREA ANALYSIS		2017/18		Other	2018/19
		Estimate	Inflation	Variations	Estimate
		£000	£000	£000	£000
		2000	2000	2000	2000
Corporate Services		10,866	264	(1,636)	9,494
	1				
Education Services	] ]CSF	52,579	733	2,833	56,145
Children's Services	] 001	52,575	133	2,033	50,145
	1	22.402	400	(5.650)	47.050
Environment and Regeneration		23,183	426	(5,659)	17,950
Adult Social Care	]				
Cultural Services	]C&H	64,317	1,686	(2,248)	63,755
Housing General Fund	J				
Single Status		100	0	0	100
National insurances changes/autoenr	olment	89		165	254
Pay Award		0	0	2,108	2,108
TOTAL NET SERVICE EXPENDITUR	RE	151,135	3,110	(4,437)	149,808
Corporate Provisions/Appropri	ations	(5,071)	0	(404)	(5,475)
NET EXPENDITURE		146,065	3,110	(4,841)	144,333
Funded by:					
Revenue Support Grant		(15,520)	0	15,520	0
Business Rates		(36,518)	0	(11,093)	(47,611)
Improved Better Care Fund - Budg	get 2017	0	0	(2,115)	(2,115)
Adult Social Care Support Grant 2	2017-18	(751)	0	751	C
New Homes Bonus		(4,150)	0	1,779	(2,371)
Council Tax		(82,244)	0	(4,434)	(86,678)
WPCC Levy		(318)	0	(13)	(331)
Collection Fund PFI Grant		(1,766)	0 0	1,336	(430)
FriGiant		(4,797)	0	(0)	(4,797)
		(146,065)	0	1,731	(144,333)
NET		0	3,110	(3,110)	0
NB					
Public Health		0	0	0	C
Other Variations: Contingency/Oth Major Items: Corporate Provisions	ner			£000	fte
Corporate borrowing and Investme				(4,585)	0.0
Further provision for revenuisatior Pension Fund and Auto-enrolmen				(8)	0.0
Contingency and centrally held pro				(169) (573)	0.0 0.0
Change in Grants	01010110			(573)	0.0
Appropriation to/from Reserves				2,191	0.0
Depreciation and impairment				3,310	0.0
Reduction in Education Services	Grant			(819)	0.0
Overheads - Charge to non-gener	al fund			(2)	0.0
Transport - Additional provision				(193)	0.0
Loss of HB Admin. Grant				(21)	0.0
CHAS - IP/Dividend				(215)	0.0
Balance Sheet Management CT & Local Election				230 350	0.0
Change in Levies				350	
				5	

FULL TIME EQUIVALENTS			2017/18	2018/19
Total FTE Staff			1,739.4	1,753.6
SUBJECTIVE ANALYSIS OF ESTIMATES	2017/18		Other	2018/19
	Estimate	Inflation	Variations	Estimate
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Expenditure	2000	2000	2000	2000
Employees	82,578	289	2.663	85,530
Premises	7,799	122	642	8,563
Transport	11,919	198	(4,220)	7,897
Supplies and Services	179,340	819	27,912	208,072
Third Party Payments	97,212	1,679	(5,408)	93,484
Transfer Payments	103,475	1,079	(3,408)	103,816
-		0		
Support Services	29,239	-	(1,489)	27,750
Depreciation and Impairment Losses	22,317	0	(3,309)	19,008
GROSS EXPENDITURE	533,881	3,109	17,130	554,120
Income				
Government Grants	(269,892)	0	(23,956)	(293,848
Other Reimbursements and Contributions	(21,288)	0	(2,143)	(23,432
Customer and Client Receipts	(61,292)	0	2,054	(59,238
Interest	0	0	0	C
Recharges	(30,402)	0	2,200	(28,201
Reserves	130	0	277	407
GROSS INCOME	(382,744)	0	(21,567)	(404,312
	151,136	3,110	(4,437)	149,808
Corporate Provisions	(5,071)	0	(404)	(5,475
NET EXPENDITURE	146,065	3,110	(4,841)	144,334
Funded by:				
Revenue Support Grant	(15,520)	0	15,520	C
Business Rates	(36,518)	0	(11,093)	(47,611)
Improved Better Care Fund - Budget 2017	0	0	(2,115)	(2,115)
Adult Social Care Support Grant 2017-18	(751)	0	751	C
New Homes Bonus	(4,150)	0	1,779	(2,371)
Council Tax	(82,244)	0	(4,434)	(86,678
WPCC Levy	(318)	0	(13)	(331
Collection Fund	(1,766)	0	1,336	(430
PFI Grant	(4,797)	0	(0)	(4,797
	(146,065)	0	1,731	(144,333
NET	0	2 4 4 0	(2.440)	
Other Variations: Contingency/Other	U	3,110	(3,110)	(
Major Items: Corporate Provisions			£000	fte
Corporate borrowing and lowestment			(1 505)	
Corporate borrowing and Investment			(4,585)	0.0
Further provision for revenuisation/RCCO Pension Fund and Auto-enrolment			(8)	0.0
			(169)	0.0
Contingency and centrally held provisions Change in Grants			(573)	0.0
Appropriation to/from Reserves			3 2 101	0.0
			2,191	0.0
Depreciation and impairment			3,310	0.0
Reduction in Education Services Grant			(819)	0.0
Overheads - Charge to non-general fund			(2)	0.0
Transport - Additional provision			(193)	0.0
Loss of HB Admin. Grant			(21)	0.0
CHAS - IP/Dividend			(215)	0.0
Balance Sheet Management CT & HB			230	0.0
Local Election			350	0.0
Change in Levies			6	0.0

### CORPORATE ITEMS ANALYSIS

	2017/18		Other	2018/19
	Estimate	Inflation	Variations	Estimate
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Expenditure				
Cost of Borrowing including Minimum Revenue Provision	13,415	0	(5,012)	8,403
Further provision for revenuisation/RCCO	25	0	(8)	17
Pension Fund	2,875	0	131	3,006
Pensions: Auto-enrolment	300	0	(300)	0
Centrally held provision for Utilities inflation	300	0	(300)	0
Adjustment re Income re P3/P4	400	0	(200)	200
Overheads - Charge to non-general fund	17	0	(2)	15
Provision for excess inflation	451	0	(73)	378
Bad Debt Provision	500	0	0	500
Redundancy/Pension Strain	1,000	0	0	1,000
Transport Holding Account	91	0	(193)	(102)
Contingency	1,500	0	0	1,500
Apprenticeship Levy	450	0	0	450
Merton Adult Education	0	0	0	0
Loss of HB Admin. Grant	200	0	(21)	179
Change in Corporate Specific and Special Grants	206	0	3	209
LPFA - Provision for deficit contribution	86	0	0	86
Reduction in Education Services Grant	819	0	(819)	0
Cyber Security	0		92	92
Other/Rounding	2			
Local Election	0	0	350	350
Levies:-				
Lee Valley	190		(11)	179
London Pensions Fund	260		(0)	259
Environment Agency	164		4	168
WPCC	318		13	331
GROSS EXPENDITURE	23,570	0	(6,347)	17,221
Incomo				
Income	(1 100)		427	(750)
Investment Income Depreciation & Impairment	(1,186) (22,318)		427 3,310	(759) (19,008)
Appropriations to/from reserves (excluding Public Health)	(22,318) (3,533)		2,191	(19,008) (1,342)
Balance Sheet Management CT & HB	(3,533) (450)		2,191	(1,342) (220)
CHAS - IP/Dividend	(450)		(215)	(1,367)
GROSS INCOME	(28 630)	0	5,943	(22 606)
	(28,639)			(22,696)
NET EXPENDITURE	(5,069)	0	(404)	(5,475)



### SUMMARY: CORPORATE SERVICES DEPARTMENT

FULL TIME EQUIVALENTS (FTE)			2017/18	2018/19
Number of Permanent Staff			471.1	472.6
Number of Fixed term contracts			25.0	21.3
Number of FTE Richmond TUPE staff			6.0	6.0
Total FTE			502.1	499.9
SUBJECTIVE ANALYSIS OF ESTIMATES	2017/18		Other	2018/19
	Estimate	Inflation	Variations	Estimate
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Expenditure				
Employees	23,830	26	(119)	23,736
Premises	2,890	43	(615)	2,318
Transport	149	2	48	198
Supplies and Services	10,573	172	160	10,906
Third Party Payments	1,647	21	(97)	1,571
Transfer Payments	93,388	0	0	93,388
Support Services	8,488	0	(270)	8,217
Depreciation and Impairment Losses	2,140	0	(180)	1,961
GROSS EXPENDITURE	143,105	264	(1,074)	142,296
Income				
Government Grants	(94,878)	0	21	(94,858
Other Reimbursements and Contributions	(1,149)	0	(163)	(1,312
Customer and Client Receipts	(13,037)	0	(188)	(13,225
Interest	0	0	Ó	(
Recharges	(23,843)	0	435	(23,407
Reserves	667	0	(667)	(
GROSS INCOME	(132,239)	0	(562)	(132,801)
NET EXPENDITURE	10,866	264	(1,636)	9,494

### SUMMARY: CORPORATE SERVICES DEPARTMENT

FULL TIME EQUIVALENTS (FTE)
Number of Permanent Staff
Number of Fixed term contracts
Number of FTE Richmond TUPE staff
Total FTE

2017/18	2018/19	
471.1	472.6	
25.0	21.3	
6.0	6.0	
502.1	499.9	

	C	HANGE BET	WEEN YEAR	S
SERVICE AREA ANALYSIS	2017/18		Other	2018/19
	Original Estimate	Inflation	Variations	Estimate
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Customer Services	2,441	24	145	2,610
Infrastructure & Transactions	231	81	(537)	(225)
Pusingga Improvement	215	25	(017)	(577)
Business Improvement	215	20	(817)	(577)
Corporate Governance	1,390	32	(197)	1,225
Resources	2,041	60	(156)	1,945
HR	31	11	(42)	О
Corporate Items	4,518	30	(31)	4,517
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	10,866	264	(1,636)	9,494
Contingency / Other	0	0	0	0
Capital Financing Adjustment	0	0	0	0
Levies	0	0	0	0
NET EXPENDITURE	10,866	264	(1,636)	9,494

### **CUSTOMER SERVICES**

The Customer Services Division consists of: Merton Link (including the Cash Office, Translation Services and Contact Centre), Support Team, Local Taxation (including Business Rates, Bailiff Team and Recovery Team), Benefits Administration, Registrars, Debt Recovery, Corporate Communications, Web Team and Consultation & Community Engagement

2017/18

FULL TIME EQUIVALENTS (FTE) Number of Permanent Staff Number of Fixed term contracts Total FTE

2017/18	2018/19
133.0	132.0
9.0	9.0
142.0	141.0

2018/19

Other

### SUBJECTIVE ANALYSIS OF ESTIMATES

	Original Estimate £000	Inflation £000	Variations £000	Estimate £000
Expenditure				
Employees	5,152	0	(49)	5,103
Premises	29	0	(12)	18
Transport	80	1	30	111
Supplies and Services	1,048	16	3	1,067
Third Party Payments	431	6	0	438
Transfer Payments	0	0	0	0
Support Services	2,180	0	74	2,253
Depreciation and Impairment Losses	0	0	0	0
GROSS EXPENDITURE	8,920	24	46	8,990
Income				
Government Grants	(1,232)	0	21	(1,211)
Other Reimbursements and Contributions	(1,232) (970)	0	21	(1,211) (970)
Customer and Client Receipts	(2,308)	0	(10)	(2,318)
Interest	(2,000)	0	(10)	(2,310)
Recharges	(1,969)	0	89	(1,880)
Reserves	(1,000)	0	0	(1,000)
	Ű	0	0	Ŭ
GROSS INCOME	(6,479)	0	100	(6,380)
NET EXPENDITURE	2,441	24	145	2,610

Major Items	£000	fte
Savings	(68)	(1.0)
Transfer between departments	30	
Technical adjustments	21	
Depreciation adjustments		
Overhead adjustments	163	
Use of Reserves		
TOTAL	145	(1.0)

### **INFRASTRUCTURE & TRANSACTIONS**

The Infrastructure & Transactions Division consists of Facilities Management, IT Service Delivery, Post & Print Room, Transactional services and Commercial Services.

### FULL TIME EQUIVALENTS (FTE) Number of Permanent Staff Number of Fixed term contracts Total FTE

2017/18	2018/19
90.7	89.3
0.0	4.0
90.7	93.3

9

0

0

0

#### SUBJECTIVE ANALYSIS OF ESTIMATES 2017/18 2018/19 Other Original Estimate Inflation Variations Estimate £000 £000 £000 £000 Expenditure (73) 4,045 Employees 4,118 0 Premises 2,705 41 (603)2,143 Transport 26 0 27 Supplies and Services 2,562 38 318 2,918 98 Third Party Payments 112 2 (15) 0 **Transfer Payments** 9 0 0 Support Services 936 (59) 876 **Depreciation and Impairment Losses** 2,140 0 (180) 1,961 **GROSS EXPENDITURE** 12,608 81 (611) 12,079 Income **Government Grants** 0 0 0 0 Other Reimbursements and Contributions (46) 0 (46) 0 (2,387) **Customer and Client Receipts** (2, 367)(20) Interest 0 0 0 Recharges (9,964) 0 93 (9,871) 0 Reserves 0 0 **GROSS INCOME** (12,377) 0 73 (12, 304)NET EXPENDITURE 231 81 (537) (225)

Major Items	£000	fte
Savings	(688)	(1.0)
Transfer between departments	31	( )
Technical adjustments	265	3.6
Depreciation adjustments	(180)	
Overheads adjustments	34	
Use of reserves		
TOTAL	(537)	2.6

### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

The Corporate Governance Division consists of the South London Legal Partnership, Shared Internal Audit, Investigations, Democracy Services, Electoral Services and Information Governance.

FULL TIME EQUIVALENTS (FTE) Number of Permanent Staff Number of Fixed term contracts Number of Richmond TUPE staff Total FTE

2017/18	2018/19
136.2	143.9
1.0	0.0
6.0	6.0
143.2	149.9

SUBJECTIVE ANALYSIS OF ESTIMATES	2017/18		Other	2018/19
	Original Estimate	Inflation	Variations	Estimate
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Expenditure	2000	2000	2000	2000
Employees	7,337	0	152	7,490
Premises	6	0	(0)	7,400 5
Transport	35	1	18	54
Supplies and Services	1,608	24	(43)	1,588
Third Party Payments	461	7	(82)	386
Transfer Payments	0	0	(0_)	0
Support Services	689	0	(178)	511
Depreciation and Impairment Losses	0000	0	(110)	0
			-	-
GROSS EXPENDITURE	10,136	32	(133)	10,035
Income				
Government Grants	0	0	0	0
Other Reimbursements and Contributions	0	0	0	0
Customer and Client Receipts	(6,962)	0	(158)	(7,120)
Interest	0	0	0	0
Recharges	(1,784)	0	94	(1,690)
Reserves	0	0	0	0
GROSS INCOME	(8,746)	0	(64)	(8,810)
NET EXPENDITURE	1,390	32	(197)	1,225

Major Items	£000	fte
Savings	(147)	1.0
Transfer between departments	6	
Technical adjustments	27	5.7
Depreciation adjustments		
Overhead adjustments	(83)	
Use of Reserves		
TOTAL	(197)	6.7

### **BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT**

The Business Improvement Division consists of IT Business Systems, IT Business Process Reengineering and Continuous Improvement

### FULL TIME EQUIVALENTS (FTE) Number of Permanent Staff Number of Fixed term contracts Total FTE

2017/18	2018/19
25.5	26.2
11.0	7.3
36.5	33.5

SUBJECTIVE ANALYSIS OF ESTIMATES	2017/18 Original		Other	2018/19
	Estimate	Inflation	Variations	Estimate
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Expenditure				
Employees	1,244	0	193	1,437
Premises	0	0	0	0
Transport	3	0	(2)	2
Supplies and Services	1,026	25	16	1,068
Third Party Payments	0	0	0	0
Transfer Payments	0	0	0	0
Support Services	303	0	(2)	301
Depreciation and Impairment Losses	0	0		0
GROSS EXPENDITURE	2,577	25	205	2,807
Income				
Government Grants	0	0	0	0
Other Reimbursements and Contributions	0	0	(35)	(35)
Customer and Client Receipts	(114)	0		(114)
Interest	, ,	0	0	, ,
Recharges	(2,916)	0	(320)	(3,236)
Reserves	667	0		0
GROSS INCOME	(2,363)	0	(1,022)	(3,385)
NET EXPENDITURE	215	25	(817)	(577)

Major Items	£000	fte
Savings	8	1.0
Transfer between departments	118	
Technical adjustments	46	
Depreciation adjustments		
Overheads adjustments	(322)	
Use of reserves	(667)	(4.0)
TOTAL	(817)	(3.0)

The Resources Division consists of Policy & Accountancy. The Pensions service is man				sury and
FULL TIME EQUIVALENTS (FTE)			2017/18	2018/19
Number of Permanent Staff			50.6	49.6
Number of Fixed term contracts			3.0	1.0
Total FTE			53.6	50.6
SUBJECTIVE ANALYSIS OF ESTIMATES	2017/18 Original Estimate	Inflation	Other Variations	2018/19 Estimate
Expenditure	£000	£000	£000	£000
Employees	3,229	0	(175)	3,054
Premises	103	2	(173)	104
Transport	2	0	0	2
Supplies and Services	3,807	57	(115)	3,749
Third Party Payments	108	2	0	109
Transfer Payments	0	0	0	0
Support Services	466	0	(44)	422
Depreciation and Impairment Losses	0	0	0	0
GROSS EXPENDITURE	7,715	60	(334)	7,440
Income				
Government Grants	0	0	0	0
Other Reimbursements and Contributions	(54)	0	(128)	(182)
Customer and Client Receipts	(726)	0	0	(726)
Interest	0	0	0	0
Recharges	(4,894)	0	307	(4,587)
Reserves	0	0	0	0
GROSS INCOME	(5,674)	0	179	(5,495)
NET EXPENDITURE	2,041	60	(156)	1,945
	[_]			
Other Variations are analysed as follows:				

Major Items	£000	fte
Savings	(351)	(2.0)
Transfer between departments Technical adjustments	(67)	(1.0)
Depreciation adjustments		(1.0)
Overhead adjustments Use of Reserves	262	
TOTAL	(156)	(3.0)

2,041 47	Inflation £000	2017/18 35.0 1.0 0.0 36.0 Other Variations £000	2018/19 31.5 0.0 0.0 31.5 2018/19 Estimate
riginal timate 2000 2,041	£000	35.0 1.0 0.0 <b>36.0</b> Other Variations	31.5 0.0 0.0 <b>31.5</b> 2018/19
riginal timate 2000 2,041	£000	35.0 1.0 0.0 <b>36.0</b> Other Variations	31.5 0.0 0.0 <b>31.5</b> 2018/19
riginal timate 2000 2,041	£000	1.0 0.0 <b>36.0</b> Other Variations	0.0 0.0 <b>31.5</b>
riginal timate 2000 2,041	£000	0.0 36.0 Other Variations	0.0 31.5 2018/19
riginal timate 2000 2,041	£000	36.0 Other Variations	31.5 2018/19
riginal timate 2000 2,041	£000	Other Variations	2018/19
riginal timate 2000 2,041	£000	Variations	
riginal timate 2000 2,041	£000	Variations	
timate 2,041	£000		Estimate
2,041	£000		Loundro
,			£000
,			
47	3	(167)	1,87
	1	0	4
2	0	0	
207	3	(18)	192
290	4	0	294
0	0	0	(
	-		36
0	0	0	
2,984	11	(214)	2,78
0	0	0	
(79)	0	0	(79
(560)	0	0	(560
0	0	0	
(2,315)	0	172	(2,143
0	0	0	
(2,953)	0	172	(2,781
31	11	(42)	
	290 0 398 0 <b>2,984</b> 0 (79) (560) 0 (2,315) 0 ( <b>2,953</b> )	290 4 0 0 398 0 0 0 2,984 11 2,984 0 (560) 0 (560) 0 (2,315) 0 0 0 (2,315) 0 0 0 (2,953) 0	290       4       0         0       0       0         398       0       (29)         0       0       0         2,984       11       (214)         0       0       0         2,984       11       (214)         0       0       0         (79)       0       0         (560)       0       0         (2,315)       0       172         0       0       0         (2,953)       0       172

### **CORPORATE ITEMS**

Corporate Items is composed of Housing Benefit subsidy payments and entitlements, Agency contract, Coroners Court and Severance payments. The temporary accommodation budget was transferred to Community and Housing.

2017/18

### FULL TIME EQUIVALENTS (FTE) Number of Permanent Staff

2017/18	2018/19
0	0

2018/19

Other

### SUBJECTIVE ANALYSIS OF ESTIMATES

	Original Estimate £000	Inflation £000	Variations £000	Estimate £000
Expenditure				
Employees*	708	22	0	730
Premises	0	0	0	0
Transport	0	0	0	0
Supplies and Services	315	8	0	323
Third Party Payments	246	0	0	246
Transfer Payments	93,379	0	0	93,379
Support Services	3,516	0	(31)	3,485
Depreciation and Impairment Losses	0	0	0	0
GROSS EXPENDITURE	98,165	30	(31)	98,164
	98,165	30	(31)	98,164
GROSS EXPENDITURE			<b>(31)</b>	
Income	<b>98,165</b> (93,647) 0	<b>30</b> 0 0		<b>98,164</b> (93,647)
Income Government Grants Other Reimbursements and Contributions		0	0	
Income Government Grants		0	0	(93,647) 0
Income Government Grants Other Reimbursements and Contributions Customer and Client Receipts	(93,647) 0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	(93,647) 0 0 0
Income Government Grants Other Reimbursements and Contributions Customer and Client Receipts Interest	(93,647) 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	(93,647) 0 0
Income Government Grants Other Reimbursements and Contributions Customer and Client Receipts Interest Recharges	(93,647) 0 0 0 (0)	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	(93,647) 0 0 0 (0)
Income Government Grants Other Reimbursements and Contributions Customer and Client Receipts Interest Recharges	(93,647) 0 0 0 (0)	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	(93,647) 0 0 0 (0)

Other Variations are analysed as follows:

Major Items	£000	fte
Savings		
Transfer between departments		
Technical adjustments		
Overheads adjustments	(31)	
TOTAL	(31)	0.0

* The employee budgets shown here relate to employee redundancy payments. There are no FTEs in Corporate Items



# **2018/2019 ESTIMATES**

# CHILDREN, SCHOOLS AND FAMILIES DEPARTMENT

This Page contains the Budget for the whole Children, Schools and Families Department including funding provided directly to Merton's Schools

Number of DSG Staff Number of Fixed term contracts					79.2 12.2	78.7 14.0
Total FTE					523.6	
SUBJECTIVE ANALYSIS OF ESTIMATES	2017/18		Other	2018/19	2018/19	2018/19
SUBJECTIVE ANALTSIS OF ESTIMATES	2017/18		Other	2018/19	2018/19 DSG	2018/19 LA
	Estimate	Inflation	Variations	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate

	Estimate	Inflation	Variations	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Expenditure						
Employees	27,443	45	868	28,356	4,795	23,561
Premises	1,137	17	731	1,885	73	1,812
Transport	4,366	64	64	4,494	67	4,427
Supplies and Services	156,555	448	23,045	180,048	157,501	22,547
Third Party Payments	24,095	159	482	24,736	13,855	10,881
Transfer Payments	0	0	0	0	0	0
Support Services	5,066	0	(50)	5,016	234	4,782
Depreciation and Impairment Losses	5,922	0	1,111	7,033	0	7,033
GROSS EXPENDITURE	224,584	733	26,251	251,568	176,525	75,043
Income						
Government Grants	(162,819)	0	(22,736)	(185,555)	(174,578)	(10,977)
Other Reimbursements and Contributions	(4,867)	0	(1,888)	(6,755)	(1,467)	(5,288)
Customer and Client Receipts	(3,023)	0	149	(2,874)	(287)	(2,587)
Interest	0	0	0	0	0	0
Recharges	(759)	0	713	(46)	0	(46)
Reserves	(537)	0	344	(193)	(193)	0
GROSS INCOME	(172,005)	0	(23,418)	(195,423)	(176,525)	(18,898)
NET EXPENDITURE	52,579	733	2,833	56,145	0	56,145

Major Items	£000	fte
Savings	(489)	(1.0
Overhead adjustments	(50)	
Depreciation adjustments	1,111	
Technical adjustments	1,402	
Transfer between departments	125	
Growth	500	
Use of Reserves adjustment	234	
TOTAL	2,833	(1.0

SERVICE AREA ANALYSIS	2017/18 Estimate £000	Inflation £000	Other Variations £000	2018/19 Estimate £000	2018/19 DSG Estimate £000	2018/19 LA Estimate £000
Senior Management	1,220	12	8	1,240	0	1,24
Childrens Social Care	22,197	151	909	23,257	139	23,11
Education	46,093	120	2,668	48,881	34,605	14,27
Schools	(26,216)	0	(1,804)	(28,020)	(34,744)	6,72
Other Childrens, Schools and Families	9,285	450	1,052	10,787	0	10,78
TOTAL NET EXPENDITURE	52,579	733	2,833	56,145	0	56,14

Senior Management This budget contains provision for the Senior Management of Children, Schools and Familes Department.

Other           Variations           £000           1           0           11           0	2018/19 Estimate £000 0 507 0 0 1 22 0 683	3.0 0.0 3.0 2018/19 DSG Estimate £000 0 0 0	3.0 0.0 3.0 2018/19 LA Estimate £000 507
Variations £000	<ul> <li>Estimate £000</li> <li>0 507</li> <li>0 0</li> <li>1 2</li> </ul>	0.0 3.0 2018/19 DSG Estimate £000 0 0	0.0 3.0 2018/19 LA Estimate £000 507
Variations £000	<ul> <li>Estimate £000</li> <li>0</li> <li>507</li> <li>0</li> <li>0</li> <li>1</li> <li>2</li> </ul>	3.0 2018/19 DSG Estimate £000 0 0	3.0 2018/19 LA Estimate £000 507
Variations £000	<ul> <li>Estimate £000</li> <li>0</li> <li>507</li> <li>0</li> <li>0</li> <li>1</li> <li>2</li> </ul>	2018/19 DSG Estimate £000 0	2018/19 LA Estimate £000
Variations £000	<ul> <li>Estimate £000</li> <li>0</li> <li>507</li> <li>0</li> <li>0</li> <li>1</li> <li>2</li> </ul>	DSG Estimate £000 0	LA Estimate £000
Variations £000	<ul> <li>Estimate £000</li> <li>0</li> <li>507</li> <li>0</li> <li>0</li> <li>1</li> <li>2</li> </ul>	DSG Estimate £000 0	LA Estimate £000
£000 1 0 11	£000           0         507           0         0           1         2	Estimate £000 0 0	Estimate £000 507
£000 1 0 11	£000           0         507           0         0           1         2	£000 0 0	<b>£000</b> 507
1 0 0 11	0 507 0 0 1 2	0	
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0 0 11	0 0 1 2	0	
11	1 2	0	
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	10 10	0	10
0	0 0	0	C
0 (	3) 38	0	38
0	0 0	0	C
12	8 1,240	0	1,240
0	0 0	0	C
0	0 0	0	C
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0	0 0	0	C
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0	0 0	0	C
12	8 1,240	0	1,240
	0 12 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0         0         0           12         8         1,240           0         0         0           0         0         0           0         0         0           0         0         0           0         0         0           0         0         0           0         0         0           0         0         0           0         0         0           0         0         0           0         0         0	0         0         0         0           12         8         1,240         0           12         8         1,240         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0

Children's Social Care This budget contains the funding for central sosial work; family and adolescent servicee; Mash and child protection; permanency, placements and looked after children; as well as safeguarding, standards and training.

FULL TIME EQUIVALENTS				]	2017/18	2018/19
Number of Permanent Staff				Ī	202.0	203.
Number of DSG Staff					2.0	2.
Number of Fixed term contracts					12.2	14.
Total FTE				[	216.2	219.3
SUBJECTIVE ANALYSIS OF ESTIMATES	2017/18		Other	2018/19	2018/19	2018/19
					DSG	LA
	Estimate £000	Inflation £000	Variations £000	Estimate £000	Estimate £000	Estimate £000
Expenditure						
Employees	10,846	1	528	11,375	111	11,26
Premises	54	1	2	57	0	5
Transport	245	3	(11)	237	1	23
Supplies and Services	678	10	(19)	669	5	66
Third Party Payments	9,063	136	296	9,495	0	9,49
Transfer Payments	0	0	0	0	0	
Support Services	2,299	0	253	2,552	22	2,53
Depreciation and Impairment Losses	0	0	0	0	0	
GROSS EXPENDITURE	23,185	151	1,049	24,385	139	24,24
Income						
Government Grants	(947)	0	(140)	(1,087)	0	(1,087
Other Reimbursements and Contributions	(41)	0	0	(41)	0	(41
Customer and Client Receipts	0	0	0	0	0	
Interest	0	0	0	0	0	
Recharges	0	0	0	0	0	
Reserves	0	0	0	0	0	
GROSS INCOME	(988)	0	(140)	(1,128)	0	(1,12)
NET EXPENDITURE	22,197	151	909	23,257	139	23,11

Major Items	£000	fte
Savings	0	0.0
Growth	400	
Transfer between departments	(72)	
Overhead adjustments	253	
Depreciation adjustments	0	
Use of Reserves adjustment	136	
Technical adjustments	192	
TOTAL	909	0.0

#### Education

To page contains the budgets for school improvement; early years and children's centres; education inclusion; as well as special educational needs and disability integrated service.

#### FULL TIME EQUIVALENTS Number of Permanent Staff Number of DSG Staff

Number of DSG Staff Number of Fixed term contracts Total FTE

2017/18	2018/19
208.6	209.4
77.2	76.7
0.0	0.0
285.7	286.1

#### SUBJECTIVE ANALYSIS OF ESTIMATES 2018/19 2017/18 Other 2018/19 2018/19 DSG LA Estimate Inflation Estimate Estimate Variations Estimate £000 £000 £000 £000 £000 £000 Expenditure 12,336 12,546 3,803 8,742 Employees С 209 1,030 17 1,133 Premises 87 21 1,113 61 Transport 4,116 74 4,251 65 4,186 35 7 17,649 Supplies and Services 18,002 2,099 20,136 2,487 Third Party Payments 13,736 228 13,971 13,644 327 Transfer Payments С 0 0 0 0 0 Support Services 2,470 0 (258) 2,212 211 2,001 Depreciation and Impairment Losses 167 0 141 308 308 C 120 GROSS EXPENDITURE 51,857 2,580 54,557 35,393 19,164 Income Government Grants (232) (321) (553) (553) 0 0 Other Reimbursements and Contributions (1,481) 0 (653) (2,134) (308) (1,826) Customer and Client Receipts (2,962) (2,796) (287) (2,509) 166 0 Interest 0 0 0 0 0 Recharges (552) 552 0 0 0 0 Reserves (537) 344 (193) (193) 0 0 GROSS INCOME (5,764) 88 (5,676) (788) (4,888) 0 NET EXPENDITURE 46,093 120 2,668 48,881 34,605 14.276

Major Items	£000	fte
Savings	(43)	0.0
Growth	100	
Overhead adjustments	(258)	
Transfer between departments	224	
Use of Reserves adjustment	324	
Depreciation adjustments	142	
Technical adjustments	2,179	
TOTAL	2,668	0.0

### Schools

This budget covers schools funding as well as some centrally retained DSG money to support the schools function.

				2017/18	2018/19
			_	0.0	0.0
			-	0.0	0.0
			-	0.0	0.0
			L	0.0	0.0
2017/18		Other	2018/19	2018/19	2018/19
				DSG	LA
Estimate	Inflation	Variations	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate £000
2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000
768	0	113	881	881	0
	-				0
-	-	-		-	0
-	-	-	-	-	8,785
- ,	-	,	-,	,	0,700
	-	-			0
-	-	-	-	-	0
-	-	-	-	-	6.724
5,755	0	505	0,724	0	0,124
133,748	0	22,754	156,502	140,993	15,509
(158,805)	0	(24,558)	(183,363)	(174,578)	(8,785)
(1,159)	0	0	(1,159)	(1,159)	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
(159.964)	0	(24.558)	(184.522)	(175.737)	(8,785)
(26,216)	0	(1,804)	(28,020)	(34,744)	6,724
	Estimate £000 768 48 0 126,965 212 0 0 5,755 <b>133,748</b> (158,805) (1,159) 0 0 0 0 (1,159,964)	Estimate £000         Inflation £000           768         0           48         0           0         0           126,965         0           212         0           0         0           0         0           0         0           0         0           133,748         0           (158,805)         0           0         0           0         0           0         0           0         0           0         0           0         0           0         0           0         0           0         0           0         0           0         0           0         0           0         0           0         0           0         0           0         0           0         0	Estimate £000         Inflation £000         Variations £000           768         0         113           48         0         4           0         0         0           126,965         0         21,668           212         0         0           0         0         0           0         0         0           0         0         0           133,748         0         22,754           (158,805)         (24,558)         0           (1,159)         0         0           0         0         0           0         0         0           0         0         0           0         0         0           0         0         0           0         0         0           0         0         0           0         0         0           0         0         0           0         0         0	Estimate £000         Inflation £000         Variations £000         Estimate £000           768         0         113         881           48         0         4         52           0         00         0         0           126,965         0         21,668         148,633           212         0         0         212           0         0         0         0           5,755         0         969         6,724           133,748         0         22,754         156,502           (158,805)         0         (24,558)         (183,363)           (1,159)         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0 <tr< td=""><td>Estimate £000         Inflation £000         Variations £000         Estimate £000         DSG Estimate £000           768         0         113         881         881           48         0         4         52         52           0         0         0         0         0           126,965         0         21,668         148,633         139,848           212         0         0         212         212           0         0         0         0         0           5,755         0         969         6,724         0           133,748         0         22,754         156,502         140,993           (158,805)         0         (24,558)         (183,363)         (174,578)           (1,159)         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           133,748         0         22,754         156,502         140,993         0         0         0         0         0         0         <td< td=""></td<></td></tr<>	Estimate £000         Inflation £000         Variations £000         Estimate £000         DSG Estimate £000           768         0         113         881         881           48         0         4         52         52           0         0         0         0         0           126,965         0         21,668         148,633         139,848           212         0         0         212         212           0         0         0         0         0           5,755         0         969         6,724         0           133,748         0         22,754         156,502         140,993           (158,805)         0         (24,558)         (183,363)         (174,578)           (1,159)         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0           0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0           133,748         0         22,754         156,502         140,993         0         0         0         0         0         0 <td< td=""></td<>

### Other Children Schools and Families Budgets

This budget covers asylum seeker costs, past and present pension and redundancy costs, ESG income and PFI unitary charges.

FULL TIME EQUIVALENTS					2017/18	2018/19
Number of Permanent Staff					18.7	17.7
Number of DSG Staff					0.0	0.0
Number of Fixed term contracts					0.0	0.0
Total FTE				[	18.7	17.7
SUBJECTIVE ANALYSIS OF ESTIMATES	2017/18		Other	2018/19	2018/19 DSG	2018/19 LA
	Estimate £000	Inflation £000	Variations £000	Estimate £000	Estimate £000	Estimate £000
Expenditure	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000
Employees	2,986	41	19	3,046	0	3,04
Premises	2,900	41	638	643	0	64
Transport	5	0	(2)	3	0	04
Supplies and Services	10,238	392	(702)	9,928	0	9,928
Third Party Payments	1,084	17	(702)	1,049	0	1,049
Transfer Payments	1,084	0	(52)	1,049	0	1,04
Support Services	256	0	(41)	0 215	0	21
Depreciation and Impairment Losses	250	0	(41)	213	0	21.
Depreciation and impairment Losses	0	0	0	0	0	
GROSS EXPENDITURE	14,574	450	(140)	14,884	0	14,88
Income						
Government Grants	(2,835)	0	2,283	(552)	0	(552
Other Reimbursements and Contributions	(2,186)	0	(1,235)	(3,421)	0	(3,421
Customer and Client Receipts	(61)	0	(17)	(78)	0	(78
Interest	0	0	0	0	0	
Recharges	(207)	0	161	(46)	0	(46
Reserves	0	0	0	0	0	
GROSS INCOME	(5,289)	0	1,192	(4,097)	0	(4,097
NET EXPENDITURE	9,285	450	1,052	10,787	0	10,78
Other Variations are analysed as follows:						
Major Items			£000	fte		
Savings			(356)	(1.0)		
Transfer between departments			(27)			
Overhead adjustments			(42)			
Use of Reserves adjustment			146			
Technical adjustments			1,331			
TOTAL			1,052	0.0		



# **2018/2019 ESTIMATES**

# ENVIRONMENT AND REGENERATION DEPARTMENT

### **SUMMARY: ENVIRONMENT & REGENERATION**

FULL TIME EQUIVALENTS (FTE) Permanent Staff Fixed Term Contract Total FTE

2017/18	2018/19
308	303
5	3
313	306

	CHANGE BETWEEN YEARS			S
SERVICE AREA ANALYSIS	2017/2018		Other	2018/2019
	Original Estimate	Inflation	Variations	Estimate
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Street Scene and Waste	17,458	322	(684)	17,096
Public Protection and Development	(8,287)	24	(395)	(8,658)
Sustainable Communities	14,013	77	(4,577)	9,513
Senior Management and Support	0	3	(3)	0
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	23,183	426	(5,659)	17,950

2017/2018

### **Departmental Summary**

FULL TIME EQUIVALENTS (FTE) Permanent Staff Fixed Term Contract Total FTE

2017/18	2018/19
308	303
5	3
313	306

Other 2018/2019

SUBJECTIVE ANALYSIS OF ESTIMATES

	Original Estimate	Inflation	Variations	Estimate
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Expenditure				
Employees	14,055	1	(282)	13,774
Premises	2,868	35	602	3,505
Transport	5,927	88	(4,225)	1,790
Supplies and Services	4,354	66	6,215	10,635
Third Party Payments	15,768	236	(5,732)	10,272
Transfer Payments	2	0	(2)	0
Support Services	8,522	0	(1,333)	7,189
Depreciation and Impairment Losses	13,876	0	(4,331)	9,545
GROSS EXPENDITURE	65,372	426	(9,088)	56,710
Income				
Government Grants	(77)	0	0	(77)
Other Reimbursements and Contributions	(3,841)	0	256	(3,585)
Customer and Client Receipts	(35,175)	0	1,914	(33,261)
Recharges	(3,094)	0	1,259	(1,835)
Reserves	(0,001)	0	0	0
GROSS INCOME	(42,187)	0	3,429	(38,758)
NET EXPENDITURE	23,183	426	(5,659)	17,950

Major Items	£000	fte
Savings	(1,358)	-3.5
Growth	222	0.0
Depreciation adjustments	(4,332)	0.0
Overheads adjustments	(74)	0.0
Transfer between departments	(257)	0.0
Technical adjustments	140	1.0
Use of Reserves adjustments	0	0.0
TOTAL*	(5,659)	(2.5

* Previously the Street Scene and Waste d	ivision			
FULL TIME EQUIVALENTS (FTE)			2017/18	2018/19
Permanent Staff			87	78
Fixed Term Contract			0	0
Total FTE			87	78
SUBJECTIVE ANALYSIS OF ESTIMATES	2017/2018		Other	2018/2019
	Original	Inflation	Variations	Estimate
	Estimate			
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Expenditure	2 650	0	(400)	0 464
Employees Premises	3,659 1,082	0 14	(496)	3,163 1,252
Premises	1,082 5,626	14 84	156 (4,232)	1,252
Supplies and Services	966	04 15	(4,232) 5,797	6,778
Third Party Payments	13,949	209	(4,949)	9,209
Transfer Payments	2	0	(1,010)	(
Support Services	2,781	0	(757)	2,024
Depreciation and Impairment Losses	1,746	0	59	1,80
GROSS EXPENDITURE	29,811	322	(4,424)	25,709
Income				
Government Grants	0	0	0	(
Other Reimbursements and Contributions	(1,308)	0	357	(951
Customer and Client Receipts	(10,314)	0	2,652	(7,662
Recharges	(731)	0	731	(
Reserves	0	0	0	(
GROSS INCOME	(12,353)	0	3,740	(8,613
NET EXPENDITURE	17,458	322	(684)	17,090
Other variations are analysed as follows:				
Major Items			£000	fte
Savings			(587)	(6.5
Growth			65	
Depreciation adjustments			58	
Overheads adjustments			(26)	
Transfer between departments			(258)	
Technical adjustments			64	
Use of reserves adjustments			0	
				(6.5)

* Any difference due to roundings.

Public Protection: Regulatory Services Partnership, Parking Control, Safer Merton.

FULL TIME EQUIVALENTS (FTE) Permanent Staff Fixed Term Contract Total FTE

2017/18	2018/19
131	133
0	0
131	133

2018/2019

Other

SUBJECTIVE ANALYSIS OF ESTIMATES

	Original Estimate	Inflation	Variations	Estimate
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Expenditure				
Employees	5,450	0	102	5,552
Premises	646	6	68	720
Transport	131	2	34	167
Supplies and Services	553	8	115	676
Third Party Payments	531	8	(123)	416
Transfer Payments	0	0	0	0
Support Services	2,275	0	137	2,412
Depreciation and Impairment Losses	112	0	60	172
GROSS EXPENDITURE	9,697	24	393	10,114
Income				
Government Grants	(76)	0	0	(76)
Other Reimbursements and Contributions	(1,250)	0	(74)	(1,324)
Customer and Client Receipts	(16,658)	0	(714)	(17,372)
Recharges	0	0	0	0
Reserves	0	0	0	0
GROSS INCOME	(17,984)	0	(788)	(18,772)
	(8,287)	24	(395)	(8,658)

2017/2018

Major Items	£000	fte
Savings	(688)	2.0
Depreciation adjustments	60	
Overheads adjustments	137	
Technical adjustments	96	
Use of Reserves adjustments		
TOTAL*	(395)	

Sustainable Communities*: T Control, Building Control, Physical Regenera Partnerships, Property Management, Transp	ation, Spatial Pl	anning and	Policy, Reg	
* Greenspaces and Leisure & Development Commissioning.	transferred to F	Public Spac	e, Contractii	ng &
			004740	0040/40
FULL TIME EQUIVALENTS (FTE) Permanent Staff			2017/18 82	2018/19
Fixed Term Contract			5	<u>84</u> 3
Total FTE			86	87
I Otal FIE			00	0/
SUBJECTIVE ANALYSIS OF ESTIMATES	2047/2040		Other	2040/2040
SUBJECTIVE ANALISIS OF ESTIMATES	2017/2018 Original		Other	2018/2019
	Original Estimate	Inflation	Variations	Estimate
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Expenditure				
Employees	4,184	1	141	4,326
Premises	1,139	15	378	1,532
Transport	162	2	(27)	137
Supplies and Services	2,641	40	292	2,973
Third Party Payments	1,286	19	(660)	645
Transfer Payments	0	0	0	(
Support Services	3,300	0	(680)	2,620
Depreciation and Impairment Losses	12,018	0	(4,450)	7,568
GROSS EXPENDITURE	24,730	77	(5,006)	19,801
Income				
Government Grants	(1)	0	0	(1
Other Reimbursements and Contributions	(1,283)	0	(27)	(1,310
Customer and Client Receipts	(8,203)	0	(24)	(8,227
Recharges	(1,230)	0	480	(750
Reserves	(0)	0	0	(0
GROSS INCOME	(10,717)	0	429	(10,288
NET EXPENDITURE	14,013	77	(4,577)	9,513
Other variations are analysed as follows:			£000	fte
Savings			(93)	1.0
Growth			157	
Depreciation adjustments			(4,450)	
Overheads adjustments			(200)	
Transfer between departments			1	
Technical adjustments			8	1.0
Use of Reserves adjustments				
TOTAL*			(4,577)	2.0

* Any difference due to roundings.

**Senior Management and Support:** The Department's senior management and secretarial support, and Business Performance.

FULL TIME EQUIVALENTS (FTE)
Permanent Staff
Fixed Term Contract
Total FTE

2017/18	2018/19
8	8
0	0
8	8

SUBJECTIVE ANALYSIS OF ESTIMATES	2017/2018 Original Estimate £000	Inflation £000	Other Variations £000	2018/2019 Estimate £000
Expenditure				
Employees	762	0	(29)	733
Premises	1	0	0	1
Transport	8	0	0	8
Supplies and Services	194	3	11	208
Third Party Payments	2	0	0	2
Transfer Payments	0	0	0	0
Support Services	166	0	(33)	133
Depreciation and Impairment Losses	0	0	0	0
GROSS EXPENDITURE	1,133	3	(51)	1,085
Income				
Government Grants	0	0	0	0
Other Reimbursements and Contributions	0	0	0	0
Customer and Client Receipts	0	0	0	0
Recharges	(1,133)	0	48	(1,085)
Reserves	0	0	0	0
GROSS INCOME	(1,133)	0	48	(1,085)
NET EXPENDITURE	0	3	(3)	0

Major Items	£000	fte
Savings	10	
Overheads adjustments	15	
Technical adjustments	(25)	
Use of Reserves adjustments	Ó	
TOTAL*	0	0.0



# **2018/2019 ESTIMATES**

# COMMUNITY AND HOUSING DEPARTMENT

### SUMMARY: COMMUNITY AND HOUSING

Number of FTE Staff
Number of FTE TUPE staff
Number of Fixed Term contract
Total FTE

2017/18	2018/19
380.75	398.20
13.73	14.87
6.60	8.31
401.08	421.38

SERVICE AREA ANALYSIS	2017/18			2018/19
	Original		Other	
	Estimate	Inflation	Variations	Estimate
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Adult Social Care	59,402	1,508	(2,133)	58,777
Libraries and Heritage	2,662	58	16	2,736
Merton Adult Education	29	37	(31)	35
Housing General Fund	2,224	84	(101)	2,207
Public Health	0	0	0	0
NET EXPENDITURE	64,317	1,686	(2,249)	63,755

### COMMUNITY AND HOUSING DEPARTMENT Total

The department includes Adult Social Care, Housing, Libraries, Public Health and Merton Adult Education.

FULL TIME EQUIVALENTS	2017/18	2018/19
Number of FTE Staff	380.75	398.20
Number of FTE TUPE staff	13.73	14.87
Number of Fixed Term contract	6.60	8.31
Total FTE	401.08	421.38

				.=
SUBJECTIVE ANALYSIS OF ESTIMATES	2017/18			2018/19
	Original		Other	
	Estimate	Inflation	Variations	Estimate
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Expenditure				
Employees	17,061	218	(77)	17,202
Premises	904	27	(76)	855
Transport	1,477	44	(107)	1,414
Supplies and Services	7,859	133	(1,508)	6,484
Third Party Payments	55,702	1,263	(61)	56,904
Transfer Payments	10,085	1	342	10,428
Support Services	7,164	0	164	7,328
Depreciation and Impairment Losses	379	0	90	470
GROSS EXPENDITURE	100,630	1,686	(1,232)	101,085
Income				
Government Grants	(12,118)	0	(1,240)	(13,358)
Other Reimbursements and Contributions	(11,432)	0	(348)	(11,780)
Customer and Client Receipts	(10,057)	0	179	(9,878)
Interest	(10,001)	0	0	(0,010)
Recharges	(2,706)	0	(207)	(2,913)
Reserves	0	0	600	600
GROSS INCOME	(36,313)	0	(1,016)	(37,329)
NET EXPENDITURE	64,317	1,686		63,755

Major Items	£000	fte
Salary-Savings	(62)	1.50
Savings-Other	(1,536)	(
Growth	154	(
Overheads adjustments	(42)	(
Depreciation adjustments	92	(
Rebasing of Income	0	(
Technical adjustments	743	(
Transfers between departments	(52)	(
Grants	(1,544)	(
Other	0	(
Use of Reserves Adjustment	0	C
TOTAL	(2,248)	1.50

### COMMUNITY AND HOUSING DEPARTMENT Merton Adult Learning

This a commissioned service via South Thames College and Groundwork London. The service continues to provide popular courses whilst expanding provision for families and enhancing offer in maths, english and employability courses.

### FULL TIME EQUIVALENTS

Number of FTE Staff Number of FTE TUPE staff Number of Fixed Term contract Total FTE

2017/18	2018/19
4.66	3.75
0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00
4.66	3.75

SUBJECTIVE ANALYSIS OF ESTIMATES	2017/18			2018/19
			Other	
	Original	Inflation	Variations	Estimate
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Expenditure				
Employees	306	26	(23)	308
Premises	17	3	(3)	17
Transport	0	0	(0)	0
Supplies and Services	168	8	(155)	21
Third Party Payments	891	0	147	1,038
Transfer Payments	0	0	0	0
Support Services	28	0	3	31
Depreciation and Impairment Losses	0	0	(0)	0
GROSS EXPENDITURE	1,410	37	(31)	1,416
Income				
Government Grants	(1,374)	0	28	(1,346)
Other Reimbursements and Contributions	0	0	(28)	(28)
Customer and Client Receipts	(7)	0	()	(27)
Interest	0	0	0	0
Recharges	0	0	0	0
Reserves	0	0	0	0
GROSS INCOME	(1,381)	0	0	(1,380)
NET EXPENDITURE	29	37	(31)	35
Other Variations are analysed as follows: Major Items £000 fte				
Salaries			0	
Growth			0	
Overheads adjustments			3	
Depreciation adjustments			0	
Rebasing of Income			0	
Technical adjustments			(34)	
Transfers between departments			0	
Grants			0	
Other			0	
Use of Reserves Adjustment			0	
TOTAL			(31)	0.00

# COMMUNITY AND HOUSING DEPARTMENT Library & Heritage Services

Services are provided through three main town centre libraries, Mitcham, Morden, Wimbledon and four neighbourhood libraries, Donald Hope, Pollards Hill, Raynes Park and West Barnes. Additional services available are home visits and school services. Also available is the Heritage Service located at Morden Library. Service has also ventured into securing small grants from various organisations

FULL TIME EQUIVALENTS	2017/18	2018/19
Number of FTE Staff	31.23	31.35
Number of FTE TUPE staff	0.00	0.00
Number of Fixed Term Contract	0.00	0.00
Total FTE	31.23	31.35

SUBJECTIVE ANALYSIS OF ESTIMATES	2017/18			2018/19
	Original		Other	
	Estimate	Inflation	Variations	Estimate
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Expenditure				
Employees	1,076	38	(22)	1,092
Premises	485	12	(52)	445
Transport	4	0	0	4
Supplies and Services	399	8	181	587
Third Party Payments	18	1	12	31
Transfer Payments	0	0	0	0
Support Services	688	0	(11)	677
Depreciation and Impairment Losses	301	0	58	359
GROSS EXPENDITURE	2,971	58	166	3,195
Income				
Government Grants	0	0	0	0
Other Reimbursements and Contributions	0	0	0	0
Customer and Client Receipts	(309)	0	(150)	(459)
Interest	(000)	0	0	0
Recharges	0	0	0	0
Reserves	0	0	0	0
	Ĵ	Ū	Ū	Ĵ
GROSS INCOME	(309)	0	(150)	(459)
NET EXPENDITURE	2,662	58	16	2,736

Major Items	£000	fte
Salary-Savings	0	
Savings-Income	(30)	
Growth	0	
Overheads adjustments	(11)	
Depreciation adjustments	58	
Rebasing of Income	0	
Technical adjustments	(1)	
Transfers between departments	0	
Grants	0	
Other - Other income	0	
Use of Reserves Adjustment	0	
TOTAL	16	0.

0.00

# COMMUNITY AND HOUSING DEPARTMENT Housing General Fund

#### Housing Needs and Enabling Service

FULL TIME EQUIVALENTS	2017/18	2018/19
Number of FTE Staff	24.53	23.03
Number of FTE TUPE staff	0.00	0.00
Number of Fixed Term Contract	0.00	2.00
Total FTE	24.53	25.03

SUBJECTIVE ANALYSIS OF ESTIMATES	2017/18			2018/19
	Original		Other	
	Estimate	Inflation	Variations	Estimate
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Expenditure				
Employees	1,014	42	(32)	1,024
Premises	39	2	(1)	40
Transport	29	1	(1)	29
Supplies and Services	186	6	(3)	189
Third Party Payments	2,296	33	146	2,475
Transfer Payments	571	0	(0)	571
Support Services	287	0	6	293
Depreciation and Impairment Losses	0	0	0	0
GROSS EXPENDITURE	4,422	84	115	4,620
Income				
Government Grants	0	0	(144)	(144)
Other Reimbursements and Contributions	(2,020)	0	(72)	(2,092)
Customer and Client Receipts	(178)	0	Ó	(178)
Interest	0	0	0	0
Recharges	0	0	0	0
Reserves	0	0	0	0
	-	-	-	
GROSS INCOME	(2,198)	0	(216)	(2,414)
NET EXPENDITURE	2,224	84	(101)	2,207

Major Items	£000	fte
Savings Staff	(62)	1.50
Savings Non-apy	0	
Growth	0	
New Homelessness Reduction Grant	0	
Depreciation adjustments	0	
Technical adjustments	105	
Grants	(144)	
Other	0	
Use of Reserves Adjustment	0	
TOTAL	(101)	1.50

# COMMUNITY AND HOUSING DEPARTMENT **Adult Social Care**

Adult Social Care is divided into three areas:- 1) Access & Assessment includes the following services:- older people, mental health, learning & physical disability, concessionary, reablement, equipment and safeguarding services. 2) Commissioning which includes:- Contracts, brokerage and voluntary organisation. 3) Direct Provision which includes all in-house provisions.

FULL TIME EQUIVALENTS	2017/18	2018/19
Number of FTE Staff	308.37	324.21
Number of FTE TUPE staff	13.73	12.87
Number of Fixed Term Contract	2.00	3.51
Total FTE	324.10	340.59

SUBJECTIVE ANALYSIS OF ESTIMATES 2017/18 2018/19 Original Other Estimate Inflation Variations Estimate £000 £000 £000 £000 Expenditure Employees 13,548 113 (63) 13,597 361 Premises (20)351 10 1,442 1,379 Transport 43 (106)3,630 Supplies and Services 112 (461)3,281 Third Party Payments 46,297 (534) 46,992 1,229 Transfer Payments 9,514 9,857 342 1 Support Services 6,010 0 173 6,183 Depreciation and Impairment Losses 78 0 111 33 **GROSS EXPENDITURE** 80,879 1,508 (636) 81,751 Income **Government Grants** (1,400)(1, 417)(17)0 0 (9, 410)Other Reimbursements and Contributions (9, 191)(219)0 **Customer and Client Receipts** (9,563)329 (9,234) Interest 0 0 0 0 Recharges (2,706) (207)(2,913) 0 Reserves 0 **GROSS INCOME** (21, 477)0 (1,497) (22, 974)NET EXPENDITURE 1,508 58,777 59,402 (2, 133)

0

0

Other Variations are analysed as follows:

Major Items	£000	fte
Salary-Savings	0	
Savings- other	(1,506)	
Growth	154	
Overheads adjustments	(34)	
Depreciation adjustments	33	
Rebasing of Income	0	
Technical adjustments	672	
Transfers between departments-Mosaic	(52)	
Grants	(1,400)	
Other -	0	
Use of Reserves Adjustment	0	
TOTAL	(2,133)	0.0

# COMMUNITY AND HOUSING DEPARTMENT Public Health

Public Health services comprise• Mandatory Services : Sexual health, NHS health checks, National Child Measurement Programme, Support to Clinical Commissioning groups, and assurance of health emergency preparedness.• Universal Services : Smoking cessation, Drugs and alcohol, Obesity and Health Visiting Services.

Number of FTE Staff Number of FTE TUPE staff Number of Fixed Term Contracts Total FTE

2017/18	2018/19
11.96	15.86
0.00	0.00
4.60	2.80
16.56	18.66

SUBJECTIVE ANALYSIS OF ESTIMATES	2017/18 Original Estimate £000	Inflation £000	Other Variations £000	2018/19 Estimate £000
Expenditure				
Employees	1,117	0	64	1,181
Premises	2	0	1	3
Transport	2	0	0	2
Supplies and Services	3,476	0	(1,070)	2,406
Third Party Payments	6,200	0	168	6,368
Transfer Payments	0	0	0	0
Support Services	151	0	(8)	143
Depreciation and Impairment Losses	0	0	0	0
GROSS EXPENDITURE	10,948	0	(846)	10,102
Income				
Government Grants	(10,727)	0	276	(10,451)
Other Reimbursements and Contributions	(221)	0	(30)	(251)
Customer and Client Receipts	0	0	0	0
Interest	0	0	0	0
Recharges	0	0	0	0
Reserves	0	0	600	600
GROSS INCOME	(10,948)	0	846	(10,102)
NET EXPENDITURE	0	0	0	0
Other Variations are analysed as follows:			£000	fte
Savings			0	
Growth			0	
Salaries			0	
			0	
Overheads adjustments				
Overheads adjustments Depreciation adjustments			0	
Depreciation adjustments			0 0	
Depreciation adjustments Rebasing of Income			0	
Depreciation adjustments Rebasing of Income Technical adjustments			0 0	
Depreciation adjustments Rebasing of Income Technical adjustments Transfers between departments			0 0 0	
Depreciation adjustments Rebasing of Income Technical adjustments Transfers between departments Grants			0 0 0 0	

## Standard Subjective Analysis – The Key

The CIPFA Service Reporting Code of Practice (SeRCOP) replaced the previous Best Value Accounting Code of Practice (BVACOP). SeRCOP applies to all local authority services throughout the United Kingdom from 1 April 2017 for the preparation of 2017/18 Budgets, Performance Indicators and Statements of Accounts.

The *Service Reporting Code of Practice* (SeRCOP) sets out guidelines for financial reporting, supplementing the principles and practice set out in the **Code of Practice on Local Authority** Accounting in the United Kingdom. It establishes proper practice with regard to consistent financial reporting below the statement of accounts level. It is prepared under International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) in accordance with the *Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting*.

The aim is to ensure that there is consistent reporting of service costs and income across different service areas, thus building the framework for the production of comparative performance indicators. The code is revised annually to reflect changing circumstances across local authority services and changes in accounting standards.

The SeRCOP provides guidance in following areas:

- the definition of total cost
- service expenditure analysis this provides service classifications and defines the mandatory divisions of service to which costs must be aggregated
- the recommended standard subjective analysis.

The **Recommended Standard Subjective Analysis** provides an analysis that is consistent with the subjective analysis required by government returns such as the Whole of Government Accounts.

#### Subjective Analysis 2016-17 and 2017-18 Final (Source: Cipfa SeRCOP)

#### Groups Sub-groups

#### **Employees**

This group includes the cost of employee expenses, both direct and indirect, to the authority.

#### Direct employee expenses and benefits

Salaries Employer's National Insurance contributions Employer's retirement benefit costs: - current service costs - past service costs - settlements Agency staff Employee allowances (not including travel and subsistence)

#### Indirect employee expenses

Relocation Interview Training Advertising Severance payments Employee-related schemes (eg welfare schemes, discount schemes)

Contributions to employee-related provisions Debits relating from soft loans - employees Employee expenses and benefits - Schools

#### **Premises-related expenditure**

This group includes expenses directly related to the running of premises and land.

Repairs, alterations and maintenance of buildings

- Energy costs
- CRC allowances
- Rents
- Rates
- Water services
- Fixtures and fittings
- Apportionment of expenses of operational buildings
- Cleaning and domestic supplies
- Grounds maintenance costs
- Premises insurance
- Contributions to premises-related provisions

#### **Transport-related expenditure**

This group includes all costs associated with the provision, hire or use of transport, including travelling allowances and home to school transport.

- Direct transport costs
  - Repairs and maintenance, running costs and contributions to provisions in respect of vehicles, for example.
  - Repairs and maintenance of (for example) roads are not included in this heading, but should be included in the relevant subjective headings (such as staff costs, supplies and services, etc).
  - This could include the write-off in the year of any assets not deemed material by the authority's capital accounting policies (i.e.below de minimis thresholds set).
- Recharges
- Contract hire and operating leases
- Public transport
- Transport insurance
- Car allowances
- Contributions to transport-related provisions

#### Supplies and services

This group includes all direct supplies and service expenses to the authority. Equipment, furniture and materials

- All items used in the operation or administration of the service, unless specifically contained in another subgroup (e.g. communications and computing). This could include the write-off in the year of any assets not deemed material by the authority's capital accounting policies (i.e.below de minimis thresholds set).
- Catering
- Clothes, uniform and laundry
- Printing, stationery and general office expenses
- Services
- Communications and computing
- Members' allowances
- Expenses
- Grants and subscriptions
- Private Finance Initiative and Public Private Partnership
- schemes
- Contributions to provisions
- Miscellaneous expenses

#### Third party payments

A third party payment is a payment to an external provider or an internal service delivery unit defined as a trading operation – categories (a) to (d) in paragraph 2.30 of SeRCOP – which is operating independently, in return for the provision of a service or a subdivision of service as defined by Section 3 of SeRCOP.

Independent units within the council; include services defined as category (a) to (d) in paragraph 2.30 of SeRCOP Joint authorities Other local authorities Health authorities Government departments Voluntary associations Other establishments Private contractors Other agencies Transport operators (in respect of concessionary fares) Debits relating from soft loans - third party payments

#### **Transfer payments**

This includes the cost of payments to individuals for which no goods or services are received in return by the local authority. Four sub-groups are suggested; however, this list is not exhaustive.

Schoolchildren and students Adult Social Services clients Housing benefits Debits relating from soft loans - transfer payments

#### **Support services**

Charges for services that support the provision of services to the public. The charges should be apportioned or allocated to the service divisions which they support on the basis of the seven principles of apportionment specified in Section 2 of SeRCOP.

Finance IT Human Resources Property Management/Office Accommodation Legal Services Procurement Services Corporate Services Transport Functions

#### **Depreciation and impairment losses**

This provides the subjective analysis that will record the revenue impact of capital items in the service revenue accounts of the authority.

- Depreciation
- Revaluation losses
- Loss on impairment of assets

Amortisation of intangible fixed assets Movement in fair value of investment property

#### Income

This group includes all income received by the service from external users or by way of charges. This group also includes recharges to internal users Government grants

• Specific and special government grants.

Other grants reimbursements and contributions

- Revenue income received to finance a function/project jointly or severally undertaken with other bodies.
- Contributions from other local authorities.
- Value of costs recharged to outside bodies including other committees.

Customer and client receipts

- Sales of products or materials, data technology or surplus products.
- Fees and charges for services, use of facilities, admissions and lettings.
- Rents, tithes, acknowledgements, way leaves and other land and property-based charges of a non-casual user.

#### Interest

#### Recharges

• Value of costs recharged to internal users.

Credits resulting from soft loans

• All credits resulting from soft loans should be included in this subjective group (as a corporate entry).

#### **Capital financing costs**

This group includes the corporate capital financing costs of the authority. Interest payments

> Interest payments will include the interest element of payments made under on Balance Sheet PFI/PPP schemes

Debt management expenses

## **BUSINESS PLAN - GLOSSARY OF TERMS**

## **ASSET MANAGEMENT PLAN / REVIEW**

An Asset Management Plan (AMP) is a tactical plan for managing an organisation's infrastructure and other assets to deliver an agreed standard of service. The plan is reviewed annually as part of the budget cycle..

## BALANCES

Balances are maintained to meet expenditure pending the receipt of income and to provide a cushion against expenditure being higher or income lower than expected. Contributions to balances can be either a planned contribution from the revenue budget or a transfer of any revenue surplus at the year end. The maintenance of an appropriate level of balances is a fundamental part of prudent financial management.

## **BASELINE FUNDING LEVEL**

The amount of an individual council's Start-up Funding Assessment for 2013-14 provided through the local share of the Estimated Business Rates Aggregate, uprated in line with the small business rates multiplier (set at the September forecast of the Retail Price Index, unless otherwise decided).

## **BILLING AUTHORITIES**

A unitary council, or a lower tier council in a two-tier area, which collects the council tax for its own activities, and for those of the precepting authorities in its area. The billing authority passes on the precept receipts to each precepting authority in its area. These are the 326 billing authorities that collect council tax and business rates: district councils, London boroughs, and unitary councils. Before 1 April 2009 there were 354.

## **BORROWING STRATEGY**

A borrowing strategy set up the parameters within which money may be borrowed by the Authority. These parameters are designed to manage the risk taken by the authority within best practice.

## BUDGET

Statement of the spending plans for the year.

## **BUDGET PROFILE**

An allocated annual budget is split over the months in which it is estimated that expenditure will be incurred. For example, utility bills may well be split into four and entered into the months in which quarterly payments are due.

## **BUSINESS RATES**

These rates, formally called non-domestic rates, are the means by which local businesses contribute to the cost of providing local council services.

#### **BUSINESS RATE BASELINE**

Determined for individual councils at the outset of the business rates retention scheme by dividing the local share of the Estimated Business Rates Aggregate (England) between billing authorities on the basis of their proportionate shares, before the payment of any major precepting authority share.

## **BUSINESS RATE RETENTION SCHEME**

The name given to the current system of funding local authorities through the local government finance settlement, set out in the Local Government Finance Act 2013. The local government sector retains 50% of the business rates they collect. In addition they also receive Revenue Support Grant to help support their services.

## CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

Expenditure on the acquisition of a fixed asset or expenditure, which adds to, and not merely maintains, the value of an existing fixed asset.

## CAPITAL FINANCING REQUIREMENT (CFR)

The total historical outstanding capital expenditure which has not yet been paid for from either revenue or capital resources i.e. a measure of the underlying borrowing need. See Minimum Revenue Provision

## CAPITAL PROGRAMME

Documentation which summarises the outcome of priority allocations contained in the capital strategy and details individual schemes for approval by Council / Cabinet.

## **CAPITAL PROGRAMME BOARD**

The Capital Programme Board ensures:

- that the overall capital investment strategy is consistent with strategic objectives, is affordable within the revenue budget strategy, examining potential funding options
- that bids are submitted in accordance with set framework and guidelines (including business cases, value for money and options appraisal) and prioritised in accordance of agreed criteria
- compiles and manages a multi-year capital programme for consideration by CMT and approval by Cabinet

## **CAPITAL PROJECTS / SCHEMES**

Capital Projects / Schemes is the level at which Member approval is obtained.

#### **CAPITAL RECEIPTS**

Proceeds from the sale of fixed assets and repayments of capital grants and loans. These are divided into reserved and usable parts.

#### CAPITAL MONITORING

The monthly comparison of actual spend against the anticipated spend (profiled budget) and the revision of projected year end spend where necessary. Periodically budget managers will be required to review their in year budget requirement and re-profile their projected expenditure over subsequent financial years.

#### **CAPITAL STRATEGY**

A Capital Strategy is a core planning document designed to dovetail with the MTFS and Treasury Strategy to ensure that limited capital resources are deployed in accordance with corporate priorities / achieving our vision. The document will also detail how the proposed capital programme will be funded.

#### **CASH FLOW MANAGEMENT**

Cash flow is the movement of money into or out of a business. Cash flow management optimises activity and investment around these cash flows.

# CHARTERED INSTITUTE OF PUBLIC FINANCE AND ACCOUNTANCY (CIPFA)

The Institute produces standards and codes of practice that must be followed in preparing the Council's financial statements.

# CODE OF PRACTICE ON LOCAL AUTHORITY ACCOUNTING

The Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting ('The Code') applies International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) to the Local Authority context. The Code supports consistent financial reporting and Local Authorities must adhere to it when producing the annual Statement of Accounts.

## **COLLECTION FUND**

This is a statutory 'ring fenced' account. It records income and expenditure on Council Tax, Non Domestic Rates, payments to the precepting authorities and transfer to the Council's General Fund.

## **COMMUNITY ORGANISATION**

An organisation with benevolent or philanthropic purposes.

## COMPACT

Compacts are partnership agreements between statutory bodies and the voluntary and community sector to improve their relationships and provide a framework within which the sectors can understand what to expect from each other. Compacts offer the means of supporting the development of the voluntary and community sector's capacity so that groups can do more to meet both their aims and those of their statutory partners, thereby enhancing their contribution to the local community. The national compact (between central government and the voluntary and community sector) was launched in 1998 and it is now a requirement for all local authorities and PCTs to develop a compact with the voluntary and community sector. They are not legally binding documents but the Compact is approved and signed policy and affects the conduct of all partners.

## COMPREHENSIVE SPENDING REVIEW (CSR)

The CSR is a governmental process carried out by HM Treasury which sets out fixed three-year departmental expenditure limits and, through public sector service agreements, defines key service improvements.

## CONTINGENCY

A contingency is the setting aside of a finite sum to offset the cost of a future event or circumstance which may or may not occur. So is a reserve. You need to make distinction clearer. A reserve is a sum in the accounts whereas a contingency is a sum in in a budget and the budget does not follow accounting conventions. A cpntingency can also be drawn more widely. The Govt has one to cover events dear boy, events. (Macmillan)

# **CORE SPENDING POWER**

To provide some certainty for the period 2016-17 through to 2019-20, the local authority core spending power as from the following core components:

- The Modified Settlement Funding Assessment as set out in the provisional local government finance settlement consultation.
- The council tax requirement estimated by applying the average annual growth in the council tax base between 2013-14 and 2015-16 and assuming that local authorities increase their Band D council tax in line with the OBR's forecast for CPI for each year.
- The potential additional council tax available from the adult social care council tax flexibility.
- The potential additional council tax available from a £5 cash principle for districts with a lower quartile Band D council tax level.
- The Improved Better Care Fund.
- Rural Services Delivery Grant.

## CORPORATE AND DEMOCRATIC CORE

The corporate and democratic core comprises all activities which local authorities engage in specifically because they are elected, multi-purpose authorities. It has two elements corporate management and democratic representation and management. The activities within the corporate and democratic core are in addition to those which would be carried out by a series of independent, single purpose bodies managing the same services. There is, therefore, no logical basis for apportioning these costs to services.

## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

Corporate Governance is the system by which local authorities direct and control their functions and communicate to their communities.

## COUNCIL TAX

A local tax on domestic property, set by councils – calculated by deducting any funding from reserves, income it expects to raise and general funding it will receive from the Government – in order to meet its planned spending.

## **COUNCIL TAX BASE**

This is the number of Band D equivalent dwellings in a council area. To calculate the tax base for an area, the number of dwellings in each council tax band is reduced to take account of discounts and exemptions. The resulting figure for each band is then multiplied by its proportion relative to Band D (from 6/9 for Band A to 18/9 for Band H) and the total across all eight bands is calculated. An adjustment is then made for the collection rate.

## **COUNCIL TAX BANDS**

There are eight council tax bands. How much council tax each household pays depends on the value of the homes.

#### **COUNTRY LIMITS**

The current economic climate has not only affected companies and financial institutions; it has affected sovereigns (lending to countries[government bonds]) as well. This will be incorporated into counterparty selection.

#### **CREDIT APPROVAL**

The permission to borrow given to each local authority annually by the Secretary of State. Local authorities can obtain supplementary credit approvals during the year for particular projects.

## CREDITORS

The individual or organisation to whom the Authority owes money. Accordingly, it does not include money on taxation to the Council.

## COUNCIL'S BORROWING REQUIREMENT

Based on projected spend, this is the amount of money a local authority will need to borrow to finance this projected spend.

#### COUNTERPARTIES

The organisation in respect of which the Authority borrows from or invests money with. A counterparty will be removed, suspended or kept on close watch from the council's approved list if it fails to meet the Council's criteria.

## **CORPORATE BONDS**

Is a bond that a company issues to raise money in order to expand its business.

## COUPON

Is the interest rate stated on a bond at the time it is issued.

## CREDITWORTHINESS

An assessment of the likelihood that a borrower will default on their debt obligations. It is based upon factors, such as their history of repayment and their credit score. Lending institutions also consider the availability of assets and extent of liabilities to determine the probability of default.

## DEBTORS

A debtor is an organisation or individual that owes the Authority money and the debt is legally enforceable

#### **DEBT RESCHEDULING See rescheduling of debt**

Where certain debt may be redeemed and a further loan obtained. This may be undertaken to provide an even spread of debt redemption date and terms, It may also be used to optimise beneficial borrowing rates in the market while maintaining activity within acceptable risk levels.

## DEPRECIATION

Depreciation is a charge to the revenue account to reflect the reduction in the useful economic life of a fixed asset, reducing the value of the fixed asset in the balance sheet. It is not a charge to the General Fund as it is reversed in the Movement in Reserves Statement and replaced with the Minimum Revenue Provision.

## EARMARKED CAPITAL RESOURCES / GRANTS Overlaps with reserves

Money received by the Authority which has certain conditions / restrictions (loose terminology) over its use limiting the type of expenditure that it may be applied against. IFRS refers to Stipulations and sub divides them into Condiitions and Restrictions. Earmarked grants (revenue or capital) are grants which are subject to restrictions.

## ESTIMATED BUSINESS RATES AGGREGATE

The total business rates forecast at the outset of the business rate retention scheme to be collected by all billing authorities in England in 2013-14. The Estimated Business Rates Aggregate is uprated year on year in line with the change in the small business multiplier (usually the September Retail Price Index).

#### **FINANCE LEASE**

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. Situations that would normally lead to a lease being classified as a finance lease include the following:

- the lease transfers ownership of the asset to the lessee by the end of the lease term
- the lessee has the option to purchase the asset at a price which is expected to be sufficiently lower than fair value at the date the option becomes exercisable and that, at the inception of the lease, it is reasonably certain that the option will be exercised
- the lease term is for the major part of the economic life of the asset, even if title is not transferred
- at the inception of the lease, the present value of the minimum lease payments amounts to at least substantially all of the fair value of the leased asset
- the leased assets are of a specialised nature such that only the lessee can use them without major modifications being made

#### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT

A real or virtual document representing a legal agreement involving some sort of monetary value. In today's financial marketplace, financial instruments can be classified generally as equity based, representing ownership of the asset, or debt based, representing a loan made by an investor to the owner of the asset.

## FINANCIAL YEAR

The financial year runs from 1 April to the following 31 March.

## **FIXED ASSETS**

Assets that yield benefits to the local authority and the services it provides for a period of more than one year. These assets can be tangible or intangible.

## FLOOR DAMPING

A method by which stability in funding is protected through limiting the effect of wide variations in grant. A floor guarantees a lower limit to a year-on-year change in grant. The grant amounts of councils who receive changes above the floor are scaled back by a fixed proportion to help pay for the floor.

#### **FTSE 100**

This is the index of the top 100 UK listed companies by market capitalisation.

## **GENERAL FUND**

The main fund of the Council, from which all expenditure is met and all income is paid, with the exception of those items, which by statute have to be taken to some other account.

#### **GOVERNMENT GRANTS (Overlaps with Earmarked capital resurces)**

Financial assistance by government and other bodies, in the form of cash transfers to an authority, issued in return for compliance with certain conditions relating to the activities of the authority.

#### **GROSS EXPENDITURE**

The total expenditure of a fund or account.

#### **GROUP LIMITS**

This is a limit on the amount of money that may be invested with or borrowed from a particular conglomerate.

#### IMPAIRMENT

(Rewrite, someone should hang their head in shame for this sentence ) The loss of value in a fixed asset arising from physical damage, deterioration in the quality of service provided by the asset or from a general fall in prices. When this occurs the asset must be written down to the recoverable value. The charge is then reversed out from the General Fund in the Movement in Reserves Statement and replaced with the Minimum Revenue Provision.

## INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARD (IFRS)

International Financial Reporting Standards are a single set of accounting standards, developed and maintained by the IASB (International Accounting Standards Board) for the purposes of being applied on a globally consistent basis by developed, emerging and developing economies. The Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting is based on IFRSs

## **INVESTMENT POLICY**

The London Borough of Merton's investment policy has regard to the CLG's Guidance on Local Government Investments and the 2011 revised CIPFA Treasury Management in Public Services Code of Practice and Cross Sectoral Guidance Notes. The council's investment priorities will be security first, liquidity second, then return.

#### **INVESTMENT STRATEGY**

The investment of the Authority's cash balances to optimise its strategic and operational needs Surely we should include reference to maximising investment income and minimising cost of borrowing. Otherwise this is too vague.

## INVESTMENT TREASURY INDICATOR AND LIMIT

This is a prudential indicator for funds invested for more than 364 days, designed to measure the need for early investment redemption against the Authority's liquidity requirement.

## LENDERS OPTION BORROWERS OPTION (LOBO)

When borrowing or lending money, certain time related limits may be established when the arrangement is made e.g. at a certain point in time the interest rate of a loan will increase; at this point both parties have the opportunity to opt in / out of the arrangement.

## LEVY

Mechanism to limit disproportionate benefit from business rates. The levy is applied proportionally on a 1:1 basis (i.e. a 1% increase in business rates income results in an council getting a 1% increase in revenue from the rates retention scheme) but with a limit on the maximum levy rate that is imposed, at 50p in the pound. Levy payments are used to fund the safety net.

## LIABILITIES

A legally enforceable sum owed to a third a Party

## LOCAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE SETTLEMENT

The local government finance settlement is the annual determination of funding distribution as made by the Government and debated by Parliament.

## LOCAL GOVERNMENT SPENDING CONTROL TOTAL

The total amount of expenditure for Revenue Support Grant in the Department for Communities and Local Government's Local Government Departmental Expenditure Limit plus the local share of the Estimated Business Rates Aggregate that is allocated to the local government sector by Government for each year of a Spending Review.

## LOCAL SHARE

The percentage share of locally collected business rates that is retained by local government. This is set at 50%.

## LOCALISM ACT 2011

It sets out a series of proposals with the potential to achieve a substantial and lasting shift in power away from central government and towards local people. They include: new freedoms and flexibilities for local government; new rights and powers for communities and individuals; reform to make the planning system more democratic and more effective

## LOWER TIER COUNCILS

Councils that carry out the functions which in shire areas with two tiers of local government are carried out by shire districts. They are the same councils as billing authorities.

## MERTON IMPROVEMENT BOARD

Merton Improvement Board oversees the management and monitoring of the Merton improvement programme and the promotion of best practices within the Council. Its work falls into four main areas:

- manage and monitor the Merton improvement programme including giving the "go ahead" for new projects and project closure;
- steer the implementation and future development of the Merton improvement programme;
- lead on developing and maintaining cross-cutting initiatives; and
- manage, co-ordinate and monitor business improvement activity across the council.

#### MINIMUM REVENUE PROVISION

A provision, via a revenue charge, in respect of historical capital expenditure which has been financed by borrowing, as required by the Local Authorities (Capital Finance and Accounting) (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2008.

#### MULTIPLIER

The business rates multiplier which, when multiplied by the rateable value of a property, determines a ratepayer's business rate bill. There are two multipliers – one for small businesses and one for larger businesses. These are set nationally. The small business multiplier is uprated annually by the Retail Price Index, unless the Government decides otherwise and the other multiplier adjusted accordingly, to fund rate relief for small businesses.

#### NATIONAL CONTROL TOTALS

These are the national totals for each of the individual elements within the local spending control total. They are determined as part of the Spending Review. It is also the name given to the size of each of the different elements within the Settlement Funding Assessment.

## NON-DOMESTIC RATE (NDR)

A levy on businesses based on national 'rateable value' of the premises occupied. NDR is collected by the Council in line with national criteria, paid into a national pool and then redistributed to all local and police authorities on the basis of population.

#### NON-SPECIFIED INVESTMENTS

A body which has been provided with a government issued guarantee for wholesale deposits within specific timeframes.

#### **OPERATIONAL BOUNDARY**

The operational boundary is a prudential indicator for monitoring the total external debt, gross of investments, and separately identifying borrowing from other long term liabilities.

#### **OPERATING LEASE**

A contract that allows for the use of an asset, but does not convey rights of ownership of the asset. An operating lease is not capitalised; it is accounted for as a rental expense in what is known as "off balance sheet financing." For the lessor, the asset being leased is accounted for as an asset and is depreciated as such.

## **PENSION FUND**

The Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) is a scheme established by statute to provide death and retirement benefits for all eligible employees. The scheme's benefits are defined in the LGPS Regulations, and are geared to a scheme member's Career Average Revalued Earnings (CARE).

The scheme is financed by a combination of employee and employer contributions, together with income from a fund of investments. The employee contribution rate ranging from 5.5% to 12.5% of pensionable pay in nine salary bands. The contribution percentage that a member pays is based on their estimated actual annual pensionable salary from 1 April to 31 March each year. Whilst the employer's rate varies according to an assessment of the funds current and forecast pension/benefit costs, (the fund's liabilities), relative to its income. This assessment is undertaken, in accordance with LGPS Regulations, every three years by the Fund's appointed actuary, who sets the necessary level of employer contribution into the fund so that the fund's liabilities can be paid.

## PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK

Performance management is about how an organisation consistently plans and manages to ensure continuous improvement. Sustainable improvements in services are unlikely to happen without it. A performance framework is designed to help individuals, teams, divisions etc. understand :

- what the organisation is trying to achieve (golden thread),
- the planning, monitoring and review cycle
- their responsibilities.

## PRECEPT

This is the amount of council tax income all billing and precepting authorities need to provide their services. The amounts for all authorities providing services in an area appear on one council tax bill, which is administered by the billing authority.

#### PRECEPTING AUTHORITY

An authority or body that does not collect council tax or business rates but is part of the business rates retention scheme. This is an authority which sets a precept to be collected by billing authorities. County councils, police authorities, the Greater London Authority, single purpose fire and rescue authorities and parish councils are all precepting authorities.

## PRIVATE FINANCE INITIATIVE (PFI)

PFI contracts are agreements with private sector organisations to refurbish, maintain and operate fixed assets on behalf of public sector organisations such as local authorities.

#### **PROCUREMENT BOARD**

The Procurement Board provides a corporate focus for procurement issues and oversees the procurement development in Merton. The Board also provides both strategic direction for, and effective governance of, the procurement arrangements across the Authority, ensuring they are effective, efficient and utilised.

#### **PROPORTIONATE SHARE**

This is the percentage of the national business rates yield which a council has collected on the basis of the average rates collected by councils over the two years to 2011-12. This percentage was applied to the local share of the 2013-14 Estimated Business Rates Aggregate to determine the billing authority business rates baseline.

## PROVISIONS

Amounts set aside for any liabilities or losses which are likely to be incurred, but which are uncertain as to the amounts or the dates on which they will arise.

#### PRUDENTIAL CODE

The Local Government Act2003 requires the Council to have regard to the CIPFA Prudential Code for Capital Finance in Local Authorities. In doing so, the Council is required to set and monitor a series of Prudential Indicators, the key objectives of which are to ensure that, within a clear framework, the capital investment and borrowing plans of the council are affordable, prudent and sustainable.

#### **RESCHEDULING OF DEBT See debt resceduling**

The switching of debt between the short term and the longer term and vice versa to obtain favourable borrowing rates.

## **REVENUE EXPENDITURE**

Expenditure incurred on day to day running costs and confined to accounts within one financial year.

#### **REVENUE MONITORING**

The monthly comparison of actual expenditure and income spend against the anticipated spend (profiled budget). A budget manager will then allow for known income/expenditure to project the year end position.

#### RESERVES

This is a council's accumulated surplus income (in excess of expenditure) which can be used to finance future spending. Reserves can be either capital or revenue

#### **REVENUE SUPPORT GRANT**

A Government grant which can be used to finance revenue expenditure on any service.

#### **RINGFENCED GRANT**

A grant paid to councils which has conditions attached to it, which restrict the purposes for which it may be spent.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT**

A risk is a threat, obstacle or, barrier, that will stop the Authority from achieving its ambitions, aims and objectives. Risk management is the process of managing the risks that may prevent delivery of desired outcomes so that the organisation can anticipate and respond positively to change. Merton's approach to risk management is to raise awareness, integrate it into day to day operations and establish a robust framework and procedures to identify, analyse, assess and manage risk.

#### **SECTION 151 OFFICER**

Section 151 of the Local Government Act 1972 requires every local authority to make arrangements for the proper administration of their financial affairs and requires one officer to be nominated to take responsibility for the administration of those affairs. The Section 151 officer is usually the local authority's treasurer and must be a qualified accountant belonging to one of the recognised chartered accountancy bodies. The Section 151 officer has a number of statutory duties, including the duty to report any unlawful financial activity involving the authority (past, present or proposed) or failure to set or keep to a balanced budget.

#### SECURITISATION

'Securitisation' as used in this context means the disposal of future revenues. For example, someone receiving rents from properties might transfer the entitlement to that income to a bank for (e.g.) 20 years, in exchange for an immediate lump-sum payment.

## SAFETY NET

Mechanism to protect any council which sees its business rates income drop, in any year, by more than 7.5% below its baseline funding level (with baseline funding levels being uprated by the small business rates multiplier for the purposes of assessing eligibility for support).

## SETS OF SERVICES

There are four sets of services, corresponding to the services supplied by the four types of local authorities (although some councils may provide more than one tier of service). These are:

- upper-tier services those services, other than fire, supplied by county councils in two- tier areas, and described in this consultation as relating to 'social care councils'
- police services
- fire and rescue services lower-tier services those services supplied by district councils ('non-social care councils' in the consultation) in two-tier areas.

#### SETTLEMENT CORE FUNDING

The definition of settlement core funding for this purpose takes into account the main resources available to councils, which for this purpose comprise:

- council tax income from 2015-16 (including any Council Tax Freeze Grant)
- the Settlement Funding Assessment, comprising:
  - estimated business rates income (baseline funding level under the rates retention scheme)
  - Revenue Support Grant.

## SETTLEMENT FUNDING ASSESSMENT

Previously referred to as Start-Up Funding Assessment. It comprises at a national level the total Revenue Support Grant and the local share of Estimated Business Rates Aggregate for the year in question. On an individual council level it comprises each council's Revenue Support Grant for the year in question and its baseline funding level, uprated year-on-year in line with the September forecast of the Retail Price Index, unless otherwise decided

## SPECIFIC GRANT

Grants paid under various specific powers, but excluding Revenue Support Grant or area- based grant. Some specific grants are ringfenced.

## SPECIFIED BODY

This is the term used for a body or bodies which are directly funded from Revenue Support Grant, and which provide services centrally for local government as a whole.

## SPECIFIED INVESTMENTS

These are to be sterling investments of a maturity period of not more than 364 days, or those which could be for a longer period but where the Council has the right to be repaid within 364 days if it wishes. These are low risk assets where the possibility of loss of principal or investment income is considered negligible.

## SUPER OUTPUT AREA

A Super Output Area (SOA) is a geographical area designed for the collection and publication of small area statistics. It is used on the Neighbourhood Statistics site, and has a wider application throughout national statistics. SOAs give an improved basis for comparison throughout the country because the units are more similar in size of population than, for example, electoral wards

## SUPPORT SERVICES

These are services that are not statutory local authority services but which give support to those services.

## TARIFFS AND TOP UPS

Calculated by comparing at the outset of the business rate retention scheme an individual council's business rates baseline against its baseline funding level. Tariffs and top ups are self-funding, fixed at the start of the scheme and uprated year-on-year in line with the September forecast of the Retail Price Index, unless otherwise decided.

## TAX INCREMENTAL FINANCING

The Local Government Finance Bill was passed in December 2011 and introduces a rate retention scheme enabling local authorities to retain a proportion of the business rates generated in their area. The Bill also includes a framework for the localisation of support for council tax in England, which alongside other council tax measures will give councils increased financial autonomy and a greater stake in the economic future of their local area, while providing continuation of council tax support for the most vulnerable in society. In determining the affordability of borrowing for capital purposes, authorities currently take account of their current income streams and forecast future income.

## TREASURY MANAGEMENT

The management of the local authority's investments and cash flows, its banking, money market and capital market transactions; the effective control of the risks associated with those activities; and the pursuit of optimum performance consistent with those risks.

# TREASURY MANAGEMENT PRACTICES / TREASURY MANAGEMENT CODE OF PRACTICE

The Local Government Act 2003 requires the Council to adopt the CIPFA Prudential Code for Capital Finance in Local Authorities. In doing so, the Council is required to set and monitor a series of Prudential Indicators, the key objectives of which are to ensure that, within a clear framework, the capital investment plans of the council are affordable, prudent and sustainable.

## **USEFUL LIFE**

This is the period over which the local authority derives benefit from the use of a fixed asset.

# **BUSINESS PLAN – LIST OF ACRONYMS**

<u>Acronym</u>	Definition
AD	Assistant Director
ADASS	Association of Directors of Adult Social Services
Apps	Applications
ASB	Anti Social Behaviour
ASC	Adult Social Care
ASH	Our miscellaneous income, invoicing and recovery system
BC	Building Control
BESD	Behavioural Emotional and Social Difficulties
BME C & YP	Black Minority Ethnic Children and Young People
CAF	Common Assessment framework
CAMHS	Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services
CC	Children's Centre
CCTV	Close Circuit Television
CEN	Creative Environmental Networks
CEO	Civil Enforcement Officer
CFR	Capital Financing Requirement
CIPFA	Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy
CMT	Corporate Management Team
CNEA	Clean Neighbourhood and Environment Act
COM	Current Operating Model
CPD	Centre for Professional Development
CPD	Continuing Professional Development
CPZ	Controlled Parking Zone
CRB	Criminal Records Bureau
CRM CSC	Customer Relationship Management Children's Social Care
CSF	Children Schools & Families
CYP	Children and Young People
CYPP	Children and Young peoples Plan
DC	Development Control
DEFRA	Department for Environment Food and Rural Affairs
DFG	Disabled Facilities grant
DMT	Departmental Management Team
DSG	Dedicated Schools Grant
E&R	Environment and Regeneration
EA	Equality Analysis
EAL	English as an Additional Language
EH	Environmental Health
EIA	Equalities Impact Assessment
EIG ERTG	Early Intervention Grant
ESOL	Enforcement Review Task Group English for Speakers of Other Languages
EU	European Union
EY	Early Years
FACS	Fair Access to Care Services
FM	Facilities Management
FOI	Freedom Of Information
FPN	Fixed Penalty Notice
FTE	Full Time Equivalent
GLA	Greater London Authority
HB	Housing Benefits
HC&OP	Healthier Communities and older People
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# BUSINESS PLAN – LIST OF ACRONYMS Continued......

Acronym	Definition
<u>Acronym</u> HCA	Homes and Community Agency
HNES	Housing Needs and Enabling Services
HRRC	Household Reuse and Recycling Centre
ICT	Information and Communications Technology
IFRS	International Financial Reporting Standard
IP	Intellectual Property
 IT	Information Technology
iTrent	The Council's payroll system
JD	Job Description
K	£ Thousand
L&D	Learning and Development
LA	Local Authority
LAC	Looked After Children
LALO	Local Authority Liaison Officer
LATS	Landfill Allowances and Trading Scheme
LB	London Borough
LBM	London Borough of Merton
LCGS	London Councils Grant Scheme
LDD	Learning Development and Diversity
LGA	Local Government Association
LLC	Local Land Charges
LSC	Learning Skills Council
LSCB	Local Safeguarding Children's Board
LSP	Local Strategic Partnership
LOBO	Lenders Option Borrowers Option
MAE	Merton Adult Education
MARAC/D	Multi Agency Risk Assessment Case Conference / Domestic Violence
MCIL	Merton Centre for Independent Living
MIS	Management Information System
MP	Member of Parliament
MRP	Minimum Revenue Provision
MSLT1&2	Merton's Senior Leadership Team Levels 1 and 2
MTFS	Medium Term Financial Strategy
MVSC	Merton Voluntary Service Council
NEET	Not in Education Employment or Training
NDR	Non Domestic Rate
O&S	
	Overview and Scrutiny
OJEU	Official Journal of the European Union
OT	Occupational Therapy
PATAS	Parking And Traffic Appeals Service
PC	Police Constable
PCN	Penalty Charge Notice
PCT	Primary Care Trust
PFI	Private Finance Initiative
PM&R	Pavement Maintenance and Repair
PPD	Public Protection and Development

# BUSINESS PLAN – LIST OF ACRONYMS Continued.....

<u>Acronym</u>	Definition
PPP	Policy Planning and Performance
PRS	Private Rented Sector
PVI	Private Voluntary and Independent
QA	Quality Assurance
SC	Sustainable Communities
SEN	Special Educational Needs
SEND	Special Educational Needs and Disabilities
SFA	Skills Funding Agency
SLA	Service Level Agreement
SLWP	South West London Partnership
SME	Subject Matter Expert
SMT SOAs	Senior Management team Super Output Areas
SSQ	School Standards and Quality
SW	South West
SWLSG	South West London and St George's Mental Health NHS Trust
TBC	To Be Confirmed
TEC	Transport and Environment Committee
TFL	Transport For London
TOM	Target Operating Model
TUPE	The Transfer of Undertaking (Protection of Employment) Regulations
VAT	Value Added Tax
VLE	Virtual Learning Environment
VS	Voluntary Sector
YOT	Youth Offending Team